

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, cash in advance, \$1.25
Six Months, cash in advance, .75
Entered at North Platte (Nebraska) postoffice second-class matter.

P. H. BARRY was nominated Wednesday as the fusion candidate for congress in this district at the conventions held at Kearney. He is not considered a strong candidate, and his nomination practically insures the election of Judge Kinkade. We understand A. F. Parsons of this city was offered the nomination but declined.

ALL that can be done under the new irrigation law this season is to procure the preliminary surveys which will determine the location of the experimental reservoirs. With this work completed actual construction should begin by the opening of next spring, so that when the Fifty-eighth congress meets it will have several object lessons to draw from in case further legislation is needed.—Bee.

The postoffice department has just footed up its receipts and expenditures for the first quarter of the year 1902, which ended with March. The receipts for the quarter were \$32,400,000 and the expenditures \$31,500,000. A surplus of \$800,000 in any quarter of the postal service is a thing unheard of. Moreover the expenditure was larger than usual because of the establishing of so many free delivery routes. It is estimated in Washington that the deficit for the full fiscal year will be considerably less than \$3,000,000. This is a decided change from a deficit ranging from \$7,000,000 to 12,000,000 a year with much less diffusive service.

THE POPULIST DILEMMA.

The populist congressional convention of the Sixth district plunged headlong into the direst dilemma that has confronted the party since its inception. First, it did not propose to countenance a democrat for the fusion nomination; second, it was determined to force the nomination of Judge Sullivan, apparently for the reason that he had so strenuously opposed the nomination of a democrat for the head of the state ticket. In the first instance there was no opposition, the democrats for policy's sake surrendering everything and even suffering some humiliation. In the second place the dominant desire was balked because Sullivan would not accept the nomination under any circumstances, nor coupled with any amount of pleading.

Sullivan disposed of there was no one of prominence left except General Barry. Neville had declined to stand for a renomination. Westover, admitted to be the strongest populist in the district and a candidate up to a few weeks ago, concluded suddenly he would not be a candidate. Harrington of O'Neill, formerly a possibility, had become an impossibility because of his subservience to the democratic interests at Grand Island. So there was no one left except Barry who was known throughout the district, and that kindly and trusting old gentleman took the nomination as eagerly and thankfully as though it had been tendered to him at the outset and served on a silver platter.

Outside of the small number who voted for Barry during the

early balloting there was a general feeling among the populists that his nomination would be the most unwise that could be made, and it was undoubtedly with many misgivings that the delegates finally as a last resort banded up a nomination by acclamation. It was a peculiar situation, but it was an indication of the disintegration that is going on in the populist party, for if there had been any strong hope or belief that the nominee would be elected there would have been half a dozen struggling candidates, and even Judge Sullivan would have been willing to sacrifice those "personal interests" that stand in the way at this time.—Kearney Hub.

HOW IRRIGATION WILL HELP.

Irrigation will aid the country in one particular which is not commonly kept in mind. At the present moment there is a strong drift of American farmers across the line into Canada. James J. Hill of the Great Northern railway estimates that 162,000 settlers were carried by the northern railway lines between January 1, 1902, and the beginning of June. As he figures, 67,000 of these have located west of North Dakota's western boundary—in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon—and 25,000 have gone to Manitoba.

The drift across the international boundary has been under way for a year or two, according to the indications, but it is in far larger volume now than at any previous time. The loss of these 25,000 settlers in the first five months of 1902 is something to attract a little attention from the country. These persons evidently suppose that they will have advantages across the line which they cannot get on our side. Of course, one of the reasons why the country has not been able to hold them is that the quantity of cheap and fertile lands is getting smaller with great rapidity.

Theoretically, there are many hundreds of millions of acres of government land still to be had in the United States, but most of this is in the arid region, and it cannot be utilized in any important degree for agricultural purposes except by irrigation. Private enterprise has done much irrigating in the past twenty years, but it cannot do much more in that direction at the present time. The states would be willing to do this perhaps, if the government would give them the lands, but even the states could not do it as easily and satisfactorily as could the national government. There are in the arid section of the country, which extends from the Cascade mountains, somewhere about 60,000,000 acres which can be rendered highly productive by irrigation. The act which will start in operation this reclamation of the arid lands will at once go into effect. As a means of holding Americans in America it is essential that this law be put into effect as fast and as far as practicable. Let us make our wild lands so attractive that no American farmers will cross the line to locate.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Historic Pen Sold in Vienna.

Among the effects of the late Count Falkenhayn, which have just been sold by auction in Vienna, was the pen which was used at Paris on September 26, 1815, by the Emperor Francis I., Czar Alexander I., and King Frederick William III., of Prussia, in appending their signatures to the treaty of the Holy Alliance. The bidding started at 125 francs, and the relic was knocked down to Consul-General von Lindhelm for 300 francs.

To Cure Cataract of Eye.

M. Cadel, an oculist of Bordeaux, is reported to have been successful in the treatment of cataract without operations by the application of baths of salicylate of soda. He has arrested the progress of the cataract in numerous cases, and is sanguine of success if the treatment is begun at an early stage.

MALARIA An Invisible Enemy to Health

Means bad air, and whether it comes from the low lands and marshes of the country, or the filthy sewers and drain pipes of the cities and towns, its effect upon the human system is the same. These atmospheric poisons are breathed into the lungs and taken up by the blood, and the foundation of some long, debilitating illness is laid. Chills and fever, chronic dyspepsia, torpid and enlarged liver, kidney troubles, jaundice and biliousness are frequently due to that invisible foe, Malaria. Noxious gases and unhealthy matter collect in the system because the liver and kidneys fail to act, and are poured into the blood current until it becomes so polluted and sluggish that the poisons literally break through the skin, and carbuncles, boils, abscesses, ulcers and various eruptions of an indolent character appear, depleting the system, and threatening life itself.

The germs and poisons that so oppress and weaken the body and destroy the life-giving properties of the blood, rendering it thin and watery, must be overcome and carried out of the system before the patient can hope to get rid of Malaria and its effects. S. S. S. does this and quickly produces an entire change in the blood, reaching every organ and stimulating them to vigorous, healthy action. S. S. S. possesses not only purifying but tonic properties, and the general health improves, and the appetite increases almost from the first dose. There is no Mercury, Potash, Arsenic or other mineral in S. S. S. It is strictly and entirely a vegetable remedy. Write us about your case, and our physicians will gladly help you by their advice to regain your health. Book on blood and skin diseases sent free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



Is 16 ounces of pure coffee to the pound. Who knows how much coffee and how much stale eggs and gum-called glazing there is in roasted coffee? Lion Coffee is all coffee—never glazed. The sealed package keeps it fresh and pure.

NEBRASKA FARMS.

Census bulletin No. 193, giving the agricultural statistics of Nebraska has been issued and contains information of great interest. The farms of Nebraska, June 1, 1900, numbered 121,525 and were valued at \$677,660,020. Of this amount \$91,054,120, or 15.8 per cent represents the value of buildings and \$586,605,900 or 84.2 per cent, the value of land and improvements other than buildings. On the same date the value of farm implements and machinery was \$24,940,450, and that of live stock \$145,349,587. These values added to that of farms give \$747,950,057 the total value of farm property. The total value of farm products during the year 1899 was \$162,696,386, of which \$70,227,060 were animal products and \$92,469,326 or 56.8 per cent were the value of crops including timber cut. The total value of farm products that year exceeds that of the year 1889 by \$95,858,769 or 143.4 per cent. Deducting the value of products fed to stock which was \$38,025,530 leaves \$124,670,856 as the gross farm income which is 16.7 per cent of the total value of farm property.

The 121,525 farms reported 29,911,779 acres or 61.6 per cent of the area of the state of which 18,432,596 acres were improved and 11,749,184 were unimproved. The average size of the farms was 246.1 acres. This large average comes from the great stock farms in western Nebraska. There were 2,364 farms of over 1,000 acres. The average value of farms was set down as \$4,004 not including buildings. The average value of buildings per farm was \$750, of implements, \$205, of live stock, \$1,196, average gross income after deducting products fed to live stock, \$1,026. The number of farms operated by owners was 76,715; by cash tenants, 11,599; by share tenants, 33,211.

In 1900 the number of dairy cows in the state was 512,544; of other neat cattle 2,663,699; horses, 795,318; mules and asses, 55,856; sheep, 335,950; swine, 4,128,000. In 1899 the acreage of corn was 7,335,187, the product was 210,974,740 bushels. Acreage of wheat 2,538,949, product, 24,924,520 bushels. Acreage of oats, 1,924,827, product, 58,007,140 bushels. The value of dairy products was \$8,595,408, of poultry, \$3,499,044, of eggs, \$4,068,062, of animals sold, and

slaughtered, \$53,530,861. There were under irrigation in 1899 148,538 acres and the value of crops produced was \$782,615, exclusive of Indian reservations. There were 1,701 miles of irrigating ditches the cost of construction of which was \$1,276,978. The average of acres per mile of ditch irrigated was only 82.—State Journal.

Need More Help. Often the over-taxed organs of digestion cry out for help by Dyspepsia's pines, Nausea, Dizziness, Headaches, liver complaints, bowel disorders. Such troubles call for prompt use of Dr. Ling's New Life Pills. They are gentle, thorough and guaranteed to cure. 50c at A. F. Streitz's drug store.

Eureka Harness Oil advertisement featuring an image of a horse's head and harness, with text describing the oil's benefits for leather and machinery.

Notice to the Public. All parties are hereby cautioned not to throw brush or rubbish of any kind in the gutters, streets or alleys of North Platte. By order of the council, J. R. RITNER, Street Commissioner.

Bulls For Sale. If you wish to purchase a reliable registered Shorthorn or Hereford bull we can save you money. We have a large number to select from. Also a pure-bred Polled Durham bull for sale. When you purchase a bull from us, if you are not perfectly satisfied you can bring him back and we will refund your money. PAINE & MOORE, Myrtle, Neb.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil THE PILE OINTMENT. One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Protrusion. Relief immediate—cure certain. It cures Burns, Scalds and Eruptions and Contractions from Burns. The relief instant—healing wonderful. It cures Torn, Cut or Lacerated Wounds and Bruises. It cures Boils, Carbuncles, Felons, "Runrounds," Throats, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples, Invaluable. It cures Salt Rheum, Tetter, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Sores, Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects, Rosquito Bites and Sunburns. Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., NEW YORK.

UNION PACIFIC TIME CARD. (Central Time) WEST HOUR. Table listing train routes and times between various stations.

STATEMENT. Of the condition of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of North Platte, Nebraska, on the 30th day of June, 1902. ASSETS. First mortgage loans, \$117,000.00; Stock loans, \$60.00; Real estate, \$6,529.02; Furniture and stationery, \$125.00; Cash, \$194.26; Delinquent interest and fines, \$148.70; Expenses and taxes paid, \$629.99. Total, \$124,922.97. LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid up, \$104,087.66; Reserve fund, \$34.49; Undivided profits, \$3,297.03; Other liabilities, \$16,503.79. Total, \$124,922.97. RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1902. RECEIPTS: Balance on hand July 1, 1901, \$1,888.65; Dues, \$2,072.50; Interest and dividends, \$784.07; Loans repaid, \$36.35; Miscellaneous fees, \$13.75; Real estate, \$84.41; U. S. Bonds, \$98.00; U. S. Bonds Insurance, \$3.45. Total, \$4,936.18. EXPENDITURES: Loans, \$17,598.51; Expenses, \$507.59; Stocks redeemed, \$8,720.14; Cash on hand, \$104.50; Furniture, \$125.00; Taxes and insurance, \$19.26; Real estate, \$10.54. Total, \$27,043.54. State of Nebraska Lincoln county, ss. I, Samuel Goetze, secretary of the above named association, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement of the condition of said association is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. SAMUEL GOETZE, Secretary. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1902. W. H. McDONALD, Notary Public. Approved: THOMAS VONGOETZ, VICTOR C. PATTERSON, Directors F. T. REDMOND.



FITTED AND SUITED. Fit—that's that the thing. We give it. Our suits fit and our fit suits—every time. Same with prices. It's a way we have that never fails. Make you the smartest, most stylish, perfect fitting suit in handsome and durable material at reasonable prices. Variety of patterns to select from. Every garment warranted as to workmanship, finish and fabric. Cleaning and repairing a specialty. F. J. BROEKER.

ESTABLISHED 1851. CREOLITE FOR FLOOR PAINTING. DRIES WHILE YOU SLEEP. CREOLITE SAVES AS MUCH LABOR AS A CARPET SWEEPER. COLOR CARDS. FURTHER INFORMATION, CREOLITE OR ANY OTHER HEAT & MILLIGAN PAINT PRODUCTS AT NORTH PLATTE PHARMACY.

Low Rates. Union Pacific from North Platte July 1 to 13, inclusive. AND August 1 to 14, 23 to 24 and 30 to 31, inclusive. Limited to October 31. \$11.45 to Denver \$13.95 to Colorado Springs \$16.00 to Pueblo Only Line Running THREE TRAINS DAILY To Denver Information cheerfully furnished upon application to E. H. GENGE, Agent.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Land office at North Platte, Neb. June 12, 1902. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver, U. S. Land Office, at North Platte, Neb., on July 25, 1902, viz: JOHN A. KUNDEL, who made homestead entry No. 17664, for the northwest quarter, sec. 25, town 11, north range 21, west sixth p. m. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward Wilson, North Platte, Neb.; Everett Millikin and Charles Speltie, of Somerset, Neb.; A. Knackel, of North Platte, Neb. GEORGE E. FRENCH, Register, 176

NOTICE OF SALE. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority vested in him by section 2455, revised Statutes, U. S., as amended by act of Congress approved February 26th, 1895, we will proceed to offer at public sale on the 29th day of August, 1902, at this office the following tract of land, viz: The southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 2, township 13, north, range 21, west sixth p. m. All persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claim in this office on or before the day designated for the commencement of said sale, otherwise their rights will be forfeited. Dated at the United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., this 19th day of June, 1902. GEO. E. FRENCH, Register, FRANK BACON, Receiver, 1246

NOTICE OF SALE. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority vested in him by section 2455, revised Statutes, U. S., as amended by act of Congress approved February 26th, 1895, we will offer at public sale on the 9th day of August, 1902, at this office the following tract of land, namely: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 17, town 9 north, range 20, west sixth p. m. All persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claim in this office on or before the day designated for the commencement of said sale, otherwise their rights will be forfeited. Dated at the United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., this 20th day of May, 1902. GEO. E. FRENCH, Register, FRANK BACON, Receiver, 1246

NOTICE OF SALE. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority vested in him by section 2455, revised Statutes, U. S., as amended by act of Congress approved February 26th, 1895, we will proceed to offer at public sale on the 13th day of July, 1902, next at this office the following tract of land, namely: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 17, town 9 north, range 20, west sixth p. m. All persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claim in this office on or before the day designated for the commencement of said sale, otherwise their rights will be forfeited. Dated at the United States Land Office, North Platte, Neb., this 20th day of May, 1902. GEO. E. FRENCH, Register, FRANK BACON, Receiver, 1246

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

- A. H. DAVIS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NORTH PLATTE, - - NEBRASKA.
T. C. PATTERSON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office over Yellow Front Shoe Store NORTH PLATTE, NEB.
L. E. ROCHE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, HINMAN BLOCK, - - DREWY STREET, NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA.
H. E. McCAW, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office over Huffman's Millinery Store NORTH PLATTE, - - NEBRASKA.
C. V. BEDELL, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Offices: North Platte National Bank Building, North Platte, Neb.
E. F. DENNIS, M. D., HOMOEOPATHIST, Over First National Bank, NORTH PLATTE, - - NEBRASKA.
J. S. HOAGLAND, W. V. HOAGLAND, Hoagland & Hoagland, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS, Office over Mrs. Huffman's Millinery Store, NORTH PLATTE, - - NEBRASKA.
WILCOX & HALLIGAN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, NORTH PLATTE, - - NEBRASKA, Office over North Platte National Bank.
H. S. RIDGELY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office McDonald Block, Du-way street, NORTH PLATTE, - - NEBRASKA.
D. R. G. B. DENT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office over Post Office, Telephone 115, North Platte, - - Nebraska.
T. W. VAN WIE, CARRIAGE PAINTER, Call and get prices. All work guaranteed, Hinman Building Front Street
CARL GERLE, MERCHANT TAILOR, Has fine line of samples of Spring and Summer Suitings. Also samples of Suitings for Passenger Conductors and brakemen. Excellent fit guaranteed to all suits.
DR. A. A. BURRIS, Magnetic Osteopath, Has located in North Platte for the practice of Magnetic Osteopathy. We treat without the use of drugs or surgery. Building over Harrington & Tolson's Dairy St. store. Of. 9:00 hours - 9:00 a. m. to 12:00 p. m., 2:00 p. m. to 9:00 p. m. Consultation and Examination Free.