

ENTRIES IN PRIMARY

LIST OF CANDIDATES IN RACE FOR NOMINATION.

PROTEST ATTORNEY GENERAL

Items of General Interest Gathered from Reliable Sources Around the State House.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Following is a list of the names filed with the secretary of state for the nomination for various federal and state offices, to be voted on at the primaries April 18:

For President
Dem.: Woodrow Wilson, Robert G. Ross, Rep.: Henry Ford, Henry D. Estabrook, Albert B. Cummings, Robert G. Ross, Pro.: Eugene N. Foss, Ira Landeth.

Vice President
Dem.: John H. Moorehead, Thomas R. Marshall, Rep.: Elmer J. Burleigh, William Grant Webster, Pro.: Robert H. Patton, Clarence True Wilson.

Governor
Dem.: Charles W. Bryan, Lincoln; W. F. Stocker, Omaha; Keith Neville, North Platte; Rep.: William Madgett, Hastings; Walter A. George, Omaha; Samuel Roy McKelvie, Lincoln; Abraham L. Sutton, Omaha; Clarence J. Miles, Hastings; Pro.: James F. Hanson, Fremont; Peoples Independent: Charles W. Bryan, Lincoln; Keith Neville, North Platte; Soc.: B. Z. Millikan, Fairbury; Pro.: J. D. Graves, Peru.

Lieutenant Governor
Dem.: James Pearson, Moorefield; Edgar Howard, Columbus; William B. Banning, Union; Rep.: H. P. Shumway, Wakenfield; Walter Kiesel, Johnson; Theodore E. Nordgren, Phillips; Peoples Independent: James Pearson, Moorefield; W. B. Banning, Union.

Secretary of State
Dem.: Charles W. Pool, Hyannis; Rep.: Addison W. Lincoln, W. Smith, Clay Center; Wilber S. Waite, Loup City; Claude P. Hensel, Lincoln; Pro.: Will S. Jay, Lincoln; Wilber S. Waite, Loup City; Peoples Independent: Charles W. Pool, Hyannis.

Auditor of Public Accounts
Dem.: William H. Smith, Seward; Rep.: W. L. Mitchell, George W. Marsh, Auburn; Peoples Independent: William H. Smith, Seward; Pro.: John E. Roberts, Waterville.

State Treasurer
Dem.: Harry Adams, Chadron; George E. Hall, Franklin; Rep.: W. H. Reynolds, Chadron; Franklin C. Hamer, Omaha; Pro.: William C. Crooks, Lincoln; George E. Hall, Franklin; Peoples Independent: George E. Hall, Franklin; Harry Adams, Chadron.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction
Dem.: John A. Woodard, Seward; W. H. Clemmons, Fremont; Rep.: A. O. Thomas, Kearney; Pro.: A. O. Thomas, Kearney; Peoples Independent: William H. Clemmons, Fremont; Pro.: W. Eugene Knox, University Place.

Attorney General
Dem.: Willis E. Reed, Madison; Rep.: Robert W. Devoe, H. Halderson, Newman Grove; C. P. Anderberg, Minden; Pro.: Harvey E. Morrow, Omaha; Peoples Independent: Willis E. Reed, Madison.

Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings
Dem.: A. J. Sliger, Hastings; G. L. Shumway, Scottsbluff; Henry Obermann, Snyder; Rep.: W. S. Zimernann, Lincoln; Rep.: C. L. Rein, Lincoln; H. L. Cook, Lincoln; Peoples Independent: A. J. Sliger, Hastings; G. L. Shumway, Scottsbluff.

Railway Commissioners
Dem.: Andrew Clute, Hastings; Victor E. Wilson, Stromsburg; Edward Sutherland, Bartley; W. S. Ridgell, Alliance; R. W. Halston, Omaha; Rep.: C. A. Randall, Newman Grove; Henry T. Clarke, Lincoln; Walter Johnson, North Loup; Thomas L. Hubbs, Peoples Independent; Victor E. Wilson, Stromsburg; W. S. Ridgell, Alliance; Soc.: Victor E. Wilson, Stromsburg.

Regent State University
Dem.: P. L. Hall, Lincoln; H. D. Landis, Seward; Rep.: Harvey L. Sams, Scottsbluff; George N. Seymour, Sigmund; Samuel C. Bassett, Gibbon; Edmund G. McGilton, Omaha; Thomas M. Hewitt, Lexington; Pro.: Philip I. Hall, Lincoln; Peoples Independent: P. L. Hall, Lincoln; H. D. Landis, Seward; Soc.: Henry J. Aberly, Omaha; Pro.: L. C. Gilbert, Grand Island; Annette Nesbitt, Lincoln.

Protest on Attorney General
Attorney General Willis Reed's name will not be placed on the republican primary ballot by Secretary of State Pool, unless he is forced by a writ of mandamus to do so. Mr. Pool made this announcement, after a protest signed by Chairman J. C. McNish, of the republican state committee, had been filed against allowing Reed's name to go upon the ticket.

The protest was delivered to the secretary of state by R. W. DeVoe of Lincoln, himself a republican candidate for attorney general, and J. Reid Green, of this city, a candidate for delegate to the republican national convention.

Reasons assigned by Chairman McNish against the placing of the attorney general's name on the republican ticket were that the democratic and republican parties are in no way affiliated, and that Reed has made a statement under oath that he affiliates with the democratic party, which disqualifies him from becoming a republican candidate also.

Fees from Food Commission.
Food Commissioner C. E. Harman cleared up some of his financial accounts with the state by paying \$14,722 to the clerk of the supreme court, as oil inspection fees collected during February under the court's order of January 20, and \$515 to the state treasurer as the proceeds of cold storage and commission merchants' licenses issued in February. Mr. Harman is still retaining his fees for food and drug inspections and using them in payment of operating expenses of his department.

F. P. Corrick has filed protests against all republican and democratic office seekers who received "Bull Moose" filings. Of those protested, H. L. Cook, republican candidate for land commissioner, Congressman Reavis, of the First district, republican; and A. O. Thomas, republican, for state superintendent, have withdrawn the progressive filings. Others protested by Mr. Corrick are: Treasurer G. E. Hall, democrat; P. L. Hall, candidate for regent, and Congressman Sloan, Shallenberger and Kinkaid.

No Right to Charge Meter Rental.

Cities and public utility corporations in Nebraska furnishing electric lights or other service from generating plants or distributing systems have no right to charge patrons a meter rental in addition to the regular rates, unless specific provision to that effect is contained in the local ordinances governing service and rates.

This is the holding of the Nebraska supreme court in an opinion handed down in a case from Nemaha county, brought by M. S. Melnich, an attorney, against the Auburn Mutual Lighting & Power company. Melnich applied for and obtained an injunction restraining the company from taking on his service because he refused to pay 25 cents per month electric meter rent for three months during the year 1913. The high bench affirms the order of the district court.

The opinion, written by Judge Hamer, does not deny the authority of a city to provide by ordinance for the collection of meter rent, but holds that in the absence of such provision it cannot collect such a charge. The city or company furnishing the service, declares the opinion, must supply the meter as part of the necessary equipment. The ordinance serves as a contract between the city or company and the patrons, and no charge can be made for service beyond what it provides.

Consignor Must Pay Shortage.

The supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the district court of Buffalo county in the suit of the Union Pacific road to collect freight charges on certain shipments of lumber. W. L. Stickle Lumber company was the defendant. The lower court decided against the railroad company. The Union Pacific sued to recover the difference between a rate charged for a shipment of lumber and the amount that it should have charged under its rates filed with the interstate commerce commission. The court holds that the company is entitled to collect such a difference, but the carrier must look to the consignor of the lumber in Spokane with whom it contracted to transport the shipment. The lumber was billed to the Fall City Lumber Co., Elm Creek. Added to this on the bill was "Notify W. L. Stickle Lumber company." The railroad had charged 46 cents a hundred and later found it should have charged 60 cents.

Rev. W. H. Buss Wins Ode Contest.

Members of the committee appointed to make a selection of the Nebraska state ode for the semi-centennial celebration met at the state superintendent's office Saturday morning to go over several hundred poems submitted in competition for the \$100 prize. The committee comprised Prof. L. A. Sherman of the state university, President W. E. Nicholl of Bellevue college and Miss Mary Crawford of the Kearney state normal school, and the award went to Rev. W. H. Buss of Fremont, Miss Helen Carraler of Lincoln, being given second place. State Superintendent Thomas has appointed Dr. J. A. Beattie as moral-ity code writer for the state of Nebraska, in connection with a national organization that is urging moral instruction in the schools. Character education for children is the purpose of this organization.

Second Annual University Week.

Beginning Friday, March 24, Seward, David City, North Bend, Schuyler and Fremont will be visited by various entertainments from the University of Nebraska. The cadet band, the two debating teams, the university players in "Believe Me, Xantippe," the glee club and Professor Persinger, with his lantern lecture on South America, will visit each of these towns in succession during the week of spring vacation. The object is to bring the university into closer touch with the state. The German dramatic club will make a separate tour, including Columbus, Grand Island and Hastings.

Brown and Keya Paha counties have applied jointly to the state board of irrigation, highways and drainage for a state aid bridge to be constructed over the Niobrara river at McLean crossing, to take the place of an old structure which was carried out by the ice this spring.

The week of April 3 is being boosted as pure food week, and the suggestion is made that "peace and plenty" be adopted as a slogan and the American flag used for decorative purposes in connection with food displays.

The board of managers of the state fair elected T. H. Wake of Seward a member of the state board of agriculture to fill a vacancy caused by the death of George F. Dickman of Seward who was treasurer. Mr. Wake was later elected superintendent of the automobile exhibit. Jacob Sass of Chalco, who is an old member of the state board was elected treasurer. The selection of Mr. Wake was asked for by a delegation of eighteen members of the Seward Commercial club and agricultural and live stock societies.

After April 1 it will not be possible for anyone in Nebraska to register as a veterinary practitioner under the special provision of the state law allowing persons who have had ten years' experience in the state and at least one year in their own communities to continue in practice without taking the regular examination. If the law had been rigidly applied, the time for registration of such practitioners would have expired on September 1 last year, but the state board of veterinary examiners decided to extend it six months.

SHIP IS TORPEDOED

FRENCH STEAMER SUSSEX ATTACKED BY SUBMARINE OFF BEACHEY HEAD.

436 PERSONS WERE ON BOARD

London Hears Passengers and Crew Were Saved and That Vessel is Still Afloat—Three Other Boats Are Sunk.

London, March 27.—A cross channel passenger boat from Folkestone to Dieppe, reported by the Central News to be the steamer Sussex, was torpedoed off Beachy Head Friday afternoon. The vessel carried 386 passengers, with a crew of 50, mostly French, under command of Captain Mouffet. A few of the passengers were British.

The continental traffic office of the Brighton railroad says that all persons on board the Sussex were saved. The Sussex remained afloat.

"I think it probable that there were a number of Americans among the passengers of the Sussex," said Robert P. Skinner, the American consul general, "because in the last few days my office has issued passports for many Americans going to France."

The Brighton railroad issued the following account of the accident to the Sussex:

"The Sussex, sailing under a French flag in the Folkestone-Dieppe service, met with a mishap somewhere off Dieppe on her passage on Friday. There were 386 passengers aboard and a crew of about fifty. It is assumed that all the passengers were saved."

The Sussex left Folkestone flying the French flag. When the alarm was sent out a number of vessels in the vicinity hurried to her assistance, while others rushed under full steam from Dieppe harbor.

The Sussex is owned by the French State railroad.

The steamer Englishman of the Dominion line has been sunk, according to Lloyd's. It is stated that thus far 68 survivors have been accounted for.

The Englishman sailed from Portland, Me., February 17 for St. Nazaire and Avonmouth.

Another Danish steamship, the Christiansund, has been sunk. Her entire crew of 22 men was saved.

The British steamer Fulmar also has been sunk. Eighteen members of her crew were rescued.

EXPLORER LOSES HIS SHIP

Lieut. Shackleton Marooned in Antarctic Region—Must Wait Year Before He Can Return.

London, March 26.—A few hours after she had learned that her husband had come out safe from his antarctic expedition, Lady Shackleton, wife of Lieut. Sir Ernest Shackleton, the polar explorer, was deeply chagrined to hear that the Aurora, one of his vessels, had gone adrift and that she would not be able to hear from him for another year.

The Aurora broke from its moorings at the Ross sea base, said a dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., leaving ten men of the exploration party ashore and unable to embark for another year.

Earlier in the day a dispatch from Sydney brought the news that Lieutenant Shackleton had returned to his Ross sea base. News of the achievements of the expedition is withheld for the present, although he is believed to have reached a point 800 to 1,000 miles beyond the south pole.

The expedition left England in two sections about six weeks after the European war began.

DENTIST HELD FOR DEATHS

Son-in-Law of Late John F. Peck, Michigan Millionaire, Found Drugged in New York.

New York, March 25.—Detectives sent to arrest Dr. Arthur Warren Waite in connection with the death of John E. Peck, a millionaire druggist of Grand Rapids, Mich., found him in a condition of stupor as a result of an opiate, self-administered. Physicians worked over him to save his life. It was given out that Doctor Waite had taken the opiate to induce sleep.

District Attorney Swann made this announcement: "I shall charge Doctor Waite with murder in the first degree."

REFUSE TO DISARM SHIPS

Entente Allies Reject Lansing's Proposal to Remove Guns From Merchant Vessels.

Washington, March 26.—The entente allies, replying individually to Secretary Lansing's suggestion for the disarmament of all merchant ships, have in effect rejected the proposal.

Pass Deficiency Bill.

Washington, March 27.—The senate passed an urgent deficiency bill, carrying appropriations of approximately \$3,500,000. Nearly a million dollars were provided for ordnance and ordnance stores for the navy.

U. S. Printing Expense Heavy.

Washington, March 27.—Paper used by the government printing office last year cost \$1,238,759, and salaries and wages at the printing office amounted to \$3,365,680, it was announced here on Friday.

HIS OWN WAR MAP



WASHINGTON STAR

FIRE SWEEPS 3 CITIES

NASHVILLE, TENN., AUGUSTA, GA., AND PARIS, TEX., HIT.

Biggest Damage Is Done to Georgia Town, Where Loss Put at \$7,000,000.

Nashville, Tenn., March 24.—More than 2,000 of Nashville's best citizens are homeless and will have to sleep in the houses of their friends, in churches, public buildings and hotels for a while. Fire swept a path from three to five blocks wide and thirty blocks long, about half the territory being the best residence section east of the Cumberland river, on Wednesday. The loss is placed at \$1,000,000.

Governor Rye called out all the militia in the city and asked for citizen volunteers to help fight the conflagration.

A seemingly inconsequential fire starting in North Edgefield caused the conflagration in South Edgefield because the high wind scattered fire brands from the original fire to a dozen points, some of them a mile away. As the fire approached Warner school, which housed over 1,400 pupils, a fire drill was held and all children marched out safely. Shortly afterwards this school was a mass of ruins.

Paris, Tex., March 24.—Provisions, clothing and tents are arriving on every incoming train for the 8,000 homeless persons in Paris, rendered practically destitute by Tuesday night's fire, which did property damage estimated between \$8,000,000 and \$10,000,000 and which cost at least three lives.

Nearly every business house and between 1,500 and 2,000 residences were consumed in the flames.

Tulsa, Okla., March 24.—Damage estimated at \$1,500,000 has been caused in the fire-swept district of the Cushing oil field.

Augusta, Ga., March 25.—Twenty blocks in the residence section of Augusta in charred ruins and the bare walls of six business blocks bear testimony to Augusta's most serious fire disaster of recent years. Upward of 700 houses were destroyed and at least 3,000 persons are homeless. The fire, which raged for more than nine hours, causing a loss estimated at \$7,000,000, was checked after it had crossed Green street.

An area of about one and one-fourth square miles was ravaged by the flames, driven by a heavy gale.

FLASHES OFF THE WIRE

Vienna, March 23.—Russian troops have captured Usciecko, on the Dniester river, north of Czernowitz.

Saloniki, Greece, March 23.—French infantry, supported by artillery, has repulsed an attack of the German allies at Matitovo (Matchikovo) it was officially announced here.

Salem, Oregon, March 25.—Gov. James Withycombe granted a ninety-day leave of absence to C. O. Boggart, serving a term in the penitentiary for assault with intent to kill, in order that he might plant his spring crop and save, if possible, his Malheur home from foreclosure proceedings.

Naval Officer Ends Life.

Seattle, Wash., March 27.—Lieut. Ormond C. Palthorp of Michigan was found by officers of his ship shot to death in his room on board the cruiser Saratoga. Palthorp committed suicide.

Gets Food From Roumania.

Berlin (via Sayville wireless), March 27.—The Overseas News agency says that 400,000 tons of corn, wheat and peas have been bought in Roumania for consumption in Germany and Austria-Hungary.

HAY ARMY BILL WINS

VOTE IN HOUSE IS 402 TO 2, WITH BRITTEN OPPOSING ACT AS "RIDICULOUS."

PROVIDES FORCE OF 140,000

Measure Would Have Militia of 420,000 Men Under Control of Federal Government—Gardner Amendment Adopted by 204 to 198.

Washington, March 25.—The Hay army reorganization bill, the first of the administration preparedness measures, was passed by the house on Thursday by a vote of 402 to 2.

As it was passed by the house the Hay bill provides:

1—A regular army of 140,000 men, an increase of 20,000 over the present authorized strength.

2—A federalized militia of 120,000 men under the control of the federal government.

3—A system of reserves, recruited from retiring members of both the regular army and the militia.

4—A reserve officers' corps of 50,000 recruited from graduates of military schools under federal supervision.

5—Federal pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard.

6—Authority for the president and secretary of war to make plans for the mobilization of the industrial resources of the country in time of war.

The two men who voted against the Hay bill in its final form were Representative Britten of Illinois and Representative Meyer of New York.

Representative Britten declared that the Hay bill did not constitute a sufficient provision for land defense and asserted that he would not vote for a "ridiculous" measure. The Socialist member said he was opposed to any increase in the standing army.

An amendment by Representative Gardner, under which enlisted men might be furloughed to the reserves at the end of two years with the approval of their commanding officials, was adopted, 204 to 198.

The Kahn amendment proposing increase of the army to 220,000 men was rejected, 191 to 213.

AGREE ON TERMS OF PACT

Washington and Mexican Officials in Accord Over the Provision of New Protocol.

Washington, March 24.—A draft of the protocol asked for by General Carranza to govern the operations of the American expedition in Mexico seeking Villa was agreed upon on Wednesday by Acting Secretary Polk and Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate. It was forwarded at once to Carranza for approval and is expected to be in effect within a few days.

Details of the proposed convention will be withheld until it is signed. It is known, however, that it is designed to minimize the possibility of misunderstandings between the two governments by setting forth the rights of each in the extraordinary circumstances existing and prescribing as far as possible the methods of co-operation to be pursued by the Mexican and American troops in pursuit of the outlaws.

Although the de facto government sought the protocol, its terms are entirely in accord with the views of the United States and no difficulty was experienced by Mr. Polk and Mr. Arredondo in preparing it.

TWO ARE HELD AS SLAYERS

Paul V. Hadley and Wife Taken at Checotah, Okla., After Murder of Sheriff on Train.

Muskogee, Okla., March 27.—Paul V. Hadley and his wife, who are alleged to have killed Sheriff Jacob Giles of Beatmont, Tex., on a Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train at Checotah, were captured in the country near there. The version of the officers is that it was the woman who killed the sheriff, using her own revolver, which she had concealed from the officer all the way from Kansas City, waiting until she reached the chosen spot in Oklahoma.

SHERMAN ASKS VOLUNTEERS

Introduces Resolution in Senate Authorizing President to Call Big Force for Service in Mexico.

Washington, March 24.—Senator Sherman of Illinois introduced a resolution in the senate on Wednesday, authorizing the president to call for 50,000 volunteers for Mexican service. He declared the present force wholly inadequate to cope with the situation. The resolution was laid on the table after Democratic senators objected to its immediate consideration.

Wants Militia to Guard Line.

El Paso, Tex., March 27.—So serious is the situation here that Sheriff Peyton James Edwards telegraphed Governor Ferguson declaring that the state militia should be sent to the border.

Captain Ross Dies.

Washington, March 27.—The coast guard announced the death at New Bedford, Mass., of Capt. Worth Gwynn Ross, who from 1905 until his retirement in 1911, was chief of the United States revenue cutter service.

DENIES PEACE RUMOR

WHITE HOUSE ISSUES STATEMENT AS TO GERARD.

State Department Says There is No Foundation for Story—President Resents Reports.

Washington, March 23.—President Wilson was represented at the White House as being resentful of the publication of reports that Ambassador Gerard had reported Germany was about to make a move for peace. The published reports were characterized as based on inferences. This statement was issued:

"President Wilson, through Secretary Tumulty, authorized a denial of stories appearing in papers to the effect that the purpose of Ambassador Gerard's remaining in Berlin was to await Germany's proposals for peace. There is no justification for that inference being drawn."

Tuesday the state department took notice of the publications by denying that Germany had intimated to the United States that the time was ripe for the United States as the largest neutral to renew its friendly offices for peace or that the United States had been informed that Mr. Gerard had been requested to postpone his vacation because of pending peace negotiations.

Unofficial reports received yesterday said the ambassador actually had postponed his vacation, but gave no reason. The state department again took cognizance of the report and the following statement was issued:

"Any statement that the German government had intimated that it desired this government to act as mediator in peace negotiations or had in any way suggested formally or informally that this government should take the matter up with other powers is absolutely without foundation and the state department has no information that Germany is preparing to make a definite move in the direction of peace."

State department officials declared they were resentful of the publication of reports, because, they said, if there were any prospect of mediation it would be damaged if not destroyed.

PASSES ARMOR PLANT BILL

Senate Approves \$11,000,000 Appropriation to Build U. S. Factory.

Washington, March 23.—The Tillman bill to provide for the erection or purchase by the government of an armor plate factory at a cost not to exceed \$11,000,000 was passed on Tuesday by the senate by a vote of 58 to 23.

Previous to passage the senate adopted without a roll call an amendment by Senator Wadsworth providing that any plant to be erected should be located at a place approved by general board of the navy with special reference to considerations of safety in time of war.

Protests Torpedoing.

London, March 25.—The Austro-Hungarian foreign minister has forwarded to the neutral governments copies of an official note protesting against the torpedoing of the hospital ship Elektra in the Adriatic sea, according to Vienna advices reaching Amsterdam.

Nips Conspiracy in Bud.

London, March 25.—Army officers in the province of Sin-Kiang plotted to kill the governor, but the governor, learning of the conspiracy, invited ten of the plotters to dinner and had them beheaded.

Russ Have Lost 2,542,639 Men.

New York, March 25.—The losses of the Russians since the beginning of the war total 2,542,639, according to Boris Schumacher, who arrived from Petrograd on the liner United States.