YEAR JUST GONE ONE OF REVOLTS

Marked by Unrest Involving the Entire World.

"REBELS" ALWAYS VICTORS

Chinese and Mexican Revolutions and Strife Against Graft and Monopoly-Great Strides Made in Aviation.

When the historian of the future records the events of the year 1911, he will lay particular stress on the political and social unest throughout the world. This was not confined to any one country, nor to a few countries; it was world-wide, involving practically every nation, both civilized and uncivilized. It included revolutions against long-standing governments, battles of labor and capital, wars between different nations and, in short, everything that could be branded as strife against existing conditions or growing conditions.

Most significant of all the events of the year was the explosion in open rebellion of the hatred, that had been accumulating through the ages, of the Chinese against the despotic Manchu dynasty. Passive, unresisting, yet at the same time loathing and despising the power that held them in subjection, the millions in the Far East empire had for centuries submitted to being trodden on by unreasoning, overbearing, all-potent self-styled demigods. But China was gradually awakening and, when the first flames of revolution burst forth, it was the signal for the conflagration to become

Rebels the Winners Everywhere.

But the Chinese insurrection was but a larger edition of dozens, yea, scores, of upheavals of various kinds in other parts of the world. They broke forth with such suddenness that it was almost impossible to realize what was occurring until the whole thing was over. Without exception, every one of the great disturbances of the year that reached an ultimate result, wound up in favor of the party or element rebelling against the condition. In not one did the defense win over the offense.

The Mexican revolution, near to our own doors, was a striking example of the overturn of regime. Nearer still was the successful culmination of the battle for statehood of Arizona and New Mexico.

Other struggles of equal magnitude developed during the year, many of them with sensational effect, in which the issue is still being fought. Among these are the battle between labor and capital, the "people" and monopoly, and advocates of popular government as opposed to representative government. Campaigns on graft have been waged with flerce resolution by city, state and federal authorities, not only in all corners of the United States, but abroad as well.

The McNamara dynamiting case, the growth of sentiment for popular election of all federal officials, the progress of the woman suffrage movement, trust prosecutions, the campaign for currency reform and that for lower tariffs-all these typify the unrest that exists in our own country.

Year's Important Events.

Aside from the numberless conflicts, many noteworthy things have been penned in the diary of 1911. Science has witnessed vast strides, particularly in the field of aviation. The flights of Atwood from St. Louis to New York and of Rodgers from New York to Pasadena, Cal., were the crowning achievements in this line. About all that remains to be accomplished in aviation, as a feat, is the crossing of the

When all that is good and all that is bad are considered together, it cannot be said otherwise than that the year was one in which the good predominated.

A chronological table of the important events of 1911 follows:

JANUARY. 1-Juan Estrada inaugurated president of Nicaragua.

2-President Taft officially recognizes the Estrada government. 3-W. E. Corey resigns presidency

of the United States Steel corporation. First postal savings banks opened. 4-Senator Elkins of West Virginia 10-Tobacco trust dissolution suit

started in United States Supreme court. President Taft sends congress special message urging fortification of Panama Canal. 14-Battleship Arkansas launched at

Camden, N. J. 19-Paul Morton, president of Equit-

able Life Insurance company and former secretary of the treasury, dies. 23-David Graham Phillips, noted author, shot in New York by a mad vi-

olinist; died a day later. 26-Canadian reciprocity agreement presented to congress by President

31-House of representatives votes the Panama-Pacific Exposition of 1915 to San Francisco, defeating New Or-

leans' efforts. Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry dies. FEBRUARY.

7-Miss Vivian Gould married to Lord Decies of ngland in New York. 11-Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia dies.

21-Premier Asquith introduces in-

to English house of commons bill abolishing veto power of house of lords. MARCH.

1-Senator Lorimer of Illinois retains his seat by senate vote with margin of six.

4-Reciprocity fails in senate. Sixty-first congress adjourns. President Taft makes good on extra session threat, setting special ses-

sion at April 4. 8-United States troops ordered to

Mexican frontier. 11-Trial of the Camorrists begins at

Viterbo, Italy. 18-Supereme court sustains constitutionality of corporation tax law, increasing national income by \$27,000,-

25-Triangle Shirt Walst company fire in the Asch building, New York. resulting in 141 deaths.

APRIL 4-Special session of Sixty-second

congress convenes. 10-Tom L. Johnson, former mayor

of Cleveland, dies. 12-Canadian reciprocity bill and farmers' free list bill introduced in

13-House approves direct election of senators by 296 to 16.

14-David Jayne Hill resigns as ambassador to Germany.

21-House passes Canadian reciprocity, 265 to 89. 22-McNamara brothers arrested in Chicago and Indianapolis; rushed by automobile on way to Los Angeles to

face dynamite charges. 29-Jay Gould marries Annie Douglass Graham of Hawaii, in New York. 30-Bangor, Me., devastated by fire. MAY

2-Chinese rebellion begins in Kwantung province.

-House orders investigation of steel trust. 8-Battle of Juarez begins, resulting

in capture by Mexican rebels two days 12-J. M. Dickinson resigns as secretary of war; succeeded by Henry

L Stimson of New York. 15-Standard Oil company ordered dissolved by Supreme court decision. 17-Porfirio Diaz announces he will

resign presidency of Mexico. 23-New Mexico and Arizona statehood resolution passes in house. 25-Diaz resigns presidency of Mex-

29-Tobacco trust ordered dissolved by Supreme court decision.

JUNE. 8-W. E. D. Stokes shot in New York by Lillian Graham and Ethel

Conrad. 10-American polo team beats British in deciding game of international

series. 13-Resolution for popular election of senators passed by senate.

18-European aviation circuit race begins at Vincennes, France. Three aviators-Captain Princeteau, La Martin and M. Lendran-killed when machines fall to ground.

19-President Taft celebrates his silver wedding anniversary. 21-Arrival in New York of Olym-

pic, largest passenger boat in world. 22-Coronation of King George of England.

28-Cornell crew wins Poughkeepsie regatta.

JULY.

2-Harry N. Atwood files in bi-

plane from Boston to New York. 8-Lieutenant Conneau ("Andre Beaumont") wins 1,000-mile aviation circuit race, from Vincennes, over France, Belgium, Holland and Eng-

12-American Harvard-Yale athletto team defeated by Oxford-Cambridge team at London.

14-Investiture of prince of Wales. 18-Henry Clay Beattle shoots his

wife. 22-Canadian reciprocity passed by

27-President Taft signs Canadian reciprocity treaty.

AUGUST 10-London dock strike begins. 15-Harry N. Atwood starts flight for New York from St. Louis.

19-English dock strike settled. 23-Special session of congress adjourns. 22-G. A. R. special train wrecked

near Manchester, N. Y., 37 civil war veterans and members of their families being killed. 27-Atwood arrives at New York,

finishing his flight from St. Louis. SEPTEMBER. 9-Col. John Jacob Aster marries

Madeline Talmage Force. 10-Cross-continent aeroplane flight for Hearst \$50,000 prize officially be-

12-H. H. Hilton of England wins American golf championship at Apawamis links.

15-Premier Stolypin of Russia shot while attending opera at Kiev, dying two days later.

President Taft starts on trip through west. 17-Cal P. Rodgers leaves New

York on cross-continent flight. Rodgers was the only one to complete the 21-Canadian voters reject reci-

procity bill. 25-French battleship Liberts

blown up in harbor of Toulon, killing three hundred. 29-Italy declares war on Turkey,

as result of Tripoli controversy, and rushes troops to Tripoli. 30-One hundred killed by breaking

of dam at Austin, Pa. OCTOBER.

2-Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley dies. 13-Republic of China proclaimed

at Wu Chang. 14-Associate Justice John Marshall Harlan of the United States Supreme

Court dies. 19-Aviator Eugene Ely killed at Macon, Ga.

20-Rev. C. V. T. Hicheson arrected in Boston as slayer of Avis Linnell. 21-Rev. Frand W. Sandford, leader of the Holy Ghosters, arrives in Portland, Me., aboard the Coronet, on which he starved the fanatical mem-

bers of the party. He is arrested, Chinese national assembly convenes. 23-Winston Churchill is made England's first lord of the admiralty, being succeeded as home secretary by

Reginald McKenna. 26 - Philadelphia Athletics win world's baseball champtonship from

New York 29-Joseph Pulitzer, noted publisher,

Names of 18 new cardinals-designate announced

NOVEMBER. 1-President Taft reviews great battleship fleet at New York.

2-Kyrle Bellew, famous actor, dies. 4-Chinese rebels capture Shanghal, controlling mouth of Yangtse-Klang

5-Cal P. Rodgers arrives at Pasadena, Cal., concluding his epochal flight from New York to Pacific coast, Ambassador Guild-at St. Petersburg protests to Russia against alleged insuits to American Jews.

6-Persia refuses Russia's demand to remove W. Morgan Shuster, young American in charge of Perstan

finances. 7-New Mexico's first election as a state results in Democratic governor. Italian advance in Tripoli begins. 8-United States circuit court at

New York approves tobacco trust disso-16-Chinese republic appeals for rec-

ognition by the world. Russia starts troops for Persian fron-19-President Caceres of Santo Do-

mingo assassinated. 24-Henry Clay Beattle executed, 25-Miss Mildred Sherman marries Lord Camoys of England in New

30-Public consistory creating 19 cardinals at Rome.

DECEMBER. 1-McNamara brothers change pleas in dynamite case to "guilty."

2-King George arrives in India for the Durbar. 4-First regular session of Sixtysecond congress convenes.

5-J. B. McNamara sentenced for life, John J. to 15 years. President Taft sends congress message devoted entirely to trust problems.

6-Beef trust suit begun at Chi-8-Investigation board reports battleship Maine was destroyed by outside explosion.

9-207 miners entomber at Brice, ville, Tenn., by explosion. Constitution of Chinese republic framed. 12-Durbar at India held by King

George emperor of India. Republican national committee names Chicago, June 18, for 1912 national convention.

13-Sulzer bill abrogating passport treaty with Russia passed by house. 17-Alfred G. Vanderbilt weds Mrs. Margaret McKim in London.

Ambassador Curtiss Guild at instruction of President Taft, notifies Russia of intention to abrogate treaty of 1832. 19-Senate approves President Taft's abrogation of Russian treaty. President sends congress special message

on wool tariff. John Bigelow, America's "grand old man," dies, 21-Russian forces open hostilities

with Persia, bombarding the governor's palace at Tabriz.

Again the Poor Fat Man.

Among the passengers on a downtown car the other evening were a fat man, a lean man, who proved to be deaf, and a couple of giggly girls. On one of the side streets a German band was engaged in making life miserable for the residents of the neighborhood. The fat man shifted uneasily in his

lean man in a low tone, "Music!" The lean man put his hand to his ear and said, "Eh?"

seat and remarked sarcastically to the

"Music," repeated the man in louder tones. "Beg pardon, I am not able to hear," said the lean man.

"Music," yelled the fat man, so loud that the passengers all tittered and the little giggly girls all grew red in the face.

"Oh," said the lean man as he turned around and looked about him. The little German band was out of sight by this time, and the passengers laughed immoderately at the vain attempts of the unfortunate man to find the object of the fat man's comments. Fat men are proverbially good natured, and by that time the oddity of the situation had dawned upon this particular fat man.

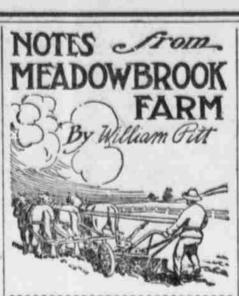
"Hum," he said, "you folks needn't laugh. Our friend saw fully as much music as you and I heard."

Natural Timeplece.

There is no need for clocks on the Aegean sea any day when the sun is shiping. There nature has arranged her only timepiece, one that does not vary though the centuries pass. This natural time marker is the largest sundial in the world. Projecting into the blue waters of the sea is a large promontory which lifts its head 3,000 feet above the waves. As the sun swings round, the pointed shadow of the mountain just touches one after the other a number of small islands, which are at exact distances apart | in gold. and act as hour marks on the great

The Lesser Evil. Marks-Why do you allow your wife to run up such big bills? Parks-Because I'd sooner have trouble with my creditors than with

her-that's why.



Study your horse.

Salt is essential for cows.

Give young pigs comfortable quar-

One breed is always better than a odgepodge.

It is not always the largest hen hat is the best layer.

If not moldy sorghum is an excellent

not forage for all stack. In order to have good-sized sheep grow them rapidly while young.

Poorly fed sheep will not produce ery good wool, nor good mutton. Equal parts of corn and oats are

hard to excel as a grain feed for

During an extra cold spell of weather, add a little corn to the sow's grain

Do not attempt to winter more sheep than can be done without crowding.

By the right kind of selection even the commonest dairy herd can be greatly improved.

Growing pigs should not be crowded into close, filthy quarters, exposed to vermin and disease.

The driver more than the horse is always more to blame for the animal's being vicious-if he ever is.

Leave a horse untied when hooked to a vehicle and he will be likely to mixed hay they will consume and be gone when you return for him. some of the cornstalks to pick over.

You will appreciate the difference between low-headed and high-headed trees when you are picking the crop.

Decaying vegetables in storage under the living rooms in the cellar are apt to promote ill health in the household. Keep both eyes open when near the gentle buil just the same as if he

The best dairy cow is the one that will convert the forage raised on the farm into the greatest amount of butter fat.

were ugly, or he may take you un-

A dairy thermometer comes into good play any time of year, but is especially valuable to have around for winter churning.

The supply of vegetable matter is

most easily maintained in the soil by

the growing of green crops and by the application of manure. Change in the conditions of dairyng is driving many men out of the work because they would rather quit

than improve their methods. Horse breeding requires more captal, is more profitable if successful, and involves larger losses if not, than any other kind of stock breeding.

Moles in a garden prove an intolerable nuisance. While they may be rapped, the only sure way is to inect bisulphate of carbon into their uns.

Give the old sows, and those that have been pulled down by late litters, extra care and feed, so they will go brough the winter in profitable con-

A half teaspoonful of Paris green added to heavily sweetened water or molasses will kill the cut worms, but care should be taken that the fowls cannot get at it.

An old horseman says that the

chief cause of colic in horses, or the ause of the largest per cent. of these cases, is brought through long abstinence from water. Alfalfa meal is becoming a popular ed, but in Kansas, where they raise

lot of that kind of hay, farmers

laim that the cow can do the grinding

cheaper than it can be done at the

When a man tells you that he has ows that he could milk all the year round if he would, see if you cannot gobble onto some of his stock. Cows. that hold out are worth their weight less danger of injury from rabbits,

Farmers all know that cream is a perishable product, but some do not realize the importance of cooling from the separator, and failure to quality.

Give salt regularly.

very farmer must have.

Cows should be kept out of the cold.

Rhubarb forcing may begin at any lime.

Egg production isn't made with a one-grain diet.

A hen can't lay unless it has an abundance of feed. The horse is the only animal which

When you go into town, invest in a good thermometer for the dairy.

Keep the ensilage covered, Frozen ensilage is no advantage to stock.

A good horseman never trots a draft horse, even when he has no load.

Sometimes size in sheep is secured

at the expense of activity and vitality.

It is a mistake to feed the pigs sour milk when they are learning to eat.

When at all indisposed, a turkey should be separated from the rest of the flock. A lamb that is large and strong will

stand weaning better, and also winter betber. Hogs are great lovers of warmth

and must have it for their most economical growth.

Size, vigor and activity of both cockerels and pullets are essential to good breeding of fowls.

The most beautiful horse is not worth much unless he has good, sound limbs and feet,

Supshine is life to all animals and all farm buildings should be so planned as to afford it. Wheat middlings can nearly always

with corn in fattening hogs. Rubbing the inside of the churn with dry salt after washing and wiping it helps in keeping it sweet.

be used to advantage in connection

When from any cause a horse is let stand idle in the stable his rations should be cut down to one-half. We should let the helfers have what

The individuality of each horse should be studied, and the feeds supplied to meet individual requirements.

The churn should be thoroughly scalded and cooled with clean, cold water before the cream is put into While growing colts should be al-

er will permit them to be exposed to the storm. If dusty hay is fed, sprinkle with water, and it will save the horse much annoyance, but better not feed

it at all.

lowed to run out as long as the weath-

Do not feed the cows corn meal if you are feeding corn silage for there is as much corn in the silage as the cows should have,

Be sure there are no narrow doors for the ewes to crowd through. One jam may cause the lose of a lamb, or both ewe and lamb. If the milker and cow are co-work-

ers in the milking business the milker

will have a larger pail full of good

milk when he has finished. An orchard that is poorly planted and carelessly managed the first year is often an irregular, unprofitable or-

The cow that has a liberal appetite and at the same time turns a large share of her feed into dairy products is the cow that brings the greatest profit.

chard for its entire existence.

stock. They relish it more than the most succulent thing you can put before them. The old saying that "the eye of the shepherd fattens the flock" is as true now as ever. The good feeder loves to watch the animals eat after they

Kindness is one of the cheapest and

best rations you can feed to your

The soil that is drained can be worked earlier not only because the farmer can get on the soil earlier, but because it is warmer than that which is soaked.

get their feed.

they both understand their relations without friction to themselves or the balance of the flock. Where the bodies of fruit trees are covered with a whitewash composed of lime and soft soap with a little crude carbolic acid added, there is

sunscald and insect pests that may at-

The ewe and lamb should be kept

in a small pen by themselves until

tack the bark. The dual purpose cow that gives about three gallons of milk a day, and produces a long-legged, slab-sided properly cool cream immediately steer that takes three years to mature after it comes from the separator is to make just passable beef, is not the the principal cause for the poor animal suitable to run on the highpriced farm of the twentieth century.

RATES HIGH ENOUGH

SECOND-CLASS INCREASE PLAN STIRS PUBLISHERS.

Efficiency of Hitchcock's Management of the Post Office Department Attacked by the A. N. P. A.

Washington .- The A. N. P. A., through its postal committee of which Don. C. Seltz of New York is chairman, has joined in the fight against the proposed increase in second-class rates and in its last bulletin the committee attacks the management of the post office department. The bulletin is as follows:

"The extent to which the post office department does not carry second-class matter is well revealed in the following abstract of inquiry of publishers conducted by house committee on expenditures in the post office department (William A. Ashbrook, chairman) concerning the volume, weight and handling of the output of publications entered as mail matter of the second-class for the

fiscal year ending June 30, 1911: " 'Inquiry was made of all publishers, approximating thirty thousand, of which nearly seventeen thousand are weekly publications.

"'More than ten thousand returns were received, embracing sixty-six plus per cent, of all tonnage of pub-Heations.

"The publications reporting represent an annual output of more than six and one-half billion copies, the weight of which was one and threequarter billion pounds.

"'These publications delivered by

mail in such period weighed 633,012,-902 nounds. "'They delivered by their own carriers, newsboys, and news companies 840,466,574 pounds, of which an unascertained percentage was carried to destination by express and other rail shipments outside the mail. They dolivered by express, 202,729,510 pounds, and by other rail shipments 121,491,-748 pounds. The rate by express and rail varies from 1/4 to 1 cent per pound, but the bulk of these shipments went at a rate of 1/4 to 1/4 cent

per pound. "The post office for the year ending June 30, 1911, handled 951,001,-669, and excluding one-half million pounds free in county matter, it re-

ceived one cent per pound." "All this goes to add to the absurdity of the proposed Hitchcock legislation doubling the second-class rate from one to two cents per pound, and limiting the 'privilege' to publications that carry as much reading matter as

they do advertising. "The proposition was stupid enough when the postal deficit reached \$17,-000,000 two years ago. It becomes preposterous in face of a surplus. "What business has a transporta-

tion corporation, which is all the post office is, to prescribe how a business shall be conducted? "Newspapers cannot afford to expand their columns beyond the call of the day's news, nor can they be expected to control the requirements of their advertisers who have a right

to reach the public as copiously as

"It cannot be assumed that such

they care to.

'egislation will ever get by congress. But publishers are requested to fight the theory that the right to send their output by mail is a "privilege." The figures show it is not. "The post office is a badly man-

aged business. That is all. We

should fight its dictation, its censor-

ship and its inefficiency."

Wanted the Documents. Commissioner General of Immigration Keefe was hearing the case of a woman who appealed to enter this, country notwithstanding serious charges had been brought against her morality.

Magdalene," he said. "See what was done in her case. Why cannot the same be done in the case of this wom-Bn ?" Mr. Keefe had been preoccupied. He called to the clerk and said: "Get me

the record in that Magdalene case."-

Her attorney pleaded that she might

do better if allowed to start on a new

life here. "Look at the case of Mary

New York World.

Went Deep for Foundation. In excavating the foundation of New York's municipal building a new record has been made for depth. At the southern end of the structure, which will house between 5,000 and 8,000 city employes when finished, the 'sandbags" went down 139 feet below the curbline, or 107 feet below sea

"And did you ever love any girl before you were introduced to me, Charlie?" said the bride of a few months.

Love at First Sight.

"Oh, yes," was the man's reply. "You did?" "Sure! When I first saw you."

A Backeliding Santa Claus. Mrs. Peavish says that before they were married Mr. Peavish used to say that if she would let him be her Santa Claus he would devote his life to sliding up and down the chimney 'for her. And now it makes him mad to have to take up ashes from the grate.

Consistency.

"I suppose you always say exactly what you think?" "I try to," replied Senator Sorghum; "but I also try to avoid thinking are thing it would not be expedient for me to say."