

# SEEKS BIG U. S. FLEET

DANIELS' NAVAL PROGRAM APPROVED BY PRESIDENT WILSON.

## FIVE-YEAR COST \$500,000,000

First Year's Plan Will Call for Two Dreadnaughts, Three Battle Cruisers, 25 Submarines and 16 Destroyers—To Build Own Ships.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Secretary Daniels' naval program, which has been approved by President Wilson, provides an expenditure of \$500,000,000 during a five-year period.

The exact amount to be expended each year has not been decided, but the first year's program probably will call for two dreadnaughts and three battle cruisers in addition to about twenty-five submarines, sixteen destroyers and probably five scout cruisers.

The five-year program calls for sixteen capital ships—ten dreadnaughts and six battle cruisers.

The total amount to be appropriated for construction the first year will be in the neighborhood of \$100,000,000, but since about \$28,000,000 of this sum is for three battleships authorized last year the total increase in the naval appropriation bill is likely to be approximately \$72,000,000.

Secretary Daniels said he wanted to increase the capacity of the various government navy yards and do much of the new warship construction in those yards.

Secretary Garrison's plan for strengthening the military establishment and organizing a great continental army for defense proposes the following:

1. Regular army of 140,000 men, an increase of 50,000 men in the present establishment.
  2. A continental army, 400,000 strong, enlisted for six years for service within the continental United States. These men would serve two months a year for the first three years with the colors, undergoing a period of intensive training. The remaining three years would be on furlough, subject to call in time of need.
- It is estimated that 40,000 of the 540,000 men thus provided for would be noncombatants of the medical corps or other auxiliary forces not included in the fighting line.
- Behind this army would be the National Guard, now some 125,000 strong, but whose numbers might be substantially augmented by the organization of the continental army.

## RED SOX WIN WORLD TITLE

Hooper Hits Home Run in the Ninth and Breaks the Tie—Score 5 to 4.

Philadelphia, Oct. 15.—Bill Carrigan's Red Sox brought the world's championship series to an abrupt close on Wednesday by defeating the Philadelphia Nationals, 5 to 4, in the fifth game of the series. The game will go down in history as one of the greatest ever played in a titular series. The Phillies battled to the last time. Hitting was free. Home runs to the number of four were accumulated, and two of these by Harry Hooper settled the game. Harry's final four-ply drive came in the ninth on the heels of a similar hit by Duffy Lewis and knocked the breath out of the fans.

- The score:  
 Red Sox ..... 0 1 0 0 0 2 1—5  
 Phillies ..... 2 0 2 0 0 0 0—4  
 Batteries—Foster and Cady; Mayer, Rixey and Burns.  
 Score of the third game:  
 Phillies ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1  
 Red Sox ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2  
 Batteries—Alexander and Burns; Leonard and Carrigan.  
 Score of the fourth game:  
 Phillies ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1  
 Red Sox ..... 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—2  
 Batteries—Chalmers and Burns; Shore and Cady.

## DIVER SINKS THREE WARSHIPS

British Submarine Destroys German Destroyer and Two Torpedo Boats in Baltic.

London, Oct. 18.—A lone British submarine has won a naval victory over German warships in the Baltic, sinking a destroyer and two torpedo boats and putting another destroyer and a cruiser to flight, say dispatches from Sweden to newspapers of Copenhagen. The submarine E-19, operating near Faxø, sank a German torpedo boat Wednesday. A German flotilla returned Thursday, but fled after the submarine sank another torpedo boat. While operating in the sound the submarine was attacked by a German cruiser and two destroyers. The submarine lodged a torpedo in one destroyer, which sank with a terrific explosion, the crew being lost.

Three Negroes to Hang. Hamilton, Ga., Oct. 18.—John Wright, Sam Couch and West Story, negroes, were convicted of separate murders and sentenced to hang November 16. Their victims were also negroes.

U. S. Seek German Officers. Washington, Oct. 18.—No leaves of absence shall be given officers or crew of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, the German auxiliary cruiser interned at Norfolk, until the six missing officers return.

# HIS FAVORITE CHILD



## NEW FRYE CASE NOTE

U. S. TELLS GERMANY PASSENGERS MUST BE SAVED.

Declares Small Boats Not Places of Safety When Ships Are Torpedoed by Submarines.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The United States, in a note dispatched to Germany, to be presented by Ambassador Gerard on the case of the American ship William P. Frye, asks that if it is found necessary to destroy American ships carrying absolute contraband, passengers be removed to a safer place than small boats.

The American government accepts the German suggestion in reply to the American proposal concerning a commission to fix damages for the Frye, agreeing to dispense with the umpire and leave the case to two experts, one from each country.

In agreeing to submit to arbitration the interpretation of the treaty of 1828 to decide whether it gives Germany the right to destroy American ships to stop contraband traffic, the American government holds that not only must warning be given and passengers and crew saved, but that small boats are not considered a "place of safety."

The United States has not insisted upon this heretofore with reference to Americans traveling on ships under a belligerent flag. Officials here, however, feel that the treaty was a special arrangement between Germany and the United States expressly drawn for the purpose of protecting the vessels and lives of subjects of either party in war time. As one of the articles of the treaty specifically provides for the delivery of contraband out of the cargo of an American ship and then states that the vessel can proceed to its destination, the American government draws the inference that it never was intended that American vessels should be destroyed.

## TO HOLD BIG CONFERENCE

Third National Meeting of Marketing and Farm Credits to Be Held in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—The third national conference on marketing and farm credits is to be held in Chicago, November 29th to December 2, inclusive. The call for this meeting is issued by the general committee of the National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits, and by the National Council of Farmers' Co-operative associations. At this meeting, representatives of agricultural, educational and banking interests of every section of the United States will be brought together to frame legislation necessary to secure an easy flow of money to agricultural operations, to secure the standardization of farm products and to encourage the organization of agriculture.

## BANKER HOME; WILL PAY

J. B. Fuller, Who Left Winslow, Ill., Returns From Chicago in Auto.

Freeport, Ill., Oct. 18.—J. Bradley Fuller of Winslow, Ill., the banker who disappeared September 13 and whose boat subsequently was thrown into a receivership, reappeared in Winslow on Friday. He told friends he intended to reimburse the bank's patrons for every dollar lost.

Torpedo Sinks French Ship. Paris, Oct. 16.—The Messageries Maritimes liner Yunnan has been torpedoed, presumably in the Mediterranean sea. The vessel did not sink and her crew of ninety men took to the boats and were landed safely.

Three Perish in Flames. Cloverdale, Cal., Oct. 16.—Three persons are known to be dead and nine business houses have been destroyed in a fire here. All the dead were trapped in the Cloverdale hotel and incinerated.

# 55 KILLED BY BOMBS GUARD AVIATOR LOSSES POST

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEEN INJURED BY ZEPPELIN RAID ON LONDON.

## 40 OF DEAD ARE CIVILIANS

Resolution Calls on the British Government to Announce Policy of Reprisal Through Attacks on German Towns at Night.

London, Oct. 16.—Fifty-five persons were killed and 114 injured in the Zeppelin raid over London on Wednesday night. Fourteen of the 55 persons killed and 13 of the 114 wounded were military casualties, according to an announcement made on Thursday by the official press bureau.

The text of the announcement follows:

"The press bureau of the war office announces that a fleet of hostile airships visited the eastern counties and a portion of the London area and dropped bombs. Antiaircraft guns of the Royal Field Artillery, attached to the central force, were in action, and an airship was seen to heel over on its side and drop to a lower altitude.

"Five aeroplanes of the Royal Flying Corps went up, but owing to atmospheric conditions only one aeroplane succeeded in locating an airship. This aeroplane, however, was unable to overhaul the airship before it was lost in the fog.

"Some houses were damaged and several fires were started, but no serious damage was caused to military material. All fires were soon got under control by the fire brigade.

"The following military casualties, in addition to the one announced last night, have been reported: Fourteen killed and 13 wounded.

"The home office announces the following casualties other than the military casualties reported above:

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total
Killed	27	9	5	41
Injured	64	39	7	110
Total	91	39	12	142

"Of these casualties 32 killed and 95 injured were in the London area, and these figures include those announced Wednesday night."

Resolutions were before a mass meeting presided over by Lord Willoughby de Broke, at the Cannon Street hotel, calling on the government to announce formally a policy of reprisal through British or French aeroplane raids on German towns—"raid for raid," as the resolution expressed it.

## WILSON SEEKS LARGER ARMY

Support Asked of Congress for Proposal of Regular Force of 120,000 With 500,000 Reserve.

Washington, Oct. 16.—President Wilson began on Thursday to pave the way for favorable congressional action upon his program for the increase of the army and navy.

He impressed upon Congressman Hay of Virginia, chairman of the military committee of the house, the necessity of approving the regular army to 120,000 men and providing a reserve which will assure the United States a first defense of 500,000.

Postmaster General Burleson saw Congressman Pau of North Carolina, senior member of the house rules committee, and discussed with him the advisability of a general conference of Democratic leaders before the session of congress opens to consider and agree upon the whole subject of preparedness.

The following subjects will be considered:

1. The strength to be given the army.
2. The additions to be made to the navy.
3. The changes, if any, to be made in the tariff and war emergency taxes.
4. The scope of the proposed inheritance tax.

The cost of the proposed enlargement of the army and navy will add \$75,000,000 to the army appropriations, making the total for the next fiscal year in the neighborhood of \$182,000,000. The navy will ask an increase of about \$75,000,000.

## BERLIN TELLS OF AIR RAID

Official Statement Says Bombs Were Dropped on English Capital and Other Places.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—An official report given out on Thursday by the admiralty regarding the Zeppelin raid on London says that, in addition to dropping bombs on the English capital, the waterworks at Hampton and the town of Woolwich, where there is a great arsenal, were heavily bombed. Great fires are reported to have followed the explosion of the bombs.

## ANTHRAX VICTIM DIES

New York, Oct. 15.—George F. Stackpole, the aged lawyer who has been suffering from anthrax at Bellevue hospital, died of heart disease early Friday, after waging a long fight against death.

## TAKE SUSPECT IN MURDER CASE

Aurora, Ill., Oct. 15.—A new suspect in the Emma Peterson and Jennie Miller murder mystery was taken in the arrest of Edward Adderman, twenty-eight years old, who says his home is in Ashton, Wis.

# ALLIES IN BULGARIA

FERDINAND'S LAND INVADED NEAR GREEK BOUNDARY.

## BRITAIN NEEDS ANOTHER ARMY

Recruiting Director Declares England Should Have 3,000,000 Men Ready For War By Spring.

London.—The allied forces from Saloniki have begun operations against the Bulgarians with unexpected zeal and already the Serbo-Anglo-French forces have penetrated into Bulgarian territory, just north of the Greek boundary, and are attacking the Bulgarian stronghold of Strumnitza, according to advices received from Saloniki by Reuters's Telegram company by way of Athens.

The council of ministers, presided over by President Poincaré of France, announced at Paris that a state of war existed between France and Bulgaria dating from October 16.

The Bulgarian government has officially announced that mines have been laid along the coast of the Black and Aegean Seas. Lights have been extinguished and the port of Dedegatch has been closed except to neutral merchantmen.

Neither Russian nor Italian assistance has yet developed in the aid of Serbia by the allied powers.

The Serbians are being helped by the weather, which is wintry, with rains impeding the movements of the troops and guns. The Austro-Germans, however, claim to have taken the heights south of Belgrade, while along the Danube, the army of General von Gallwitz is pushing the Serbians back.

## NEEDS 3,000,000 MEN BY SPRING

London.—"Great Britain needs 3,000,000 more men by spring." This declaration was made by Brigadier General Sir Eric Swayne, director of recruiting in the northern command, in a speech at Hull. General Swayne estimated that Germany has between 9,000,000 and 10,000,000 men from the ages of 18 to 45, and that therefore it was useless to talk about wearing out Germany. "In the spring," said he, "Germany would lose more men than the allies, which would balance the numbers of the allies and the central powers, but if Great Britain should raise 3,000,000 additional, Germany probably would recognize that it would be fruitless to continue."

## BODIES WASHED AWAY

Randolph, Kas.—The exact number of dead in the wreck of the Union Pacific motor train at the Fancy creek bridge near here may never be known. When the car, which plunged head first into the creek, was raised the front end dropped out, carrying into the flooded stream those bodies which the rescuers were unable to reach. All efforts to find the bodies in the racing stream have failed. The number is not known, but officials estimate that four, and possibly six, persons were drowned in addition to the eleven whose bodies were recovered. In the drive into the mud and rock at the bottom of the stream, where the car carrying sixty-four passengers plunged when the bridge abutment gave way, the front of the coach was demolished. Of the thirty passengers in that end of the car, the swift flood waters lodged much sand and mud about them.

## STATE OF WAR IN MOSCOW

Petrograd.—An imperial ukase has been issued proclaiming a "state of war in Moscow and Moscow district." Riots of severe proportions have been reported in Moscow in the past several months. Mail reports from Russia last month told of riots during June in which several persons were injured and damage estimated at nearly \$20,000,000 was done to property.

## ARMY PLAN UP TO "BOSSSES"

Washington.—Employers throughout the United States, corporations, manufacturers, professional men, tradesmen and businessmen of all classes, are to be asked to contribute as their share in the national defense, permission for their employees to engage without serious financial losses, in two months' military training during each of three years. This is an essential part of the administration's plan for raising a citizen army of 800,000 men in six years which, with a regular army of 140,000 men, and 200,000 reserves, would give a trained force, exclusive of state militia, of about 1,200,000 in the event of war.

## CONVICTS STUDY TO BE TEACHERS

Berkeley, Cal.—Fourteen inmates of the Folsom prison, it was announced, have enrolled in a new correspondence course for instruction as teachers. At the prison 520 prisoners are taking the university's correspondence course.

## TRANSFERS GOVERNMENT SEAT

Milan, Via Paris.—The seat of the Serbian government has been transferred to Mitrovitza, near the Montenegrin frontier, according to a dispatch to the Secolo from Bucharest.