

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

IRMA L. BARE, Proprietor.
TERMS: \$125 IN ADVANCE.
NORTH PLATTE, - NEBRASKA.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

President T. C. Crenshaw of the Georgia railroad commission, Marietta, Ga., was stabbed and seriously injured by J. H. Kirkland, a Pullman car conductor.

Sir Thomas Galt, a retired chief justice of the court of common pleas, died at Toronto, Ont. His death is attributed to the intense heat. Sir Thomas was 86 years old.

Rev. Washington Adams Nichols, D. D., one of the oldest Congregational ministers in the United States and until his death the oldest living graduate of Amherst college, is dead.

The meeting of the National Steel stockholders, at which it had been proposed to consider the proposition of leasing properties to the Carnegie company, was adjourned until July.

The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 29 will show an excess of receipts over disbursements of approximately seventy-six million dollars.

George Price, a colored trooper recently mustered out of company G, Forty-eighth infantry, which has just returned from the Philippines, died from the effects of a pistol wound inflicted by F. Bonelli.

To secure fair rates of transportation for the cattle industry are the object of the American Cattle Growers' association, which has been incorporated at Denver, Colo.

Jesse F. Thayer, formerly a captain in the American volunteers, but lately retired to private life and working at his trade, committed suicide at Omaha. He was horsewhipped at Lincoln by his wife, from whom he had separated, and this seemed to prey upon him.

The intense heat caused the expansion of the rails at a point between Palmyra and Hunnewell, Mo., to such an extent that it was necessary to shorten the rails five inches before they could be gotten back in place. The eastbound St. Louis and Portland train was delayed nearly an hour.

As a result of a quarrel over town lots in Addington, in the Kiowa Indian reservation, Oklahoma, R. S. Castleberry shot J. M. Wambold, president of the First National bank, three times, inflicting mortal wounds. Castleberry then shot Horace Addington, who interfered, inflicting a dangerous wound. Castleberry surrendered.

Rev. Dr. John Gordon, for many years pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian church of Omaha, for eight years professor of church history in the Omaha Presbyterian Theological seminary, and for a year has been professor of history at Tabor college, Tabor, Ia., has just been elected acting president of that college and dean of the faculty.

There is no intention on the part of the department to reduce the military force in Cuba at the present time or in the immediate future. The present force of nearly 5,000 men is held in Cuba on the recommendation of Governor General Wood, and the secretary will depend on General Wood's advice as to the reduction of the force.

The Modern Miller says: "Ideal weather for harvesting the wheat crop has prevailed in the greater part of the winter wheat belt. The crop is nearly all cut and a much larger percentage is being threshed than usual at this time of the year, owing to the dry, hot weather, which has seasoned the grain rapidly. The yield is generally beyond expectations, and the quality superb."

Rural free delivery service will be established on August 1 as follows: Nebraska—Bradshaw, York county, two carriers; length of route, fifty-four miles; population served, 1,025; carriers, F. J. Smith and E. G. Coburn. Postoffice at Arborville to be supplied by rural carrier.

At a meeting of the Ohio republican state central committee chairman Charles Dick was elected chairman of the state executive committee, John R. Mallory secretary and W. F. Burdell treasurer.

Senator Hanna gave \$50,000 to Kenyon college (Ohio), with which to build a dormitory.

A civil service examination will be held on August 15 for the position of elevator conductor in the public building at Dubuque, Ia.

Rev. Charles B. Powers, pastor of Mount Zion Presbyterian church of St. Joseph, Mo., died.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state of Illinois of the Springfield & St. Louis railroad, capital stock \$25,000.

Secretary Root has returned to Washington, having been absent about a week in New York state.

William Dresbach, one of the pioneer wheat men of California, died in San Francisco after a very brief illness. He was aged about 75 years.

NOW UNDER CIVIL RULE

Commissioner Taft is Inaugurated as Governor of the Philippines.

ARELLANO ADMINISTERS THE OATH

New Official Announces His Plans for Further Improvement—Commission to Be Increased—Three Native Members Will Be Appointed.

MANILA, July 5.—Civil government in the Philippines has been auspiciously inaugurated. Commissioner Taft was escorted by General MacArthur and General Chaffee from the palace to a great temporary tribune just outside the Plaza Palacio. Standing on a projecting center of the tribune, Mr. William H. Taft, the new civil governor of the Philippine islands, took the oath of office administered by Chief Justice Arellano. Governor Taft was then introduced by General MacArthur, the guns of Fort Santiago being fired by way of a salute.

A feature of the inaugural address of Governor Taft was the announcement that on September 1, 1901, the commission would be increased by the appointment of three native members, Dr. Wardo Detavers, Donato Legarda, and Jose Lazuraga. Before September departments will exist as follows: Interior, heads having been arranged for thus: Interior, Worcester; commerce and police, Wright justice and finance, Ide; public instruction, Moses.

Of the twenty-seven provinces organized Civil Governor Taft said the insurrection still exists in five. This will cause the continuance of the military government in these sections. Sixteen additional provinces are reported without insurrections, but as yet they have not been organized. Four provinces are not ready for civil government.

The speaker predicted that with the concentration of troops into larger garrisons it would be necessary for the people to assist the police in the preservation of order. Fleet launches will be procured, he said, which will facilitate communication among the provinces, as well as aid the postal and revenue department.

In connection with educational efforts Civil Governor Taft said that adults should be educated by an observation of American methods. He said that there was a reasonable hope that congress would provide a tariff suitable—one that would assist in the development of the Philippines, instead of an application of the United States tariff.

According to the civil governor there is an unexpended balance in the insular treasury of \$3,700,000 and an annual income of \$10,000,000. He said that any possible friction between civil and military subordinates should be discouraged. The patriotism of the leading Filipinos was commended. In conclusion Civil Governor Taft reiterated a hope expressed by the president that in the future the inhabitants would be grateful for the American Philippine victories.

The reading of President McKinley's message of congratulation was enthusiastically cheered. The entire front of the tribune, a block long, was decorated with flags, and several officers, with their families and friends, were seated therein. General MacArthur, Civil Governor Taft and Military Governor Chaffee occupied the center, with the other generals on their right. Rear Admiral Kempff and his staff were on their left. The United States commissioners and justices of the supreme court were immediately in the rear, with the foreign consuls. The mass of the people stood in the park opposite. The Filipino leaders were there, but there were more Americans than Filipinos present.

The president's message is as follows:

Taft, Manila.—Upon the assumption of your new duties as civil governor of the Philippine islands, I have great pleasure in sending congratulations to you and your associates and my thanks for the good work already accomplished. I extend to you my full confidence and best wishes for still greater success in the larger responsibilities now devolved upon you and the assurance not only from myself, but from my countrymen of good will for the people of the islands, and the hope that their participation in the government, which it is our purpose to develop among them, may lead to their highest advancement, happiness and prosperity.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Allen Has a Full Chorus.

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, July 5.—The Fourth of July was celebrated with great and unprecedented enthusiasm. Both the political parties assisted in the ceremony, for which Governor Allen appropriated \$500 and the citizens donated the remainder. The celebration opened with a public ball in the evening, Governor and Mrs. Allen leading the grand march. Never before was there such display of colors in San Juan.

THE PORTO RICANS AGREE.

Assembly Passes Free Trade Resolution After Protracted Debate.

SAN JUAN, P. R., July 5.—In a joint session lasting three hours, the Porto Rican assembly unanimously passed the free trade resolution. The assembly hall was crowded with people and cheers greeted the announcement that Governor Allen had signed the resolution.

The free trade resolution begins with a preamble in which reference is made to section 3 of the Foraker bill. The resolution then proceeds:

"The Porto Rican assembly in extra session, and pursuant to the instructions of congress, does hereby notify the president of the United States that by virtue of the Hollander acts and other acts, it has put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the necessities of insular government, and it hereby directs that a copy of this joint resolution be presented to the president of the United States and it requests that Governor Allen deliver the resolution in question to President McKinley to the end that the proclamation may be made by him and, if it shall seem wise and proper to the president of the United States, the assembly requests that his proclamation be issued July 25, as that day is being established a legal Porto holiday, to commemorate the anniversary of the coming of the American flag."

Governor Allen personally read a message before the assembly, in which he exhaustively reviewed the financial situation of the island and showed that Porto Rico possessed abundant resources for its needs without drawing upon customs receipts. Mr. Hollander's report on the island's resources was considered sufficiently definite to warrant the joint resolution in favor of free trade. The resolution was introduced in the house by Senator Morales. Mr. Hollander, in a long speech, reviewed the workings of the new tax law and explained the new system of taxation. He said: "Present conditions make this joint resolution possible and the insular assembly can henceforth dispense with the revenue accruing from Porto Rican customs."

Several other lengthy speeches were made. The resolution passed at 12:45 and was signed by Governor Allen. The action of the assembly is considered the most important taken by it since the inauguration of Governor Allen.

Jubilant Fourth in Paris.

PARIS, July 5.—The United States embassy and consulate and majority of the American business houses and stores here decorated yesterday with the stars and stripes and the French tricolor hung together. Most of the American residents and visitors attended the open reception of the United States ambassador, General Horace Porter, in the afternoon. The annual banquet of the American Chamber of Commerce was in session.

Is Celebrated at Pekin.

PEKIN, July 5.—The Fourth of July was celebrated here by the United States legation guard with athletic games and fireworks. The German minister, Dr. Mumm von Schwarzenstein, gave a dinner at the German legation to the officers of the American guard. Messrs. Squires and Rockhill and the other members of the United States legation celebrated the Fourth at the summer legation in the hills.

Reading Strike is Ended.

READING, Pa., July 5.—The Reading railway striking shop hands ratified the agreement between Chairman Boscher and President Baer and it was decided to return to work Friday morning. Over 1,200 men were present at the meeting.

Gomper's Recovering Rapidly.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.—President Gomper's of the Federation of Labor, who suffered concussion of the brain as a result of a fall from a street car last week, is progressing rapidly towards recovery. He will go to Deer Park, Md.

Wreck on Iowa Central.

BURLINGTON, Ia., July 5.—Information has reached here that a passenger train on the Iowa Central has been wrecked near Hampton, Iowa, and that two postal clerks have been killed.

First Time in Forty Years.

JACKSON, Miss., July 5.—For the first time in forty years the Declaration of Independence was read in Jackson at the Fourth of July celebration. The meeting was held in representative hall at the state capitol.

Prof. Fiske is Dead.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., July 5.—Prof. John Fiske of Cambridge, famous lecturer and historian, died at the Hawthorne Inn, East Gloucester. He came to this city yesterday and was taken ill soon after arriving at the hotel. The cause of death was excessive heat, of which he had complained two days. Mr. Fiske was 69 years of age and was for many years connected with Harvard college in a professional capacity.

SUMMER'S AWFUL HEAT

In the Great Cities of the East Are Many Deaths and Prostrations.

NO RELIEF AS YET IN SIGHT

Hundreds Drop and Die on Burning Pavements—Public Vehicles Inadequate to Care Promptly for the Unfortunate Victims.

Deaths.
New York 225
Philadelphia 52
Baltimore 23
Pittsburg and vicinity 51

NEW YORK, July 4.—The heat which has worked such havoc on this city recently was somewhat mitigated late yesterday by a succession of thunderstorms, which sent the mercury tumbling down ten degrees between the hours of 4:30 and 8 p. m. Never did a downpour of rain receive such an enthusiastic reception as did this one. The thunder and lightning were heavy and many houses were struck, causing fires, but so far as known no person was killed or injured. During the last downpour hail fell in quantities.

It was after the hottest July 2 in the history of the local weather bureau and a day that almost reached the city record of September 7, 1881, that this cant relief came.

The morning opened with the temperature at 83 at 6 a. m., and in an hour it had gone to 87, and in another hour had climbed a point higher, jumping all the way to 93 by 9 o'clock. The wind was scarcely perceptible and the humidity, which was 69 per cent, aggravated the conditions. Then the mercury kept on climbing, registering 95 at 11 o'clock and going up to 98 between 12 and 1 and stayed there until after 3 o'clock. The humidity had fallen to 41 per cent. The suffering caused by the heat was unprecedented. All the ambulances in the city as well as the patrol wagons and many other vehicles were kept busy answering calls. At the rate of about one a minute the calls came in over the police wires all day, breaking all records for the amount of ambulance service and providing patients enough to crowd all the hospitals.

The official temperature up in the lofty weather bureau remained at 98, the temperatures on the street level ranged from 100 to 106.

The terrible fatality of the heat was shown by the large percentage of deaths among those prostrated. Out of 328 cases of prostration reported up to 11:30 o'clock last night, 148 resulted fatally.

Among the most prominent victims were the Rev. Dr. Newland Maynard, the Episcopal clergyman and lecturer, and Jacob Rogers, the former locomotive builder.

Between the hours of 2 a. m. Tuesday, and 12:45 a. m. yesterday, Wednesday, there were in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, 158 deaths and 178 prostrations.

The same weather conditions which prevailed in this city were experienced in Brooklyn. It was estimated by the police at midnight that during Tuesday there had been sixty deaths and 150 prostrations by the heat in Brooklyn.

PROCLAMATION IS READY.

President Will Soon Issue Statement Opening Indian Reservation.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Secretary Hitchcock informed the cabinet today that the proclamation for the opening of the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indian reservations in Oklahoma was completed. The secretary will go over it with the president tomorrow and it will be issued either tomorrow evening or July 4. It will fix the day of opening and will prescribe the methods and rules to be observed by prospective homesteaders.

Secretaries Hay and Long were the absentees at today's meeting. Little business was transacted. The most important action decided upon was a change in the civil service rules regarding clerks and carriers in the postal service. The age limits within which applicants could apply for positions as carriers heretofore have been 21 years as the minimum and 40 as the maximum. The minimum for clerks has been 18 years, with no maximum. The civil service commission proposed a uniform minimum of 18 and a maximum of 40 years. It was the opinion of the postmaster general and the rest of the cabinet, however, that this maximum was too low and it was decided to fix 45 years as the maximum for both classes of employes.

Facts About June Weather.

OMAHA, July 4.—Only twice in thirty-one years has the mean temperature of June been so high as in 1901. In 1871 average for the month was 76 and in 1881 the average was 75. This year the average was 75, three degrees above normal for the month. The highest temperature ever recorded at Omaha in June was on the 28th, when the mercury reached 100. The mean maximum temperature for the month was 85.

GOMEZ TALKS WITH PALMA.

Conference Supposed to Have Bearing Upon Cuban Republic.

NEW YORK, July 2.—General Maximo Gomez has been spending much of his time in conference with Tomas Estrada Palma at the Waldorf-Astoria. Neither would divulge the exact nature of their talk. It is thought General Gomez is here to sound the head of the Cuban junta on the question of his candidacy for the presidency of Cuba. General Gomez, who is himself a presidential possibility, declared recently in favor of Senator Palma. When this subject was mentioned to Estrada Palma last night he said:

"I would rather not discuss the matter. It is too early anyway and the Cubans have not yet made up their minds whom they desire for president."

General Gomez will leave the city this morning with Senator Palma for the latter's home at Central Valley, N. Y. He expects to go to Washington tomorrow and call upon President McKinley. Before going to the capital it is possible he will issue a statement covering the object of his trip north and setting forth his views on Cuban affairs.

AMERICA INVADING CANADA.

Capital from the United States is Buying Up the Dominion.

LONDON, July 2.—J. Henry Bourassa, member of the Dominion parliament and some years director of La Review Canadienne, has arrived in London for a holiday. Interviewed by a reporter for the Daily News he referred among other matters to the way American capital is invading Canada.

"American capital," he said, "is spreading around the lakes, up the rivers and along the railroad systems. It is breaking down the barrier between Canada and the United States. The Americans are not conquering us, but they are buying us. When this is accomplished it will only need a slight political difference with the home government and the annexation movement, now dead, will revive.

"Then you will have to look not to the half Americanized business men of Canada, but to us French Canadians, who have saved Canada for you more than once and may have to save it again, unless you hopelessly alienate us."

Spanish Claims Considered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 3.—The Spanish treaty claims commission held a session today and heard argument on the question of taking testimony in Cuba or other foreign territories. Several attorneys presented arguments on the subject, but no decision was reached.

The motion filed by the attorney for the government to dismiss the case growing out of the sinking of the Maine for want of jurisdiction was called up, but in the absence of Mr. Fuller, who prepared the motion on behalf of the government, the case went over, subject to call.

Buying Missouri Lead Fields.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The Herald says: With the passage of a check for almost \$1,000,000 from the Morton Trust company of this city to the Union Trust company of St. Louis, the first definite step on the part of the Union Lead and Oil company toward the acquisition of title of all purchasable Missouri lead fields has been taken. More changes of titles for large amounts are expected soon.

Damage at Fort Crook.

FORT CROOK, Neb., July 3.—A windstorm verging close upon a cyclone passed over this section yesterday about 4 o'clock doing considerable damage. The depot building was unroofed, a section of which was carried fully 300 feet distant. It was scattered in fragments for an entire block. Lightning struck a telegraph pole near which a soldier was passing, riddling the pole into splinters. The soldier was not hurt.

Wrecked at Rock Springs.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 3.—A special to the News from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Eastbound Atlantic express No. 6 on the Union Pacific ran into the rear end of a freight train at Rock Springs last night. Between fifteen and twenty persons, all but two of the passengers on the east-bound train, were slightly injured. Traffic was delayed for nearly fourteen hours.

New Revenue District.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 3.—The new revenue collection district embracing North and South Dakota was established with Herman Ellermand as collector. The office is located at Aberdeen, S. D.

Fight on Plan of Settlement.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 3.—The government's proposed lottery plan of settlement of the Kiowa and Comanche country is to be contested by settlers who expect to take claims when the country is opened. The plan of contest is the legality of the drawing scheme. Among those who will be leading plaintiffs is Lewis N. Hornbeck of Minco, I. T., who has been a government surveyor. He has retained counsel to make his case.

WILL PURSUE MALVAR

General Chaffee Prepares to Make Captive of Insurgent Chief.

CAPT. HUTCHINSON HAS A PLACE

Prospective Commander Wants Him For His Military Secretary—New Arrangement in Effect—July 4 to Be Inauguration and General Moving Day.

MANILA, July 3.—General Chaffee is preparing to push Malvar, the insurgent chief of southern Luzon. He has ordered the transfer of the Fifth Infantry from northern Luzon to Batangas province. The general has been informed that Malvar's principal headquarters are in a mountain town in northern Tayabas, whose inhabitants are contributing to his support.

General Chaffee's staff appointments are as follows: Adjutant general, Colonel William P. Hall; quartermaster, General Charles F. Humphrey; inspector general, Lieutenant Colonel Joseph P. Sanger; military secretary, Captain Grote Hutcheson, Sixth cavalry.

Thursday, July 4, will be inauguration day for the civil government and moving day for the military headquarters, which will be transferred to the former Spanish headquarters outside the walled city. The place will be occupied exclusively by the civil government. General Chaffee, who assumes command Thursday, will occupy Judge Taft's residence, and Judge Taft will remove to the Malacanang palace.

Bills have been passed establishing a board of health for the Philippines and providing for laboratories in connection therewith. The salary of the health commissioner will be \$15,000.

General Chaffee has not formulated plans for the occupation of the island of Mindinoro. General Hughes, at his request, will be permitted to continue in command of the Visaya islands until the Samar campaign is completed. Subsequently, Gen. Davis will continue, temporarily, to be provost marshal at Manila.

The United States cruiser Albany sailed today for the Mediterranean.

Several insurgent officers and 350 bolomen have voluntarily taken the oath of allegiance at Cuino, province of Bataan.

Captain Adams, with ten men, scouting in Albay province, has killed ten insurgents and captured a Filipino captain and ten men.

A detachment of the Fourth Infantry, scouting on a volcanic island, in Lake Taal, has captured Gonzales, an insurgent leader, his adjutant and several others. Another detachment of the same regiment has had a running engagement at Bataan and destroyed a Filipino stronghold. Sergeant Brown and Privates Rigby and Gaffield of the coast artillery were wounded.

The English club will give a reception to General MacArthur tonight.

Four American prisoners, who escaped from Calapan, have been recaptured. Six others are reported to be in southern Mindinoro.

PIER IS A DEATHTRAP.

Eleven Lives Destroyed When Lightning Bolt Wrecks Structure.

CHICAGO, July 3.—Crowded together in a little zinc-lined shanty, under a north shore pier, ten boys and young men and one old man met instant death by lightning today.

They had left their fish lines and sought shelter from the fierce thunder storm that deluged the northern part of the city about 1 o'clock. Ten minutes later their bodies lay, with twisted and tangled limbs, "like a nest of snakes," as the men who found them said.

There were twelve who sought shelter and just one escaped. Twelve-year-old Willie Anderson was uninjured, but he lay many minutes before he could be drawn out from under the heap of dead bodies.

The dead are all from the families of comparatively poor people and comprised a party of men who were fishing and seeking relief from the heat of the day, joined by a number of boys who had come to wade and swim on the beach.

The Webster County Tragedy.

FORT DODGE, Ia., July 3.—The verdict of the coroner was to the effect that C. A. Guild and Clarence Guild, who were shot to death near Dayton, came to their death from wounds inflicted by a shotgun in the hands of Oliver Bricker.

Body of Pingree Arrives.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The body of former Governor Hazen S. Pingree of Michigan arrived yesterday on the steamship Zealandia. With the body came Hazen S. Pingree, Jr., who accompanied his father to England. The body will be taken from the ship tomorrow. Frank Pingree a brother of the late governor; Mayor William G. Maybury of Detroit and R. G. Solomon of Newark, representing the leather dealers' committee, were at the dock.