WHERE FARMING

The Future of Great Possibilities.

Some idea of the great wealth that the Western Canada farmer had in view a few years ago is now being realtzed. The amount received from the sale of wheat, oats, barley, flax and rye in 1917 was \$270,000,000, while the sales of live stock at Winnipeg alone netted \$40,000,000 additional. Of this sum hogs alone gave over eleven million dollars, The increases at Calgary and Edmonton were over 61/4 million

This money, so easily earned, is being spent in improvements in farm House fur'sh'gs. . . 126 163 205 buying tractors, automobiles, and improving home conditions, providing electric light, steam heat, new furniture, planos, buying Victory bonds, paying up old debts, etc.

Over five hundred tractors were sold in Southern Alberta in 1917. One implement agent reports that the increase in his business in 1917, over that of 1916, was equal to the total business in 1915. It is the same story all over the country. And it is not this evidence alone which proves the advancement and growth of the three prairie provinces, but the large increase in the number of settlers; the Improvement in the extent of the cultivated areas and agricultural production; the increase in value of which over 1916 was \$77,000,000.

This wonderful progress that has been made in agriculture in Western Canada is but the beginning which marks the future of the greatest agricultural country on the continent. showing a future of great possibilities. There are millions of acres yet untilled, and of land as good as any of that which is now giving its owners a return of from twenty to thirty dollars an acre, figures that in many cases represent the cost of the land, with all cultivation costs included. It is true that the cost of production has increased during the past few years, but the price of the product has also increased to a figure which leaves a large balance to the credit of the producer.

The following table shows how this 1913 1917 works out. Price Price FARM NEEDS. in bus, in bus, Machinerywheat wheat Self binder 160 100 Mower 70 6. H. P. gas engine..... 250 112 Seed drill 122 Cream separator 87 38 Building-Bathroom, sink and septic tank 300 127 Pressure tank system... 156 118 Steel shingles, per 100 sq. ft. 7 Lumber, per 1,000 ft. Hemlock 28 17 Pine 47

Net Contents 15 Fluid Drachn

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT.

AVegetable Preparation for As-similating the Food by Regula-ting the Stomachs and Powels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Thereby Promoting Digestion

Cheerfulness and Rest Contains

neither Opium, Morphine nor

Mineral. NOT NAHGOTIC

Recipe of GLADE, SANUEL PROSER

A helpful Remedy for

Constipation and Diarrhoea.

and Feverishness and

resulting therefrom in Infancy.

LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of

Cat H. Thickies

THE CENTAUR COMPANY.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 Dases - 35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Bricks, per M..... 10 Cement, per 350 lbs. 2.5 Steel fence, 40 rods.... 15 Faint, per 10 gals..... 25 215 Sugar, per ewt..... 6.2 Cottonseed, per ton.... 50 Linseed, per ton..... 50 Blue serge sult..... 31

Percentage increases are shown too in another way, lending to the same conclusion, from consultation of the Department of Labor's review of prices. Taking 100 as the index number of normal production in the decade from 1890 to 1900, the increases in prices of farm products have slightly outdistanced the increases in

1913 1916 1917 Inc. Grains and fodder. 138 200 280 103 Animals and meats,176 213 293 Dairy produce145 184 229 179 229 property, purchasing additional land. Implements105 139 199 90 -Advertisement.

Married Life.

As a girl pictures it: A novel, a rocking chair and a box of eandy. As it really is: A washtub, a cook stove and a sewing machine.-Louisville Courier-Journal.

Limitations.

"Does your husband play bridge?" "Well enough to criticize; but not well enough to help win."

Many a man who seems perfectly happy is wearing a shirt made by his

The people must school themselves to endure the horrors of war-even the lecturers.

When a man begins to feel less of humanity, he's rendy for deportation back to the jungle.



Thousands Find Relief IN THE RELIABLE OLD SAFEGUARD

DODD'S **Kidney Pills**

In all parts of the country, every day, sufferers from kidney troubles are saying: "Goodbye, backsohe; goodbye, pains; Dodd's Kidney Pills have settled you for good." They know the efficacy of this fine old remedy which so many people have employed with success. Every Druggist Sells Dodd's and refunds your money if dissatisfied

For Infants and Children

Mothers Know That

Genuine Castoria

Thirty Years

occasional slight stimulation.

CARTER'S

LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CONSTIPATION

Always

Bears the

Signature

GOVERNMENT ASKED TO HELP

Proper Construction and Maintenance of Roads Demanded by Conditions of Great War.

"That the effective conduct of the war demands immediate attention to proper construction and maintenance of the highways of the country is a plain statement of facts," asserts Chairman George P. Coleman of the American Association of State Highway Officials.

"Never before has there been such urgent need of a comprehensive and definite policy for road and street construction and maintenance as is the case at present, and, in making their request to the United States government to formulate and promulgate at the earliest hour a plan which shall be countrywide in its character, the state highway officials believe that they are expressing the concensus of opinion of all citizens interested in roads progress intended to encompass the greatest economic and military value in conserving the resources of the country and facilitating the highways transportation of freight.

"In our appeal to W. G. McAdoo, director general of railroads, we have included a special petition that freight cars shall be furnished early in the spring for transportation of the necessary materials entering into the build ing of main artery roads which command a priority of attention. We are going to be exceedingly hopeful that the director general will recognize the interrelated needs of railroads and highways, enabling the road arteries of communication to serve a maximum help in relieving the rail lines of their present overload."

GOOD ROADS IN CONNECTICUT

Excellence Due to Bificient Maintenance Under Extremely Heavy Traffic Conditions.

The main roads of Connecticut have long been famous for their excellence. a condition due to their efficient main tenance under heavy traffic as well as to their original good construction. State Highway Commissioner Bennet has organized a special branch of his bureau to attend to this maintenance, so that there is no divided responsibility for results. It is under a superintendent of repairs, W. Leroy Ulrich, who recently explained how the good results are attained. The state has been divided into ten districts. Any part of each of them can be easily reached from a central point, where the office of the district supervisor of repairs is located. Each district in divided into sections, each in charge of a foreman. These foremen sometimes



Building Asphalt Pavement.

have charge of 10 to 15 men, depending upon the season of the year and the work to be done. In addition each district has one or more gangs transferred from place to place to carry on reconstruction, oiling and other work which is occasionally needed in such amounts that the section forces are unable to perform it without neglecting other duties. This bureau handles all the maintenance and small reconstruction work of the state and keeps the roads in good condition until long stretches become so worn that their reconstruction by contract is more economical han further maintenance.

Trees Along Highways.

The highway commissioner of Pennsylvania suggests that trees planted along highways should be fruit or nut bearers. This would make fine picking for tourists and small boys.

Ruin Asphalt Pavements.

Asphalt pavements are softened and sometimes disintegrated by illuminating gas leaking from mains beneath

Expansion of Concrete.

Concrete roads expand most in winter and contract most in summer, ac cording to the United States bureau of standards, because of increases or decreases in the moisture they contain.

Good Qualities of Horse. Part of the stamina, durability and spirit of a horse is inherited and part is produced through proper feeding.

Bad Roads Expensive. Bad roads are the heaviest expense that production is required to meet.



QUARTERS FOR DAIRY CALVES

To Prevent Bumping and Jostling of Young Animals Small Pens Should Be Provided.

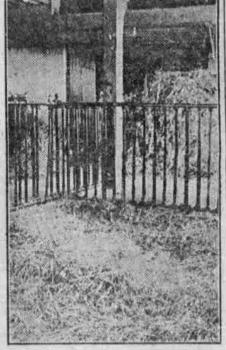
(Prepared by the United States Depart-ment of Agriculture.)

Small calves should not be bumped and jostled about. An easy way to prevent this is to provide small pens, not less than four by six feet in size, in each of which a calf may be kept for the first two weeks. The pens should be fitted with feed boxes for grain and racks for hay. After the calf is old enough to run with the others it is placed with them in a larger pen. Stanchlons are fixed on one side of this pen to provide for the separate feeding of the calves, so as to insure that each receives its proper care. Racks for hay should also be placed within easy reach of the calves.

Too much emphasis cannot be laid upon the necessity of having light, dry quarters for the calves. Bedding always should be abundant and should be changed often, in order that the pen always may be dry. Lack of attention to these matters is very likely to allow the development of the various calf diseases.

After the calf is a few weeks old, it can stand considerable cold if it is kept dry and has dry quarters. Provision also should be made to allow the calves plenty of exercise. A small paddock or pasture adjoining the calf stables is excellent for this purpose. Except for the very young ones, caives may be let out in the exercise lot for a short period each day when the weather is not too cold or stormy.

If the calves are kept together in a large pen it is very difficult to feed them by hand unless they are tied. When they are loose the milk often is



Good Place to Keep Calves.

spilled, and the larger calves get part of the smaller ones' share. Very simple stanchions may be constructed to prevent losses of milk and insure the equal distribution of the feed. To prevent the calves from sucking one another they should be kept in the stanchions for some time after feeding.

A calf stanchion may be constructed of cheap or scrap lumber. It is usually 36 to 40 inches high and has a four-inch space for the calf's head.

SANITARY SHED FOR MILKING

Cows Should Be Kept Clean and Udders Wiped With Damp Cloth to Keep Out Dirt.

The cows should be kept clean and milked in a place free from dust. If the udders of the cows are wiped with a damp cloth it will prevent dirt, dandruff and hair from failing into the milk with their millions of bacteria. A covered or small-top milk pail should always be used in milking. It keeps out more than half of the germs.

COWS RESPOND TO FEEDING

Even Poor Animal Will Increase in Production If She Is Given Proper Treatment.

A good cow will respond to good treatment and even a poor cow will increase in production if she is properly handled.

With liberal feeding liberal returns cannot be obtained. A heavy producing cow cannot do her best work unless she is well fed.

TEMPERATURE FOR CHURNING

Usually From 52 to 60 Degrees Fahrenhelt in Summer and From 58 to 66 in Winter.

The churning temperature should be such that (1) the churning will require from thirty to forty minutes, and (2) the butter granules will be firm Ithout being hard-usually from 53 to 60 degrees Fahrenheit in summer and from 58 to 66 degrees Fahrenheit ln winter.



Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY

TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the

efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply. Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than May 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

Tor particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA



Knicker--Have you anyone depend-

ent on you? Rastus-Yassah, mah wife depends on supportin' me, sah,

Marriage is a lottery in which the blanks are husbands-so says a wife who takes in washing.

It is a good thing to ask ourselves once in a while whether or not we are useful citizens.

The prophet of horror loves to peck at the carrion of the people's hopes.

The first sight of love is the last of wisdom.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy



Nebraska Directory CAFE PRICES REASONABLE



Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

As Age Advances the Liver Requires