

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

LATE EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Readers.

WAR NEWS.

Italy has stopped railway freight traffic with Germany by way of Switzerland, according to a news agency dispatch.

It is said that the Russian in the six month siege of the Przemyśl fortress lost in killed and wounded over 150,000 men.

A semi-official communication from Germany asserts that there are now in that country as prisoners 801,000 enlisted men and over 9,000 officers.

Swiss mothers have been seen to half strip their own children in the railway station at Schaffhouse in order to give needed articles of clothing to French boys and old men and women arriving there.

Two hundred thousand Russian troops and many batteries of new artillery were released for the Cracow and Hungarian campaigns by the surrender of Przemyśl, when 119,602 Austrians laid down their arms.

British air raiders, according to an official statement from London, succeeded in damaging two submarines under construction by the Germans at Hoboken, near Antwerp, and to have done damage also to the plant, which formerly was the property of a British company.

A dispatch from Cracow says that in Galicia alone 800,000 horses, 500,000 cattle and all provisions have been taken by the Russians, who destroyed 250 villages and damaged 6,000 others. In Poland, the Cracow correspondent estimated the Russians destroyed 200 cities and 9,000 villages.

GENERAL.

A United States warship will carry money to Yucatan to finance the movement of the Mexican hemp crop.

Tse-Ne-Gat, leader of Plute uprising, turned over to United States marshal in Utah, will be tried at Denver for Murder of a Mexican sheep herder.

Fifty-six dead and twenty-two injured was the latest official estimate made of casualties in the avalanche disaster at the miners' camp at the Britannia mines, limited, on Howe sound, twenty-five miles north of Vancouver, B. C.

C. B. Oldfield, railway mail clerk, charged with having stolen \$25,000, of which \$2,000 in \$20 bills were scattered when the roof was blown off a Leavenworth building. Oldfield's purchase of a \$6,000 home resulted in his arrest at Kansas City.

A plan to raise a \$1,000,000 fund in 1917 in celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the beginning of the reformation by Martin Luther was formulated at York, Pa., at a conference of clergymen and laymen of the Lutheran church.

Alexander Robertson was appointed vice president of the Missouri Pacific Iron Mountain system, in charge of operations. He succeeds E. J. Pearson, who has resigned to accept a similar position with the Texas & Pacific. He started his railway career as a brakeman in 1885.

Laden with nearly 1,000,000 bushels of grain, four steamships left Portland, Me., for ports in England, Italy and Holland. They were, the Irishman, for Liverpool; Bradford, for an Italian port, and the Randwyk and the Belgian Relief commission steamer, Cape Ortegat, for Rotterdam.

"Greed is the cause of the present war in Europe. Greed is all to blame for child labor," declared Congressman Charles O. Lobeck in an address before members of the Nebraska child labor committee at their annual meeting at Omaha where the exhibit of the national child labor organization is on display.

The Young nonpartisan bill, which would eliminate party lines in state elections, was passed by the California assembly at Sacramento. The measure is urged by Governor Johnson. It now goes to the senate.

Governor George A. Carlson of Colorado has received from Governor John H. Morehead of Nebraska a protest against the Colorado quarantine prohibiting the shipment of live stock into Colorado from Mexico, Canada and Eastern states.

The fate of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, who twice has been sentenced to be electrocuted for instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, now rests with the court of appeals.

The total attendance at the Pan-American exposition at San Francisco, as announced for the first four weeks, was 1,859,824, an average of approximately 66,400 a day. This is said to exceed the attendance at any previous exposition.

The Japanese steamship Kakushika Maru is due at Seattle from Kobe in a few days with the first full cargo of Manchurian corn ever borne across the Pacific, amounting to 5,000 tons. It will be used in the manufacture of stock food.

Two years in Moundsville, W. Va., penitentiary and a fine of \$3,000 was the sentence imposed at Toledo by Federal Judge Killits on John J. Shea, convicted six weeks ago on a charge of defrauding two farmers in a wire tapping scheme.

Three Chicago girls, Ruth Harsley, Maude Brideson and Ethel Rockwell, who left Chicago on March 19 to walk to the San Francisco exposition, left Cedar Rapids, Ia., for Belle Plain after spending the night with the police matron at Cedar Rapids.

"Freshmen and sophomore years in college should be given to the high schools, thus cutting the college courses to two years," Prof. Charles H. Judd of the University of Chicago told 200 Kansas high school teachers at their annual meeting at the University of Kansas.

An inheritance tax of \$313,615 must be paid by Mrs. Anna L. Sears, widow of Richard W. Sears. Mrs. Sears was the sole legatee of the \$15,000,000 estate left her by her husband, who died last September. Mr. Sears was one of the founders of Sears, Roebuck & Co., of Chicago.

A good illustration of the prosperity being enjoyed in the middle west is shown in the list of new buildings assured for Omaha this year. Nine new buildings are to be erected at a cost of over three million dollars. The First National bank building, a twelve story structure, to cost \$500,000 is one of the largest.

Women opposed to woman suffrage in the states of New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania passed a resolution at a conference held at New York, calling upon women in the four states "to bend every effort to so decisively defeat votes for women at the polls this autumn that the citizens of these states will be relieved of this annoying agitation."

WASHINGTON.

War's continued demand on American granaries was shown in a commerce department report of a single sale of flour to continental Europe, which required 512,000 bushels of wheat for its production.

Chairman Simmons of the senate finance committee took issue with prospects of a large treasury deficit in a statement saying his investigations at the treasury have convinced him the deficit will not exceed \$26,000,000.

State department officials have now gathered practically all the data sought by them preparatory to requesting Germany to make reparation for the sinking of the American ship, William P. Frye and cargo, by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

President Wilson has ordered that after North and South Dakota have made certain selections 39,000 North Dakota and 47,000 South Dakota acres of the Standing Rock Indian reservation be opened to entry under the homestead laws.

Massacre of foreign missionaries and native Christians in northwest Persia is causing this government serious concern. Secretary Bryan has cabled Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople to demand protection of American interests.

Complaint of the Northern Pine Manufacturers' association that the Chicago & Northwestern and other railroads charge unreasonable rates on lumber from producing points in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan to points in Iowa, Nebraska and Missouri has been dismissed by the Interstate Commerce commission.

Senator Pomerene of Ohio, who has been one of the active advocates of prompt passage of a presidential primary bill in order that the candidates in 1916 might be chosen under it, announced recently that he had reached the conclusion "with very great regret" that congress has no power to provide for a presidential primary and that the constitution must be amended or the subject left entirely to the states.

President Wilson declared recently that the only definite thing that could be said at this time on the Japanese-Chinese negotiations was that the United States had addressed an inquiry to Japan concerning her demands on China.

Saving of \$500,000 to the government through the securing of real competitive bids was announced by Secretary Daniels in making public awards of contracts for the battleship California.

HOUSE FAVORS PLAN

COMMISSION FORM FOR THE COUNTIES ENDORSED.

TO BE VOTED ON BY PEOPLE

Measure Provides for Three Members, Executive, Auditor and Highway Commissioner.

Lincoln.—The commission form of government as applied to counties received the indorsement of the lower legislative branch. It approved in committee of the whole and sent to third reading the bill on that subject. Under this act it will be optional with the people of any county whether or not the commission plan shall be adopted. The question is to be submitted whenever 25 per cent of the voters petition for it.

The measure provides for a county commission of three members, one to be designated the executive, another the auditor and the third highway commissioner. They will be the only elective county officers, except judge and superintendents, which are to remain independent of the county commission.

The executive is to be chairman and the auditor clerk of the commission. All are made subject to recall. The initiative and referendum are also provided for. The bill applies to all counties in the state, but it will not become effective in any county until the voters have adopted it.

Salaries range from \$600, in counties of less than 2,000 population, to \$3,000 per year in large counties.

To Protect Papers.

The Richmond bill relieving newspaper publishers from liability under the libel law, save for actual damages, where a reaction is demanded and published, passed the house by a vote of 51 to 4. The measure has the backing of the State Press association and is generally indorsed by newspapers of the state.

"Billy" Chambers' dream of a new state capitol building went up in smoke when his bill providing for the erection of a new capitol with the proceeds from a four-year mill levy was postponed.

Want Stockmen Reimbursed.

A resolution was adopted in the house expressing the sense of the chamber that an emergency appropriation bill should be proposed to the legislature by Governor Morehead to reimburse owners of cattle which may be afflicted with foot and mouth disease and killed by the order of the Live Stock Sanitary board.

Hunter Petitions for Pay.

Fifty members of the lower house have signed a petition pledging themselves to stay in Lincoln until the minute of final adjournment if the salary warrants would only be distributed. Speaker Jackson is withholding the warrants in order to hold the solons until the finish.

Governor Sends in a Bill to House.

Governor Morehead sent a bill to the legislature which was introduced in the house as an emergency measure. It makes it unlawful for anyone to drive more than thirty head of cattle or horses over a bridge at one time.

Railroad Trespass Bill Advanced.

The senate advanced the railroad trespass bill to third reading, after amending it so as to make it apply only to cities and towns. It provides a penalty for walking on the right-of-way, and is part of the general "safety first" campaign.

No Historical Building.

Among the bills slated for the legislative graveyard is the one providing for supreme court, library and historical building. The two bills proposing appropriations for a state printing plant are scheduled for the same fate.

Pension Bill Signed.

Governor Morehead has signed the Beal bill, providing pensions to parents of children who are dependent without the present red tape under the existing law.

Valentine Provided for.

Provision for the maintenance of the state agricultural experiment station at Valentine was made by the house after the item had been stricken out by the finance committee.

Bridge Appropriation Cut.

A state bridge appropriation of \$100,000 for the coming two years, instead of \$185,000, has been recommended by the house finance committee.

Pure Ice Measure Passes.

The pure ice bill, S. F. No. 194, has passed the senate. The vote was 18 to 13 against. The measure makes it a misdemeanor to sell impure ice for domestic use.

Publishes Personal Tax List.

The Richmond-Broome bill, providing for an annual publication of personal tax lists in newspapers, has passed the house by a vote of 58 to 35. The general deficiencies bill, house roll No. 752, has also been passed.

POLLS OPEN TILL 8 O'CLOCK

New Election Bill Now Lacks Only Governor's Signature to Make it a Law.

The new election law is assured if Governor Morehead attaches his signature, the measure, H. R. 200 having passed the senate last week. The measure provides for holding open the polls for the election as at the primary, from 8 in the morning until 8 in the evening. Voters at the primary who are inside the voting place or who are in line waiting to vote at 8 o'clock, will be permitted to vote in the primary, but the same rule does not apply in the regular election.

Phelps, Kearney, Gosper and Frontier counties won out against other counties north of the Platte in the fight over S. F. 166, the Grace-Bushee irrigation bill, providing for the storage of flood or unused waters from the Platte river, to be utilized in the spring of the year for wetting the subsoil in the four counties named. The bill has been recommended for passage as it came from the senate.

Opponents of the measure say that it will annul the rights of the irrigation districts in western Nebraska which have not heretofore been using all the water that they are allowed to take under their respective appropriations. The effect of the bill, they say, is that all unused water will revert to the United States government. This includes large quantities of seepage waters from the Scottbluff country.

The new and comprehensive automobile registration law, jerked back from the committee of the whole in the senate for specific amendment, has been reported out again with several changes. The secretary of state's fee is reduced from 50 to 25 cents. This is to take care of the number, the law requiring a new one each year. The bill has passed the house and will probably pass the senate without opposition in its new form.

One-fourth of the bills introduced in the state senate have been killed by that body, while nearly one-half already passed. The balance are in the hands of the committees or on the general sitting or third reading files. One hundred and ninety-four house bills have been sent to the upper body, of which one-fourth have been passed and only four killed. The rest are reposing in the hands of the committees or are on the files.

Ten more appropriation bills were killed in the house, among them are the \$80,000 appropriation for a hog barn at the state fair grounds, the \$3,000 appropriation for a garage at the governor's mansion, the Bloomfield oil test appropriation of \$5,000, the emigrant trail bill and the state institutional land survey bill, and the consolidation bill affecting the state engineer's office and the physical valuation department of the state railway commission. The state-aid bridge law was also amended that appropriations out of that fund will only be about half as large during the coming two years as they have been for the past biennium.

Senate file 6, the bill to permit the Omaha Water board to go into the lighting business, with an amendment to the bill providing for the appraisal of the plant of the Omaha lighting company, passed the house.

A senate standing committee killed the anti-tipping bill and thus ended the legislative career of that measure. It is understood that no fight will be put up in favor of overturning the committee report.

A pair of bills consolidating the fire commission with the labor commission and the hotel commission and the food commission, have passed the house.

The monthly bulletin of the Colorado national guard comments upon the troubles of the Nebraska guard, the sister organization, and at the same time congratulates itself that the Colorado guard is supported by a poll tax that brings to it about \$75,000 a year, or nearly twice as much as the house proposes to give the Nebraska guard for two years.

Appropriation of approximately \$1,200,000 for the University of Nebraska maintenance and salaries for the next two years and \$535,000 for the four state normals were approved by the house. An effort to secure sufficient money for new buildings at the Wayne and Kearney normal schools failed.

Its temper up over alleged procrastination of the house, the senate refused to accept the report of the joint adjournment committee calling for an end on April 6. "We'll stay here till June, if necessary," was the sentiment expressed in speeches by several senators.

The house killed the Barrett bill, H. R. 246, for a constitutional amendment increasing the terms of state officers and members of the legislature to four years, also increasing the salaries of legislators from \$600 to \$1,000 and providing for quadrennial instead of biennial sessions.

The senate passed the Richmond bill, providing that a petition of 60 per cent of the voters of the county may be secured to authorize a bond issue for a courthouse or jail instead of holding an election.

HOW TO CARRY LIVE POULTRY PROPERLY



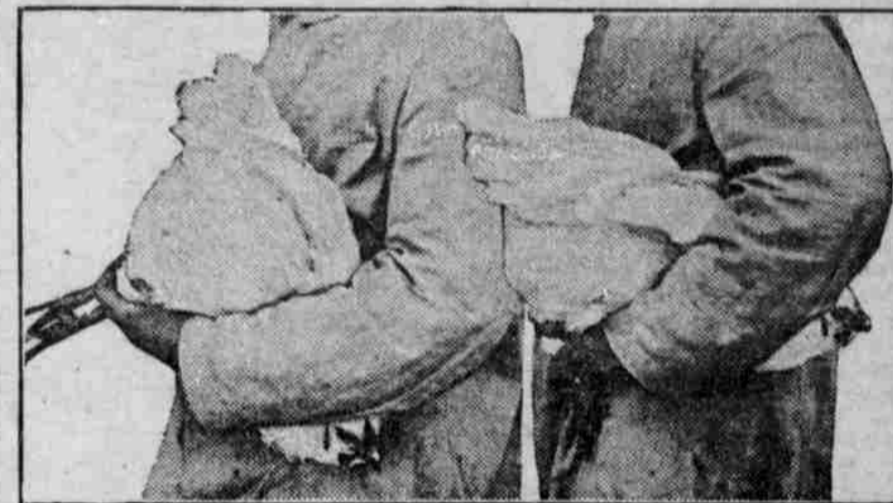
Right and Wrong Way of Carrying a Duck.

"A bird in the hand" is an ancient phrase—but it makes a lot of difference how the bird is handled. Especially is this true with the poultryman who breeds any of the heavier strains of hens, ducks and geese. It is just as easy to carry a fowl properly, and much safer and wiser besides. Here are a few suggestions by J. G. Halpin, secretary of the Wisconsin Poultry association:

Carry a duck by the neck as indicated in the picture. Don't grab it by the wing or the feet. Ducks, like puppies, can stand being handled by the scruff of the neck better than to have their weight suspended from one wing or their feet, which are rather frail. Pekin, Rouen and Aylesbury ducks and

all such heavy market types should always be handled in this manner by careful poultrymen.

Heavy hens with full crops should never be seized by the legs and swung head down. Neither should they be tilted up in the clumsy way shown in the picture. They should be so grasped that their wings are confined closely and securely under the arm of the person carrying them, but above all things an easy and natural position means more comfort and less struggling and injury to the bird and possibly the man as well. Flopping wings and scratching claws often do harm to human skin and eyes. A little careful handling will do away with this danger.



Right and Wrong Way of Carrying a Hen.

HOUSE FOR GROWING CHICKS KEEP POULTRY HOUSE CLEAN

Care Should Be Taken to See That the Little Fellows Have Coops of Proper Size.

Thorough Overhauling Needed to Destroy Lice and Mites—Whitewashing Is Recommended.

As the chicks increase in size, care should be taken to see that they have the right accommodations; they grow rapidly, and a coop that has been large enough for them when young soon becomes too small. The chicks at this time do not require the close care that they did when younger, and so this danger may be overlooked, in which case ill health, malformations and stunted growth among individuals will probably result.

The writer has found that the best way to overcome this difficulty is to have larger coops of brood houses to replace the smaller coops; these are made big enough to accommodate two or three broods of the growing chicks, says a writer in an exchange. Three-fourths of the front, this being the upper section, is covered with mesh wire netting, to allow of plenty of fresh air; but the back and sides are closed, so there can be no drafts.

A small door is provided in the front of the coop for the purpose of shutting up the chicks at night. This saves the trouble of closing two or three coops, as would be necessary if a larger coop were not used.

SOUND ADVICE FROM MAINE

Pertinent Remarks From Experiment Station on Poultry House Hygiene and Sanitation.

The Maine experiment station, in a very excellent bulletin on "Poultry Diseases and Their Treatment," makes some very pertinent remarks about poultry house hygiene and sanitation, in which the spraying machine finds a use.

The thing of paramount importance in the hygienic housing of poultry is cleanliness. By this is meant not merely plain, ordinary cleaning up, in the housewife sense, but also bacteriological cleaning up; that is, disinfection.

All buildings and structures of whatever kind in which poultry are housed during any part of their lives should be subjected to a most thorough and searching cleaning and disinfection at least once a year. This cleaning up should naturally come for each different structure at a time which just precedes the putting of new stock into this structure.

Select for Hardiness. Selecting for hardiness should be the main object, health and vigor to be given the preference in selecting each individual. The weakest and most useless of a flock should be weeded out as soon as possible.

Proud of His Job. An old rooster will settle the scraps among a pen of cockerels and appear proud to do it.

LURE OF POULTRY INDUSTRY

Care of Birds Is Inherent and Attractive to Wealthy People as Well as the Poorest.

There is something in the care of birds, from a canary to a goose—or it may be even an ostrich—that attracts people. Why, we cannot tell. It is simply inherent and is attractive to all kinds of people, and this is why poultry raising is taken up by the rich man as an agreeable way to invest money and some of his time, and the business and professional men as an exhilarating change from their respective duties, and after a time a source of profit. The poultry industry is a great proposition today. Some writer declares that our emblem should be the "Industrious Hen," not the "Warlike Eagle." But, after all, be the poultry keeper a wealthy man of leisure or a washerwoman with a back yard scarcely large enough to hold her washtub and her poultry, the keeping of poultry resolves itself at last into the ordinary every-day business of keeping aright, buying and selling, if there be any progress connected with it—and there should be.

Warm Nest Is Best. A warm sheltered nest adds much to the chances of the early sitter hatching well.

Please the Customers. Study the wants of each customer, and plan to meet them.