

Fishermen's Language.

A correspondent of the English magazine, Country Life, has been studying the vocabulary of Hastings fishermen. He says: "Where there is a dead calm, with the air hot and moist, the weather is said to be 'planety.' If it is oppressively sultry with a heavy sky and oily sea it is 'swallocky,' and presages a storm, which often breaks suddenly with a roaring squall. A long loop of cloud with trailing ends is designated an 'eddenbite,' blown out streamers of white cloud are 'windogs,' large wool-pack-like clouds scurrying before a high wind are 'messengers,' small, widely scattered clouds floating in an otherwise clear sky, are 'postboys.' Occasionally, when the sun is setting, a mock sun is seen on each side of the solar disk. This phenomenon goes by the name of 'smitherdiddle' and is regarded as a sign of bad weather. A thick, souking mist, moving rapidly from the land over the sea, is called an 'egger jagger.'"

The Plain of Curragh.

The Curragh (a plain in the County Kildare, Ireland) is a stretch of open ground of about 4,800 acres and serves the twin purposes of a large military camp and a race course, and in the latter capacity it has a reputation extending as far back as the first century A. D., at which period, it records may be accepted, chariot races were a diversion which the people of the time permitted themselves. The camp only dates from the Crimean war. The plain of Curragh was often the scene of hostile engagements between early Irish kings, and it is St. Bridget who is credited with having received a grant of the district from the king of Leinster and with having turned it into a common. The young men of Kildare are often jokingly described as "the boys of the short grass" in allusion to the herbage of the district of Curragh. —Westminster Gazette.

One of the Weather Men.

Shortly after the establishment of a station in Wytheville by the weather bureau a youth named Tom erected a signal pole on his mother's coat shed. He would daily hoist flags of his own in imitation of the ones of the government. This was done so persistently that Mary, a neighbor's daughter, soon adjusted her movements for the day to Tom's flags. On the morning for a picnic she was rejoiced at the sight of a fair weather flag flying from Tom's flagpole. Her mother, being discouraged by the number of clouds, remarked, "You cannot depend on his flags, for he may not have followed the weather man's." Mary, thinking them thoroughly reliable, said, "You can depend on them, mother, for Tom does his own guessing." —National Monthly.

Fooled the Culprit.

Dr. Kennedy, a former head master of Shrewsbury school, has a keen sense of humor. One year, on April 1, an audacious schoolboy put the school clock forward, and the chapel bell was rung an hour too soon. The culprit duly received the alarming order to come to the head master's room a little before noon. Preparations were made for the usual form of punishment. The cane whizzed in the air, but, bracing his nerves to meet its descent the victim found himself untouched. A second time he heard it swung with sound and fury, yet it signified nothing. The boy was still trembling for the third stroke when he heard the master's voice: "Go away, you April fool!" —London Answers.

The Coldest Hour.

The proverb which tells us that "the darkest hour is that before dawn" is inaccurate, for light increases in the morning as gradually as it decreases in the evening. The saying should be "the coldest hour," etc., which is perfectly true and is owing to causes connected with the deposit of dew. Hoarfrosts, too, usually take place just before daylight and are an additional cause of the peculiar chilliness of this time. —London Mail.

What the Old Man Feared.

The head of a certain Washington family was recently approached by his son just nearing his majority. "Father," said he, "I want to have a talk with you concerning my future. I have decided to become an artist. Have you any objections?" The old man scratched his head reflectively and replied: "Well, no, son—provided, of course, that you don't draw on me." —Lippincott's.

Grouchy.

"There is a movement on foot," said Mr. Snoope. "To prevent the marriage of weak-minded persons. What do you think of it?" "I think it's rot," answered Mr. Grouchy. "Why, who else ever wants to get married?" —Cleveland Leader.

An Exception.

Mudge—Here's a man figured out that if all the money in the world were divided equally each adult would get about \$30. Meeg—He's wrong. My wife would get \$60. —Boston Transcript.

Just Gossip.

"There is a great deal of gossip about Gwendolyn's eyebrows." "Don't mind it. Her eyebrows are not as black as they are painted." —Baltimore American.

The Whale's Blow.

Porpoise—What is the whale blowing about? Dogfish—Oh, he got so many notices for his feat in swallowing Jonah he's been blowing ever since. —Exchange.

Two Opinions From the Same Source

A Story For Commencement
By MARGARET C. DEVEREAUX

When a college phenomenon—one of those fellows who stand at the head of their classes and take all the prizes—graduates he is seized upon by the faculty for material to supply the waste in their own ranks. Philip Plympton was one of these phenomena and from a student was naturally developed into a professor. He had not gone into the world even for a day to scratch for himself, as most young men are obliged to do. He had simply passed from one intellectual condition to a higher one.

Professor Plympton was appointed to the chair of mental philosophy at a woman's college. The subject is a large one, involving many branches. The professor was fond of dwelling on those features of it that were most capable of exploiting his own original ideas. One day he was lecturing to his class, composed of young ladies from eighteen to twenty-two, when he spoke as follows:

"When an idea recurs without the presence of the object remembered it is called remembrance. This brings us to consider memory one of the most complex of mental faculties. Sometimes the most divine of all our sensations, love, seems to be dependent on the faculty of memory. There are different kinds of love. In this instance I refer to love between the sexes—indeed, to that love which endures till death. When a loving husband and wife are parted by death memory is all that keeps it alive."

Naturally such discourse excited the attention of the class. Miss Kitty Werner, who was ready to pounce on any of those serious problems that engage the attention of profound scholars with a view to turning it into ridicule, arose and, having been recognized by the professor, asked:

"How do you know that, professor?" "We know it from cases of the destruction of memory by an injury to the brain. Men have been known to be attacked with this trouble who have forgotten wife and even children."

"But has not the love returned when the brain has been relieved?"

"Certainly." "Then why do you infer that memory is all that keeps love alive? Has not the love lived during the loss of memory?"

"The condition is peculiar," replied the professor haltingly. "What you refer to is a suspension of memory, not a loss. When memory is restored it goes on working as usual."

"In other words, begins where it left off, I suppose."

"Yes." "And the love goes on where it left off too?"

"Certainly." "Then why may not a broken love be reunited, not only in this world, but in another existence?"

The professor colored and said this was but one of a great number of objections that arose in the presentation of any subject. To reply would require much time and his lecture must remain unfinished. With this he proceeded with his subject.

Ten years from the date of the delivery of that lecture Professor Plympton, now a mature man, was sitting beside a lady some ten years his junior, whom he was endeavoring to persuade to become his wife. Neither had been married.

"I have always believed in one love in a lifetime and one love only," said the lady. "I would wish to be convinced that my husband would love me not only through life, but for all eternity."

"I cannot conceive of my ever ceasing to love you."

"Suppose you should meet with an injury to the brain and lose all memory of me. Would that end your love?"

"No; if relieved of the cause of the loss of memory my love would begin again where it left off."

"How about death?"

"The same reasoning would pertain. I would continue to love you though disembodied."

"What has memory to do with love?"

"Nothing. Love is something superhuman; a matter of soul."

The lady made no reply to this at once. On the corner of her lips there was a quirk and in her eyes, which were bent on the floor, a twinkle.

"You thinkers," she said presently, "are apt to think for the time being. These were not your opinions ten years ago."

"Not my opinions ten years ago! What were my opinions ten years ago?"

"You believed that love, or its continuance, rather, was dependent on memory."

"How do you know that I held to such a proposition?"

"Because I was a member of a college class to which you lectured. You said in your lecture that love was broken in upon by loss of memory, and I took issue with you."

A light broke in upon the professor's remembrance. He saw himself a youngster of twenty-five, full of theory and ignorant through inexperience.

"You are the young lady who showed me the fallacy of my reasoning," he exclaimed. "Never in my life have I met with such overwhelming evidence of the superiority of the feminine brain to that of man. It was you who changed my intellectual deductions and it is you who have convinced me through the heart. I love you and shall love you always, both in this world and in the world to come."

She burst into a laugh, but she accepted him.

Old, but Able.

Enrico Dandolo was not elected doge of Venice until he was eighty-two years old, and he still retained the fire and vigor of his youth. He assaulted and took the city of Constantinople when he was ninety-two years old, himself displaying the gonfalon of St. Mark and animating his followers to the charge. Villars, the French general, in his eighty-fourth year, when crippled with wounds and disease, led a cavalry charge with the same light-hearted contempt for danger displayed by him in his youth. The men who won distinction in high command during the military against the English in India in 1857-58 were all of them well advanced in years. Sir Colin Campbell, the commander in chief, was sixty-five. Havelock was sixty-two. Sir Hugh Rose fifty-seven and Sir James Outram fifty-four. They stood the fatigue of field service in a tropical climate, with the thermometer at from 119 degrees to 119 degrees in the shade, as well as younger men. —London Answers.

Conversation and Talk.

In the fall of 1909 a wandering British philosopher who hailed from the University of Cambridge was a guest at various American colleges, and after he had gone back to his own place he published in a Cambridge review his opinion that "in America there is, broadly speaking, no culture. There is instruction; there is research; there is technical and professional training; there is specialization in science and in industry; there is every possible application of life to purposes and ends, but there is no life for its own sake." And he declared that "you will find, if you travel long in America, that you are suffering from a kind of trophy. You will not at first realize what it means, but suddenly it will flash upon you that you are suffering from lack of conversation. You do not converse; you cannot; you can only talk." —"Concerning Conversation," by Brander Matthews in Scribner's.

One of New York's Show Places.

The collector's office at the custom house is one of the show places of New York city. His ornate room was decorated from designs by Cass Gilbert, who drew the plans for the custom house, and Will Guernsey. This high-ceilinged apartment, with its oak paneling, mural paintings of Dutch ships and Colonial scenes, and its great fireplace, cost upward of \$25,000. The ceiling of raised gold figures on a purple ground is a copy of an old Italian ceiling, with original figures, such as fish, tridents, boats and other appropriate subjects. The big fireplace, with wide hearth and high mantelshelf, is of gray stone. Below the shelf is inscribed the history of the first custom house, which stood on this spot. —New York Sun.

Fishing Snakes.

While fishing in the Fort St. George moat, at Madras, a correspondent of Country Life saw a snake fifteen inches long come out of the water with a fish in its mouth. On catching sight of the writer it dropped the fish and bolted, leaving the fish on the bank alive. On another occasion, while fishing in a reservoir near Ghazipur, he again saw a snake emerging from the water with a fish in its mouth. This snake was about twenty-four inches long, and on killing it he was able to identify the fish as a common species of Indian fresh water fish. Later on he saw a viper, nearly four feet long, lying in shallow water. The writer looked it ashore with his tackle, upon which the snake attacked him, leaving a large yellow fang in his fishing rod.

Privileges of London.

London still retains its picturesque ancient rights and privileges, and as an instance it may be mentioned that whenever the ruling monarch pays a formal or state visit to the city it is customary for the lord mayor and sheriffs to meet the sovereign at the boundary of the ancient city, where he will enter. A sword is extended to the king, implying that permission to enter is given, who touches it and returns it to the mayor. By ancient right, upon the decease of the sovereign and until the proclamation of the new monarch, the lord mayor is nominal head of the state, with full authority and powers.

England's Great Aquarium.

The aquarium at Brighton, England, is one of the largest and most beautiful aquaria in Europe. It is operated with annexes, like a theater and restaurant, but the place is admirably maintained and during the summer is one of the attractions of the English watering place.

Unfair Advantage.

"Your valet went on strike, did he? I hope you did not accede to his demands?" "For my life, I had to, old chap. The cunning creature actually threatened to leave me one morning when I was half-dressed." —London Opinion.

A Trying Position.

"This is going to put me in a very trying position," he muttered. "What, my dear?" she asked. "I have been summoned to serve on a jury." —London Telegraph.

Nettle and Bee.

Little Bertie had just been stung by a nettle. "Mother," he asked, "if a bee settled on a nettle would the bee sting the nettle or would the nettle sting the bee?"

Galvanized Iron.

Galvanized iron is merely iron dipped in molten zinc. The coating is not merely applied, as the word galvanized seems to imply.

Political Announcements

For State Senator.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for State Senator, 25th district, Dawson, Lincoln and Keith counties, subject to the will of the Republican voters at the primary election, August 18, 1914.

D. M. DOUTT, Jr.,
Overton, Nebraska.

For Representative.

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the republican nomination for representative from the legislative district composed of Lincoln county, subject to the decision of the voters at the August primary.

SCOTT REYNOLDS.

County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the republican nomination for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the voters at the August primary.

ALBERT N. DURBIN.

For County Commissioner.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the republican nomination for county commissioner from the second district, subject to the decision of the voters of the primary election.

E. H. SPRINGER, Brady, Nebr.

County Commissioner.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the county commissioner for the second district, subject to the decision of the voters at the primary election, and most respectfully solicit your support.

J. D. KELLHIEB,
Maxwell Precinct.

For County Superintendent.

I hereby declare myself a candidate for the office of County Superintendent of Lincoln county, subject to the will of the democratic voters in the primaries August 18th.

WILLIAM E. TOOLE.

NOURISHING ICE CREAM

It is the purity of our ice cream that makes it not only delicious but nourishing. We invite you to inspect our ice cream plant and see the sanitary conditions under which it is made. Everything which enters into its composition is absolutely pure and every utensil is as clean as you would like it to be. Try our ice cream once and you will order it again. We supply ice cream for parties, banquets and clubs. Let us give you an estimate.

Stone Drug Co.

Office phone 241. Res. phone 217
L. C. DROST,
Osteopathic Physician.
North Platte, Nebraska.
McDonald Bank Building.

Bertha E. Mangon, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty
NORTH PLATTE, NEB.
New McCabe Bldg.

NOTICE

Christ Pappas, will take notice that on the 19th day of June, 1914, P. H. Sullivan, Justice of the Peace, of North Platte Precinct No. 1, Lincoln County, Nebraska, issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$22.50 in an action pending before him, wherein Nick Chiros is plaintiff and Christ Pappas is defendant, that property consisting of money in the hands of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, a corporation, has been attached under said order.

Said cause was continued to August 10th, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Nick Chiros, Plaintiff.

North Platte, Nebr. July 1st, 1914.

Notice to Property Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of the city of North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, will sit as a Board of Equalization beginning at the hour of 8 o'clock p. m., of the 21st day of July, 1914, at the lecture room of the library building in the city of North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, for the purpose of levying on the real estate lying and being within Sewer District "D," taxes for the purpose of paying the costs of the construction of a lateral sewer in said Sewer District "D" and that the said taxes will be levied upon each parcel of real estate according to the extent of the benefits to such property by reason of the construction of said lateral sewer, and if the said council shall find such benefits to be equal and uniform such levy of taxes will be according to the front foot of the lots of real estate within said Sewer District "D" or according to such other rule as the city council sitting as such Board of Equalization may adopt for the distribution or adjustment of such costs.

All persons interested will file their objections, if any they have, to the assessing of taxes against their property on or before the 21st day of July, 1914, at 8 o'clock, p. m., with the city clerk.

By order of the mayor and city council made the 26th day of June, 1914.

303-2 C. F. TEMPLE, City Clerk.

Cattle and Hogs WANTED.

Sell your Cattle and Hogs to

Julius Mogensen, No. Platte. Highest cash prices paid. Office open day and night in North Side Barn. First class horse and auto livery in connection.
Phone No. 29.

The North Side

Feed Barn HAS FOR SALE GRAIN OF ALL KINDS, Bran, Shorts, Baled Alfalfa, Hay, Good Seed Potatoes. Goods promptly delivered. Our terms are cash. TELEPHONE No. 29

Hogs and Cattle

Bought and highest market prices paid
PHONES Office 459
Residence Red 636
C. H. WALTERS.

Notice to Property Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of the city of North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, will sit as a Board of Equalization beginning at the hour of 8 o'clock, p. m., of the 21st day of July, 1914, at the lecture room of the library building in the city of North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, for the purpose of levying on the real estate lying and being within the extension to Sewer District "J" taxes for the purpose of paying the costs of the construction of an extension to a lateral sewer in said Sewer District "J" and that the said taxes will be levied upon each parcel of real estate according to the extent of the benefits to such property by reason of the construction of said extension to said lateral sewer, and if the said council shall find such benefits to be equal and uniform such levy of taxes will be according to the front foot of the lots of real estate within said extension to Sewer District "J" or according to such other rule as the city council sitting as such Board of Equalization may adopt for the distribution or adjustment of such costs.

All persons interested will file their objections, if any they have, to the assessing of taxes against their property on or before the 21st day of July, 1914, at 8 o'clock, p. m., with the city clerk.

By order of the mayor and city council made the 26th day of June, 1914.

330-2 C. F. TEMPLE, City Clerk.

In the District Court of Lincoln County

Nebraska.
In the matter of the estate of Esther Harris, deceased.
Order to show cause.

Now on this 15th day of June, 1914, this cause came on for hearing upon the petition under oath of Minta Stewart, administratrix of the estate of said Esther Harris, deceased, praying for license to sell the following described real estate of said Esther Harris, namely: one-half interest in lot six (6), block eighty (80) original town of North Platte, subject to a mortgage of \$800.00 in favor of the Mutual Building & Loan Association of North Platte, Nebraska, or a sufficient sum thereof to bring the sum of \$1900.00, for the payment of debts allowed against said estate and allowances and costs of administration, for the reason that there is not a sufficient amount of personal property in the possession of said Minta Stewart, administratrix, belonging to said estate to pay said debts, allowance and costs.

It is, therefore, ordered that all persons interested in said estate appear before me in chambers in the city of North Platte in said county on the 29th day of July, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. to show cause. If any there be, why a license should not be granted to Minta Stewart, administratrix, to sell so much of the above described real estate of said decedent as shall be deemed necessary to pay said debts and expenses. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be served upon all persons interested in said estate by causing the same to be published once each week for four successive weeks in the Semi-Weekly Tribune, a newspaper printed and published in said Lincoln county.

H. M. GRIMES,
Judge of District Court.

Notice to Property Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of the city of North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, will sit as a Board of Equalization beginning at the hour of 8 o'clock, p. m., of the 21st day of July, 1914, at the lecture room of the library building in the city of North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, for the purpose of levying on the real estate lying and being within Sewer District "C" taxes for the purpose of paying the costs of the construction of a lateral sewer in said Sewer District "C" and that the said taxes will be levied upon each parcel of real estate according to the extent of the benefits to such property by reason of the construction of said lateral sewer, and if the said council shall find such benefits to be equal and uniform such levy of taxes will be according to the front foot of the lots of real estate within said Sewer District "C" or according to such other rule as the city council sitting as such Board of Equalization may adopt for the distribution or adjustment of such costs.

All persons interested will file their objections, if any they have, to the assessing of taxes against their property on or before the 21st day of July, 1914, at 8 o'clock, p. m., with the city clerk.

By order of the mayor and city council made the 26th day of June, 1914.

330-2 C. F. TEMPLE, City Clerk.

Drs. Redfield & Redfield.

Physicians and Surgeons.

WILLIS J. REDFIELD, Surgeon.
JOE B. REDFIELD, Physician.

OFFICE:

Physicians & Surgeons
Hospital
PHONE 642.

Dr. J. S. Twinem,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Special Attention to Obstetrics and Children's Diseases.

Phones, office 183, residence 283
Office in McDonald Bank Building.
North Platte, Nebraska.

Drs. Quigley & Simms

Physicians and Surgeons.

Building and Loan Building.

Geo. B. Dent,

Physician and Surgeon.

Special Attention given to Surgery and Obstetrics.

Office: Building and Loan Building.
Phones: Office 130
Residence 115

FARM LOANS

Plenty of Money to Loan on Farms and Ranches.

Rates and Terms Reasonable.

Buchanan & Patterson.

Public Sale

Notice is hereby given that I, Corda V. O'Brien, administratrix of the estate of Dennis J. O'Brien, deceased, will, by virtue of a license granted me out of the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, in an action pending therein, offer at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, on July 1st, 1914, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., at the east front door of the court house in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, the following described real estate situate in Lincoln county, Nebraska, to-wit: The east half (E) of section thirty (30), township thirteen (13), north of range thirty (30), west of Sixth P. M. Terms cash in hand. Said sale to remain open for one hour.
Dated at North Platte, June 9, 1914.
Corda V. O'Brien, Administratrix.
j9-3 E. H. Evans, Attorney.

NOTICE

By virtue of an execution issued by Geo. E. Prosser, clerk of the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon judgment rendered in said court in favor of John W. Smith against M. J. Graham, I have levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said M. J. Graham, to-wit: All of Section Five (5), Township Sixteen (16), Range Twenty-nine (29), west of Sixth P. M., Lincoln county, Nebraska, and I will on the 6th day of July, 1914, at 2 o'clock, p. m., of said day at the east front door of the court house of said county in North Platte, Neb., sell said real estate, subject to mortgage of Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) at public auction for cash, to satisfy said execution, the amount due thereon in the aggregate, being the sum of \$635.00 and \$25.75 cost, not accruing cost.
North Platte, May 29, 1914.
J. A. SALISBURY,
Sheriff of Lincoln County Neb.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon a decree of foreclosure rendered in said court wherein Robert F. Burnett is plaintiff and Samuel A. Thomas et al. are defendants, and to me directed I will on the 18th day of July, 1914, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court house in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, the following described property to-wit: Southwest Quarter of Section Four (4), in Township Twelve (12), Range Thirty-Four (34), west of the 6th P. M. Lincoln county, Nebraska.
Dated North Platte, Neb., June 15, 1914.
J. A. SALISBURY, Sheriff.

Notice of Sale of Land Upon Execution.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued by Geo. E. Prosser, Clerk of the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon a judgment rendered in the District Court of Buffalo county, Nebraska, which had been heretofore filed in the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, in favor of John W. Smith against M. J. Graham, full name, Marion J. Graham, I have levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Marion J. Graham, to-wit: All of Section 5, in Township 16, North of Range 29, West of the 6th P. M., Lincoln county, Nebraska, and I will on the 13th day of July, 1914, at 2 o'clock, p. m., central time of said day at the east front door of the court house in the city of North Platte, in said Lincoln county, Nebraska, sell said real estate subject to a mortgage of \$2,000 and accrued interest thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution upon which there is due the sum of \$635 with 7 percent interest from November 6th, 1913, and \$25.75 costs together with accrued costs.
Dated at North Platte, Nebraska, June 5, 1914.
J. A. SALISBURY,
Sheriff of Lincoln County, Nebraska.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon a decree of foreclosure rendered in said court wherein L. C. Severns, is plaintiff, and Chris Rasmussen and E. P. Rasmussen are defendants, and to me directed, I will on the 6th day of July, 1914, at 2 o'clock, p. m., at the east front door of the court house in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, the following described property to-wit: All of Section Nine (9), Township Ten (10), Range Twenty-Eight (28), except One and One-half Acres in the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, west of the 4th Principal Meridian, Lincoln county, Neb. Dated North Platte, Neb., May 25th, 1914.
J. A. SALISBURY, Sheriff.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Serial No. 64566
Department of the Interior
United States Land Office
North Platte, Nebraska, June 4, 1914.
Notice is hereby given that Willard P. Fletcher, of Dickens, Neb., who on January 21, 1910, made homestead entry No. 64566 for S4 and NW 4 Section 12, Township 11, N. Range 32, West of 6th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land, above described before the register and receiver at North Platte, Nebraska, on the 5th day of August