

## PURE MILK CAMPAIGN

STATE FOOD COMMISSION PROSECUTES ILLEGAL DEALERS.

## HAVE SETTLED DIFFERENCES

Items of General Interest Gathered From Reliable Sources Around the State House.

**Western Newspaper Union News Service.**  
What is declared to be the biggest campaign ever made by the Nebraska food commission along the line of testing milk and cream sold in the cities, for the purpose of determining the percentage of butter fat contents, has been in progress during the past week or two. State Chemist Frisbie and a number of inspectors have been doing this work quietly and have covered a great deal of ground.

Hastings, Grand Island, Kearney, Columbus, Norfolk, Fremont and Fairbury were visited. At Grand Island four dealers and at Norfolk three were prosecuted for selling milk and cream having less than the required amount of butter fat, which is 8 and 18 per



MARY JEAN RUSSELL  
Who made a score of 99.5 at the State Fair Better Babies show. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Russell of Lincoln.

cent, respectively. At the other places the milk and cream were found to be up to the legal standard.

The inspectors and the state chemist were at Omaha several days, and results obtained there indicate that conditions have been considerably improved since the last time that city was visited a month or more ago. At this time, fifty-three prosecutions were filed, in all of which fines were collected.

**Settled Their Differences.**  
The Gibbon Telephone Co. and the Kearney Power Co. settled their differences before the railway commission over the vexed question of the latter extending transmission lines over the wires of the telephone company.

The question has been before the railway commission several times lately, owing to the rapid long-distance transmission of power.

In the Gibbon-Kearney case, the power company agreed to stand several hundred dollars' expense necessary for a canvas of the patrons of the telephone company to secure consent to a change in the service. The Gibbon company had asked the commission to force the Kearney company to stand all of the expense connected with the change, but later withdrew it. This settlement does not affect other similar cases pending before the commission.

**New State Banks.**  
The state banking board has granted charters to three new state banks, as follows: Farmers State bank of Baird, capital stock, \$25,000, president, J. A. Abbott; Farmers State bank of Lexington, capital stock, \$35,000, president, L. K. Grantham; Ranchers State bank of Cody, capital stock, \$75,000, president, Edgar C. Cole.

**Says Railroads "Play Game of Grab."**  
The state railway commission expects soon to issue an order directing the railroads to turn over empty freight cars to the roads that own them as soon as service on the receiving road's line is ended. The commission had a hearing on the practice of the roads making use of the other companies' cars last week. One official recently declared the roads played a "game of grab" in the matter, getting and retaining as many cars as possible.

**Military Dentists in Sight.**  
Two applications for the positions of dental surgeons in the Nebraska regiments now on the border have been received at the adjutant general's office. The applicants are C. S. Remy, of Curtis and Fred C. Malony, of DeWitt. The colonels of two regiments recently sent an S. O. S. call for dentists, saying they are badly needed. It is probable that commissions as dental surgeons will be issued to the two applicants by Governor Morehead, and they will then leave to join the troops.

## WILL STRENGTHEN BUILDING

Regents Take Precautionary Measures in University Structure.

As a measure of precaution and prudence, the state board of university regents will take measures at once to prevent any possible collapse of the main building known as University Hall, the oldest structure on the campus. This building was erected in the days when brick were not of the best quality and when the science of mortar-mixing had not reached its present development. Years ago, when a new foundation was put under it, a crack appeared, and as the years have gone by deterioration has been noticeable in other parts of the structure.

While there is nothing menacing about its present condition and a careful examination conducted recently by the board, together with Architect Hodgdon, Dean Stout of the engineering department and Superintendent of Buildings, Chowins, disclosed nothing that indicated present danger, in order to safeguard against the possibility of any such happening as at the Capital hotel last month, it was ordered that braces be at once put in.

## Trained Farmers a Great Need

Dr. P. L. Hall, university regent, in an address at Lincoln put forth in strong terms, the argument that the school of agriculture should serve a two-fold purpose; first, it should train young men and young women from the farms of the state to go back upon the farms and get better results that would be possible without such training; second, the school of agriculture should be a common school for boys and girls on the farms to prepare them for the college of agriculture. "What we need in Nebraska are trained men from the school of agriculture," said Dr. Hall, "and trained men who have equipped themselves by a course in the college of agriculture to go out into every county in the state of Nebraska and engage in farming and serve as county agents and farm demonstrators in every community." That is what is being done, according to Dr. Hall, in Minnesota, Nebraska, he claimed, has a better agricultural foundation than most any other state, and he said that he wanted to see from three to five thousand boys and girls from the Nebraska farms upon the university farm campus. He did not want to have the school of agriculture segregated from the university, and he did not think that a separation of the industrial and academic schools of the university would ever take place, although the work of the different departments could best be carried on upon a separate campus.

## Cornhuskers Getting Under Way

Fall track workouts at the university started last week with thirty-five men on the cinder paths, coached by Manager of Athletics Guy E. Reed. The mild weather has given the track men a fine opportunity to get under way, and Reed, who still holds the university records in the 100-yard dash, 220 and quarter mile, has been working the men two hours a night.

The squad is headed by Captain Overman, distance runner, who made points for the varsity in the mile and two-mile events last year, Grau, a half-miler from Fremont, and Gribble, a middle distance man with lots of promise, started well. Two of the team's standbys, Corey and Shaw in the weight events, are working out on the football squad. Reed promises to stage an interclass meet in a few weeks with a nifty lot of medals for the point winners.

## Renewed Clamor for Empty Cars

A fresh deluge of complaints of shortage of cars for the shipping of grain, and complaints of discrimination between stations in the distribution of cars, has come upon the Nebraska railway commission. The complaints are from both farmers' elevators and line elevator companies. In many places elevators are full of grain that cannot be shipped. In some communities farmers still have their grain on the ground without protection, awaiting a chance to sell. That farmers still grow wheat and have no place to house the crop after it is threshed is a surprise to many people who are not farmers, but it appears from letters that this method of farming is still pursued.

The state of Nebraska has received from the federal government \$1,637 as its one-fourth interest of the proceeds of the forest lands in this state. The money goes to the three counties where the forest reserves are located.

## New Phase of Car Shortage

A new phase of the car shortage has reached the state railway commission in the form of a complaint from Gordon that the Northwestern road refused to furnish cars for the shipping of potatoes unless the shipments were billed to points on the Northwestern road. The commission was informed by the railroad officials that such a rule applying to grain had been in force for some time, and no one had objected because this gave shippers a chance to ship to two good grain markets, Minneapolis or Omaha.

## Typhoid Report from Winnebago

The state health inspector's office has heard from Winnebago to the effect that fifteen cases of typhoid fever have developed there, of which thirteen are in the town and two at the Indian agency a mile and a half away. Water from the public well at Winnebago and also from the agency well will be tested for typhoid germs. Some of the Indians recently visited Tama, Ia., where an epidemic of the disease was experienced, and it is thought they may have brought it back with them.

## SEEKS ONLY TRUCE?

LORD CECIL OF ENGLAND REPLIES TO GERMAN CHANCELLOR'S SPEECH.

## "EUROPE READY FOR PEACE"

Von Bethmann-Hollweg Confident That Teutons Will Win—Says Allies Seek Territorial Aggrandizement—British Are Assailed.

London, Oct. 2.—All of Europe is "ready for peace," but Germany wants "only a truce."

This statement was made by Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war, trade and blockade, in answer to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech at the opening of the German reichstag.

"The chancellor's speech shows a considerable change in tone," declared the British minister to the correspondent of the International News Service. "That talk of a German victory has entirely vanished is remarkable. There was no word concerning Belgium."

Asked if he considered the chancellor's criticism of England more intense than before, Lord Robert said:

"It is an old trick to try to convince our allies that we are bleeding them to death. The idea that England wants world supremacy is fantastic."

The minister expressed the opinion that Germany has not stopped its submarine campaign, but only slackened during July and August because they were hard hit.

"Everybody is ready for peace," he concluded. "It depends upon what one calls peace. The Germans are not ready for peace; they only want a truce for a period of preparation for further world attacks. As long as they continue to be governed by the military class, which is considered superior to everyone else, there is no chance for peace."

Berlin, Oct. 2.—Germany will persevere until victory is hers, the reichstag was assured by Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, according to the full text of his speech, which was published here. The chancellor asserted that the harvest this year had made Germany's position much more secure than was the case last year.

In his attack upon Great Britain von Bethmann-Hollweg declared that that country was breaking an international law after another, and was above all Germany's "most egotistical, fiercest and most obstinate enemy."

"Today, after two years of fighting, struggling, suffering and dying, we know more than ever before that there is only one watchword, namely, persevere and win," said the chancellor. "We will win. This year's harvest makes us much more secure than was the case last year."

"The war aims of our enemies are announced without disguise and can allow of no misinterpretation. Their purpose is territorial covetousness and our destruction," said Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg.

"Since the first day of the war we have sought nothing but the defense of our rights, our existence and our freedom. Therefore we are able first and alone to declare our readiness for peace negotiations. The lust of conquest of our enemies is responsible for the daily heaping mountains of corpses."

"The British leave no doubt as to what they wish to make of Germany. Our existence as a nation is to be crushed. Militarily defenseless, economically crushed, boycotted by the world and condemned to lasting sickness—that is the Germany which England wishes to see at her feet."

The chancellor said that he realized the troubles of the people caused by the war and that he shared the deep sorrow for the fallen and mutilated.

## WOMAN SLAIN AND BURNED

Victim Found Strangled in Ruins of Summer Home—Rich Husband Is Held.

Mountain View, N. H., Oct. 2.—Mrs. Frederick L. Small, wife of a Boston real estate broker, who was burned in a fire on Friday which destroyed the Small summer home at Lake Ossipee, was murdered, it was discovered when the body was taken over the head and strangled by a rope tied around her neck.

Later, on his own authority, Sheriff Chandler placed Small under arrest and held him at a local hotel pending instructions from the county solicitor. The police believe the fire was set to cover the crime. By a mere chance, however, this failed. The body dropped into the basement and the head and neck lodged in a pool of water. The rope which had been drawn twice around the neck was preserved.

## Germany and Swiss Agree

Berne, Oct. 2.—Dr. Arthur Hoffmann, foreign minister and chief of the political department, announced that economic negotiations between Germany and Switzerland had been completed satisfactorily.

## Russ Air Raids Increase

Petrograd, Oct. 2.—Air activity over the eastern front is increasing. Russian aviators have carried out a big raid behind the German lines. The Russian machines were lost in one combat.

## THE GOLDEN CALF



## GREECE ENTERS WAR TAKE GERMAN BASES

COUNCIL AND KING AGREE TO JOIN THE ENTENTE. ALLIES CAPTURE COMBLES AND THIEPVAL BY STORM.

Allies Win Last of Doubtful States in Diplomatic Battle—Long Struggle Ends.

London, Sept. 29.—The council of Greek ministers has decided, in agreement with King Constantine, upon military co-operation with the entente powers, says a Reuter dispatch received on Wednesday from Athens.

A possible excuse for a Greek declaration of war is seen in an Athens dispatch reporting that the Greek steamship Eilen was torpedoed by a German submarine off the coast of Sardinia. The crew was saved.

Paris had advised that Greek troops in Canea, to the number of 4,000, have joined the revolutionists.

The decision of Greece to enter the war ends one of the most interesting diplomatic conflicts in world history. With Italy, Bulgaria and Roumania, Greece pivoted on the brink of war from the first day of the world conflict.

Now that the country has decided to take the plunge, the last of the uncertain powers is out in the open, a diplomatic war is ended in victory for the entente and the way is open for a final fight on the battlefields of Europe.

## MORE TROOPS SENT HOME

Illinois and Wisconsin Artillery and Field Hospital Among Those Who Will Return.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 30.—The following troops are designated to go home: Second Maine, Laredo; regiment New York artillery, Brownsville; First Pennsylvania field artillery, El Paso; Battery A, Rhode Island field artillery, El Paso; First battalion First Massachusetts field artillery, El Paso; First Illinois field artillery and Wisconsin battery, San Antonio; Second Massachusetts, El Paso; First Connecticut, Nogales; First Montana, Douglas; First squadron New Jersey cavalry, First battalion New Jersey artillery, Columbus; Battalion District of Columbia, Nao; First squadron Utah cavalry, Nogales, and First Ambulance corps, New York, McAllen. These troops will be replaced by 10,000 guardsmen ordered to border service.

## JAPAN FRIEND OF AMERICA

Steel Corporation Head, After Three Months in Nippon, Fails to Find "Yellow Peril."

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, spent three months in Japan hunting for evidence of the "yellow peril." He announced in Chicago on Friday that he was firmly convinced by his investigation that Japan's feelings toward the United States are friendly, and there are no differences which might arise between the two nations which cannot be settled by negotiations.

## Cult Leader Refused Parole

Joliet, Ill., Sept. 30.—Evelyn Athur See, notorious as the former leader of the Absolute Life cult, was refused an audience on Thursday by the state parole board when he applied for clemency.

## Millionaire Is Police Head

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 30.—James Couzens, millionaire and former vice president of the Ford Motor company, has accepted the appointment as police commissioner. He succeeds John Gillespie, who resigned.

## 65 KILLED IN AIR RAIDS

Bucharest Bombarded by Aeroplanes and Zeppelins in the Afternoon and Night.

Bucharest, via London, Sept. 28.—Sixty persons were killed and a large number wounded in Bucharest on Monday afternoon by bombs dropped from a squadron of aeroplanes of the Teutonic allies, and five others were killed at night by bombs dropped on the city from a Zeppelin, according to an official communication issued on Tuesday.

## To Extend Trade Activities

Washington, Oct. 2.—William J. Carr of the state department left here for a three months' trip to practically all American consular offices in Europe to lay the foundation for more extended trade activities after the war.

## Fells Three Flyers in 2:30

Paris, Oct. 2.—Three German aeroplanes brought down in 2 minutes and 30 seconds is the latest exploit of Second Lieutenant Guynemer. Incidentally he fell 10,000 feet, but escaped unhurt.

## 100 VILLISTAS SLAIN

LEADER TAKEN PRISONER IN FIGHT FIFTY MILES FROM CHIHUAHUA CITY.

## HEAVY LOSSES FOR CARRANZA

General Ramos, in Command of First Chief's Forces, Was Slightly Wounded—More Troops Are on Way to Hunt Villa.

Chihuahua City, Mex., Sept. 30.—More than a hundred Villa followers were killed, the bandit leader, Baurelio Uribe, was taken prisoner and heavy casualties were suffered by Carranza forces in a fight at Cusuhuachic, an important mining center about fifty miles southwest of Chihuahua City, according to a message received by General Trevino from Gen. Matias Itamos, who himself was slightly wounded.

General Ramos had left Chihuahua City with a large force of Carranza troops, with orders to divide his force and distribute the troops in such positions as to prevent Villa from moving northward toward the American expeditionary force.

It is stated that the garrison at Cusuhuachic co-operated with the forces of Ramos, but whether they were attacked or were the aggressors is not known.

Baurelio Uribe, leader of the band and Villa's chief lieutenant, was the originator of the idea of cutting off the ears of captured government soldiers. Many others of his command are reported to have been made prisoner.

Troops continue to pour into Chihuahua City from the south to participate in the Villa hunt. Gen. Apolonio Trevino's command arrived from Torreon during the day and paraded through the streets. These troops will be sent into the field at once.

## ALLIES HALTED BY BULGARS

Teutonic Forces Hold Road to Monastir Against Advance of Foe on Macedonian Front.

London, Sept. 30.—Serbian and French dispatches make evident that the Bulgarians are holding the road to Monastir against the advance of the entente allies on the western Macedonian front.

Six desperate counter-attacks were made by the Bulgars on the entente left within the last forty-eight hours. All were repulsed with serious loss to the enemy and to the troops of General Samail.

According to the Berlin official statement, the battle in the vicinity of Hermannstadt on the Transylvanian front continues. The German report reiterates claims of success for the Teutonic forces.

The Berlin report concludes: "Our aviators again dropped a great number of bombs on Bucharest, which still was burning at several points as the result of our previous attacks."

## "HANG GERMAN NOT LOYAL"

Von Bethmann-Hollweg Makes Statement in Address at Opening of the Reichstag.

Berlin, Sept. 30.—Any statesman refusing to do everything possible against England would deserve hanging, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg declared in his speech before the reichstag, which convened here on Thursday.

The chancellor did not refer to possible peace. His address was enthusiastically applauded.

He began by outlining the events which led up to the Italian and Romanian declarations of war.

"For more than a year the Italian government resisted. Finally the measures which England employs with equal ruthlessness against neutrals and her allies were too strong. Italy's warfare depends upon English coal and English money. Finally she had to give in."

## SAY GENERAL STRIKE FOILED

New York Police Assert That Huge Walkout Did Not Take Place.

New York, Sept. 30.—The widely exploited sympathetic walkout of trades unionists in Greater New York in aid of the striking carmen, which was supposed to have started on Thursday, has not materialized, according to the police.

The labor leaders claimed, however, that upward of 140,000 workers actually had quit their places, but refused to make public the names of any unions answering the call. The police declared they were unable to find any evidence of a general strike.

## Hait Raise in Steel Rates

Washington, Oct. 2.—Tariffs of railroads in the middle West and East proposing increases of 7 and 8 cents per 100 pounds on iron and steel articles were suspended by the interstate commerce commission.

## Bulgars Repulsed

London, Oct. 2.—An attempt by the Bulgarians to occupy Kopriva, west of the Struma river in Greek Macedonia, was repulsed by the allies, according to a war office report issued Friday on Balkan operations.