

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One Year, cash in advance, \$1.25. Six Months, cash in advance, \$0.75. Entered at the North Platte (Nebraska) postoffice as second-class matter.

Republican Ticket.

- NATIONAL. For President, WILLIAM MCKINLEY. For Vice President, THEODORE ROOSEVELT. STATE. For Governor, CHARLES H. DIETRICH. For Lieutenant Governor, E. P. SAVAGE. For Secretary of State, GEORGE W. MARSH. For Treasurer, WILLIAM STEUFFER. For Auditor, CHARLES WESTON. For Attorney General, FRANK N. PROUT. For Land Commissioner, FRED D. FOLMER. For Supt. of Public Instruction, W. K. FOWLER. For State Electors, JOHN F. NESBITT, R. B. WINDHAM, EDWARD ROYSE, L. W. HAGUE, S. P. DAVIDSON, JACOB L. JACOBSON, JOHN L. KENNEDY, JOSEPH L. LANGER. For Congress, Sixth District, MOSES P. KINKAID. COUNTY. For County Attorney, H. S. RIDGLEY.

THE Bee says that in no time in its history has Omaha shown such substantial evidence of growth and prosperity as at present. This being the case, a big republican majority may confidently be expected in Douglas county next November.

THE most difficult task the Bryanites have undertaken is to persuade the laborer and farmer that they are on the brink of starvation and financial ruin. Both are enjoying greater prosperity by fifty per cent than they did under a democratic administration.

THOSE democratic papers which a few weeks ago were so strongly opposing the re-nomination of Governor Poynter, are now swallowing great hunks of crow, and "for Bryan's sake" will support the man who they so viciously assailed. The average democratic editor is a very "amoosin' cuss."

THE eastern papers say that the democratic national committee has decided to "fire" Webster Davis out of the campaign. They consider that a recruit who less than two years ago was so enthusiastic in the praise of the republican administration will not cut much ice in telling the dear people the beauties of Bryanism.

A CALL for the republican senatorial and representative district convention should be called in the near future. The campaign will be in full blast by the first of September, and the republican candidates ought to be in the field when the battle begins. The republicans can do no better than renominate Owens and Wilcox for senator and representative respectively; they have both been tried and not found wanting, and they can be elected

ROBERT GRAHAM, who was nominated for state senator by the fusion conventions at Ogalalla last week is a dyed-in-the-wool democrat, and the democrats propose to devote all their energies to his election. Reed, who was nominated by the same conventions for representative, is a populist, and as he is in a district that is republican, the democrats will attempt to trade him for Graham votes. You know, good populist friends, this is the last year of fusion, the democrats won't care for you after this fall.

THE talk about all the commercial travelers being for Bryan is not borne out by the facts. The Valentine Republican says: Wednesday a traveling man informed the Republican that twenty-seven traveling men including himself, were on the same train a few days ago. They were discussing politics and agreed to count noses as to their political beliefs, which resulted in disclosing the fact that twenty-five were for McKinley and two for Bryan. That, no doubt, is a fair ratio showing how traveling men will vote this fall.

THE fusion populists serve notice on the democrats that if they force Towne off the ticket they need not expect to carry South Dakota, Kansas or Wyoming. But there is not much in that threat, for the reason that the chances are very bright for the republicans carrying those states whether Towne stays on or is fired off the ticket.

Up in Cheyenne county there is considerable dissatisfaction in the fusion ranks over the nomination of Bob Oberfelder as a presidential elector. The facts as told by the Sidney Telegraph are that at the county convention held at Sidney June 30th, the democrats elected delegates to attend the state convention, and no proxies were to be allowed. Oberfelder was not a delegate, but was at the state convention and handed in bogus credentials headed by his own name. The real credentials were not presented, as Oberfelder assured the delegates it would be unnecessary as he had attended to the matter. Since the nomination of Oberfelder as a presidential elector these astonishing facts came to light and the county fusionists are supremely disgusted and refuse to countenance such political trickery. A "round robin" is talked of to be signed by the chairman and secretary of both the democratic and populist county central committee and many of the leading fusionists. Oberfelder is state fish commissioner and Poynter's lieutenant in Cheyenne county, and while he is supposed to be a smooth politician, his work in this instance is extremely "raw."

A Washington dispatch dated July 30th says: The secretary of state received at midnight last night a dispatch from Mr. Fowler, American consul at Che Foo, dated July 29, noon. Mr. Fowler says: "A letter from the German legation, dated the 21st inst., received at Tien Tsin, German loss is ten dead and twelve injured. Chinese ceased their attack on the 12th. Baron von Kettler's body said to be safe. The Austrian, Dutch and Spanish legations destroyed and the French partially. A letter from the Japanese legation dated the 22nd, arrived at Tien Tsin on the 25th. Ten battalions of Chinese shelled the legations consecutively from the 20th of June and stopped on the 17th of July, but may renew. The enemy are decreasing. The German, Russian, American, British and half of the Japanese and French legations still defended. Japanese say they have food for six days, but little ammunition. The emperor and empress are reported at Peking."

King Humbert, of Italy, was shot at Monza Sunday night at 10:45 and died an hour later. The assassin was a man named Angelo Bressi.

The latest news from the Cape-town, Africa, is to the effect that the Boer commander, General Prinsloo, with 5,000 men, has surrendered unconditionally to the British.



Every woman in the country ought to know about Mother's Friend. Those who do know about it wonder how they ever got along without it. It has robbed childbirth of its terrors for many a young wife. It has preserved her girlish figure and saved her much suffering. It is an external liniment and carries with it therefore, absolutely no danger of upsetting the system as drugs taken internally are apt to do. It is to be rubbed into the abdomen to soften and strengthen the muscles which are to bear the strain. This means much less pain. It also prevents morning sickness and all of the other discomforts of pregnancy. A druggist of Macon, Ga., says: "I have sold a large quantity of Mother's Friend and have never known an instance where it has failed to produce the good results claimed for it." A prominent lady of Lamberton, Ark., writes: "With my first six children I was in labor from 24 to 30 hours. After using Mother's Friend, my seventh was born in 4 hours." Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1.00 per bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA. Write for our free illustrated book, "BEFORE BABY IS BORN."

THE MASK TORN OFF.

Governor Roosevelt Removes the Cover From the Haggard and Deceitful Face of Fusion.

A Fierce and Forceful Fire on the Fallacy of Bryanism by America's Soldier-Statesman.

Quoted General Lawton in Saying That the Blood of American Soldiers is On the Hands of American Sympathizers of Aguinaldo.

Speaking to the National League of Republican clubs in session at St. Paul, Governor Roosevelt gave utterance to some things which in a large degree show the true character of the man. He said: "A politician who isn't honest, no matter how able or smart he is, is a curse to the community. Don't let any man delude you by trying to convince you that he can help you by being a little dishonest on your side. He will desert you when the crisis comes. I have met here today a few men from my old stamping grounds in the Dakotas and Montana, where I used to be a delegate to the cattle conventions. There are a few of my fellow delegates here tonight. I was then in the cow business myself. Out there the cow puncher and the branding iron took the place of the fence. We used to brand the calves every year, and if a calf was passed over it became a maverick. It was the rule in those days that a maverick when found might be branded with the brand of the ranch on which it was found. "And one day I was riding over the ranch with a cow puncher and we came across a maverick. It was on the Thistle brand ranch. The cow puncher roped and tied the maverick and we got off to put a brand on it. I remember that I took off the cinch iron to help put on the brand. And I said to the cow puncher: 'Remember, it is the Thistle brand.' He grinned and said he knew his business. But I saw he was putting on my brand. 'Hold on there,' I said, 'you are putting on my brand.' 'I always put on my boss' brand,' he replied. I said to him: 'You can go to the ranch and get your time. If you will steal for me, you will steal from me.' "And that applies in politics as well as in the cow business. You have got to have honesty first, and you have got to have courage with it. I have mighty little use for the honest, timid man, the man who takes out his honesty in his own parlor, but who can't trust himself with it out in the world to do his work among his fellows. He may be very nice and pleasant, but he is no use. "But no matter how honest and brave a man may be, if he is a natural born fool you can't do anything with him. He must have the Saving Grace of Common Sense. Honesty, courage and common sense are needed in public life just as they are needed in private life. And it is because I believe that associations like this club, associations like this league, make for the elementary decency of political life that I take such pleasure in addressing you tonight. "I do not address you as a Republican addressing Republicans, but as an American addressing his fellow Americans, urging them to stand for honesty and the honor of the flag. We have come here to begin the work of a campaign more vital to American interests than any that has taken place since the close of the civil war. We appeal not only to Republicans, but to all good citizens that are Americans in fact as well as in name, to help us in re-electing President McKinley. It was indeed of infinite importance to elect him four years ago. Yet the need is even greater now. Every reason which then obtained in his favor obtains now, and many more have been added. Four years ago the success of the Populist-Democracy would have meant fearful misery, fearful disaster at home; it would have meant the shame that is worse even than misery and disaster. Today it would mean all this, and in addition the unmeasurable disgrace of abandoning the proud position we have taken, of flinching from the great work we have begun. "We ask support for President McKinley because of what he has actually done, of what he now stands for and typifies, and because of the marvelous work that has been accomplished under his administration. We ask the support of all upright citizens because against him are arrayed "The Forces of Chaotic Evil; because of the brooding menace to our moral and industrial welfare which is implied in the present attitude and purpose of the Populist-Democracy. "We know definitely what we believe and we say it outright. "Our opponents, who represent all the forces of discontent, malice and envy, formed and formless, vague and concrete, can hardly be said to know what they really do believe, because the principles they profess, if put forth nakedly, are so revolting, even to their own followers, that they like at least to try to wrap the mantle of hypocrisy around them. They rant about trusts, but they have nothing practical to advance in the way of remedy. "Nor is this to be wondered at, when one of the makers of their platform, the representative from New York, and the leader of that organization in New

York, are both themselves and the most prominent stockholders in the worst trust to be found today in the United States—the ice trust, which has just exposed itself to the criticism which our opponents often unjustly apply to every form of industrial effort. "We now come to the Philippines and to the general question of expansion. Many of the positions taken by the Populist-Democracy at the moment are so palpably dishonest and maintained in such palpable bad faith that to state them is sufficient. It is hardly necessary to discuss what they say about "the constitution following the flag." The Democratic party never championed the doctrine thus set forth save in the dark days, when it had become the

Handmaiden of Slavery and rebellion, and danced to any tune which the apostles of slavery chose to pipe. When, under Jefferson, the great West beyond the Mississippi was acquired, when, largely through the instrumentality of Jackson, Florida was added to the Union, the new provinces, with their Indian populations, were governed precisely and exactly on the theory under which the Philippines are now governed. President Jefferson secured the Louisiana purchase just as President McKinley secured the Philippines and Andrew Jackson warred against the Seminoles when we had acquired Florida from Spain, precisely as General MacArthur is now warring against the bandits among the Tagals in Luzon. Unless we are willing to deprive Jefferson and Jackson of the meed of honor which has been held to be peculiarly theirs, we cannot deny the same high praise to President McKinley. At Kansas City, the men engaged in preaching the gospel of dishonor and repudiation solemnly asserted that "imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home." You men of Minnesota and the Dakotas who are here this evening can appreciate the fatuousness of that statement by the simple process of thinking whether your liberties have been abridged by the return of the Minnesota and Dakota troops who won such honor for themselves in the Philippines. There are geometrical propositions so essentially absurd that mathematicians hold their mere statement to be equivalent to their refutation. So it is with this proposition. If it were worth while I would point out its dishonesty and insincerity. But flagrant though these are, its absurdity is so much more flagrant that nothing need be said. "So it is with their cant about militarism and 'intimidation and oppression at home' as following what they are pleased to call 'conquest abroad.' We cannot argue with them on this proposition, because no serious man thinks for one moment that they believe what they assert. During the great civil war there were many preachers of the gospel of disloyalty among the so-called copperheads of the north, and these men, like their representatives among our opponents today, prophesied the subdivision of the country when the great armies of Grant and Sherman should come back from the war; but the great armies of Grant and Sherman returned to civil life and were swallowed up among their fellow citizens without a ripple. A considerable army was kept for a year or two on the Indian frontier and in some of the southern states, but it never entered the head of a human being to attempt what

The Copperhead Prophets of disaster had frantically foretold. In '98 and '99 you yourselves saw regiments and brigades and divisions return from Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, to be disbanded and swallowed up in the mass of the people, if volunteers, and if regulars to assume their ordinary work in fort and cantonment, and after greeting them on the day they returned the bulk of the people would never have been able to tell, except by the newspapers, whether they had come back or not. "Of all idle chatter the talk of the danger of militarism is the idlest. The army we have now is, relatively to the population of the country, less in size than it has been again and again during the last century and a quarter, in times when we had only our own Indians to guard against. In Washington's administration Gen. Wayne spent some three years in Ohio warring against the Tagals of that day, with an army under him larger in proportion to the then population of the nation than all our present national forces, regulars and volunteers combined, and there is just as little danger from the evils of militarism now as there was then. It is as utter folly to talk of our liberties as menaced by the existence of a force capable of keeping order in our outlying possessions as it would have been to talk of their being menaced in the seventies by the soldiers who followed Custer and his fellows against Comanche, Apache and Sioux. "I would ask those who by their words have encouraged the warfare of the Filipinos against us to recall the letter of General Lawton, written just before his death, in which he pointed out that the blood of his soldiers reddened the hands of the men at home who encouraged

Our Foes Abroad. "Some years ago when certain easterners were clamoring in the name of humanity against the army officers who warred to protect the western settlers from the Indians, General Sheridan wrote: 'I do not know how far these humanitarian should be excused on account of their ignorance, but surely it is the only excuse that can give a shadow of justification for aiding and abetting such horrid crimes.' "The scheming politicians at Kansas City have now even the excuse of ignorance when they incite the insurgents to fresh warfare against our soldiers with the base hope that thereby they may further their own political advancement."

Legal Notice. The defendants J. R. Honeywell, first name unknown, — Honeywell his wife, first name unknown, and Charles Maples and John Doe, true name unknown, will take notice that on the 18th day of June, 1900, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, duly assessed by said plaintiff against the southwest quarter of section 5, township 9, north of range 27, west of Sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1894, in the sum of \$7.53; for the year 1895, in the sum of 6.84; for the year 1896, in the sum of 6.71; for the year 1897, in the sum of 7.54; for the year 1898, in the sum of 4.88; amounting in the total sum of \$44.98; with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of May, 1900, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax liens and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 20th day of August, 1900. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, A Corporation. j1104 By H. S. Ridgley, its Atty.

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Legal Notice. The defendants Lewis H. Ireland, — Ireland, his wife, first name unknown, Annie F. Deyo and John Doe, true name unknown, will take notice that on the 18th day of June, 1900, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens duly assessed by said plaintiff against the west half of the southwest quarter of section 31, township 9 north, of range 27 west of the Sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1893 in the sum of \$5.69; for the year 1894 in the sum of 6.80; for the year 1895 in the sum of 6.64; for the year 1896 in the sum of 6.64; for the year 1897 in the sum of 9.87; for the year 1898 in the sum of 4.84, amounting in the total sum of 57.00, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of May, 1900, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 31 day of September, 1900. Dated July 18, 1900. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, A Corporation. j1204 By H. S. Ridgley, its Attorney.

Legal Notice. The defendants Olive T. Webster, — Webster her husband, first name unknown, and John Doe, true name unknown will take notice that on the 18th day of June, 1900, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, duly assessed by said plaintiff against the southwest quarter of section 3, township 9, north of range 27, west of the Sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1894 in the sum of \$9.54; for the year 1895 in the sum of 8.90; for the year 1896 in the sum of 8.90; for the year 1897 in the sum of 7.50; for the year 1898 in the sum of 7.10; amounting in the total sum of \$77.51; with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of May, 1900, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 31 day of September, 1900. Dated July 18, 1900. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, A Corporation. j1204 By H. S. Ridgley, its Attorney.

Legal Notice. The defendants Stephen A. Albro, Dana Albro, Samuel Albro and Mrs. Albro his wife, first name unknown, Phoenix Investment Co., Wilber A. Brothwell and Mrs. Brothwell his wife first name unknown, will take notice that on the 18th day of June, 1900, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, duly assessed by said plaintiff against the southwest quarter of section 6, in township 9 north, of range 27, west of the Sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1894 in the sum of \$6.63; for the year 1895 in the sum of 6.84; for the year 1896 in the sum of 6.71; for the year 1897 in the sum of 7.54; for the year 1898 in the sum of 4.88; amounting in the total sum of \$44.98; with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of May, 1900, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax liens, and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday the 31 day of September, 1900. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, A Corporation. j1174 By H. S. Ridgley, its Attorney.

LAND OFFICE NOTICES. U. S. Land Office, North Platte, Neb. June 26, 1900. A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by John Haddad, of Stannburn, Neb., contestant, against Timber Culture Entry No. 13,137, made October 5, 1890, for south half of southeast quarter, south half of southwest quarter of section 15, township 15, range 25 west, of George A. Travers, contestee, in which it is alleged that George A. Travers has failed to plant trees, seeds or cuttings, or cultivate any part of said tract since July, 1890, and from the appearance of the land at that date there has never been any breaking or planting done on said tract and does exist to this date, said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock, m., on August 18, 1900, before the register and collector at the United States land office in North Platte, Lincoln county, Nebraska. The said contest affidavit having, in a proper affidavit filed June 26, 1900, set forth facts which show that after due diligent personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication. GEORGE E. FRENCH, Register.

Legal Notice. The defendants J. R. Honeywell, first name unknown, — Honeywell his wife, first name unknown and Charles Maples, will take notice that on the 18th day of June, 1900, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the district court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens duly assessed by said plaintiff against the southwest quarter of section 3, in township 9, north of range 27, west of Sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1894 in the sum of \$6.63; for the year 1895 in the sum of 6.84; for the year 1896 in the sum of 6.71; for the year 1897 in the sum of 7.54; for the year 1898 in the sum of 4.88; amounting in the total sum of \$44.98; with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the first day of May, 1900, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 20th day of August, 1900. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, A Corporation. j1104 By H. S. Ridgley, its Atty.

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LEGAL NOTICE. The defendants, Martin E. Green, Cordelia Green, his wife, will take notice that on the 18th day of June, 1900, the plaintiff, The County of Lincoln, a corporation, filed its petition in the District Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose certain tax liens, duly assessed by said plaintiff against the west half northwest quarter of section 20, in township 9, north of range 27, west of Sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, for the year 1892 in the sum of \$8.02; for the year 1893, in the sum of 88.29; for the year 1894, in the sum of \$7.10; for the year 1895, in the sum of \$7.29; for the year 1896, in the sum of 8.90; for the year 1897, in the sum of 6.50; for the year 1898, in the sum of 7.00; amounting in the total sum of \$77.51; with interest at the rate of Ten per cent per annum from the first day of May, 1900, all of which is due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure of said tax lien and a sale of said premises. You and each of you defendants are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 20th day of August, 1900. THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, A Corporation. j1104 By H. S. RIDGLEY, Its Attorney.

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