

IRA L. BARE, Editor and Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year cash in advance, \$1.00; Six Months cash in advance, .65 cents.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 2, 1902.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- For Governor—JOHN H. MICKY. For Lieutenant Governor—E. G. MCGILTON. For Treasurer—PETER MONTENSON.

A GOOD beefsteak in Berlin costs forty-four cents per pound. It therefore follows that a great many Berliners are not eating good beefsteak.

WHILE it is true that the lumber supply of this country is rapidly decreasing, it is some comfort to know that in one county in Oregon the standing timber is estimated an eight billion feet.

NEARLY one million people are on the United States pension rolls; in other words almost one person in seventy-five draws a pension.

So far the only people in the state who express dissatisfaction over the nomination of J. H. Mickey are democratic papers and democratic orators.

Now that Editor Rosewater has punctured Governor Savage's gas bag the public generally will anxiously await the drawing forth of that "something" which the governor claims he has up his sleeve.

A COMPARISON of the conditions in the United States at decennial intervals from 1800 to 1850 and annually from 1850 to 1900, is presented in a monograph just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics.

Who Cast the Vote? A man ran for mayor in a Texas town and got one vote. The next morning friend No. 1 said to him: "I'm sorry you didn't get but one vote; I put that in."

Contagious Blood Poison

using the same toilet articles, or otherwise coming in contact with persons who have contracted it.

It begins usually with a little blister or sore, then swelling in the groins, a red eruption breaks out on the body, sores and ulcers appear in the mouth, the throat becomes ulcerated, the hair, eye brows and lashes fall out; the blood becoming more contaminated, copper colored spots and pustular eruptions and sores appear upon different parts of the body, and the poison even destroys the bones.

S. S. S. is a Specific for this loathsome disease, and cures it even in the worst forms. It is a perfect antidote for the powerful virus that pollutes the blood and penetrates to all parts of the system.

FIGURES ABOUT RAILROADS. Total Receipts Increase One Hundred Million Dollars.

Total receipts from the operation of all the railroads in the United States during the year ending June 30, 1901, was \$1,588,526,037, an increase of over \$101,000,000.

This fact is shown by the summary of the annual report of the interstate commerce commission. The report covers the twelve months ending June 30, 1901. The summary states that tonnage for the year decreased over 12,000,000 tons and still the gross receipts from operation increased over \$101,000,000, apparently disproving the claim that there has been a general reduction in freight rates.

The number of railways in the hands of receivers was forty-five, a net decrease of seven as compared with the corresponding date of the year previous. The capital stock represented by the railways in the charge of receivers was \$49,478,257, funded debt \$54,748,662 and current liabilities \$14,183,230.

The total single track railway mileage in the United States was 197,237 miles, this mileage having increased during the year 3,892 miles.

The operated single track mileage, in respect to which detailed returns were made, was 195,571 miles, this mileage including 5,606 miles of line on which track privileges were granted. Including tracks of all kinds, the aggregate length of railway mileage was 275,265, an increase of 6,582 miles.

There were 39,581 locomotives in the service of the railways, which was 1,921 more than were in use the preceding year. The total number of cars of all classes in the service of the railways on the date stated was 1,550,833, there having been an increase of 99,995 in rolling stock of this class.

The number of persons in the employment of the railways of the United States was 1,071,169, or an average of 548 employes per 100 miles of line. As compared with June 30, 1900, the number of employes increased 53,516.

The amount of railway capital outstanding was \$11,688,177,991. This amount, on a mileage basis, represents a capitalization of \$61,528 per mile of line. Of the total capital stated \$5,806,597,104 existed in the form of stock, of which \$4,475,439,721 was common stock and \$1,331,157,383 preferred stock.

The number of passengers carried was 607,278,121, showing an increase for the year of 30,412,891.

The number of tons of freight carried during the year was 1,089,266,440, a decrease of 12,453,798 being shown. The gross earnings from the operation of the railways in the United States were \$1,588,526,037, being \$101,481,223 more than for the fiscal year of 1900. The operating expenses were \$1,030,397,270, having increased in comparison with the year preceding \$68,968,759.

The total number of casualties to persons on account of railway accidents were 61,794, the number of persons killed having been 8,455 and the number injured 53,339. Of railway employes 2,675 were killed and 41,142 were injured. The number of passen-

Is the name sometimes given to what is generally known as the BAD DISEASE. It is not confined to dens of vice or the lower classes. The purest and best people are sometimes infected with this awful malady through handling the clothing, drinking from the same vessels, blister or sore, then swelling in the groins, a red eruption breaks out on the body, sores and ulcers appear in the mouth, the throat becomes ulcerated, the hair, eye brows and lashes fall out; the blood becoming more contaminated, copper colored spots and pustular eruptions and sores appear upon different parts of the body, and the poison even destroys the bones.

Ten years ago I contracted a bad case of Blood Poison. I was under treatment of a physician until I found that he could do me no good. Then began taking S. S. S. I commenced to improve at once and in a very short time all evidence of the disease disappeared. I took six bottles and today am sound and well.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

gers killed during the year was 282, and the number injured 4,988. The number of persons other than employes and passengers killed was 5,498 and injured 7,209.

Representative Convention. NORTH PLATTE, NEB., Aug. 11, '02. To the republican electors of the 54th Representative District of Nebraska: There will be a delegate convention held at Ogalalla, Keith county, Nebraska, on Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 1 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating one republican candidate for representative in and for said 54th district, to be elected at the November, 1902, general election, and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

The delegates present to cast the full vote of their counties. No proxies to be seated in said convention.

Senatorial Convention. The Republican Electors of the 8th Senatorial district of Nebraska are requested to send delegates to a Senatorial convention at Ogalalla, Neb., on Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary. The several counties in the district are entitled to representation as follows:

- Banner.....3 Cheyenne.....7 Deuel.....4 Keith.....3 Kimball.....2 Lincoln.....13 McPherson.....2 Perkins.....3 Scotts Bluff.....5

The delegates present to cast the full vote of their delegations in case of absentees therein.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of an order of sale issued from the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon a decree of foreclosure rendered in said court wherein The County of Lincoln, a corporation, is plaintiff and William L. Willard et al. are defendants and to me directed, I will on the 27th day of September, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court house in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, the following described property, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section 18, township 9, range 34, west of sixth P. M. Lincoln county, Nebraska. Dated North Platte, Neb., August 25, 1902. L. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of an order of sale issued from the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon a decree of foreclosure rendered in said court wherein The County of Lincoln, a corporation, is plaintiff and John F. M. Lincoln, et al. are defendants and to me directed, I will on the 27th day of September, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court house in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, the following described property, to-wit: The northeast quarter of section 18, township 9, range 34, west of sixth P. M. Lincoln county, Nebraska. Dated North Platte, Neb., August 25, 1902. L. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., August 7th, 1902. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver, United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., on September 29th, 1902, viz:

JOHN T. COATES, who made Homestead Entry No. 17669, for the southeast quarter of section 4, town 11, north of range 35, west 6th P. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward Johnson and Hanny Lagergren, of Brady, Neb.; Eric Nelson and John Anderson, of Spanaway, Neb. G. E. FRENCH, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., August 16th, 1902. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver, United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., on October 4th, 1902, viz:

JOHN T. COATES, who made Homestead Entry No. 17669, for the southeast quarter of section 4, town 11, north of range 35, west 6th P. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward Johnson and Hanny Lagergren, of Brady, Neb.; Eric Nelson and John Anderson, of Spanaway, Neb. G. E. FRENCH, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., August 16th, 1902. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver, United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., on October 4th, 1902, viz:

JOHN T. COATES, who made Homestead Entry No. 17669, for the southeast quarter of section 4, town 11, north of range 35, west 6th P. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward Johnson and Hanny Lagergren, of Brady, Neb.; Eric Nelson and John Anderson, of Spanaway, Neb. G. E. FRENCH, Register.

RAILROAD TAXATION COMPARED.

Statement of Taxes Paid by the Union Pacific Railroad in 1901, in Nebraska.

Table showing taxes paid by Union Pacific Railroad in Nebraska for 1901. Columns include County and Taxes Paid. Total: 947.76 Miles, \$207,836.51-\$314.32 per mile.

Tax per mile, Pennsylvania Railroad.....\$307.49 Tax per mile, Union Pacific Main Line in Nebraska..... 473.22 Tax per mile, Northern Pacific Railroad in 1900..... 163.72 Average Tax per mile in Nebraska, 1900..... 198.86 (Inter-State Commerce Commission.)

Statement of the Taxes Paid by the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company in 1901.

Table showing taxes paid by Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company in 1901. Columns include County and Taxes Paid. Total: 271.16 miles, \$59,402.92-\$219.03 per mile.

So in this bulletin we will take some southern states, among others, for lines of comparison.

Table comparing taxes paid by railroads in various states. Columns include State, Railroads, Miles, Tax Paid, Net Earnings Per Mile, and Tax Per Mile.

LEGAL NOTICES. Sheriffs Sale. By virtue of an order of sale issued from the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, upon a decree of foreclosure rendered in said court wherein The County of Lincoln, a corporation, is plaintiff and George H. Robinson, et al. are defendants and to me directed, I will on the 27th day of September, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court house in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, the following described property, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section 34, township 9, range 34, west sixth P. M. Lincoln county, Nebraska. Dated North Platte, Neb., August 25, 1902. L. CARPENTER, Sheriff.