

Semi-Weekly Tribune

IRA L. BARE, Editor and Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
 One Year by Mail in Advance...\$1.25
 One Year by Carrier in Advance...\$1.50

Entered at North Platte, Nebraska,
 Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1916.

Asks Adamson Law Repeal.

Ft. Worth, Tex.—H. N. Pope, president of the association of farmers' unions, has issued a statement asking the farmers to urge their congressmen to repeal the Adamson law at the next session of congress. Mr. Pope has also issued a pamphlet analyzing the effect of this law upon agricultural interests. Mr. Pope denounces the law as offending the covenant which the government made the people to give equal rights to all and special privileges to none. His statement says in part:

"The defenders of the Adamson law have had much to say about emancipating labor, but how about enslaving the farmer? If giving to trainmen is a virtue, is not taking from the farmer a crime? Has congress the power to increase the expenses of industry many millions of dollars without some one paying the bill? If so, then congress should immediately assemble and legislate all the people and idleness and wealth. This law is unjust in principle and unjust in application. If we are to extend this character of benevolent legislation to all railroad employes, as well as to the employes of all other lines of industry, it will take the American wheat crop to finance the Adamson law. This is an annual contribution which the farmers of the nation are not financially able to make and the only law to prevent it is to persuade our congressman no matter of what political faith, to take this law of the statute book. The question is not whether this or that political party should rule but whether congress has power to take the wheat crop from the American farmer and give it to the trainmen; whether our government has authority to force one class of citizens to turn over property to any other class without compensation. If this character of legislation is permitted to go on our statute books then property has no rights that congress is bound to respect."

Senator Hitchcock Here Today.

United States Senator Hitchcock, who has been campaigning in western Nebraska this week arrived here just before noon today, and at two o'clock this afternoon will deliver an address in front of the Hotel McCabe. Several carloads of democrats met the senator and his party at Maxwell this forenoon and escorted him to town. He will speak at Hershey at 3:30 and at Spitzerland at 4:30. He will be accompanied to the latter towns by a number of local democrats.

Machine Shops After the War.

Charles W. Schwab is quoted by the democrats as saying the munition shops will become machine shops after the war. This is true, and applies with even greater force to Europe than to the United States. Thirty millions of Europe's population is just now occupied with the business of war. When peace is restored, they will go back into peaceful pursuits, just as will Americans who are now employed as munition makers. All the energy now expended on fabricating articles for the uses of armies will be directed to production to be distributed under peace. What does this mean to Americans? That the output which is now sold in a market in which the demand steadily exceeds the supply will then be sold under terms of fiercest competition known to man's commercial history. Can the United States meet the competition under free trade, with its markets open to the world? Will our industry be continued and our prosperity made sure unless we return to the established principle of protection? Answer this for your self.—Omaha Bee.

The Girl Without a Chance.

There are things happening every day or night before our very eyes, and we don't even stop to give them any consideration. If we were to do so, the system that has control of the workings of the underworld, would be in an entirely different channel, than they are at present. Picture to yourself a young girl arriving here in our city direct from a foreign country ignorant of the ways and workings of the underworld and who is at once approached by one of the thousands of agents that are employed by our government, that are supposed to direct girls to reliable institutions, but instead of directing them as they should, they direct them to the Head of Department, that is affiliated with the leaders of the White Slave Traffic. Well such is the story of that Problem Play "The Girl Without a Chance," which appears at the Keth theatre Tuesday, Oct. 17th.

Public Sale of Stock.

Chas. A. Wyman, living two miles west of North Platte, will have a public sale October 18th, at which he will offer twenty-three head of horses, sixty head of cattle, forty hogs, and a lot of farm implements and household goods. 75-5

Sentenced for Life.

Frank Connell and R. G. Lukins, who robbed the bank of Sunol the latter part of July, and in attempting to evade their pursuers shot and killed Ira Paup and Paul Vacik, were found guilty to first degree murder in the Cheyenne county court last week and given sentences of life imprisonment. The men were taken to Lincoln the early part of this week to begin their sentences.

FOR EXCHANGE

640 acres grazing and farm land. Want city property or small farm. 711f O. H. THOLECKE.

Nebraska Dry.

This column is conducted in the interest of the propaganda work of the Nebraska Dry Federation, Lincoln County Branch.

Organization—J. H. VanCleave, president; W. P. Snyder, vice-president; A. F. Streitz, secretary, Bert M. Reynolds, treasurer; Louis Macey, E. S. Davis.

Louis Macey has charge of this branch of publicity work and any contributions, suggestions and criticisms of and for any matter appearing herein should be sent direct to him, Box 462.

THE HYPOCRITE.

I once heard a man speak of another as a — old hypocrite because "he says he would hold up both hands to vote for prohibition and the — old fool likes it himself and gets it every time he goes to town." But I said, "No sir, you are wrong. Any man who has got perception enough to see that the appetite has got him, and honest enough to own up to the danger, and backbone enough to want to vote to put the temptation away once for all; that man who is not a hypocrite but an honest man." The hypocrite is the man who says, "I take it or I can leave it alone," and then always takes it.

Perhaps that is a bit strong, for there are many men who will make that boast who actually and sincerely believe that they can let it alone, and a real hypocrite is one who knows better but keeps trying to deceive himself and others with a make believe that fools no one, or at most very few.

It is hard to tell when a man gets to that stage for I have heard, apparently sincere men, claim they could let it alone even when every one else knew they could not, by the simple test that they did not. So long as we have reason to believe that such a man is honest with himself, plain "fool" would fit much better than hypocrite.

On the other hand there are many men who have acquired the taste or perhaps just the habit of drinking for "sociability sake," who are honest enough with themselves to recognize the fact that they are in danger long before any one else takes any particular notice of their habit.

Now danger is not absolute and a fixed quantity, but comparative and variable. What may be safe (?) for one man is real danger for another, and then danger is comparative because temptation is comparative and varies with environment.

I have known near a dozen men who told me they had moved to the farm so as to be a little further from "Johnny O'Groats." All admitted that "where it was so handy" they were getting to use too much, and one or two that they were "going to the dogs," so they simply took themselves

away from temptation and kept away from town as much as possible to keep out of danger. Maybe these men were weak and cowardly and maybe they used just good sense and commendable caution, but hypocrites no one would call them. Now most of these men were rated as solid and substantial men in their communities as if it was good for them to take themselves away from temptation and even keep away from a town where they had a perfect right and even business to go. Is it not equally good or better for those same men to vote to put the danger out of the town so it will be not only a safe place for them, but for every one else as well?

It is easy not to want a drink when one doesn't think of it; it is easy not to think of it when one doesn't see a swinging screen or smell the "aroma," and especially is it easy for a real man to put away the thoughts of a hanker when its no use, too far off, too much trouble, or takes too long.

Then there is the outside force, even when there is no desire, or one that would be easily satisfied, a man's friends tempt him on and on and all in the name of good fellowship. I know quite a lot of men who like their dram as well as anyone yet who say they are going to vote dry and their main reason is always the same. "It don't do us any good and we can do without it." In some cases it is to help others "whom it does hurt," and with some it is their own danger as well.

An instance runs something like this, "I go in to town with a load of hay, or grain or hogs and I want a glass of beer real bad 'cause that bottom water is not good nohow, but soon I get inside the door some one sings out, Hey Jim haven't seen you for a long time, come have one on me. I would rather pay for my own glass and one at the most two would be all I would want and then I would go about my business, no one would be any the worse for it, but it would of course offend Jack to refuse so I drink with him and of course not to act like a yellow dog I have to set 'em up in turn and then before I can get away from him, why in comes Bill and grabs my arm and says, "Hold on old man don't be in such a hurry I want to talk to you, but I got to wet my whistle first. What will it be? Time I get off from Bill it is some one else, so instead of one or two glasses I have got five or six and feel real mellow and don't care whether I go home or not, maybe some one will have to help me get started. Next day I will feel like the dickens, so altogether it will be about a dollar or two in money and a half or even a whole day's time lost, and a mean feeling for a day or two, and all of this is too much to pay for a little "good fellowship" with men I don't care much for at any other time or place."

Another will say "Don't think it hurts me but I hate to drink with a man whose family I know needs the money he is spending and who I know ought to be at home," or "I can take a glass or two and stop, but my boy he cannot. I can get along somehow and then soon in a year or two forget about it, root beer and grape juice are just as good anyhow if we only think so."

If this is hypocrisy then we need more hypocrites of that kind. They are every inch men and among our best. LOUIS MACEY.

Boars for Sale.

We are offering for a limited time at \$25.00 each a splendid lot of Duroc-Jersey boars. Orders are being looked now. Phone 499, Experimental Substation, North Platte, Neb. 71-8

Improving Lincoln Highway.

H. C. Osterman, secretary of the Lincoln Highway Association, spent Wednesday in town while enroute east from the Pacific coast. Mr. Osterman has made a number of trips over the Lincoln Highway and says it is gratifying to note the improvement that is being made each year. He says that from Cheyenne to Medicine Bow the highway is in fine shape. The conditions in Iowa and Nebraska are about the worst along the entire route.

FOR SALE.

For the next thirty days I am offering my property at 414 So Elm street for \$1,275. Terms about half cash, other half in building and loan association. For particulars write B. A. French, Gravity, Ia.

\$100 Per Acre for Land.

S. S. Reynolds, who lives south of Maxwell, has sold his 110-acre farm for \$11,000, or \$100 per acre. The improvements on the farm are excellent, and the land is among the best in that section. Mr. Reynolds has not yet decided where he will locate.

For Sale Cheap.

Ford Touring car. Inquire at this office.

Rags, for a short time \$1.00 per 100. Must be sacked. Paying a good price for all kinds of metals and rubber. Bones \$10 per ton, but must be dry. NORTH PLATTE JUNK HOUSE.

Gandy held its annual home coming and fall festival last Saturday and entertained one of the biggest crowds in the history of the town. Addresses were delivered by Judge Hoagland of this city and Congressman Kinkaid.

Closing Out Sale

On account of our small amount of room, we are closing out our entire stock of Groceries and Canned Goods

AT COST.

You will appreciate this sale by coming in and pricing the goods. Show Cases and Fixtures all go in.

FRUIT SEASON IS HERE. Pint Jars 35 cents per dozen. Quart Jars 45 cents per dozen 2-Quart Jars 55 cents per Doz

These at above price while they last.

ECHELBERY,

600 LOCUST.

Geo. B. Dent, Physician and Surgeon. Special Attention given to Surgery and Obstetrics.

Office: Building and Loan Building Phones: Office 130 Residence 115

J. B. REDFIELD, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON Successor to PHYSICIAN & SURGEONS HOSPITAL Drs. Redfield & Redfield Office Phone 642 Res. Phone 676

DR. JOHN S. TWINEM

Special Attention to Surgery, Gynecology and Obstetrics. NORTH PLATTE, NEB. Nurse Brown Memorial Hospital.

NURSE BROWN MEMORIAL HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL For the Treatment of MEDICAL, SURGICAL and OBSTETRICAL PATIENTS Phone 110. John S. Twinem, M. D.

JOHN S. SIMMS, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon Office B. & L. Building, Second Floor. Phone, Office, 83; Residence 38.

DOCTOR D. T. QUIGLEY.

Practice Limited to Surgery and Radium Therapy 728 City National Bank Building. Omaha, Nebraska.

Office phone 241. Res. phone 217 L. C. DRIST, Osteopathic Physician. North Platte, Nebraska. McDonald Bank Building.

W. J. HOLDERNESS

Electrical Supplies Storage Batteries Wiring Morach Bldg. Phone 175.

NORTH PLATTE

General Hospital.

(Incorporated)

One Half Block North of Postoffice. Phone 58

A modern institution for the scientific treatment of medical, surgical and confinement cases. Completely equipped X-Ray and diagnostic laboratories.

Staff:

Geo. B. Dent, M. D. V. Lucas, M. D. J. B. Redfield, M. D. J. S. Simms, M.D. Miss M. Sieman, Supt.

Notice of Petition.

Estate No. 1433 of Bertha Hocquet, deceased in the County Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska. To all persons interested in said Estate take notice that a petition has been filed for the appointment of Frank Ebel which has been set for hearing here in on November 3, 1916, at 8 o'clock a. m.

Dated Oct. 7, 1916. GEO. E. FRENCH, County Judge.

Gertrude Rebhausen, Teacher of Piano

102 South Locust Phone Black 342

Elizabeth Kaar-Langston Teacher of Singing

Studio 122 West Front Street.

Florence MacKay Teacher of Piano

804 west Fifth St. Phone Blk. 524



Telephone Your Grocery orders to 32 They will give prompt and careful attention. Lierk-Sandall Co.

Office 333 Res. Black 513 DR. HAROLD A. FENNER Osteopath. 6 Reynold Building Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

Hospital Phone Black 633. House Phone Black 633. W. T. PRITCHARD, Graduate Veterinarian Eight years a Government Veterinarian. Hospital 218-south Locust St., one-half block southwest of the Court House.

DERRYBERRY & FORBES, Licensed Embalmers Undertakers and Funeral Directors Day Phone 234. Night Phone Black 588.

Hogs and Cattle

Bought and highest market prices paid PHONES Residence Red 636 Office 459 C. H. WALTERS.

Nothing Would Please Husband or Father More Than a Box of Our Cigars.



Please him because they are good Cigars—made from good tobacco—made well by hand—made fresh. Ask the men who have been smoking our cigars for 25 years as to their quality. We carry a full line of smokers' articles.

J. F. SCHMALZRIED.

Notice. To Ina Fishbaugh, non-resident defendant. You are hereby notified that on the 16th day of May, 1916, George Fishbaugh filed a petition against you in the District Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to obtain a divorce from you upon the grounds of extreme cruelty and adultery. You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday the 30th day of October, 1916.

GEORGE FISHBAUGH, By George N. Gibbs, His attorney.

Notice to Creditors. Estate of John N. Bonner, Deceased. In the County Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, ss. Creditors of said estate will take notice that the time limited for presentation and filing of claims against said estate is April 20, 1917, and for settlement of said estate is September 15, 1917, that I will sit at the county court room in said county on October 20, 1916, at 9 o'clock a. m., and on March 20, 1917, at 9 o'clock a. m., to receive, examine, hear, allow, or adjust all claims and objections duly filed. GEO. E. FRENCH, County Judge.

Our Policy Toward Telephone Employees

It is our policy to pay good wages in order that we may secure and retain capable employees.

Also, we believe it is economy and good business judgment to pay high enough salaries, to those who have proved their worth, as will encourage the younger people in the organization to work faithfully with better positions as their goal.

We strive to assist worthy employees to lay aside a part of their earnings by making it easy for them to acquire financial interest in the business. More than half of the men employed by this Company are stockholders.

With no expense to employees, we provide for their sickness, disability, injury, old age or death, as well if not in a broader spirit than any other corporation or government.

To make for the highest efficiency in the organization we rigidly enforce the principle of advancement of employees, dependent upon integrity, ability and meritorious work alone.



NEBRASKA TELEPHONE COMPANY