

4,000 FROM NEBRASKA

Governor Receives Order to Entrain Men for Military Duty—Demand Largest Since War Started.

Governor Neville has received orders from the War Department at Washington to mobilize 4,000 drafted men from this state, June 24, for military service. This is the largest demand made on Nebraska since the beginning of the war.

Very few states in the union are in the same class with Nebraska when it comes to raising funds to carry on the various war activities that are so essential to the government.

E. L. Rhoades, federal and state farm labor specialist, is of the opinion that Nebraska will need 10,000 additional men to harvest its wheat crop this year.

A total of \$136,333 has been collected for war relief purposes in Saunders county since June 1, 1917. In 1910 Saunders county had a population of 21,179.

According to a report submitted at the State Masonic convention at Omaha, the order has a total of 26,585 members in Nebraska.

Lieutenant Grosvenor P. Cather of Bladen, 34 years old, named among the killed in action in a recent casualty list, is the first Nebraska casualty to fall in battle on the western front.

When all reports are in it is expected that the total subscriptions in the last Red Cross drive in Nebraska will more than double the state's allotment.

The first year of state prohibition has brought into the public treasury of the different counties \$84,150.00. Liquor permits brought in \$812.

Nebraska's quota of 927 men for special service—part of the 24,000 in Provost Marshal Crowder's recent call, are to train at the University of Nebraska, at Lincoln.

Nine passenger trains have been taken off the Union Pacific in Nebraska, through the order of Director General McAdoo.

According to records in the office of Adjutant General Clapp, over 80,000 Nebraskans are enrolled in the different home guard organizations in the state.

Work is to start on the new Lutheran hospital at Beatrice in a few days. The structure is to cost \$125,000.

W. H. Bowman, Gage county, reports that during the last few weeks four sets of calves have arrived at his place. All are living and doing well.

The democratic state committee passed a resolution at a meeting at Lincoln asking Governor Neville to stand as a candidate for re-election.

A modern country school building to cost about \$4,000 is to be erected four miles northwest of Bancroft.

More than 70,000 people of Omaha contributed to the second Red Cross war fund.

People of Burt county will have a united celebration on the Fourth of July, which will be under control of the five guard companies in the various towns.

Omaha doubled its flour milling capacity, when the new plant of the Omaha Flour Mills company, with an output of 2,500 barrels a day, began operation.

More than 2,000 soldiers who have been undergoing intensive training at Fort Crook, near Omaha, have been ordered to Camp Funston, Kan.

The war has cut public bond issues squarely in two in the last six months, according to State Auditor W. B. Smith, who registers all such issues.

Addison Watt of Lincoln, former secretary of state, has been appointed adjutant of the soldiers' home at Grand Island in place of J. Maxwell, resigned, by the state board of control.

Saunders county is making a record in the use of flour substitutes. For the month ending May 15, 78,174 pounds of substitutes were bought against 63,348 pounds of flour in the county.

Running a newspaper and holding down the job as state printing commissioner is too much for J. F. Webster, publisher of the St. Paul Phonograph.

While excavating for the foundation of a vault for the Stockman State bank at Cozad, an oil stratum of black sand was discovered similar to that found in the vicinity of the city some time ago.

The executive committee of the state council of defense issued a statement calling upon the Nonpartisan league in Nebraska to quit business until after the war.

The Kaiser's U-boats, operating off the eastern shores of the United States, proved a great help to the Omaha navy recruiting station.

Because of the success of Governor Neville's auction sale for the two pounds of White house wool, which brought \$5,000 for the Red Cross, it is now proposed to feed one or more sheep on the state house lawn in Lincoln and sell the fleece for the same purpose.

Bloomfield experienced the worst flood in the history of the town last week. The whole lower portion of the city was under water for some time, and residents were driven from their homes.

Wheat flour stocks are being reduced to the minimum in Nebraska, according to reports received from county food administrators by State Food Administrator Wattles at Omaha.

A record for patriotism has been displayed by the Nolan family of North Platte, who have six stars on their service flag.

Two loads of cattle shipped from the Graham estate, near Creston, to the South Omaha market last week, put a new top price on that market.

A total of 9,416 men who became of age since last June, registered in Nebraska June 5 for military service, according to a completed tabulation made at the governor's office from all reports from the draft boards in the state.

Burt county has put into effect a card system for the purchasing of flour and sugar. The new plan, it is thought, will better regulate the distributing of these products.

The executive committee of the Nebraska Non-Partisan league at a meeting at Lincoln, voted not to enter the primaries in August, but intimated that an active part would be taken in the November election.

Flag poles and flags must be stationed at every school house in Nebraska, according to a ruling of the attorney general's office at Lincoln in response to an inquiry by the county attorney at Dakota City.

Eighteen German-Russians of Lincoln have decided to return to Russia via Japan in protest against state and local councils of defense in barring German language from the churches.

Engine Inspector Leonard Erickson was killed and Fireman Byrnes seriously injured by the explosion of the boiler of a Northwestern locomotive.

Under the direction of County Director, W. H. Thompson, seven thrift clubs have been organized in the public schools of Pawnee City.

Two boys, Clayton Larson and Carl Mortenson of near Cardova, met a tragic death by being drowned in the Blue river west of Beaver Crossing.

The report that Nebraska is to have no Pennsylvania anthracite coal this year has been confirmed officially in a communication from Washington, received by Fuel Administrator Kennedy.

Several committees are busy in Omaha on arrangements for the Nebraska State Press Association convention, which will be held in the city June 20-22.

Business was suspended in Clay Center an entire day recently and citizens of the town went into the surrounding territory to assist farmers in restoring buildings and fences and in gathering up the debris scattered throughout the adjoining fields by a tornado.

A Nonpartisan league representative who had been soliciting membership in said organization, around Imperial, was ordered by the County Council of Defense to immediately leave the town and country.



1—American infantrymen in France entraining to take their places at the fighting front. 2—Survivors of the schooner Edward H. Cole, one of the victims of the submarine that raided American waters. 3—Aerial photograph of a French hospital on the Aisne near Soissons, showing its Red Crosses clearly on the roofs and the ground.



NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

German Submarine Raid in Our Waters Fails to Terrorize American Nation.

WAR SPIRIT IS STIMULATED

Splendid Work of Yankee Troops in Halting Hun Drive at the Marne—Enemy's Losses are Appalling—Renewal of Offensive is Expected.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Germany's utter inability to understand the spirit of the nations that oppose her was never better shown than in the raids made on American shipping in American waters by submarines.

Germany attempted to terrorize England by Zeppelin raids on London, and the Englishmen merely turned out their lights and rushed by thousands to the recruiting offices.

The appearance of the submarine or submarines—their number is not known—off the New Jersey coast naturally revived the talk of the existence of U-boat bases on the Mexican coast.

New York city indulged itself in a small scare over the chance that it might be bombed by an airplane carried by the U-boats.

The German press was almost a unit last week in its calls for a peace offensive, but the papers and the factions they represent were as far apart as ever on the question of what Germany should state as her peace aims.

There is no longer any pretensions on Germany's part of treating the Russian provinces as any other than conquered territory.

Over in France the Kaiser's third pretentious drive of the year came to a halt, at least for the time being, at the Marne, the Ourcq valley and the Oise.

ment part and won the warm praise of the French and British by their gallantry and valor as well as by their excellent marksmanship.

Falling to make further progress southward, the Germans turned the main force of their attacks on the western front of their salient, between the Aisne and the Marne.

The Germans made no claims to definite advances during the week, and their losses were growing so appalling that government officials in Berlin felt it necessary to speak of them apologetically, asking the people to consider the magnitude of the operations and of the stake.

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Greater Russia is actually starving, for the soviet government can procure no more food from the Ukraine, and in the Kuban and Don regions there are counter-revolutionary bands that keep things in a turmoil.

ment is contemplating the extending of assistance to Russia in the way of assembling food supplies in Siberia and distributing them in European Russia.

In equally parlous state is Turkey, where famine is widespread and many of the poorest people are subsisting on chestnuts and pumpkin seeds.

The Italians kept on hitting hard at the Austro-Hungarian forces along the Piave line, and they heard undisturbed of the massing of thirty enemy divisions at three points on that front.

The supreme war conference of the allies at Versailles expressed its complete confidence in the ultimate defeat of the central powers and declared the allied people are "resolute not to sacrifice a single one of the free nations of the world to the despotism of Berlin."

The fuel administration devoted its energies last week to urging the people to order their next winter's supplies of coal at once.

The senate's attempt to stop the manufacture of beer and wine by means of an amendment to the emergency agricultural bill was blocked by the administration last week.

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BIG CASUALTY LIST

ROLL OF HONOR FOR JUNE 9 CONTAINED 198 NAMES.

LARGEST SO FAR REPORTED

Many Iowa Boys Among the Fatalities.—Crops in Hawkeye State Damaged by High Water.

Washington, June 11.—The army casualty list of last Saturday contained 198 names, the largest number thus far reported by General Pershing in a single day.

The list was divided as follows: Killed in action, 33; died of wounds, 9; died of disease, 11; died of airplane accident, 1; died of accident and other causes, 4; wounded severely, 46; wounded (degree undetermined), 74; missing in action, 20.

That the Iowa boys were well up in the front of the fighting is apparent from the fact that 53 were wounded.

While the report does not indicate that any of the Iowans were killed in action, the name of Anton Bernatz of Deborah appears among those who died of wounds.

Casualties among the American expeditionary forces thus far reported by General Pershing, including those of Saturday, total 7,315, the war department announced in making public the first of regular weekly summaries of casualties.

German Power Diminished.—Paris, June 11.—The official announcement made Saturday that another phase of the German offensive was opened between Montdidier and Noyon, was interpreted by the public as having a hopeful aspect.

The attack, it is added, has been no surprise, as it was made just where anticipated and where, therefore, preparations had been made to resist it to the best advantage.

Crops Damaged Severely.—Cedar Rapids, Iowa, June 11.—Reports from the districts flooded by waters from the Iowa river indicate that the water is going down and that the damage done will reach \$2,000,000 with 3,000 acres swept clear of growing crops.

U. S. Steamer Torpedoed.—Washington, D. C., June 11.—The American steamer Pinar del Rio has been sunk by a German submarine seventy miles off the coast of Maryland.

Discover New Star.—Baker, Ore., June 11.—A new star in the constellation aquilla was discovered by Dr. George H. Peters and Prof. W. M. Conrad of the U. S. naval observatory party, here to study the eclipse.

Yank Wins French War Cross.—With the French Armies on the Marne, June 11.—Lieutenant Walter Flannery of Pittsburg, who swam across the Marne, and rescued a French soldier, has received the French war cross, with palms, signifying the citation was made by the French army.

2,000,000 Have Tuberculosis.—Boston, June 11.—Two million people in the United States are suffering from tuberculosis, according to statistics read at the annual meeting of the National Tuberculosis association at this place.

U. S. Refuses to Release Arch Spy.—Washington, D. C., June 11.—The State department has refused Germany's demand for the release of Captain Franz Rintelen, arch spy, in exchange for Siegfried Paul London, a citizen of the United States under arrest in Germany as a spy.