NOW MIND!

Give me your paw, old fellow. That's

Be a good dog, and mind on sight.

After the lesson we'll both have fun;
I'll take you off for a splendid run.

ORIGIN OF-WEDDING RINGS

According to Ancient Ritual Husband

Began by Placing Band on Thumb

According to the ancient ritual in marriage, the husband began the ring

business by placing it upon the bride's

thumb and putting it successively on

the next two fingers, pronouncing for each one a person of the Trinity; with a final amen when the fourth

finger was reached, and there the ring

The Greek church ritual directs that

the ring be placed upon the right

band. Puritan influence sought to

abolish the ring as a vain and heathen

emblem, but the sweet old fashion of

giving and taking emblem, "for our

in fashion nowadays and always depend, or should, on the purse of the donor. Where there are no limitations

of this sort his taste, if it be perfect,

will lead him to choose a dlamond

solitaire, and of the best he can af-

ford, a small and pure blue-white

stone being altogether preferable to

a large stone. Some prefer a ring set

with three stones, generally a sap-

phire set between two diamonds. Oth-

ers select a ruby or an emerald, which

Few persons choose pearls for an

engagement ring, as pearls are sup-

posed to typify tears. They are also

too perishable to become emblems of

love, which, in its first glow, at least,

is always understood to be indestruc-

tible. Their beauty is very precarious,

being dimmed or "aged," as the lapi-

dary expresses it, by contact with im-

pure air, while acid annihilates them

WHY LITTLE STARS TWINKLE

British Scientist Says Phenomena Is

Chiefly Effect Produced in Atmos-

phere on Waves of Light.

Perhaps you remember that in youth

some kindly elder soul took you into

the darkness of some glorious sum-

mer night and pointed out the stars

and planets, telling you glibly enough

that the unwinking star overhead was

a planet, while "that blue one down

there which twinkles" was a star. The

fact that planets shone only or mainly

with reflected light, while the stars

"burned," was supposed to explain the

twinkling, as against the steadfast

radiance. Even this young lilusion is

dispelled by a British scientist, who

"The twinkling of the stars is chief

ly an effect produced in our atmos-

phere upon the waves of light. It is

due to currents and strata of air of

different densities intermingling and

floating past each other, through which

the light passes to the eye. It is seen

much more in cold than in warm

weather, and near the horizon more

than overhead. The same effect may

be seen by looking out of a window

over a hot radiator, or at a candle

held on the other side of a hot stove,

so that one must look through a body

flame. The flame will be seen to

waver and quiver. The various layers

of air are at different densities and in

motion. Rapid twinkling of the stars

A QUESTION.

"I say, gran'pa, how d'you know

just how far up to wash your face?"

Conundrums.

Mr. James met three tramps this

morning. To the first he gave five

cents, to the second ten cents and to

the third ten cents. What time was

it? Do you all give up? It is easy

enough to see that it was a quarter to

In the days when Dan Rice was at

back rider he rode half a score of

three.

completely.

says:

signifies promise of happiness.

love's sake," yet remains to us. Betrothal or engagement rings vary

remained.

and Next Three Fingers.

TOY FOR TESTING THE LUNGS

Weight Is Wound Up as Wind Wheel Is Blown Around—Markings Indicate Relative Strength.

A device for testing the lung capacity that can be made at bome bas been designed by a Delaware man. A long piece of strong wire is bent to form a handle. One end of the wire is then bent at right angles to the handle, to form a shaft, and the other end is run for a short distance parallel to the shaft and then bent down and terminated in a loop. On the inner end of the shaft a spool with blades in it, to form a wind wheel, is journaled. On the outer end of the



Lung Testing Toy.

shaft is another spool to which a cord is fastened. The cord supports a little wooden ball. To test the lungs the device is held in front of the face and the wind wheel is blown around. As it revolves it winds up the cord. As there are markings on the cord to indicate how much is wound up the relative lung strength of the people using the aparatus can readily be determined.

ATHLETIC SUIT VERY USEFUL

Bloomers Under Skirt, Which Can Be Fastened Out of the Way-Convenient for Bicycle Riding.

Most girls prefer bloomers for wear in bathing or while indulging in other athletic exercises, but do not care to walk around in them. For their benefit a California man has designed a



Useful Athletic Suit.

costume which combines both bloom ers and skirt, but which provides for fastening the latter article out of the way. The skirt has a front flap which can be opened and fastened up to the of highly heated air at the candle waist, leaving the lower limbs free in the bifurcated garments and permitting much greater freedom of movement. The other part of the skirt is sewed fast to the seams of the bloom- is a sign of a change of weather." ers and when the wearer is swimming for instance, helps keep her afloat. This costume is also a convenient one for cycling, as the skirt can be fastened up when she dismounts. The waistband of the costume is of einstic dimensions.

YOUTH AND AGE.

I asked my pa a simple thing,
"Where holes in doughnuts go."
Pa read his paper then he said:
"Oh, you're too young to know,"

I asked my ma about the wind, "Why can't you see it blow?"

Ma thought a moment, then she said:
"Oh, you're too young to know."

Now, why on earth do you suppose They went and licked me so? Ma asked, "Where is that jam?" I said, "Oh, I'm too young to know."

Way to Open Pea Pod.

Little Ruth, aged four, was visiting in the country. One day she saw her grandmother opening some pods and asked what they were. "They are peas for your dinner, my dear," was the

A couple of days later the old lady was doing the same thing again, when Ruth said: "Grandma, may I help unbutton the peas?"

Thinking of Himself.

Little Elmer was riding on a hobby horse with a playmate. He was on the horse's neck, and did not feel comfort able. After a moment's reflection he

"Willie, I think if one of us gets off

I could ride better."

BEACHY A POPULAR BIRD MAN



The first cross-country race between aviators in this country was won by Lincoln Beachy, who flew from New York to Philadelphia, winning a prize of \$5,000. He also won several prizes at the recent international meet in Chicago, and excited plaudits from the thousands of spectators by his many daring "circus stunts" in the air Beachy not long ago attracted atten tion by his daring flights at Niagara Falls. Driving a Curtis biplane, be flew over the Falls, down under the auspension bridge and over the death dealing rapids. Frequently his ma chine was so close to the water that he was drenched with spray. Beachy is 21 years of age, and is one of the Curtis flyers. He is an ambitious avi ator, understands his machine, per fectly and never falls to perform

In the great cross-country race which he won, there were three com petitors who started on the long jour ney. Beachy made a brilliant flight making one landing at Trenton, where

he remained for about ten minutes. His actual flying time between the two cities was 2 hours 22 2-5 minutes. Most of the way he flew at the rate of a mile a minute. Robinson antshed about an hour later, having lost his way in New Jersey. Ely did not finish, having to land at Princeton, N J., because of motor trouble. The race attracted great interest and many thousands of spectators in New York, Philadelphia and along the routs cheered the aviators.

MADE SPECTACULAR CAMPAIGN

James K. Vardaman, who has been chosen at the primaries for the Mississippi seat in the United States senate, was formerly governor of the state. He was elected governor in 1993 and was defeated for senator by John Sharp Williams in 1907 and by Senator Percy in 1910.

Mr. Vardaman used spectacular methods in his recent unique senate campaign. One hundred and sixty oxen, harnessed in eighty spans, drew a charlot upon which Mr. Vardaman rode through the streets of Meridian in a most spectacular parade during his tour of Mississippi in the interest of his candidacy. There were five brass bands, and a guard of 100 prominent citizens rode horseback. Then came the Vardaman "car." The great string of animals, all white, carried white streamers bearing the legend: "Vote for the white chief!" and "Uphold the white South."

On the back of each ox was a man, shrouded in white. At each animal's head walked a white-clad torch-bearer,

A sort of throne was erected in the ox wagon and upon this gat Varda man. The candidate was in immaculate white linen and had a big white hat. His long bair fell free down his shoulders and was set off by the linen, Mr. Vardaman will not take his seat until March 14, 1913, and in conse-

quence it will be necessary to elect a senator to fill out Mr. Percy's unexpired term. This will be done by the coming legislature.

PUGILIST AND CLASS LEADER



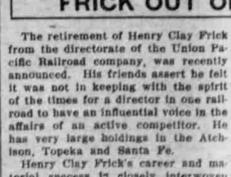
A. J. Drexel Biddle is probably one of the most unique personalities in the world. In him are united three distinct characteristics that are in every way opposite to one another. He is Philadelphia's millionaire society man. star pugilist and successful Bible class leader. He is a young man full of energy and spirit and so far he has made his career a unique one. He is known almost as well in Europe as in this country and since coming into his wealth has made himself known as a worker for the cause of philanthropy.

Mr. Biddle began life as a newspaper reporter. At the age of 19 he was an athletic young fellow, with a perfect passion for boxing. He would box with any one and at any time.

This is the man who has for years been giving his time to philanthropic work in Philadelphia. He is a member of the fashionable Church of the Holy Trinity, in Rittenhouse Square. In the parish house of the church, which is equipped with a commodious gymnasium, Mr. Biddle has found

ample room for the furtherance of his ideas of what up-to-date Christianity should be. Bible in hand, he leads the large Bible class on the days set apart for such teaching, and with those same able hands hidden in padded gloves he teaches the members of his class how to take their own part and give a good account of themselves in any troubles that may come to them in the world without the peaceful portals of the parish home.

FRICK OUT OF U. P. BOARD



terial success in closely interwoven with the history of the steel and iron industry. He was one of Andrew Carnegle's lieutenarts, and was deep in the confidence of that fronmaster. They had a serious disagreement, however, when Mr. Carnegle took over the \$1,000,000 forfeit money which Frick deposited as a "binder" to buy the Carnegie properties but which project falled. Later Carnegle sold his interests to the United States Steel corporation for at least three times the price he named to Frick and associ-

the height of his fame as a borse-Union Pacific and Atchison are socalled competing roads at many points, and Mr. Prick's interest and activity carreering horses at once. What time was it then? Going on ten, of in the United States Steel corporation, which frequently has sold large supplies to those roads has resulted at times in adverse criticism.



TIP for the



Bonny lad with gold laced coat Buttoned tightly to your throat, You have checked my hat for me All this summer— Let me see. When 'Iwas now you first began To care for it, little man;
And each day when I came in
You received it—with a grin
At the first, and then your smile
Faded wholly after while.

Day by day you took the hat.
Day by day your hopes fell flat:
I could almost know the time
You despatred about the dime.
Still with plucky hope you came
To receive it, just the same, And with optomistic faith
Which changed to a wistful wraith
Of a smile, you greeted me
As politely as might be.

Homeitmes you were very grum
When at noon you saw me come;
Bomeitmes you were blithe and bland
As you took it from my handI could see what was your bent;
First, the subtle blandishment.
Then the haughty air and stern
As though you a tip would spurn,
Then a pitying glance, whose aim
Was to make me yield through shame

Well, my lad, if I each time
Had have yielded up that dime,
I by now had paid to you
What the hat cost when 'twas newstill I've had this two meaths' use
Of the hat; that's my excuse.
Coax the smile now to your lips;
Here, I'll give you all the tips
Of the summer, as to that,
You, my lad, may keep the hat!

SIDELIGHTS ON THE EMINENT.

The downger duchess of Plimworthy, whenever she rides on the train, always sits down at least between stations.

His grace the earl of Buzzwuzz has favor the spread of the disease. an odd trait that has often been commented upon by those who have the worth the trouble of any poultryman honor of his acquaintance. He al- to cure all the affected birds and to ways taps his boiled egg with a knife carefully examine any birds purchased to break the shell.

Lord Elpus has a strong literary bent, but refuses to yield to the importunities of his friends to exercise it. He writes freely from left to period. In this his style is precisely that of Thackeray,

The little baron Blymy, who is now eight years old, created no end of delighted approbation recently by getting his hands soiled and washing them as any ordinary child would do.

Lady Elfryda Montmorency has a decided penchant for carrying an umbrella when out in the rain.

Prince Gwillym, of Wales, is an enthusiastic amateur collector of snapshots. He has been made curator of the art gallery in recognition of his

Putting It Wrong, Perhaps. "O, yes," said the bewitching maiden, "I have often tried to cook, but, do you know, it seems impossible for me to eat anything I prepare. suppose it is caused by the worry of

working over the range." "Yes," answered the foolish man. But, don't you know, it takes a woman a long time to learn how to cook anything she, or anybody else, can

It Worried Him.

"Yes," said the first doctor, "I bave a case up on Blinker street that is causing me a great deal of worrtment?

"Indeed?" asked the second doctor Are you wendering whether or not the patient will get well?"

"Not so much that as I am puzzled over whether or not he will pay my

Haughty Thing. "What do you think of Miss Star fish?" asked the lobster. "Not so very much," answered the

oyster. "I proposed to her last night and she called me a lobater." "And when I proposed to her she abut me up like an oyster,"

"But, papa, I would be content to live on a crost with Harold." "On a crust? Huh! Harold couldn't raise the dough."

Thebur Dresbit though they had not.



SCALY LEG DISEASE CURED

Contagious Ailment Affecting Under-Caused by Little Mite.

A minute mite is the cause of a con-tagious disease affecting the legs of fewls, turkeys, pheasants, pairidges and cage birds. According to some authorities it sometimes affects the comb and beak also. The mites exenvate places under the skin where they live and breed.

This very common disease is easily recognized by the enlarged roughened appearance it gives the foot and shank. The discase is present in most flocks unless especial care has been taken to exclude it. It is slightly coninglous, but usually only a few birds in a dock appear to be infected.

The scales on the foot and leg of an effected bird is raised by a crusty substance deposited beneath them. The lesions usually appear first near the



A. Normat Leg of Hen. B. Leg of Hen Affected With Scaly Leg

joints between the toes and foot. The parts affected first appear to be enlarged and then the scales are raised, giving a roughened appearance.
In early stages the disease does not

appear to disturb the general health of the fowl. As it progresses the birds become lame and sometimes the foot

becomes so badly diseased that joints or even whole toes drop off.

The infection from bird to bird probably takes place on the roosts or from mother to chick. The conditions which favor its spread in a flock are dry, barren runs, especially on alkaor cinders. Foul roosting, places also

The disease is easily cured and it is that infected ones may be treated before they are introduced into the

flock Individual treatment is necessary. Penetrating oils and ointments are used successfully. If the case is not right and ends each sentence with a far advanced, application of oil or cintment at intervals of two to three days will soon do the work.

Oil of caraway, (1 part of oil of caraway to 5 parts white vaseline) is recommended by many. This should be rubbed into the leg and foot every few days until signs of the disease disappear. Another remedy is a mixture of one part of coal oil or kerosene and two parts raw linesed oil.

With any treatment which involves the use of kerosene care must be taken not to wet the feathers of the leg. as this causes irritation and sometimes burns the skin.

SELF-FEEDER FOR DRY MASH

Easily Constructed Out of an Old Oil Can, Fourteen Inches Square With Sultable Cover.

We made a pall for feeding dry ground grains out of an oil can, says writer in the Farm and Home. is 14 ins. square, with a cover. With a can opener we cut a slit across one



A Feeder for Dry Mash.

corner 2 in, above the bottom and drove in the corner about 4 in. The edges of the tin were turned down to make it smooth. It is hung against the side of the coop just far enough from the floor so the fawls can reach it nicely.

Care for Little Pallows. Some people presume that young chicks, ducks and goslings ought to have as much sense as a grown man Maybe they have as much as some men but they must be cared for as