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THIS LETTER STANDS FOR

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HOSTETTER'S

FOR OVER 60 YEARS WELL KNOWN AS A "FIRST AID" TO

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HEALTH

APPETITE POOR?
DIGESTION BAD?
BOWELS CLOGGED?
YOU SHOULD TRY

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HOSTETTER'S

Stomach Bitters

BLACK LEG

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED

By Cutler's Blacking Pills. Low-priced, fresh, reliable, preferred by Western stockmen, because they protect where other vaccines fail. Write for booklet and testimonials. 10-dose size, Blacking Pills \$1.00. 30-dose size, Blacking Pills 4.00. The only injector, but Cutler's best. The superiority of Cutler's products is due to over 15 years of specializing in vaccines and serums only. Write to Cutler's, 117 North Dearborn, Chicago, Ill. The Cutler Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 60c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Enforced Sobriety.

"I met your friend Lushie the other day. He said he was on the water wagon."

"That must have been on Thursday or Friday, wasn't it?"

"It was on Friday. How did you guess?"

"He's always on the wagon the last two days before pay day."

His Size.

The Judge—You say your wife assaulted you with a dangerous and deadly weapon? What was it?"

Mr. Peewee—It was a fly swatter, your honor.—Judge.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

A stitch in time may close the mouth of a gossip.

Achy Joints Give Warning

A creaky joint often predicts rain. It also foretells inward trouble. It may mean that the kidneys are not filtering the blood and are allowing poisonous uric acid to clog the blood and cause trouble.

Bad backs, rheumatic pains, sore, aching joints, headaches, dizziness, nervous troubles, heart flutterings, and urinary disorders are some of the effects of weak kidneys and if nothing is done there's danger of dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the most widely used, the best recommended kidney remedy in the world.



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

50¢ at all Stores

Foster-Milburn Co. Prop. Buffalo, N.Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.


CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.


Genuine must bear Signature



How to Heal Skin Diseases

A Baltimore doctor suggests this simple, but reliable and inexpensive, home treatment for people suffering with eczema, ring-worm, rashes and similar itching, burning skin troubles.

At any reliable druggist's get a jar of resinol ointment and a cake of resinol soap. These are not at all expensive. With the resinol soap and warm water bathe the affected parts thoroughly, until they are free from crusts and the skin is softened. Dry very gently, spread on a thin layer of the resinol ointment, and cover with a light bandage—if necessary to protect the clothing. This should be done twice a day. Usually the distressing itching and burning stop with the first treatment, and the skin soon becomes clear and healthy again.




POULTRY

PRODUCING EGGS IN WINTER

Keep Before Hens Constant Supply of High Protein Meat Scrap, Grit and Fresh Water.

Keep before the hens that you are using for winter egg production, a constant supply of high protein meat scrap, complete grit, crushed oyster shell, and supply fresh, clean water abundantly and regularly, and see to it that the water does not become frozen in cold weather, as there has been no invention forthcoming from our geniuses in this line of industry which will provide the chicken with an icepick.

Animal food is extremely essential in securing heavy winter egg yield, and as a rule, this can best be supplied in the form of meat scrap, as it is the most economical and convenient form obtainable.

Fowls greatly prefer green-cut bone, and if it is practical, we should respect our feathered friends' tastes as near as possible.

BREED FROM VIGOROUS HENS

Ideal Mating for Breeding Purposes Is Yearling Cocks With Well-Developed Yearling Females.

By J. E. DOUGHERTY, University of California, College of Agriculture.

The production of a large egg containing a strong embryo and plenty of nourishment requires that a hen possess well-matured productive organs. It is necessary that the embryo not only have plenty of space within the



Five-Months-Old Barred Rock Pullet, Owned by Fred Kuntz, Forest Glen, Ill.

shell in which to grow but also be supplied with an abundance of food materials with which to make that growth. A pullet does not ordinarily possess reproductive organs sufficiently well developed to produce such an egg. Therefore a pullet does not produce as good hatching eggs and is not as desirable for breeding purposes as is the yearling hen. The pullet must necessarily utilize some of her energies in further growth and development. After attaining her full size, she still has to fill out and mature, as well as strengthen her laying organs through use.

Among the Mediterranean class of fowls, such as the Leghorn and Minorca, the males seem to develop sexually more rapidly than the females. Well-developed Mediterranean cockerels are therefore very often used as breeders when mated with yearling hens. The ideal mating, however, for breeding purposes, is that of vigorous yearling cocks with well-developed yearling hens.

DAMAGED WHEAT FOR FOWLS

Large Part of Crop Unfit for Milling Can Be Fed to Poultry—Hold on to Late Pullets.

The frequent statement that a large part of the winter wheat crop will prove unfit for milling should be encouraging to poultry-keepers as indicating cheaper feed this winter. The proportion is put at 60,000,000 to 100,000,000 bushels out of 600,000,000 bushels. It is said that it can be fed to hogs. It can also be fed to chickens, if not too musty. Caution should be used on that point. "It's an ill wind that blows nobody good," and poultry-keepers should not be in haste to market late-hatched pullets on the ground that it will cost too much to feed them until spring.

High Egg Production.

Some of the characteristics in fowls of high egg production are: Late molt and rough appearance, pale shanks, black ear lobes, and widespread pelvic bones. The activity of the fowl is a very good indication of high egg production.

Cull the Flock Early.

Begin to cull early, selecting the more promising ones and see that they have an abundance of room, not only in yards, but in roosting quarters as well.

NEWS and GOSSIP of WASHINGTON



President Wilson's Plunge in Cotton Is Ended

WASHINGTON.—President Wilson's adventure in cotton has come to an end. A year ago in the midst of the "buy-a-bale-of-cotton" excitement he sought to encourage the cotton-growers of the South by buying three bales of the staple. One of these bales was bought in Texas, one in Georgia and one in Oklahoma. Contrary to common report, the cotton was never shipped to the national capital, and therefore was not stored in the White House basement. It remained in the warehouses of the South until arrangements were made for its sale.

Some time ago one bale was turned over by the president to a cotton celebration in New York state, which sold it at auction and made a handsome profit. The president did not receive any of the money from this sale. In other words, the bale was a clear gift to the organization that disposed of it. Another bale was disposed of in Oklahoma, through Senators Owen and Gore, with the understanding that the proceeds from it would go to some charity, the charity to be selected by the two senators. It is understood here that they have bestowed the money on a Masonic home in Oklahoma City. Here again the president was a loser to the extent of the money he put in the bale when he purchased it. The third bale was sold by the president at 10 cents a pound, the price he paid for the three bales. He held on to this third bale a good while, but when one day a telegram came from the warehouse people offering to take the cotton off his hands at the price he paid for it, he answered in the affirmative.

How the Bureau of Census Manages to Keep Busy

PERSONS who hold the usual opinion that the census bureau makes enumeration only every ten years and spends the intervening time compiling the data into various reports are far from the truth. As a matter of fact regular investigations of various kinds are in progress practically all of the time, separated by intervals ranging from two weeks to ten years, and in addition special investigations of almost any nature can, under the law, be demanded of Uncle Sam's statisticians at any time by the president, either house of congress or the director of the census himself. Recently an entirely new field of this sort has been opened up and, now that the ice has been broken and precedents created, promises to make much additional work for the bureau.

The new activity is the counting of noses between decennial censuses in rapidly growing communities, at local expense. The first town to feel that the census figures of 1910 have been so far outdistanced as to label the community was Tulsa, Okla. The immediate incentive that made an official "by-census" desirable in this southwestern town was the wish of the local commercial club to have the municipality put out a bond issue for improvements that was larger than the corporation, according to its 1910 population rating, could manage. The count was completed in six days, and the bill for expenses, slightly over \$800, was paid by the Tulsa Commercial club.

Hardly had the first special municipal census been completed when the census bureau was called on to begin work on another such job. This time the request was from the municipal government of Hamtramck, Mich., a town just outside of Detroit, that has been greatly enlarged by the location there of a large automobile manufacturing industry.

Many Varieties of Trees Found in Washington

THE intention of the government to create a national arboretum in the upper part of Rock Creek park recalls the apparently little-known fact that already the trees that grow in Washington constitute a vast arboretum, though the fact that the trees are so scattered detracts from the interest and value of the collection.

It has been said that a feature of the national capital and one which distinguishes it above other cities is its wealth of foliage and multitude of tree forms. It is not only in the extent of its urban woodland that Washington stands first among cities, but also in the number of varieties of trees. Northern and southern, eastern and western, lowland, highland, marsh and mountain forms of trees grow in the streets, parks and gardens.

It is no doubt true that the part of the city where the greatest number of tree families are represented is the park which surrounds the buildings of the department of agriculture. The place where the next greatest number of tree forms may be seen is either the National Botanic garden or the capitol grounds. There was an effort, and rather a successful effort, to gather in the capitol grounds specimens of most of the trees of the United States which could endure the climate of this latitude.

A man who knows something about trees may identify within ten minutes' walk Japanese crabapple trees, wild black cherry, chinaberry trees, choke cherries, sassafras, dogwoods, black haws, sweet gum and blue gum, hawthorn, horse chestnut and many members of the soapberry family. One may look at white and paper mulberry trees, great laurel, Japan lemon, Norway, sugar, rock and silver maple, Siberian pea trees, princess trees of the figwort family from China and Japan, and in the capitol grounds will be found silver bell trees of the storax family.

Seats of the Mighty Sell for Proverbial Song

SEATS of the mighty, so frequently coveted, were in little demand here the other day. Chairs occupied for more than thirty years by prominent judges of the District supreme court, living and dead, when holding conferences in the general-term room on weighty questions of law, sold for the proverbial "song" when offered at auction by Adam A. Weschler under direction of United States Marshal Spain. Large, roomy, high-backed revolving and tilting chairs, once handsomely upholstered in real leather, were "knocked down" at prices ranging from \$2 to 50 cents each.

The occasion was the triennial sale made by the marshal outside the court-house building to get rid of discarded furniture and equipment of the city hall. A motley collection of broken chairs, desks and bookcases unused for some time and several discarded carpets were included in the sale, in addition to the furniture of the old general term consultation room. The equipment of this room remained unchanged from 1882 until last year, when Chief Justice Covington secured new furniture and carpets to replace the old chairs and settees which were much worn and had assumed an unrepresentable appearance.

Some of the articles offered by the auctioneer brought good prices, but the low figures placed by the crowd on the discarded "judgment seats" was the subject of comment.

BROUGHT HOME THE MONEY TOO MUCH FOR HIGHWAYMAN

Youngster's Ideas of Finance Somewhat Primitive, but They Were Also Effective.

A four-year-old son in a Winchester, Ind., family often is a help to his mother when he returns family washings to different houses. Often he is puzzled when asked how much is due for the work.

One day last week the lad returned a washing to a certain Winchester home. Several extras were included in the laundry and, naturally, the owner expected an additional expense.

"How much is it this week?" the owner asked.

The child appeared to be in deep study and did not answer.

"How much is it?" the owner asked for a second time.

"Ah-h-h—three nickels more than 'tis," the child quickly replied.

The owner had formerly paid \$1.25 each week, so \$1.40 was paid this time.—Indianapolis News.

To Protect Her Chest.

Rev. Horace Leonard, continuing his campaign against cosmetics in Washington, said at an al fresco luncheon: "A young husband at the shore noted that in dressing for dinner the other evening his wife had chosen a very décollete gown.

"There's a dampish sea wind blowing," he grumbled. "Don't you think you'd better put something on your chest?"

"I've powdered it twice, dear," she answered. "Still, if you don't mind waiting, I suppose I might add another coat."

Unnatural.

"Hello, Bill! How do you like caddy-ing for the Ladies' Golf club?"

"Oh, it ain't such a bad job, only I can't get used to hearing 'em say 'Goodness gracious!' when they fizzle."

It usually is the man whose distinction is that of being the father of a great many children who deserts them and the woman who bore them.

The parents of a baby are the only successful conversational opponents of the man who wishes to talk about himself.

The king can do no wrong—if the queen goes after him with an ace.



Bouncing Health and Active Brain

come naturally with childhood, but in later years are usually the result of right living—

Proper Food Plays a Big Part

Many foods—especially those made from white flour—are woefully deficient in certain mineral salts which are essential to life, health and happiness.

To supply these vital mineral elements, so often lacking in the usual daily diet, a food expert originated

Grape-Nuts

This food, made of choice wheat and malted barley, supplies all the nutriment of the grains, including the phosphate of potash, etc., required for the daily rebuilding of body and brain.

Grape-Nuts has a delicious, nut-like flavour—is ready to eat direct from the package with cream or good milk, and is complete nourishment.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Sold by Grocers everywhere.