

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A great many settlers are pouring into South Dakota.

Very heavy rains have recently occurred in Oklahoma.

Fire at Davenport, Ia., destroyed \$250,000 worth of property.

Announcement was made at New York that Mrs. Marie H. Tiffany had been granted an absolute divorce from Perry Tiffany.

Eight or ten thousand women are in Los Angeles attending the biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

President J. W. Springer of the National Live Stock association has sent a telegram to President Roosevelt asking him to veto the oleomargarine bill.

The Bolivian minister at Washington, Senor Don Fernando E. Guachiale, has been granted by his government permission to proceed to Europe.

Ex-Governor Morrill's apple orchard in Kansas now contains over 64,000 trees, and is said to be the largest single apple orchard in the world.

Postmaster H. W. Harris of Lytton Springs, twenty-five miles south of Austin, Texas, was shot and killed by Joe Halden, also of that place. Halden was arrested.

Admiral Dewey, Rear Admirals Coghlan and Entwistle and others celebrated the fourth anniversary of the battle of Manila bay at a banquet. City of accident.

The royal family of Greece has been safely landed at Chalkis, Euboa island, thirty-five miles from Athens. The royal yacht Amphitrite has not yet been floated.

A cablegram received at the state department from Minister Conger states that there are serious disturbances in the southern portion of the province of Chi Li.

The Associated Press understands that J. Pierpont Morgan gets \$2,500,000 in stock of the shipping combine. In return for his services in organizing and financing it.

The bill for a commission to investigate the status of the colored race caused a warm discussion in the house committee on labor, but no action was taken on it.

Somewhere about a hundred members of congress are base ball cranks of deep or shallow dye and over half of them were at the opening game of the season in Washington.

The Neue Frie Presse of Vienna says that as the result of systematic persecution, 3,000 Jewish families, comprising 12,000 persons, will leave Roumania for the United States in a few days.

Congressman J. J. Butler of Missouri is made the defendant in a suit for \$10,000 damages instituted in the district court at Washington by August Scholz, a waiter at a local hotel. He alleges assault.

A dispatch to the London Central News from Rome says Princess Beatrice Borbone, daughter of Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, attempted suicide by throwing herself into the Tiber, but was rescued.

Emperor William has ordered Director Fritz of the government shipyard at Kiel to proceed to the United States to study the methods of American shipyards, particularly as regards labor saving machinery.

At Youngstown, O., May 1, two thousand men employed in the building trades went on strike for an eight-hour day and increase of wages, all efforts to settle their differences with the contractors proving unavailing.

It is reported in Liverpool shipping circles that the British government has intimated its willingness to subsidize British shipping in the event of the Atlantic shipping combine proving really harmful to the mercantile marine of Great Britain.

The magnificent silver service made from silver coins taken from the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon, to be presented to Admiral Winfield Scott Schley by his friends in his own state and in Washington, has been completed and is on exhibition.

There is no truth in the story that Dowager Queen Margherita of Italy has decided to enter a convent.

At his own request, Ambassador Meyer has been granted a leave of absence of sixty days from his post at Rome.

Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of the bureau of labor statistics, has been elected by the trustees of Clark university, president of the new collegiate department to be established in connection with the university in Worcester, Mass.

Representative Foster of Illinois has introduced a bill to place all live stock on the free list.

A. J. Drexel, son of the late Anthony J. Drexel of Philadelphia, was caught for \$4,000,000 in the crash of International Power stock.

BOTH LYING DEAD

NOVELIST FORD IS KILLED BY HIS BROTHER.

BROTHER THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Tragedy Occurs in the Author's Library and is Attributed to Mental Aberration of Malcolm W. Ford—Trouble About Father's Will.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Paul Leicester Ford, the novelist, was shot and killed yesterday by his brother, Malcolm Webster Ford, writer and athlete, who immediately sent a bullet into his own breast, dying instantly.

The shooting occurred at 10:20 a. m. in the handsome new mansion which Paul Leicester Ford had built at 37 East Seventy-seventh street, and had occupied for about a year.

At the time of the shooting there were in the house besides the two brothers, Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford, Elizabeth R. Hall, the novelist's secretary, and the servants. The novelist was sitting at his desk in a corner of his library. It is supposed he was busily engaged in some literary task. Miss Hall was at her desk, in another corner of the room, about thirty feet from Mr. Ford. Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford was in her own room at the front of the house on the third floor.

Malcolm Ford called as he had often done and went to his brother at his desk. Words were exchanged in a tone so low that Miss Hall could not hear what was said. Suddenly there was a revolver shot, and Miss Hall, jumping up, darted from the room. Then, according to the statement of the police, Miss Hall said to herself that she must act more bravely and re-enter the library.

Meanwhile Malcolm Ford had called her. As she turned toward him he placed his revolver to his heart, fired and fell, dying instantly.

When Miss Hall turned to look at Paul he was still standing at his desk, but rapidly losing strength. She helped him to a sofa and then ran to the next door for Paul Ford's physician, Dr. Emanuel Baruch. In less than five minutes Dr. Baruch arrived and the dying man, still conscious, was carried up to a room beside his wife's and placed on his bed. He spoke to his wife and asked the doctor for his opinion, showing that he expected death and was going to meet it calmly and bravely. A few moments later, about twenty minutes after he was shot, Mr. Ford died.

The bullet which killed Paul Ford just grazed the top of his heart and passed through a large artery ascending from it. The bullet which killed Malcolm Ford was fired with the same accuracy of aim, for it made a wound scarcely an inch lower than the one which killed his brother. In fact, the wounds were almost identical.

Just what disposition of Malcolm Ford's body was made immediately after the shooting could not be ascertained, but it appears from the statement of certain persons acquainted with the details of the tragedy that the body lay where it fell on a rug in the library for some time, possibly several hours, so great was the excitement in the house. In fact the murder and suicide was not known to the coroner until 2:25 p. m., and not to the police until 4:25 p. m. Much of the time was occupied in trying to telephone to the father of Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford, Edward K. Kidded of Brooklyn, who was the first person to arrive after the physician.

To Get Clara Taylor Home. WASHINGTON, May 9.—The machinery of the law has been set in motion to secure the return to the United States for trial of Clara Taylor, the Cincinnati woman who is charged with kidnaping her niece, Margaret Taylor, and is now a fugitive in Italy. Instructions have been sent to the American ambassador at Rome to secure the preliminary detention of the woman, pending the arrival of extradition papers, and from that point on the proceedings will be purely routine.

Iowans Will Bank in Minnesota. IOWA FALLS, Ia., May 9.—The well known real estate firm of Ellsworth & Jones of this city will engage in the banking business in Crookston, Minn., and the latter part of this month will open a private bank in that city, making the fourth banking institution in that place.

Carnegie Scholarships Awarded. LONDON, May 9.—At this morning's session of the iron and steel institute it was announced that the Andrew Carnegie scholarships to carry on researches in metallurgy for this year had been awarded to a Mr. Campbell of New York; to three Englishmen, to a Parisian and to a resident of Berlin. Three scholarships were awarded in 1901, but Mr. Carnegie was so gratified with the results that he doubled his donation.

Tramp Killed in a Wreck. DES MOINES, Ia., May 9.—A wreck occurred on the Chicago & Northwestern at Ames at 1 o'clock yesterday. A tramp was killed and Mail Clerk Griffin of Des Moines was seriously injured. Mail Clerk Graves of Chicago was buried under mail sacks and badly bruised and Mail Clerk Alexander Turk of Chicago had his arm and hand injured. Train No. 10 was just approaching the town limits when the accident occurred.

COPELAND CASE GOES TO JURY.

Specialists Testify to the Belief that Accused Was Insane.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 9.—The case of Ned Hartley Copeland, formerly of Omaha, who killed A. C. Rogers of St. Joseph on a train near Wamsutter last summer, was given to the jury late tonight after lengthy arguments by the prosecution and defense. Early in the trial the defense admitted everything set up by the prosecution and the case practically developed upon the question of the sanity of the accused. Eminent physicians from Denver, Rawlins, Rock Springs and the superintendent of the state insane asylum testified that they believed Copeland was insane at the time the deed was committed. Dr. McGehee of Rawlins, who was on the train with Copeland when the shooting occurred, said he thought Copeland was drunk. This evidence seemed to have little weight with the jury and the belief is general that Copeland will be found insane and committed to the state asylum.

MESSAGE FROM POPE LEO. Expressions of Sorrow from Vatican on Corrigan's Death. NEW YORK, May 9.—The Rev. Dr. Ferranti, Italian secretary to Archbishop Corrigan, tonight made public a cablegram which was received at the archiepiscopal residence from Cardinal Rampolla, pontifical secretary of state at Rome, expressing the sorrow of Pope Leo at the demise of Mgr. Corrigan. The cablegram was addressed to the Rev. Dr. Ferranti and is as follows: "The holy father with great sorrow learns of the death of the grand archbishop, whom he hoped to see in Rome very soon. His holiness, who appreciates very highly the special merits of the dead prelate, expressed his sympathy for the depth of his heart for the metropolitan church of New York, and he prays God to give to the soul of the great archbishop the repose of the just and the premium of eternal glory. (Signed.) "RAMPOLLA, "Pontifical Secretary of State."

GRAVE TROUBLE IN HAYTI. Revolution in that Island is Now Said to be in Progress.

SAN DOMINGO, Santo Domingo, May 9.—The United States minister, William F. Powell, owing to the situation of affairs here, has suspended all intercourse with the revolutionary government and is preparing to leave San Domingo for Hayti, to which country he is also accredited. His departure is due to the grave differences existing in Hayti, where a revolution is said to be in progress.

The change of government here has put a stop to the steps taken by Mr. Powell to arrange a settlement of the claims of the Dominican Improvement company of New York against Santo Domingo. These claims were being favorably considered by the government, which has just been overthrown, and were in a fair condition for settlement.

The Dominican congress has been dissolved and a provisional government has been formed.

Gone for Twenty-Five Years. NEW ULM, Minn., May 9.—Mrs. Odie Ella Wood returned here today after having been adjudged dead and her estate administered more than a year ago. Mrs. Wood and her husband left New Ulm for California twenty-five years ago and have since resided there. Her relatives gave her up for dead and when, in August, 1899, her father, Thomas E. Chute, was killed, his estate was divided between three of his children known to be living and Mrs. Wood's share also went to them. Mrs. Wood, it is said, has fully established her identity and the judgment of the court probably will be set aside and her claim allowed.

Senator Money's Worry Ends. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 8.—The cases of alleged assault against Senator Money of Mississippi, Orpha H. Shaner, a street car conductor, and Joseph E. Hooper, a truck foreman in the fire department, all growing out of a street car altercation about ten days ago, were nolle prossed and formally abandoned in the police court yesterday. The only issue which the court permitted to be argued was as to the right of the assistant district attorney to nolle pros. a case without the consent of the court, which Judge Kimball finally sustained.

Colonel Sharpe to Manila. WASHINGTON, May 8.—Colonel Henry Sharpe, assistant commissary general, has been relieved from duty in this city and ordered to Manila, where he will be chief commissary of that division, relieving Colonel Charles A. Woodruff.

Senor Valdez Banished. MANILA, May 8.—Senor Valdez, editor of Miao, as a result of the second libel suit brought against him by Nito Legardo, the Filipino member of the United States commission, has been sentenced to six months' banishment.

Funeral of Potter Palmer. CHICAGO, May 8.—Hundreds of Chicagoans of high and low degree attended the funeral of Potter Palmer here yesterday. Services were held at the palatial Palmer residence on Lake Shore drive, when many of the friends of the dead millionaire and Chicago pioneer viewed the remains at the house. Rev. James S. Stone, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, conducted the services. The burial was at Graceland cemetery.

PHILIPPINES BILL

DISCUSSION IN SENATE TAKES SENSATIONAL TURN.

TILLMAN DEFENDS SLAVERY

He Reverts to Civil War Issues in an Excited Debate—McComas Joins in Defense of the National Administration.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Discussion of the Philippine bill in the senate took a sensational turn yesterday. Mr. McComas of Maryland, referring to the alleged cruelties of American soldiers in the Philippines, which he deeply deplored, told of some of the cruelties which had occurred on both sides during the civil war. Neither side, he said, was to be held responsible for those regrettable occurrences, as neither side approved them. In this connection he suggested that senators from South Carolina and Mississippi, "where there is less popular liberty than in any other states, were shouting the loudest for constitutional liberty in the Philippines."

This drew a sensational reply from Mr. Tillman, who declared that it was no longer possible to sneer away the responsibilities for the infamies committed by the Americans in the Philippines. He said that if it had been in the south that if the reins of government were to be given to the negroes the civil war would have been prolonged indefinitely. He insisted that in order to maintain their self-respect the white people of the south had been obliged to subdue the negro by whatever means, using the shot gun as one of the means.

He frankly described how the negroes had been defeated at the polls, admitting that the whites had gotten just such majorities as were necessary. "When we get ready to put a nigger's face in the sand," he shouted, "we put his body there, too." He declared the people of the south never would submit to negro domination and he hoped republican senators would turn from their "game of deviltry in the Philippines and assist the south to rid itself of threat of negro domination."

While Mr. Tillman was speaking many of the democratic senators left the chamber, his audience on the floor being largely on the republican side.

Mr. Burton of Kansas vigorously arraigned Mr. Tillman for his utterances. He asserted that the senator who could defend slavery and government by the shotgun could not be expected to carry good government to the Philippines. He was astonished that a senator should in one breath make an appeal for unsullied government in the Philippines, and in the next boast of crimes almost unparalleled in history.

Mr. Burton followed with a warm defense of the government's policy in the Philippines and became involved in a heated colloquy with Mr. Rawlins of Utah, because he had denounced some of Mr. Rawlins' statements as false. He paid a brilliant tribute to General as one of the great heroes of the army.

After declaring that the war with Spain had been forced upon the United States by the democrats and that the Philippines had come to this country through the war, Mr. McComas asserted that in the debates on the Philippine question the democrats ignored all history and ignored the treaty which they helped to ratify. He said they proposed to undo the glorious work of the last four years, to denounce our treaty, to disgrace the army and navy, to throw away the sovereignty over the islands, to defy the verdict of the people, to reverse the supreme court and to scuttle amid the flouts and jeers of all the nations of the world.

President Does Not Object. WASHINGTON, May 7.—The published statement that the president had made objections to the declarations of the French government to bestow the decoration of the legion of honor upon Admiral Dewey and General Miles is authoritatively denied at the White House.

Peace Plans Progressing. PRETORIA, May 7.—The peace situation is developing encouragingly. According to reliable information which has reached here several of the nearer commandoes have received the burgher delegates in amicable spirit. It is said that Commandant Byers has announced his willingness to abide by decision reached by the Transvaal government. Considerable opposition to the peace movement is developing among irreconcilables.

WAR OPERATIONS CONTINUED. Peace Negotiations Do Not Interfere with Military Movements. LONDON, May 7.—Lord Kitchen's weekly report, dated from Pretoria, yesterday, shows that the peace movement is not allowed to interfere with military operations except so far as to permit of unrestrained meetings between the leaders and their various commandoes.

The week's Boer casualties were ten men killed and 122 made prisoners. General Bruce Hamilton's columns captured eighty-seven men on the Heilbron (Orange River Colony) line.

Colonel Enbrander has resumed operations in the northern part of the Transvaal against Commandant Byers, whose forces have been considerably reduced and General Ian Hamilton has cleared a large district of Klerksdorp, southwestern Transvaal.

PURCHASES OF CUBAN SUGAR. Buyer for the Trust Continues His Testimony. WASHINGTON, May 7.—Henry C. Mott, raw sugar buyer for the American Sugar Refining company, continued his testimony before the senate committee on relations with Cuba today. He said the trust purchase of Cuban sugar from October 1, 1901, to January 1, 1902, was 45,100 tons.

There was no way of showing from the books of the trust what Americans own sugar plantations in Cuba. Mr. Mott said that owing to the cost of storing sugar and deterioration of stored sugars the refiners kept very little on hand and made an effort to keep only a sufficient supply to meet the demands, amounting to 35,000 tons per week. The committee adjourned until tomorrow.

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QUEEN IS VERY LOW AGAIN.

Her Physicians Hold a Consultation, but Issue No Bulletin.

THE HAGUE, May 7.—Advices received here from Castle Loo, dated 1 o'clock this morning, declare that Queen Wilhelmina's condition again excites grave anxiety. Another consultation of the queen's doctors was held at 11 o'clock last night. The result of this consultation is not known. Extreme secrecy is maintained as to the contents of the telegrams dispatched from Loo palace.

This and other measures are believed to indicate that the condition of her majesty is much graver than appears from the official bulletins. It is said the queen is so weak that she has been unable to take any nourishment since last Saturday.

CANKER WORMS DESTROY FRUIT

Missouri Crop Badly Wrecked by Vermin on the Trees.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 7.—Never in the history of fruit growing in this state has such havoc to fruit trees resulted by pests or drouth or elements of weather as can be summed up in the present ravages of the canker worm. Whole orchards of apple, peach and cherry trees are entirely stripped of foliage and consequently so thoroughly injured as to be able to produce no fruit this year, if in fact the trees are at all able to survive the summer. One apple orchard in the southern part of the county, which for years has netted the owner an average of \$10,000 for each crop, will produce nothing this year.

Cuban Congress Convenes.

HAVANA, May 7.—The Cuban senate and house of representatives reassembled at noon today in the palace.

Governor General Wood made an address wishing the legislators success in the work they were about to enter upon. He informed them that no legislative power would be vested in congress until after the formal transfer of the government. Their work now was to pass upon credentials and to inform the military government officially who had been selected president and vice president and senators and members of the house of representatives.

The senators met in the Palacio Zgundo and the representatives in the Comandancia General de la Marina building.

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REAR ADMIRAL'S ILLNESS CULMINATES FATALLY. WASHINGTON, May 7.—Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, retired, died at his home in this city at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The immediate cause of his death was a severe cerebral hemorrhage. He had been in a semi-conscious condition for several days and yesterday forenoon suffered a severe cerebral hemorrhage.

At the bedside when the admiral breathed his last were Mrs. Sampson, Mrs. Lieutenant Cluverius, the admiral's married daughter; Admiral Sampson's two young sons, Ralph and Harold Sampson; Dr. Dixon, the attending physician, and nurses and attendants.

SAMPSON IS DEAD

REAR ADMIRAL'S ILLNESS CULMINATES FATALLY.

THE END COMES AT HIS HOME

Wife, Children, Sister, Physician and Nurses Are at the Bedside—Secretary Moody and Others Prominent Send Condolence.

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Mrs. Sampson has broke down under the severe strain and was quite ill all during the day. But for the critical condition of the admiral she would have been confined to her bed.

The arrangements for the funeral of Admiral Sampson will not be completed until today. It has been suggested to Mrs. Sampson that the Naval cemetery at Annapolis would be a proper place for the last resting place of the remains, while other friends represented to her that he should be buried in Arlington cemetery, near this city.

Admiral Sampson resided in Annapolis eight years, during four years of which he was superintendent of the academy there. Mrs. Sampson prefers Annapolis, but the matter will not be definitely decided until today.

A number of telegrams and messages of condolence already have been received at the house, among them one from Secretary Moody. The death of Admiral Sampson occurring late in the day, there has been no opportunity for any action by the navy department for participation in the funeral services. Suitable representation, however, will be made, including a detachment of blue jackets and marines.

Rear Admiral William Thomas Sampson was born in Palmyra, N. Y., February 9, 1840. He entered the naval academy in 1857 and graduated first in his class in 1861, at the time when the government was grappling with the task of equipping a navy to cope with the rebellion. At the opening of hostilities he was not old enough to attain a command, but before the close of his first year in active service his pluck and gallantry as master of the frigate Potomac won him promotion to the rank of second lieutenant. While holding this commission he served on the practice ship John Adams, on the Patapsco, of the South Atlantic blockading squadron and on the steam frigate Colorado, flagship of the European squadron.

Governor Odell at Los Angeles. LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 7.—Governor Odell of New York and party have arrived here. With the governor are his wife, B. B. Odell and Miss Odell of Newburgh, T. E. Ellsworth of Lockport and H. K. Bird of New York. The party was entertained today with a tallyho drive and luncheon tendered by Senator Fred M. Smith for the Chamber of Commerce and Mayor M. P. Snyder. This evening the New York State society and the Chamber of Commerce held a reception in Governor Odell's honor.

Reconcentration Cases. WASHINGTON, May 7.—General Chaffee has cabled the war department that he has rescinded the order for the establishment of reconcentration camps in Laguna and Batangas provinces, the only provinces in the Philippines where the system had been practiced. These provinces lie on the south shores of Laguna de Bay and are about forty miles distant from Manila.

Fusionists Nominate a Preacher. HUTCHINSON, Kan., May 7.—Rev. Vernon J. Rose of Newton, an evangelist, was nominated for congress by the democrats and populists of the Seventh district, who met here in joint convention today.

McKinley College Corner Stone. WASHINGTON, May 7.—The corner stone of the Ohio McKinley Memorial college of government of the American university will be laid May 14 by President Roosevelt.

Earthquake in France. PARIS, May 7.—Violent earthquake shocks, which occurred at 3 o'clock this morning, are reported from Bordeaux, Bayonne, Pau and other places in the same region.