

IRA L. BARE, Editor and Publisher

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FRIDAY, OCT. 17, 1902.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- For Governor—JOHN H. MICKLEY. For Lieutenant Governor—E. G. MOGLITON. For Treasurer—PETER MORTENSON. For Secretary of State—G. W. MARSH. For Auditor—CHARLES WESTON. For Supt. of Public Instruction—WILLIAM K. FLOWER. For Attorney General—P. N. PROUT. For Commissioner of Public Lands—GEORGE D. FOLLMER. For Congress, Sixth District—MOSES P. KINKAID. For State Senator—W. D. GIFFIN. For Representative—GEO. C. McALLISTER. For County Attorney—C. H. DAVIS. For County Commissioner—C. A. GLAZE.

The Coal Strike Settled.

President Roosevelt was successful in bringing together Wednesday the contending factions in the great anthracite coal strike, and that labor difficulty has been settled. The conference, brought about by the president, began early Wednesday forenoon and was not finally concluded until early yesterday morning. A commission of six persons will adjust the differences between the operators and the miners, and mining will at once be resumed without awaiting the final decisions of the commission. This commission was appointed by President Roosevelt and is composed of General Wilson, late chief of engineers of the United States army; E. W. Parker, an expert mining engineer; George Gray, judge of a United States court; E. E. Clark, grand chief of the order of railway conductors; Thos. H. Watkins, a man well versed in the mining and selling of coal; and Bishop John L. Spalding of Peoria, Ill. Carroll D. Wright has been appointed recorder of the commission.

This coal strike began on the 13th day of last May and 183,500 miners and others were thrown out of employment. The total loss to the miners, operators, railroads and other business interests is estimated to have been two hundred million dollars, nearly half of which was suffered by the operators.

It is predicted that within a week 100,000 tons of coal per day can be mined and shipped, and that in less than a month all the markets can be fairly well supplied.

Trusts operate as freely, or even more so, in free trade England, as in protected Germany, which is proof positive that the tariff is not the father or even the mother of the trust. Democratic theories cannot stand against that practical demonstration of fact. The question was tersely handled by the Hon. Edward L. Hamilton, of Michigan, in the house of representatives during the last session of Congress. He said: "In the last analysis the question of tariff removal resolves itself into a choice between foreign and domestic corporations, or if it does not do that, it revolves itself into a question of reduced American wages. If foreign combinations should get possession of our markets what assurances have we that they would not raise prices, what redress have we?" Now there is a whole sermon in a few lines of the question of the tariff and the trusts. It's a good little sermon to think over.—Cozad Tribune.

The Goal in Sight. M. P. Kinkaid is running for Congress out in the "Big Sixth." He has done that upon two occasions and each time he has been able to say that he was a candidate; that was all.

But the first time he ran he was defeated by just 2,354 votes. The second time, opposed by the same candidate, he was beaten by a mere 209. Only one year intervened between those elections and in that year Judge Kinkaid gained just 2,145 votes upon William Neville.

Two years have passed since that last test of strength, and during that time the "Big Sixth" has been growing more strongly republican each day. Based upon the result of the vote for supreme judge, the district is republican today by 1,327 votes, and, as Judge Kinkaid is as strong as his party, there can be no doubt but that he will at last receive the reward of his hard labors in the harness.

The Star likes to see a man who is tenacious and courageous; a man who, confident of his own abilities, refuses to accept "Dame Fortune's" frowns as final dismissals, and who sticks to his game until he wins it. Such a man is Moses P. Kinkaid, and his time for winning is but a few short weeks off.—Lincoln Star.

RETURNING Alaskan miners bring a report that as fast as the Klondike claims are worked out they are being turned over to promoters who intend to put them into corporations and use them as the means of selling large quantities of neatly printed but worthless mining stock in the United States. It is probable that some of these new companies will be able to show ownership in the most famous claims of the Klondike, and purchasers who do not know that the gold has been all taken out are likely to be taken in by the wholesale. It is said to be a fact that the rule is for individual miners to work their claims so long as enough gold remains to make it profitable. When the end of placer mining is reached it is time to turn it over for exploitation by the mining stock sharks.—State Journal.

The imperialistic tendency of the republican administration at Washington is again shown in the order just issued by the war department reducing the strength of the army to 56,000, or the minimum prescribed by law. Another of the things that Bryan and the anti-imperialists large and small, and the timid people who shudder at the thought of a uniform, foresaw and viewed with alarm was the system of militarism growing up under the frowning hulk of imperialism begun and fostered by the McKinley administration. Like the rest of the "scars" that were sown to the winds by Bryan and caught up on the various currents of Bryanism throughout the country, militarism has evaporated completely.—Kearney Hub.

SOME one has figured out that the products of the hens of Nebraska amount to a greater sum of money than do the sales of horses. There is no question but chickens are a great help to the average farmer; in many instances the products of the poultry yard go a long way toward paying the grocery bill.

His Life in Peril.

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Tex., "billiousness and a lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50c at Streitz's drug store.

OLD PEOPLE



Do not always receive the sympathy and attention which they deserve. Their ailments are regarded as purely imaginary, or natural and unavoidable at their time of life. Disease and infirmity should not always be associated with old age. The eye of the gray haired grandire may be as bright and the complexion as fair as any of his younger and more vigorous companions.

Good Blood is the secret of healthy old age, for it regulates and controls every part of the body, strengthens the nerves, makes the muscles elastic and supple, the bones strong and the flesh firm; but when this life fluid is polluted or poisoned and loses its nutritive, health sustaining elements, then there is a rapid decline of the vital powers, resulting in premature old age and disease. Any derangement of the blood quickly shows itself in an ulcer, sore, wart, tumor or some other troublesome growth upon the body, and rheumatic and neuralgic pains become almost constant, accompanied with poor digestion and cold extremities.

S. S. S. being purely vegetable, is the safest and best blood purifier for old people. It does not shock or hurt the system like the strong mineral remedies, but gently and thoroughly cleanses the blood and stimulates the debilitated organs, when all bodily ailments disappear. S. S. S. is just such a tonic as old people need to improve a weak digestion and tone up the stomach. If there is any hereditary taint, or the remains of some disease contracted in early life, S. S. S. will search it out and remove every vestige of it from the system.

Write us fully about your case and let our physicians advise and help you. This will cost you nothing, and we will mail free our book on blood and skin diseases. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

STATISTICS show that for each seven marriages in Indiana for the year ending June 30, 1902, there was one divorce. This is certainly a remarkable ratio of conjugal mishaps, and the worst feature is that not only in Indiana but in other states the ratio is steadily increasing.

About five years ago a party living in this county, who is not now a subscriber to the Register, lost a two year old filly. It was taken up by a neighbor only a few miles away and advertised according to law in the Register and in due time was sold and became the lawful property of the purchaser, who in this case case was the advertiser. It was not until a few days ago that the loser of the animal found out where she was, and that she had been advertised and sold according to law. The mare and her increase is now valued at from \$400 to \$500. This is only one illustration of how a man loses money by being too penurious to take his county paper.—Chappell Register.

The production of Holden Bros. Denver Express promises a few genuine surprises in theatrical achievements, both mechanically and artistically. One critic who witnessed the first production in New York, wrote thus tersely of it: "A great deal of laughter, a tear or two, a thrill and a vision of human nature that touches the heart and sends you away in pleasant thoughts." Denver Express will be at the opera house Thursday evening, Oct. 23d.

Vice Presidents Mulberry and Wilson of the Machinists' Union returned this morning from Chicago, where they have been addressing various union meetings in behalf of the Union Pacific strike. They brought with them \$500, a first installment of \$5,000 that Chicago district No. 8 of the machinists donated to the strikers. The money will be paid in ten weekly installments of \$500 each and Mr. Wilson states that there is a promise of as much more from Chicago if the sum was needed.—Omaha News.

The Omaha Daily News is going to give another piano to the most popular lady in Nebraska. The Omaha Daily News sends a paper every day in the year, by mail, for \$1 00; including Sunday, \$2 00.

America's Famous Beauties look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Sores, Pimples. They don't have them, nor will any one, who uses Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eczema or Salt Rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains. Infallible for Piles. 25c at A. F. Streitz's Drug Store.

Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered for years," writes P. Muse, Durham, N. C., "Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best pills on earth and only 25c at A. F. Streitz's Drug Store.

Advertisement for Matt J. Johnson's Great Blood and Rheumatic Cure. Features '6088' brand and 'Blood Tonic'.

THE PROFESSIONAL LETTER THIEF

Bold Rogues of Paris Rob the Street Letter Boxes. In Paris the gentle art of letter stealing has reached such proportions as to call for government interference. The letter thief goes about with a little wire, one end of which is bent into a sharp hook, and fishes letters out of the street letter boxes when nobody is looking. Last year the French postal authorities estimate that no less than 25,000 letters were thus stolen. Now they are putting up boxes with sharp teeth in the slits for posting, which, they hope, will render it impossible for the thieves to continue their letter fishing successfully. The principal object of the letter thieves is, of course, to get hold of letters which contain money or valuables, but every letter which they catch they read carefully and sometimes they find in it something of more value than a small sum of money; that is, information which they can use for purposes of blackmail. Many men and women of the gay French capital have been made to "pay through the nose" to get back incriminating letters which have been stolen by the professional thieves from the street letter boxes.—New York Press.

WERE HARDLY EDUCATED ENOUGH

Smart Commercial Traveler Know How to Get Rid of Flies. He was a smart commercial traveler visiting a small town in the middle of the summer, when water was scarce, thermometers burst, and flies alone were lively. At the hotel he took some cooling drinks and asked for a bed. The landlord said he could have half a dozen beds, because no one in the place wanted them—the flies would allow no sleep. The traveler smiled, paid for his room and retired. In the morning he went downstairs, looking fresh as paint and whistling merrily. All round were heavy-eyed men, who envied him his brisk spirits. The landlord marveled. "Did you sleep?" he asked. "Like a top," was the answer, "Your flies don't know enough for me. I just closed the windows against newcomers, set a jar of honey on the floor and waited until the flies in the room had settled on it. Then I hived them with my sample box. No, your flies are hardly educated enough to beat me."

To Honor Southern Leader.

Until recently southern people have been divided whether to make the birthday of Gen. Lee or of Jefferson Davis a Confederate memorial day. Now there is a growing feeling in favor of giving the honor to Davis. There is a strong movement in Mississippi favoring the purchase and perpetual maintenance of the old Davis homestead at Beauvoir. June 3 was the confederate leader's birthday.

Stem from Giant Geyser.

A new giant geyser of Rotomahana, N. Z., is attracting attention. A mass of boiling water, half an acre in extent rises in a grand dome, from which a column of water and stone rises to 200 feet, while immense columns of steam ascend as far as can be seen.

The Art of Friendship.

In an article on "The Art of Friendship," in Macmillan's Magazine, the writer is rather pessimistic of to-day's friendships. He seems inclined to think that friendship is a lost art. His remarks: "There is reason for a suspicion, if not more than a suspicion, that the art of friendship is dead among us. The friendship of the ancients, both of Greece and Rome, was very exacting. In modern times we should look a long day for such mutual regard as that of Damon and Pythias, which softened the heart of Dionysius himself. Friendship, in our crowded days, covers a wider area, but as in the case of all extensive developments it has lost intensity. It has become a Swift described it—the friendship of the middling kind." But rarely do we see the stubborn, stoical, mutual regard which Cicero describes; self-annihilating, seeking for excellence, priceless-rich in trust and confidence.

Emphatically Appropriate.

"The appropriate hymn is as far to seek as the right text," remarked a famous divine, "but occasionally it comes to hand without effort. "A certain Freshyterian church once invited a preacher to address the Sunday school, who proved to be undeniably tedious. The children began playing, and the adults looked dismal. "When the good man at last finished, there was a swish of drapery and the shifting of feet and a battery of coughs, which meant the sudden discharge of long pent-up impatience. Then an elder arose who saw that the general restlessness must be turned in some harmless direction. "Accordingly, he shot quickly and at a venture. 'Let us all unite in singing hymn 571,' suggested he. The audience was evidently delighted with the elder's choice, for there was rare heartiness in rendering the old favorite, 'Hallelujah! 'Tis Done.'—New York Tribune.

Hard-Working Novelists.

Great is the industry and fertile is the imagination of Gw Boothby, the English novelist. In less than eight years he has published some twenty-six books, the majority of which have achieved more than ordinary success. Mr. Boothby is a South Australian by birth, is 35 years old, and crossed Australia and traveled extensively in the East before he settled down to novel writing.

Anecdote of Tizza.

An amusing anecdote is related of the late Hungarian statesman, Tizza, who when one day dining at the Hofburg with the emperor placed a large pear upon his plate at dessert. The emperor remarked to his minister that cold fruit after a hot dinner was injurious to the digestion. Tizza replied, "The stomach of a Hungarian premier, your majesty, is obliged to be a strong one."

Do You Want to Yawn?

Feel cold shiverings, aching in the bones, lack of energy, headache and great depression? These symptoms may be followed by violent headache, high fever, extreme nervousness, a condition known as malaria. Herbine cures it. Take it before the disease gets a fair hold, though it will work cures in any stage. J. A. Hopkins, Manchester, Kan., writes "I have used your great medicine, Herbine, for several years. There is nothing better for malaria, chills and fever, headache, biliousness, and for a blood purifying tonic, there is nothing as good" 50c at A. F. Streitz's Corner Drug Store.

TIMBER CULTURE FINAL PROOF—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., September 2, 1902. Notice is hereby given that Nicholas S. Smith has filed notice of intention to make final proof before register and receiver of the United States Land Office at North Platte, Nebraska, for the northeast quarter of section 10, in township 9, north of range 31, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1896 in the sum of 16.53; for the year 1897 in the sum of 13.33; for the year 1898 in the sum of 8.31; for the year 1899 in the sum of 7.77; for the year 1900 in the sum of 3.66; amounting in the total sum of \$54.21; with interest on the sum of 30.46 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1902, all of which is due and unpaid.

LEGAL NOTICE.

The Defendants, Joseph Bowers, Mrs. Joseph Bowers, his wife, first real name unknown, and Richard Roe, real name unknown, will take notice that on the 18th day of August, 1902, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed a petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, daily assessed by said plaintiff against the west half of east half of section 18, in township 13, north of range 26, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1899, in the sum of 13.15; for the year 1900, in the sum of 6.56; for the year 1901, in the sum of 6.98; amounting in the total sum of \$26.69; with interest on the sum of \$20.58 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1902, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday the 24th day of Nov. 1902. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN. (A Corporation.) By H. S. RIDGELY, Its Attorney.

LEGAL NOTICE.

The Defendants, Joseph Bowers, Mrs. Joseph Bowers, his wife, first real name unknown, and Richard Roe, real name unknown, will take notice that on the 18th day of August, 1902, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed a petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, daily assessed by said plaintiff against the west half of east half of section 18, in township 13, north of range 26, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1899, in the sum of 13.15; for the year 1900, in the sum of 6.56; for the year 1901, in the sum of 6.98; amounting in the total sum of \$26.69; with interest on the sum of \$20.58 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1902, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday the 24th day of Nov. 1902. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN. (A Corporation.) By H. S. RIDGELY, Its Attorney.

Legal Notice.

The Defendants, Joseph Bowers, Mrs. Joseph Bowers, his wife, first real name unknown, and Richard Roe, real name unknown, will take notice that on the 18th day of August, 1902, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed a petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, daily assessed by said plaintiff against the north-west quarter of section 1, in township 13, north of range 26, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1899, in the sum of 13.15; for the year 1900, in the sum of 6.56; for the year 1901, in the sum of 6.98; amounting in the total sum of \$26.69; with interest on the sum of \$20.58 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1902, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday the 24th day of Nov. 1902. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN. (A Corporation.) By H. S. RIDGELY, Its Attorney.

Legal Notice.

The Defendants, Allen J. Cloud, (Impleaded with Frederick Leach et al.) will take notice that on the 4th day of November, 1901, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, daily assessed by said plaintiff against the west half of east half of section 18, in township 13, north of range 23, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1895 in the sum of \$17.50; for the year 1896 in the sum of 16.50; for the year 1897 in the sum of 15.34; for the year 1898 in the sum of 10.10; for the year 1899 in the sum of 6.07; for the year 1900 in the sum of 3.67; amounting in the total sum of 69.36; with interest on the sum of 51.72 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1901, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 21th day of November, 1902. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN. (A Corporation.) By H. S. RIDGELY, Its Attorney.

Legal Notice.

The Defendants, Willis S. Hill, Mrs. Willis S. Hill his wife, first real name unknown, Geo. L. Tolson, and Richard Roe, real name unknown, will take notice that on the 2d day of Sept., 1902, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, daily assessed by said plaintiff against the northeast quarter of section 10, in township 9, north of range 31, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1896 in the sum of 16.53; for the year 1897 in the sum of 13.33; for the year 1898 in the sum of 8.31; for the year 1899 in the sum of 7.77; for the year 1900 in the sum of 3.66; amounting in the total sum of \$54.21; with interest on the sum of 30.46 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1902, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 1st day of September, 1902. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN. (A Corporation.) By H. S. RIDGELY, Its Attorney.

TIMBER CULTURE FINAL PROOF—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., September 2, 1902. Notice is hereby given that Nicholas S. Smith has filed notice of intention to make final proof before register and receiver of the United States Land Office at North Platte, Nebraska, for the southeast quarter of section 10, in township 9, north of range 31, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1896 in the sum of 16.53; for the year 1897 in the sum of 13.33; for the year 1898 in the sum of 8.31; for the year 1899 in the sum of 7.77; for the year 1900 in the sum of 3.66; amounting in the total sum of \$54.21; with interest on the sum of 30.46 at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of Sept., 1902, all of which is due and unpaid.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Brittingham, deceased. In the County Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska, Sept. 25, 1902. Notice is hereby given that the creditors of said estate, before the County Judge of Lincoln county, Nebraska, at the county court room, in said county, on the 16th day of October, 1902, and on the 16th day of April, 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m. each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims, and one year for the administrators to settle said estate from the 16th day of October, 1902. A. S. BALDWIN, County Judge.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., on November 29th, 1902, viz: FREDERICK SCHROEDER, who made Homestead Entry No. 17941, for the east half of northwest quarter of section 11, town 14, north of range 14, west of sixth principal meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward E. Moseley, and Edward Eves of North Platte, Neb.; Thos. Tetz, of Wash. See, Neb.; and Austin L. Fletcher, of Echo, Neb. G. E. FRENCH, Register.

TIMBER CULTURE FINAL PROOF—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office North Platte, Neb., September 2, 1902. Notice is hereby given that Nicholas S. Smith has filed notice of intention to make final proof before register and receiver of the United States Land Office at their office in North Platte, Neb., on Saturday, the 16th day of October, 1902, on timber culture application No. 11, for the east half of southwest quarter and lots 6 and 7 of section No. 6, in township No. 9, north of range No. 31, west of sixth principal meridian, Nebraska. He names as witnesses: Gilbert Smith, Theodore Smith, Lee Smith and John F. Brittain, all of Somerset, Nebraska. G. E. FRENCH, Register.