

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

WAR NEWS.

The German government has lodged a protest in Athens against the landing of troops on Greek territory by entente powers.

No Bulgarians will be allowed to leave Canada during the remainder of the war, according to an announcement made in Ottawa.

According to a dispatch from Sofia, King Ferdinand, as commander-in-chief of all the Bulgarian forces, has entrusted command of the field forces to General Jacoff, minister of war.

Berlin newspapers, in discussing the new Greek cabinet, point out that the new premier, Zaimis, has imbibed German culture, having taken a doctor's degree at Heidelberg university.

"The Teutonic invasion of Serbia is proceeding favorably, progress in the crossing of the Drina, Save and Danube rivers by the German and Austrian armies under Field Marshal von Mackensen being reported by German army headquarters.

Six German aviators have arrived in Sofia, Bulgaria, according to Athens dispatches. The dispatch adds that large numbers of German skilled laborers are leaving Constantinople for Bulgaria.

The London office of the Associated Press sent a report to New York that thousands of words of dispatches from its correspondents in Sofia and from the German lines on the western battle front are being withheld by the British censor.

Bulgaria has declined to accede to Russia's ultimatum that it is done with the Teutonic powers, and the breaking off of diplomatic relations between the two countries, and probably with all the entente powers and Serbia, has resulted.

Amsterdam dispatches say that Austria is about to send an ultimatum to Rumania, giving a short time for an answer permitting the passage of war munitions to Turkey. Berlin officials believe that Rumania will grant the demand, the dispatch says.

An appeal for recruits for the British army was issued by ten authorized representatives of the three national committees of trade unions, the parliamentary committee of the general federation of trades unions committee and the executive committee of the labor party.

Prussian losses since the beginning of the war total 1,916,148, according to the Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant of Rotterdam, which has excellent connections at Berlin. The total losses of the Bavarians, Saxons and other German troops were not computed.

GENERAL.

W. M. Jardine of Manhattan, Kans., as elected president of the International Dry Farming congress, at its session in Denver, Colo.

Official reports at Juarez state that General Rosalio Hernandez, who was reported to have revolted from Villa, was shot by his own men when they learned of his intended defection.

The Colorado supreme court admitted John R. Lawson to bail in the sum of \$35,000. Lawson was convicted of first degree murder in connection with the strike disorders near Ludlow, Colo., in October, 1913.

Berlin has received a report from Bombay, India, that a great fire occurred on September 6 in cotton warehouses, causing a loss of \$10,000,000. This was the third fire of the kind during the present season.

The Missouri State Prison board has declared in favor of more liberal arrangements whereby counties may get the services of convicts for road work under more favorable terms. The contract system has been abolished and since no other work has been provided officials welcome the opportunity to put their men at work on the roads.

An amendment to the federal constitution so as to give to congress the power to regulate insurance companies and projects was proposed to the World's Insurance congress at San Francisco by Lawrence F. Sherman, United States senator from Illinois.

The National American Woman Suffrage association has issued a call at New York to the suffragists of the country to attend the forty-seventh annual convention to be held in Washington December 14-19.

William J. Bryan at Atlanta, Ga., announced that he intends to participate in politics actively during the rest of his life, but will not hold office.

Church Howe, forty years a prominent republican politician of Nebraska, died at his home in Auburn, Neb. He had served as American consul to Sheffield and Liverpool, England.

Mrs. Andre Foreman, of Lafayette, La., is the mother of twin baby girls, who are united by a formation similar to that which joined the famous "Siamese twins."

Mayor Thompson of Chicago recommended to the city council that the city build a subway system which would be used jointly by the elevated and surface lines under terms of rental from the city.

Probably the youngest ordained minister on record is Rev. Henry S. Atwood, son of Rev. C. C. Atwood, who is conducting a revival in Faragut, Ia. He is but 16 years of age, and is said to have been engaged in ministerial work for the last two years.

The progressive Massachusetts state convention at Boston decided to maintain the party organization for the presidential campaign of 1916, ratified the nomination of Nelson B. Clark of Beverly for governor and adopted a platform which contained a plank favoring national prohibition.

A campaign for a definite rural credit legislation program, with particular reference to the needs of the western states, was begun at Denver when committees representing the International Irrigation congress, the Investment Bankers' association of America and the International Farm congress met in joint conference.

SPORTING.

In the closest big league race ever staged, Chicago nosed out Pittsburgh in the second game of a double-header, after having dropped the first, and won the pennant in the Federal league.

Gunboat Smith outfought Al Reich, former amateur heavyweight champion, in a ten-round bout in New York. Smith took the honors in every round, jabbing and hooking his opponent almost at will.

Jess Willard announced at Oklahoma City, Okla., that his first fight to defend the title of world's champion heavyweight pugilist probably would take place in New Orleans during the Mardi Gras, in March.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt of Norway, woman's national lawn tennis champion, added another cup to her collection, when she defeated Miss Edith Roth of Boston in the challenge match for the Longwood cup, 6-2, 6-2.

WASHINGTON.

All the passengers were killed in a train wreck on the Mexican railway between Vera Cruz and Mexico City, according to a message to the State department.

All commercial and amateur wireless stations in the United States will soon be organized by the navy department for immediate use in case of emergency by the intelligence bureau of the navy.

Secretary Lane announced that the government has decided to build a school house at Anchorage, the new town in Alaska created by the government and the present terminus of the New Alaskan railroad.

Attorney General Gregory issued a formal statement saying that any attempt to bring about a combination of independent steel companies "would be subjected to the closest scrutiny by the Department of Justice."

Secretary Garrison's estimates on army needs in connection with the national defense program being framed for presentation to congress by direction of President Wilson are believed to have been completed and approved by the president.

President Wilson practically has decided not to call a special session of the senate before a meeting of congress in regular session. Although he is desirous of having the senate's rules amended so as to give the majority power to limit debate.

Enormous increases in the cotton export trade during August are shown in the monthly statement of food-stuffs, cotton and oil exports made public by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. Cotton exports for the month were 162,059 bales, valued at \$7,625,631, as compared with exports of 21,210 bales, valued at \$1,306,117 in August, 1914.

President Wilson has received a medal from the American School Peace league in recognition of his "pre-eminent services in the cause of peace."

President Wilson has announced his engagement of Mrs. Norman R. Galt of Washington. The wedding to take place some time in December. Mrs. Galt is 38 years of age, and is well known in Washington society circles. She is the widow of a Washington jeweler who died eight years ago.

RAISE IS PREDICTED

INCREASE IN PASSENGER FARES LOOKED FOR IN WEST.

STATE RATE EXPERTS RETURN

Reed and Clark of Railway Commission Home After Presenting Case to Commerce Commission.

Lincoln—Attorney General Willis Reed and Henry T. Clarke, Jr., of the Nebraska Railway commission, who presented oral arguments before the Interstate Commerce commission at Washington, against the prayer of the Western Passenger association that it be permitted to increase its rates from 2 to 2½ cents per mile in western trunk line territory, have returned from the east.

Attorney General Reed, on behalf of the protestants, in his argument before the commission drew a line of distinction between the so-called Williams-ette valley case, the North Dakota Coal case and the Virginia 2-cent a mile case and the case at bar. He reiterated the argument made in the western advanced rate hearing that improved industrial and economic conditions made more certain than ever that the railroads were getting all that they should get and that any increase allowed them would be unwarranted by the facts. In view of the permission given to eastern rail lines to increase their passenger charge from 2 to 2½ cents per mile, it is predicted in Washington that the commission will see the western situation in about the same light, notwithstanding all the array of state railway commissioners and others interested in the state's contention that passenger rates should not be raised in the territory petitioning the advance.

Record Wheat Crop.
Nebraska's 1915 wheat crop is the largest in the history of the state by 2,577,260 bushels, according to figures compiled by Secretary W. R. Mellor of the state board of agriculture, and made public recently.

Last year all records were broken by 3,200,000 bushels and the Nebraska farmers smashed this high wheat mark by nearly the same figure as an eye-opener for 1915.

Hamilton county was first in both acreage and gross production, with 152,356 acres, and 3,169,095 bushels. Grant county was last with but seven acres and 161 bushels. The greatest average of bushels per acre is 27.8 for Keith. Holt was lowest with 14.

Protest by Gammel.

Peter Gammel, former engineer for the Nebraska Corn Meal company at Seward, has protested to Labor Commissioner Coffey that the Millers' Mutual Insurance company of Chicago has stopped payment due him under the workman's compensation law. Since the insurance company has never been admitted to do business in Nebraska, the injured man is barred from suing the concern in this state, but the labor commissioner has informed him that he can sue the management for which he was working.

Bond Issues Total Two Million.

Two hundred and fifty-six issues of fifteen different kinds of public bonds have been approved by State Auditor Smith and Bond Clerk Ellsworth since January 1. The total amount of the bonds reaches \$2,462,452. In the lot are the \$150,000 Omaha Auditorium bonds and \$7,000 tap railroad bonds from Holt county. School bonds number ninety-four, with a total of \$539,825, while various kinds of street improvement bonds number 105, with a total issuance of \$775,977. The smallest bond issue registered is \$200.

New Bulletin on Hog Cholera.

"Use of Hog Cholera Serum" is the title of Extension Bulletin 33 of the College of Agriculture, which is just being distributed. It contains information concerning the transmission of hog cholera, the use of serum, how to order serum, and the proper dosage of serum and virus. This bulletin may be had free of cost by residents of Nebraska upon application to the Bulletin Clerk, College of Agriculture, Lincoln.

Democrats Ready for Campaign.

Members of the First district democratic congressional committee met in Lincoln recently and selected G. A. Cotton of Table Rock as chairman and Earl G. Gaddis of Lincoln as secretary. Both men are members of the committee proper. Frank Snyder of Auburn, also a member, was elevated to the vice chairmanship. This is the first congressional committee in the United States to organize for next year's battles.

Treasurer James P. Kelley of Johnson county has paid the state treasurer \$2,500, the second installment of an old income fund tax, of which \$8,000 is still owing.

Bosny Supplies Sixth of Our Food.

This year, between six and seven hundred thousand dairy cows are being milked in Nebraska. They are producing about 300,000,000 gallons of milk annually, containing more than 90,000,000 pounds of butter fat—enough to supply one-sixth of all the food eaten by Nebraska's one and one-fourth millions people, provide skim milk for the calves and pigs of the state, and furnish a large surplus through Nebraska creameries.—Dairy Department, University of Nebraska.

CONDENSED NEWS

OF INTEREST TO ALL.

C. D. Richey is erecting a \$25,000 garage at Hastings.

The farm house of Jack Hansen near Ord was destroyed by fire.

There were 137 cases of diphtheria in Omaha in September.

Halgier and Stapleton are now international money order offices.

An orchestra to furnish music for the winter is being organized at Alliance.

John B. Dinsmore, one of Nebraska's most noted citizens, died in Sutton.

The new \$10,000 Presbyterian church at Atkinson was dedicated recently.

Farmers in different parts of Hamilton county, express the opinion that the corn crop is safe.

W. E. Mogar of Giles sent a potato to Governor Morehead weighing two pounds four ounces.

The annual convention of the Johnson County Sunday School association will be held at Cook, October 16-17.

John L. Sherman, formerly in the grocery business in Tecumseh, has bought a bank at McMinville, Ore.

The fourth annual Logan county fair, which was held at Stapleton, was attended by over 2,500 people.

Joseph Knorr, 55, farmer, was instantly killed when his motor car fell from an embankment near Cordova.

Synod of the Sixth Province of the Episcopal church will hold its annual session in Omaha October 28 to 31.

A fall on an icy street is the cause for a \$3,000 damage suit brought against North Platte by Thomas Carr.

Herbert L. Cushing, formerly manager of the Ord Journal, has been appointed superintendent of schools of Valley county.

Congressman Moses P. Kinkaid of O'Neill, is being boosted by friends for the republican nomination for United States senator.

Wilson King, 60, laborer, fell forty feet from the roof of the Masonic building in Tecumseh and was instantly killed.

Work is expected to begin soon on the new feeble-minded school building at Beatrice. The building will cost about \$35,000.

Albert Rapp, machinist, 30 years of age, died in a Grand Island hospital of ptomaine poisoning, resulting from eating canned fish.

From 150 to 200 Greeks of Lincoln and Havelock were ordered to Omaha to join with Nebraska Greeks recalled to the colors.

C. O. Swindell of Lincoln, feather-weight wrestler, defeated Don Wilson, Hildreth, at the opera house in Minden, in straight falls.

Frank Bohuslov, a 50-year-old Bohemian farmer living near Denton, in Lancaster county, was shot and killed by an unknown person or persons.

Nicholas Stringer, son of Valentine Stringer of Millford, was killed when a muzzle-loader with which he had been hunting, accidentally discharged.

Hastings High school agriculturists have just received \$115 cash for seventeen tons of sweet corn fodder and corn produce harvested from eight acres.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Langdale on the W. B. Bowman farm, near Beatrice, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin. The loss was \$1,300.

The German-American Alliance of Nebraska, in its recent session at Omaha, endorsed State Senator John Majtes of Nebraska City for governor of Nebraska.

Pinned under his automobile in six inches of water, G. D. Chamberlain, a Union Pacific engineer, was saved from drowning by three companions, near North Platte.

John Sanford, life term murderer from Thurston county, escaped from the state penitentiary at Lincoln, leaving a lifelike dummy in his cell to "answer the count."

Nebraska has this year contributed over \$1,100 to the suffrage campaign states, according to Mrs. Draper Smith, president of the Nebraska suffragists.

The Masonic Relief association of the United States and Canada, at its session at Indianapolis, telegraphed its acceptance of Omaha's invitation for the next meeting, two years hence.

Memorial services in honor of the late Dean Charles E. Bessey were held at the University of Nebraska, Lincoln, recently—the first public recognition of the death of Nebraska's distinguished educator.

A petition signed by all the high school teachers, including Superintendent Everhardt, asking that they be allowed to attend the state teachers' institute at Omaha next month was rejected by the Hastings school board.

Remorse of conscience and the dread of being a fugitive from justice carried Bernell Smith, federal prisoner, back to Sheriff Cole's office at Hastings, determined to serve the remainder of his term for breaking into the armory at Auburn.

The state auditor has registered \$28,000 of Grand Island paving bonds, purchased by a dealer in Grand Island.

The State Railway commission has set October 20 as the date for the hearing on the revision of freight classification No. 1. There are twenty-four proposed changes.

County Treasurer John Ward, who, after filling his office in Tecumseh, went to Cody, Wyo., and took a homestead, has just received \$10,000 in settlement with the government for destruction of his homestead when the reservoir dam went out.

MILK IS EXCELLENT FOOD FOR CHICKENS



"Buttercup" at the Poultry Show.

Milk is one of the greatest foods for humans and animals that nature has provided and makes an important part of their diet. It is also found to be a great food for poultry, both young growing chicks and laying hens. The greatest question now arises as to when and how and what amount should be given.

On most every farm we now find the cream separator, declares a writer, and after separating the milk we have the skim milk which the farmer has been using to what he thinks is the most advantage, usually feeding it to hogs. If he will try some of this in feeding his poultry I think I am safe in saying that it will yield him still better returns. Sour milk is better than to feed while it is still sweet, but it is very little trouble in this way, for if in a warm place it soon undergoes this change.

In souring milk becomes more or less solid in form so that the birds are able to get hold of it better. Especially is it best for small chicks, for their little digestive organs are not capable of using sweet milk, whereas the sour milk is digested quickly. When first the milk is given, they may not drink very much, but in a few days they will learn to like it and will consume quite a great deal. Always see that the milk is sour, as feeding it to them sweet one day and sour the next will result in an upset of the

SOIL ADAPTED FOR POULTRY

Light Loam, Through Which Water Leaches Freely, is Best—Give Fowls Plenty of Range.

Poultry can be raised successfully on any well-drained soil. A light loam, which will grow good grass, is well adapted for this purpose; while a very light, sandy soil, through which the water leaches freely, will stand more intensive poultry conditions, but most of the green feed for the fowls kept on such a soil will have to be purchased. A heavy clay or adobe soil is not as well adapted to poultry raising, as such land does not drain readily and it is much more difficult to keep the stock healthy.

Long stationary houses, or the intensive system, saves steps, but it is easier to keep the birds healthy and to reproduce the stock under the colony system where the birds are allowed free range. Brooding stock, especially growing chickens, should have an abundance of range, while hens used solely for the production of market eggs may be kept on a very small area with good results.

The colony house system necessitates placing the houses, holding about 100 hens, from 200 to 250 feet apart, so that the stock will not kill the grass.

The colony system may be adapted to severe winter conditions by drawing the colony houses together in a convenient place at the beginning of winter, thus reducing the labor during these months.

BEST POULTRY FOR MARKET

Enormous Amount of Inferior Product Largely Affects Prices—Ship Only Best Quality.

Nothing but the best quality of poultry should be shipped to market. Only those who ever visited the large markets know of the enormous amount of inferior poultry that is sold, and which largely affects the prices; yet there is always a demand for that which is good, and at a price above the regular quotations.

Assorting the carcasses before shipping also leads to better prices. Old roosters, which seldom sell at more than half price, should not be in the same boxes or barrels with better stock, and to ship poultry alive, and to have roosters in the coops with fat hens, is simply to lower the price of the hens, as the buyer will estimate the value by the presence of the inferior stock.

Selling Eggs for Hatching.

If you are selling eggs for hatching, a visit to the best breeding farm you can easily reach, will pay you well. Observe closely the methods followed there, and then improve on them all you can.

The results obtained from feeding sour milk to the chicks in this manner for the first ten or twelve weeks of their lives is marvelous to a person who has never tried it. It gives them a good start on the road to growth and development, and if they do not get started right they become stunted and remain undeveloped birds through life. Another important part sour milk plays is that the flock will develop more evenly, adding increased health and vigor. Do not use it in place of grains or mash feed, as these also fill their place.

The laying hens need practically the same kinds of foods as the growing stock and sour milk being high in protein, aids greatly in building up eggs in their bodies. It tends to keep all the organs in their system in working order. The meat scrap should be reduced in the mash when sour milk is being fed. It should never be fed when it has reached the point where it has a bad smell or is molded, and keeping the milk cans and feeding pans clean will mean a great deal along this line.

HINTS FOR THE POULTRYMAN

Chickens Must Be Given Good Attention for Best Results—Keep Hens in Vigorous Health.

If you want to get the best results from your chickens you must give them attention.

You must keep your hens in good health, providing coops that are clean and well ventilated, and allowing the chickens the run of orchard or pasture through the day.

You must feed your hens well for growth and development. They should go to roost with crops well filled with wholesome grains, after returning from the range, and plenty of skim milk and water should be available through the day.

You must see that your hens have shade in which to rest. If trees and shrubs are not plentiful, burlap or gunny-sack shades should be put up.

You must keep your broody hens in airy coops and feed and water them well. They will recover from their broodiness in five or ten days.

You must gather your eggs daily and market them at least twice a week.

DIFFERENT COLOR OF CHICKS

Downy Covering of Many of Purebreds is Opposite to Hue When Fully Covered With Feathers.

Those who buy eggs of certain breeds of black fowls, having no experience with the breed, often write back in wrath to the firm from which eggs were purchased, declaring they were cheated, as the chicks hatched from the eggs were nearly all white, or more white than black in the color.

The downy covering of many of the purebred breeds is different in color from what the full-feathered covering will be. For instance, the whiter the down of the chicks of some black breeds the blacker that chick when grown; the grayer the down of a newly hatched White Rock the whiter it will be when grown.

It is the same with some breeds of white geese; they come out of the shell as gray as mice, but that color all departs.

FOUR SOUND POULTRY FACTS

Infertile Eggs Keep Best During Heat of Summer—Best Plan to Segregate the Roosters.

Fertile eggs spoil quickly in summer weather.

2. Infertile eggs keep best and market best in summer heat.

3. Fertile eggs are produced if the roosters are allowed to run with the hens.

4. Infertile eggs are produced if the roosters are kept from the hens.—Ohio Agricultural College.