4444444444444 ary has given her as-do-German agreement. n of California is 1,-1,208,130 in 1890, an .923, or 22.9 per cent. confidential agent for nith, cotton brokers. with the embezzlement

from Southampton reo deaths from enteric fe irred among British vole Aurania since she left

hinese Railroad company, a dispatch from St. Petrying to effect a loan in tates and France through Chinese bank.

the past year and nine or the term of State Treasof J. O. Davidson up to this time, the state of Wisconsin has collected \$46,546.08 as interest on state money deposited in banks.

At Oklahoma City, Robert Germaine, leading man of the Stowaway company, attempted to commit suicide by shooting. The ball struck the frontal bone and circled around the head making a painful wound, but not fa-

At Helena, Mont., Deputy United States Marshal Sam Jackson fell from the first floor of the capitol building into the basement and received in-juries from which he died three hours ater. Jackson was the best known officer in Montana,

The Chicago Times-Herald says that within a week there is to be a consolidation of Armour & Co. of Chicago and the Armour Packing company of Kansas City, and an increase in the capital of the Chicago corporation from \$20,000,000 to \$35,000,000.

The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company have determined to establish a pension fund for the benefit of the employes on the lines west of Pittsburg. This project, which will go into effect January 1, is identical with the pension system now in operation on Pennsylvania railroad lines east of Pittsburg and will include from 12,000 to 15,000 employes.

Laurence Walsh, murderer of Robert Gilchrist, is free. Only seven months ago Wash was sent to the asylum for insane criminals at Chester by Judge Chetlain. He has been reased from the asylum as cured and is back in Chicago, the scene of his sensational crime, before the memory of the affair is dimmed in the minds of even casual newspaper readers.

One of the longest trips between Gibraltar, Spain, and Punta Gorda, Fla., in modern times has just been completed by Peter Johansen and his 12year-old son, Peter, who have arrived in an open boat 29 feet long, beam 7 feet 6 inches. They left Gibraltar with 180 gallons of water and provisions for sixty days, and made the trip in fiftynine days, encountering no storms.

Robert Taylor, a Colorado sheep man, recently shipped to Chicago a consignment of 500,000 pounds of wool. The experts agreed that it was the finest wool ever seen in that market, and that in length of staple, strength, luster and other points it was quite up to the Australian standard. Longstaples are produced in Australia but for its length the Taylor wool could hold its own with any import

Maud Gonne is organizing Iris's children and educating them in hostility to England. She is banding together 20,000 children who refused to participate in the demonstration Phoenix Park last spring during the queen's visit. Evening classes have been organized to teach Irish language and history. Maud Gonne has issued an address saying: "It is owing to the neglect of these subjects by the present system of English education in Ireland that over 20,000 of Ireland's sons are today wearing the uniforms of her oppressor and incurring moral guilt and the contempt of the civilized world by fighting England's wars against liberty and right." Sims Reeves, the veteran English

singer, died at Worthing, Bussex. Civil service examinations for the position of assistant biologist of the Department of Agriculture is called for November 20 at the federal building in Omaha. The position pays \$1,500 per year.

Sims Reeves, the veteran English singer, died at Worthing, England. Colonel Kimball, assistant quartermaster general of the United States army, announces that 2,000 recruits will leave for the Philippines in the next three weeks. The first 1,000 will leave on the transport Buford, No-

The students of the University of California who served in the Spanish and Philippine wars have formed an organization.

vember a.

It has been decided that the mar-riage of Queen Wilhelmina to Duke Henry of Mecklenberg-Schwerin shall take place January 17.

At Montpeller, Vt., Edward Dewey, brother of Admiral Dewey, died at his home of kidney trouble.

The imports for September, as shown by the report of the treasury bureau of statistics, was \$59,559,813, against \$70,711,965 in September, 1899. The exports were \$115,629,417, against \$109,685,676 for September last year.

The entire business portion of Minneiska, Minn., was burned, including the postoffice, the Farmers' elevator and several loaded cars.

At the closing day of Hereford cattles sales an average of \$330 was paid for forty-nine head of cattle disposed of at Kansas City.

Four engineering corps have begun laying out a railroad between Oren-burg and Taschkend, Russia, for which American locomotives have been

The king of the Belgians, while ridng in an autocar in Bois de Boulogne, Paris, was pulled up by the pelice for exceeding the regulation speed.

# THE SEMI-MEEKLY TRIBUNE SHE WILL HAVE TO GO

Powers Determined to Compel Retirement of China's Female Dragon.

# TROUBLES CHARGED TO DOWAGER

Creation of Large Indemnity Fund is to Be Insisted Upon-Duty Must Be Paid in Honest Money-Depreciated Silver Coin Will Not Be Accepted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- It was stated in quarters well versed in Chinese affairs that outside of the questions of indemnity, punishments, etc., now un-der negotiation at Pekin, there are three vital and far-reaching questions to be determined, viz.: First, the removal of the empross dowager, personally and through the influence of her advisers, from all participation in the Chinese government; second, the creation of an indemnity fund by the increase of China's customs revenue, either by the payment of duties in gold instead of depreciated silver, as at present, or else by doubling the present silver duties from 5 per cent to 10 per cent ad valorem; third, the establishment of a minister of foreign atfairs in place of the old and cumber some system of the tsung li yamen.

The demand for the retirement of the empress dowager is said to result from the conclusion now generally accepted, that the imperial government of China was responsible for the Boxer uprising. As the empress dowager was the ruling authority of the imperial government during the uprising this responsibility is brought home directly to her. There is understood to be no purpose, however, to visit upon her any personal punishment or indignity, but merely to so form the reconstructed government as to exclude her from all participation in it. It is deemed advisable for that reason that she should remain permanently away from Pekin, and that her advisers also should be kept away from the seat of

The plan of doubling China's customs duties has arisen from the need of finding a source to pay war indem nities which the various popwers demand. It appears, however, that the increase of the duties has heretofore been brought to the attention of the United States government by Li Hung Chang. This occurred during his visit to Washington a few years ago, when it was represented that the 5 per cent was fixed in 1858 by treaties with the United States, Great Brtiain and other countries and was payable in silver. at which time silver was worth as much as gold. But with the change in value between silver and gold, Li Hung Chang points out that China's 5 per cent duty in silver actually netted only about 2½ per cent, judged by the pre-valling gold standard. The matter was not pressed at the time.

China's present customs revenues are said to be already pledged to meet the interest and principal of Chinese loans, so that it will require some ontirely new source to meet the indemnities. In case the enlarged duties are determined upon, it is understood that their collection will be placed under supervision of representatives of the powers, at least until the indemnities are paid. The plan of substituting a minister of foreign affairs in place of the tsung li yamen has long been in contemplation, as foreign representatives have found it very difficult to deal with this mixed body and to locate responsibility upon it, particularly during the Boxer troubles.

## Raise Red Fing of Anarchy.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3 .- Socialist labor orators raised the red flag in State street tonight and were driven off the thoroughfare by the police, who were compelled to interfere to stop a riot. It was socialistic labor night and the Debs speakers used half a dozen wag-

ons to speak from along the street. There were frequent clashes between the speakers and the big crowds who gathered around the stands. Shortly after midnight the socialists became bolder and red flags were raised on every wagon. The red fing was very large and in contrast was hung a flag of the United States of very small dimensions. The crowd took all this good naturedly until some of the Debs speakers began kicking at the American flag. In a moment there was confusion and along the street several of the orators were dragged from their wagons and roughly handled

## Swindled the Maccabees

SHAMOKIN. Pa., Nov. 3 .- O. J Reed, an ex-councilman, who was recently convicted of conspiracy in connection with borough paving contracts and admitted to ball upon the decision of the superior court for a new trial, disappeared three days ago. night it was discovered the local lodge of Macabees, of which he is record keeper, had been swindled out of \$5,000 by forged death certificates of Benja min Davis and Thomas Shoefer. Davis. who was in Michigan, noticing he was listed as dead in the official newspaper of the order, informed his relatives here that he was alive. This started an inquiry, followed by the appearance of G. J. Siegle of Port Huron, Mich., who is a high official of the order. After a close investigation the irregularities were discovered.

Count Von Buelow Congratulated.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.- Count Von Buelow, the imperial chancellor, has received a telegram from the German merchants in Tien Tsin congratulating him upon the conclusion of the Angle-German agreement.

Students May Not Vote. NEW YORK, Nov. 3,-According to a decision made today by Magistrate Deuel in the Yorkville court, students at educational institutions cannot vote at the coming eelction. The case in which the magistrate rendered the docision was that of Orin Giddings Cox. a student in Union Theological seminary. Cox lives in Schenectady county, this state, and registered as living in the seminary. He was summoned to the court and the decision made. Cox promised not to vote and was dis-

#### MONTHLY TREASURY REPORT.

Receipts for October Over the Expenditures Leave Surplus.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 .- The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures issued at the Treasury department today shows that the total receipts for the month of October were \$51,626,067 and the expenditures \$47,993,637, leaving a surplus for the month of \$3,632,430. The receipts for the month were over \$4,000,000 in excess of those for October last year. The expenditures show about the same increase over October 1899. The receipts from the several sources of revenue are given as follows:

Customs, \$20,552,938; increase over October, 1899, \$1,745,000 Internal revenue, \$27,691,143; in-crease, \$1,236,000.

Miscellaneous, \$3,381,984; increase. \$1,110,000

The several items of expenditures are given as follows: Civil and miscellaneous, \$11,754,840;

War, \$15,169,228; increase, \$2,700, Navy, \$4,598,258; decrease, \$522,000. Indians, \$849,948; increase, \$196,000. Pensions, \$10,648,500; decrease, \$20,-

Interest, \$4,792,871; increase \$310,-

During the last four months the receipts exceeded those for the same period last year by \$5,674,000 and the erpenditures exceeded those of the same period last year by \$7,759,000.

# Water Supply Puzzles Humboldt.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., Oct. 31 .- For several years the city water supply has been a problem tefore the council and the solution is yet in doubt. When the water works were first started an attempt to secure a sufficient supply failed, because each time the shafts penetrated a salt strata, which made the water unfit for use. The plan was abandoned and the pumping station was placed on the banks of Long Branch, a small stream, and the sup-ply has since been sufficient, but by reason of mud and filth is practically useless the greater portion of the time for household purposes. The council has recently ordered new shafts sunk and the workmen have already begun. and the hope prevails that the city may soon have a fresh water supply.

#### Volunteers Return Home.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 2.—The over-due transport Idaho, with several hundred members of the Canadian contingent who participated in the war in South Africa, reached its dock here today. The Idaho reported that all on board were well and that the delay in arriving was caused by an accident to the propellor, two blades of which had been broken. The Idaho was greeted with a thunderous jar of cannon from the citadel, by hundreds of steam whistles and by the cheers of the sailors in the rigging of the British war ships in port.

News of the Earthquake. WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The State department has received the following cablegram from Mr. Russell, secretary of legation at Caracas, concerning the

recent earthquake in Venezuela: "CARACAS, Via Hayti, Oct. 30.— Secretary of State, Washington: Severe earthquake this morning; great damage to property; several killed: president jumping second floor gov-ernment house, leg broken; details from interior later. RUSSELL."

## Betting Pure and Simple.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.-Judge Vail today in open court created a sensation by declaring that in his opinion dealing on the Chicago Board of Trade and dealing in one of the institutions which the members of the Board of Trade had stigmatized as "bucket shops" were practically the same. He stated that the same thing was called "gambling" in the bucket shops, and "speculation" on the Board of Trade, but that both were "betting pure and simple."

## Crime of Banker Sternberg.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.- A sensational incident occurred here today in the second trial of the rich banker, Sternberg, who was sentenced last April to two years' imprisonment and a three years' loss of honorable citizenship for a crime against morality. Police De-tective Stierstaedter testified that his superior officer, Thiel, offered him 200,-000 marks if he would testify in such a way as to secure the acquittal of the accused and then leave the country.

## Crew of British Vessel Mutiny.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.-The crew of the British bark Iredale, eleven in num-ber, were arrested at Cuxhaven today at the instance of the captain, who accused them of mutiny. Last week the Iredale put to sea from Hamburg in a storm, bound for Melbourne. The crew mutinied in the North sea.

## Funeral of Max Muller.

OXFORD, Eng., Nov. 2.- The funeral today of Prof. Max Muller, who died on October 28, was largely attended. those present including representatives of Queen Victoria and Emperor William of Germany. The latter sent a wreath inscribed, "To my dead

## Our Warships Will Be There.

LONDON, Nov. 2.-The United States government, according to a dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., to the Daily Express, has intimated that it would be pleased to send warships to attend the inauguration of the commonwealth of Australia.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 2.—United States Senator Cushman K. Davis, who has been confined to his bed in this city for the last month with a serious case of blood poisoning in his foot, is slowly recovering. At the present time one chief cause of trouble is the natural restivences of Senator Davis over his enforced retirement from the campaign in which he was so deeply interested After returning from the Maine campaign he suffered great pain from his foot and his physician performed an operation, subsequent operations also being necessary.

# THE POWERS' POSITION

Alignment on the Anglo-German Agreement Now Complete.

# THIRD CLAUSE A STUMBLING BLOCK

The United States, Russia and France Refuse to Commit Themselves on That -Italy, Austria and Japan are Satisfied to Accept Proposition.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 .- The alignment of the powers on the British-German agreement is now complete.

Aside from the Italy and Austria, whose adherence to the agreement was was expected owing to their political relations with Germany, Japan is the only power giving unconditional assent to the agreement. As the matter now stands five of the powers are united in all the terms of the agreement, viz.: Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Austria and Japan; three of the powers-the United States, Russia and France-accept the clauses relating to the open door and the territorial integrity of China, but withhold action on the third clause relating to future procedure in case any power seizes ter-

Neither the state department, nor the Russian ambassy has received information of Russia's answer, though the Associated Press, in its London dispatches, announces that the reply has been received at the British foreign office on October 30 and unreservedly accepted the first two clauses. In regard to the third clause, Russia referred the two contracting parties to the Russian circular of April 25, saying that it would modify its attitude according to circumstances.

The chief effect of the exchange has been in bringing five of the powers to an agreement to respecting the "open door" and the integrity of Unina, and to consult among themselves as to the course to be pursued if any other power sought to take territory.

The negotiations, as now shaped, include the United States, France and Russia. As to the United States there is no possibility of an initiative in taking territory, so that the terms of the third clause would appeal to France and Russia and would bring about concurrent action of the five powers in case either of these sought to extend their domain in China.

#### HORRIBLE TALE OF CRUELTY.

Seventy-Four Chinese Prisoners Reported

to Have Been Bayoneted by Germans. BERLIN, Nov. 2.-Considerable impatience at the meagerness of the news from China is finding expression here. The inference is that German censorship over such information is very strict. Letters from privates in China begin to find their way into the social democratic papers showing that the German troops do not give quarter. The Bremen Buerger Zeitung publishes a letter from a soldier in Pekin, who said he saw sixty-eight captives, some of them not yet adults, tied together by their queues, beaten bloody by Germans, compelled to dig their own graves and finally shot enmasse.

The Halberstader Volks Zeitung prints a communication from Pekin, in are taken. All are shot, or preferably sabred to save ammunition. day afternoon we had to bayonet seventy-four prisoners. They had killed one of our patrolmen. An entire battalion pursued them and captured seventy-four alive. It was cruel, it was indescribable."

Drawing in the Lines. MILWAUKEE, Nov. 2.-Today's ses sion of the National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Deal ers was devoted to considering a set of resolutions adopted at Kansas City July last, at a conference of various retail associations. The resolution recommending manufacturers to abstain from selling to catalogue houses and one that manufacturers and jobbers furnish catalogues and prices to legitimate dealers only, were adopted, while another calling for the payment of freight charges both to and from the manufacturers in cases of defects by parties warranting their goods

nonconcurred in.

WASHINGTON, Noc. 2.-Secretary Hay today cabled Commissioner Rockhill an appointment as counsellor of the American legation at Pekin. He has been directed to proceed at once from Shanghai to Pekin to assist Minister Conger in that capacity in the negotiations for a final settlement. The purpose to appoint Commissioner Rockhill and General Conger to conduct the negotiations was abandoned only because it appeared that no other power was to appoint commissioners.

## Products of German Colonies

BERLIN, Nov .1.-The German Colonization society is petitioning for the free admission of the products of German colonies in the German tariff. A number of professors, politicians and manufacturers have issued a call for the organization of the German section in the international union for the protection of labor, which was founded in Paris last July.

## SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Nov. 1 .- Ser-

lous rioting at Aguidilla has resulted in a conflict between civilians and a native regiment. The soldiers fired into the mob and several persons were wounded, none fatally.

Cut a's Imports and Exports WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 .- The department of customs and insular affairs, War department, made public a summary of its regular monthly bulletin showing the commerce of Cuba for the ten months ending April, 1900. statement shows that the value of all merchandise imported during this period was \$59,225,338 and of gold and silver \$5,120,827, giving a total importation of \$65,0a0,626. Of this amount \$29,986,588 worth was sent from the United States and \$1,447,456 worth came from Porto Rico.

#### LOOTED AND BURNED.

Shelby Nearly Wiped Off the Map as Result of Thieves' Visit.

SHELBY, Neb., Nov. 3.-Burglars blew the postoffice safe and set fire to the opera house block, which was built in 1893, costing \$13,000. It is a mass of ruins. When discovered the postoffice, in the front part of Knerr's store, was in a blaze. The fire company soon arrived and did good work and kept the fire from spreading to the frame buildings to the north, the first being a few feet distant. The brick wall fell on W. E. Kinney's implement building and crushed it. Losses: Frank Brigham, \$11,000, on general store and double rooms; insurance, \$7,000. Ida M. Yerty, drug stock, \$1,600, no insurance. E. E. Knerr, hardware and jewelry, \$2,800; insurance, \$1,200. G. E. Brigham, store room, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,000. Inks' store room and office, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,200. Dr. Woodward, office fixtures, \$400; no insurance, J. C. Rahe, publisher of the Sun, \$1,500; no insurance. The top part, containing the opera house and offices, costing \$5,-000, had no insurance. The opera house was the pride of Shelby and was praised by every troupe playing here. The Nebraska Telephone office was in the drug store. No money was secured by the robbers in the postoffice, for the postmaster sayed it. Three stores were broken open and tills tapped, also \$200 in stamps were stolen or burned, Mail sacks and all mail and postoffice equipments were burned. Stolen letters and registered packages had been opened and found a block away.

#### Finds Gold in Kearney.

KEARNEY, Neb., Nov. 3--J. D. Bingham of Minden, insists that there is an abundance of gold about Sand creek, a short distance south of this city. He was in Kearney recently and brought with him a sack of specimens. He had been a resident of Kearney county for twenty-one years and has a farm on Sand creek. He was an old prospector and miner. His investigations have been pursued for twenty years. Mr. Bingham says the sand hills will yield a dollar and a half to fifteen dollars a ton and can be worked with great profit with the Edison machine. The machine costs a small fortune, but with such a prospect as Mr. Bingham paints, there should be no trouble in obtaining the money. It is probable the prospector's story will have sufficient weight to interest some of Kearney's capitalists.

#### Increase in Sheep Receipts.

SOUTH OMAHA, Nov. 3.-Sheep receipts for the month of October num-bered 211,955 head, the largest in the history of the yards. All shippers of sheep to South Omaha now assert that this is the best sheep market on the river. In October of 1899 135,841 sheep were received and sold here and compared with the corresponding month of this year an increase of 76,114 head is shown in receipts. The increase in sheep receipts for ten months of the present year as compared with last year amounts to about 160,000 head. Prices for sheep still hold good and a continuation of heavy receipts is looked for by commission men and the management of the Stock Yards company.

TEKAMAH, Neb., Nov. 3.-A disease called Cuban itch has been prevalent for some months on the Omaha and Winnebago reservation and at Decatur, in this county; also in some of the farming communities of the county. It has spread so rapidly that the authorities of this city became alarmed and the attention of the state board of health was called to the matter. Dr. Towne of Omaha, a specialist, was sent here and after examining more than a dozen cases, pronounced it smallpox, similar to that which raged in Nebraska City two years ago, and in Omaha last year. Action is being taken to quarantine and suppress it and to protect this city from its gaining a footbold here.

## Charles Ardell Sentenced.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Nov. 3 Deputy Sheriff J. D. McBride received a letter from the sheriff of Fresno county, California, stating that Charles Ardell, alias Frank Perry, who was recently arrested in this city, charged with the crime of having committed murder in that county by shooting and killing a fellow citizen had been tried. convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

## Death at Tecumseb.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Nov. 3.-Miss Sarah A. Gariss died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Gariss in Tecumseh after a short illness, of heart trouble. She was aged twentyone years, eleven months and fourteen days. The funeral was held at the family residence this afternoon at 3 o'clock, the services being conducted by Rev. A. B. Whitmer of the M. E. church.

## Pranks of the Youngsters.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Nov. 3.-Hallowe'en was celebrated by the reckless youth in this city in extravagant manner. On the north side particularly was great damage done to sidewalks and crosswalks. The usual displacement of various vehicles was indulged in and not a single arrest was made. One of the particular pranks carried out by the observers of the night was the wiring in of Dr. E. J. Porter, who was compelled to crawl out of the window that he might turn the hose on his

## Thrifty Farmers.

YORK, Neb., Nov. 3.-A few farmers of Lockridge township adjoining York, formed the York County Cattle company, with a paid up capital of \$100,-000, which they have invested in young cattle and a large ranch in western Nebraska. This year they shipped in off the ranch to farms here a number of cattle which they will fatten on York county's surplus corn. Only a few years ago these farmers located here with no means to speak of. They now own good, well improved farms and are making money each year.

# THE COUNTRY'S COUNT

Total Population of the United States is 76,275,220.

# THE GAIN MADE IN TEN YEARS

All of the Returns in the Census are Complete with the Exception of Alaska and Certain Military Organizations Abroad-Nebraska's Showing.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 1 .-The official announcement of the total population of the United States for 1900 is 76,295,220, of which 74,627,907 are contained in the forty-five states. representing approximately the population to be used for a apportionment purposes. There is a total of 134,158 Indians not taxed.

The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population of the present census should be compared. was 63,069,756. Taking the 1890 population as a basis, there has been a gain in population of 13,225,464 during the past ten years, representing an

increase of nearly 21 per cent.
Following is the official announcement of the population of the United States in 1900 by states. In the figures the first column represents the census for 1900, the second for 1890, and the third column, when given, repre-sents the number of Indians not 1900 1890 Ind'n.

	Charles and the second	of charge statement	The state of the s	100.00
	Alabama	1,828,697	1,513,017	
	Arkansas	1,311,564	1,128,179	****
	California	1,485,053	1,208 130	1,54
d	Colorado		412.198	59
	Connecticut	908,355	746.258	
,	Delaware	184,735	168, 193	****
	Fiorida	528,542	391,122	
	Georgia	2,216,329	1,837.353	3,29
	Idaho	161,771	84.395	3,29
١.	Illinois	4,821,550	3,826,351	
	Indiana	2,516,463	2,192,404	
,	lowa	2,251,829	1,911,896	*****
	Kansas	1,469,496	1,427,908	
ı	Kentucky	2,147,174	1,858,635	
ı	Louislana	1,381,627	1,118,587	
М	Louisiana	694,366	661 086	
	Maryland	1.189,946	1,012 300	*****
	Massachusetts	2,805,346	2,238 943	****
ı	Michigan	2,419,782	2,093 989	
2	Minnesota	1,751,395	1,301,999	1,76
a	Mississippi	1,551,372	1,280,000	
п	Missouri	3,107,117	2,679,184	
П	Montana	243,829	132,159	10,74
	Nebraska	1,068,901	1,058 910	
ч	Nevada	42,334	45,761	1,66
	New Hampshire	411,588	376,530	4,00
,	New Jersey	1.883,669	1,444,923	****
	New York	7,268,009		4 774
3	North Carolina	1,200,000	5,997,953	4,71
П	North Dakota		1,617,947	1 200
		319,040	182.719	4,69
ă.	Ohio	4,107,545	3,5,2,316	*****
п	Pennsylvania	413,532	313,657	****
	Pennsylvania	6,301,365	5.258,014	****
	Rhode Island South Carolina	428,556	345.50C	****
п		1,340,312	1,151,149	10.93
	South Dakota	401,559	328,808	
•	Tennessee	2,022,723	1,767,518	****
61	Texas	3,048,828	2,235 523	1,47
ш	Utah	276.565	207,905	
4	Vermont		332,422	****
g	Virginia	1,854,184	1,655,980	*****
	Washington		349,390	2,53
8	West Virginia	958,900	762,784	*****
•	Wisconsin	2,068,963	1,686,800	1,65
	Wyoming	92,513	60,705	
8				
	Total 45 states	74,627,907	62,116,811	44,61
		-	2412421	
1	Alaska (est.)	44,000	32,052	
	Arizona	122,212	59,620	24,64
	Dist. of Columbia.	278,718	230 392	****
	Hawall	154,001	89,797	23723
	** The 18 8 In 16 1988 March 4 15 16 16 16	MARIE MARIE	400 400	W. W. W. W.

Indian Territory...
New Mexico ....
Oklahoma ....
Persons in the service of the Unit-ed States sta-tioned abroad (estimated) ....... ndians, etc., on 84,400 ..... Indians, etc., on Indian reserva-tions, except In-dian Territory... Total seven ter... 1,667,113 952,345 89,415 The Alaskan figures are derived from

partial data only, and all returns for

Alaska and for certain military or-

ganizations stationed abroad, princi-

pally in the Philippines, have not yet been received. The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population at the present census should be compared. was 63,669,756, the gain during the last decade being 13,225,464, or very

#### nearly 21 per cent. BOTHA WILL NOT SURRENDER.

Will Fight on as Long as Boers are of That Mind.

LONDON, Nov. 1 .- A belated dispatch from Pretoria tells of the failure of the British negotiations with General Botha for the surrender of the Boers. Botha received General Paget's fig of truce courteously and admitted his defeat, but said it was impossible to treat for surrender as long as any burghers wished to continue the war. President Steyn was more irreconcilable. He refused to even see the bearer of a flag of truce.

## Reception to Mrs. Bryan.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 1.-When Mr. Bryan's train arrived in this city at 8 o'clock Mrs. Bryan was received by Mrs. David Baumgarten and driven to her elegant home on Walnut Hills, where dinner was served to Mrs. Bryan and a large number of invited guests. Mrs. Baumgarten presented Mrs. Bryan with a fine silver loving cup. After the supper there was a formal reception. In the receiving line, in addition to the hostess and the guests of honor, were Mrs. Judge W. H. Jackson, Mrs. Franklin Alter, Mrs. Louis G. Bernard and wives of prominent democrats.

## American Banks to Help.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Dr. Van Siemens, president of the Deutsche bank, 18 in Paris arranging negotiations for financing the Swiss railroads. The transaction, it is said, involves a loan of 300,000,000 francs at 4 per cent, which will be raised principally by American banks, assisted by English, French. German and Swiss financiers. matter attracted much attention on the bourse today.

#### To Sali Fifty Miles an Hour. NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-Charles A

A. Flint's Arrow, under contract to be the fastest ship ever designed, was launched at Ayres ship yard at Nyack. N. Y. She has been built under the guarantee by her designer of fortytwo miles an hour, and it is expected that under pressure she will be able to make fifty miles. The impression has been given out that she was constructed as a yacht for Mr. Flint's personal use, but the impression gains that she was built under contract with one of the South American govgraments as a torpedo boat.