THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Chinese are said to have used clocks 800 years before the Christian

Mr. John McGowan, aged 121, of Clay county, Fla., claims to be the oldest pensioner in the country.

Labor troubles in Chicago are to be investigated by a special committee of six aldermen, aided by five citizens.

The British exchequer's balance at the Bank of England on April 1 was \$26,000,000 greater than a year ago.

Charles G. Fleischmann, secretary of the Trust Security and Satety Deposit company, of Detroit, hanged himself in

Henry A. Robinson, ex-statistician of the agricultural department, and exstate labor commissioner, died at Detroit, Mich., aged 58 years. John W. Gates had so much money

lately that he carried a check for \$1,-

200,000 for three days in his pocketbook and forgot to deposit it in his One man has been blown to atoms, two received fatal injuries, and nine others were injured by the explosion

of several cans of blasting powder at Larimer, Pa. A treasury official, who has been studying the different features of the Porto Rican bill, thinks it probable that women may be allowed to vote

under the measure. At Manila, P. I., Louis Spitzel, agent of the Remingtons and Maxim, and one of the biggest promoters in the orient, was tried and acquitted of smuggling. Spitzel is a British subject.

Methodist ministers from the New York conference will go to Chicago to urge before the general conference a revision of the rules prohibiting dancing, card playing and theater-going.

The senate committee on agriculture has reported the agricultural appropriation bill to the senate. As reported, the bill carries a total appropriation of \$3,959,120, which is a net increase of only \$22,320.

Miss Mary Crocker, of San Francisco, whose fortune is \$5,000,000, and who recently made her debut in New York city, will shortly marry Francis Burton Harrison of that city. The engagement has just been announced.

Ohio republicans nominated the foilowing state ticket: Secretary of State, L. C. Laylin; supreme judge, John A. Shank; school commissioner, Lewis D. Bonebrake; member board of public works, Charles A. Goddard,

Fifteen hundred electrical workers went on a strike at New York for an increase of wages from \$3.50 to \$4.00 per day. The men say many contractors are signing the scale and that the strike will be ended in a day or two.

Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma, has introduced a bill providing for the allotment of lands in Osage Indian reservation. This bill carries an appropriation of \$50,000 to enable the secretary of the interior to carry out the provisions of

The comptroller of the currency has approved the application of John Murphy, John A. Murphy, A. A. Murphy, W. W. Hagan and G. M. Frantz for authority to organize the First Na-tional abnk of Enid, O. T., with a capital of \$25,000.

a special agent to proceed to the Pa-cific coast to investigate the matter of the large influx of Japanese coolies to this country within the last few months. The question is still troubling the immigration officials.

The ways and means committee at a special meeting considered the resolutions of Representatives Tawney and Grout calling on the internal revenue officials for specific information concerning oleomargarine and voted adversely on both resolutions.

The Chicago police say they have eighteen cases against C. O. Charlston, under arrest on the charge of getting small sums of money from various per sons on worthless checks. Charlston is said to be a former justice of the peace and a former member of the Nebraska legislature.

R. W. Clark, night superintendent of Davidson Bros.'s marble works, was beaten into insensibility by three men supposed to be union workingmen, while going from work at Chicago Clark was taken to a hospital where it was said his recoverey was doubtful. The man's face was pounded to a jelly. Clark was superintending a non-union job at the marble works.

Details of the K'ddle-Southerland murder received from Yokohama, Japan, states, that the Was of Manghaus were the aggressors, and that they ambushed Dr. Kiddle, Souther-land and Litton and their escort. Dr. Kiddle and Southerland, who fell from cross-bow wounds, were stoned and beaten to death, but Litton, by good use of a shotgun, saved his life.

Rev. J. C. Pratt, aged 86 years, is dead at Piper, Kan. He went to Kan-

The senate committee on military fairs has decided by a majority of one to report adversely the bill to provide for the employment of women nurses in military hospitals

Major John L. Bittinger, consul general to Montreal, Canada, arrived at St. Joseph, Mo., called there by the death of Major Thomas J. Chew, Jr.

With the return of Phillip D. Armour from California comes the announcement that ...e will practically retire from the personal management of his vast packing interests.

Governor Johnson of Alabama has made public a letter he has just received from Gen. Jos. Wheeler at Washington. The letter tenders his resignation as member to congress fro mthe Eighth district to become defective upon the election of his suc-

St. Louis is to give Admiral Dewey hammered silver affair that cost

The Northern Black Hills Wool Growers' association has arranged for storage room for wool and all of the prinicpal wool growers have agreed to store their wool until a certain date, not named.

BOERS FULL OF FIGHT

Make a Persistent Attack on the Division of General Rundle.

OTHER COMMANDS COME TO HELP

Heavy Artillery Firing, But Reports Are That Losses Are Small-General White Gets the Victoria Cross - The War Situation in General.

LONDON, May 2.- The following dispatch has been sent by Lord Roberts to the war office:

"BLOEMFONTEIN, April 30 .- The Boers made very persistent attacks around Thaba N'Chu Saturday and Sunday. But the position which the Eighth (Rundle's) division holds is strong and he had the assistance of Gordon's and Dickson's brigades, the cavalry under French and Smith-Dorrien's infantry brigade, and a body of mounted infantry under Ian Hamilton. Pole-Carew's division returned from De Wet's Dorp yesterday."

Lord Roberts also reports additional casualities sustained during the fighting of April 27 around Thaba N'Chu, consisting of Lieutenant Geary and two enlisted men killed and one officer and three enlisted men wounded. Neither the commander-in-chief's nor the correspondent's dispatches throw any light upon the plans being adopted to oust the Boers from the neighborhood of Thaba N'Chu and how long before a determined effort will be made to reassert British superiority is only a matter of surmise. In the meantime the Boers are remarkably aggressive, especially in view of the large forces opposing them. A special dispatch from Thaba N'Chu dated yesterday says they made a daring attempt to cut off a British convoy which got into oroken ground between Thaba N'Chu and De Wet's Dorp, opening fire from the adjacent hills. n the nick of time General Brabason, with a strong force of Yeomanry, returning from Wepener, arrived on the scene and extricated the

convoy. The same special correspondent describes the dispositions of the forces at Thabu N'Chu as follows: General Rundle is covering the advanced camp facing the Boers' position to the east. where they are strongly entrenched. General Ian Hamilton and General Smith-Dorrien occupy strong positions on the road to the north.

Another dispatch says a column under General Hamilton located the Boers to the northwest and an artillery duel ensued, without result.

All accounts tell of much artillery firing, with scarcely any casualities. It is hardly likely that two such forces can much longer patiently face ez 'i other without more stirring occurrences. General Brabant's column is expected to toin General French shortly. A number of Boers are reported to have been seen retiring north, but this is scarcely authoritative.

FIRES ARE STILL RAGING.

Burning Forests Do an Immense Amount

of Destruction. MENOMINEE, Mich., May 2.-The great forest fires are still raging along the line of the Wisconsin & Michigan railroad north of Fisher with disastrous results. The logging camps of Wells, Ludington and Van Schaick, near Ames, have been de-In addition to those restroyed. ported destroyed yesterday are the cedar product villages of Swansons & Garner on the Wisconsin & Michigan railroad. All incoming trains from the north and from the St. Paul branch report fires raging all direc-

CHICAGO, May 2.-People of Chicago and the western states today saw and cheered Admiral Dewey as he, at the head of a military and civic parade, was driven through the downtown business streets of the city over a line of march that extended for over four miles. From a raised and beautifully decorated position in the grand stand, erected on the Jackson boule vard side of the new federal building the admiral reviewed the parade, in which nearly 100 different military and civic organizations from all parts of the state participated and which included veterans of three wars-the Mexican, the civil and the Spanish-American.

More Latitude for Banks. WASHINGTON, May 2 .- Among the bills and resolutions introduced in the house today was the following:

Representative Grosvenor, Ohio, bill amending the national banking laws so as to permit national banks to loan on real estate security a provision that the security shall be double in value the amount of the loan and that the aggregate of such loans shall not be above 25 per cent of the resources of the bank.

Prepare for Convention. DES MOINES, Ia., May 2.-lowa democrats will meet in the Auditorium in this city Thursday morning to select delegates to the Kansas City convention. It is conceded that Cato Sells of Vinton and Charles A. Walsh of Ottumwa will be two of the four delegates at large.

President Has a Cold. WASHINGTON, May 2.-President McKinley is suffering from a cold contracted on the trip to Canton. He is doing as much work as ever, but to his visitors it is apparent that he is considerably indisposed.

Induct Allen Into Office SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, May 2 The inauguration of Charles Herbert Allen, formerly assistant secretary of the United States navy, as first American civil governor of the island of Porto Rico, took place today. The ceremony was most impressive.

ADMIRAL DEWEY IN CHICAGO.

Grand Ball Given in Honor of the Dis-

tinguished Visitor. CHICAGO, May 2.-Never in the history of the great Auditorium has there been within its walls a sight more br'lliant than that revealed last night, when the great ball given in honor of Admiral Dewey was at its height. It was a decisive success from first to last in all its details, from the decorations on the walls to the reception proper which was tendered to the admiral. Fully 2,000 persons were present.

It being a naval ball, the predominating decorations were of white and green. A canopy was drawn over the hall, making it resemble a huge white-capped wave, the deep green at the bottom shading softly into the purest white at the topmost edge. At intervals around the tiers of boxes were placed white galleons, which seemingly started from the mist of bunting and delicate-hued electric lights which concealed them a few feet from the prow, where dolphins arose from the imaginary sea below. Above each galleon rose a towering mast, bearing in relief a lion's head and fluttering with the signal flags of the nevy. Behind the figure head of each galleon stood a sailor-a veteran of the Spanish-American warwho saw active service in the Caribbean sea. Until after the admiral left the hall these men stood steadily peering out of the prow of the fanciful and beautiful ship. The bases upon which the galleons rested, the ox fronts above and higher yet the railings of the balconies, were festooned with the prevailing colors of green and white, while between each of the two boxes and at the other end of the low tiers the national colors were artistically grouped with the union jack.

The doors of the ball room opened at 8 o'clock. As soon as the reception committee had taken position Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Dewey entered. Immediately behind the admiral come with their wives the naval officers on duty in Chicago and the officers of the United States steamship Michigan. Behind the navy came the army, headed by Major General James F. Wade and Mrs. Wade, officers of General Wade's staff, their wives, and officers of the garrison at Fort Sheridan and their wives. Officers of the revenue service followed and behind them came Brigadier General Charles Fitzsimons, commanding the First brigade of the Illinois national guard, and Mrs. Fitzsimons, members General Fitzsimons' staff with their wives, closing the procession with

the city's guests. The admiral and Mrs. Dewey, after they had exchange greetings with the members of the reception committee, took their stand at Mayor Harrison's right and to them were presented the guests of the city, who had followed them into the hall.

ABOLISH PRESENT SYSTEM.

Feeding in Tr n it Rates Soon to Undergo a Change.

OMAHA, Neb., May 2,-The line members of the Transmissouri Traffic association will abolish the feeding-The plan in-transit rates May 5. agreed upon by the officials of interested lines and which will be ratified by the committee at the meeting today is substantially as follows: The feeding-in-transit rate will be resumed on a basis of an arbitrary of cents per 100 pounds over the through Missouri river rate from the point of origination. Stock will be billed to the feeding point at the Missouri river rate. A corresponding tonnage will be taken from the feeding lot on payment of the 7 cents per hundred feeding arbitrary. Everything in excess of the in-rate will be charged on the basis of the local rate from the feeding point to market. Original shipments of cattle and no other will be permitted to go out on the billing.

TO WIPE OUT HAWAIIAN DEBT.

Secretary Gage Prepares to Assume the Burden.

WASHINGTON, May 2.-When Ha wall was annexed to this country it had a bonded debt of about \$4,000,000 drawing a heavy rate of interest. This debt still exists, but under the act signed by the president today it is assumed by the United States. Secretary Gage does not intend that it shall be added to the bonded debt of the United States, if it can be paid immediately. The terms of the debt will be looked into and if they permit payment at any time the debt will be wiped out as soon as the law goes into effect-in forty-five days.

The Kentucky Case in Court. WASHINGTON, May 2.—The argument in the Kentucky governorship case was begun in the United States supreme court yesterday. The first presentation was made on behalf of Governor Taylor by Attorney Helm Bruce. He said Mr. Taylor's contention was for constitutional liberty. and that it was waged in a court of justice and not on a field of carnage. because in entering the union Kentucky had surrendered its right of resistance. He came to this on the basis of a principle laid down in a former opinion of the court, to the effect that the arbitrary exercise of power of government, unrestrained by regard for private rights and justice, could not be tolerated.

Decision on Church Law LONDON, May 2 .- The archbishops of Canterbury and York have rendered judgment on the subject of the reservation of the sacrament. said they were obliged to decide that the Church of England did not allow reservation in any form and those believing it ought to be permitted. while justified in endeavoring to get the law altered, were not justified in practicing reservation until the law was changed. The term "reservation of the sacrament" means the preservation of some of the characteristic elements, especially the bread.

THE PRO-BOER RESOLVE

Twenty-Nine Against Taking It Up, Twenty For in Senate

NO PARTY LINE IN THE VOTE

Decisive Ballot on a Motion to Consider Pettigrew's Bill - Senators Denounce Alleged Gold Claim Grabs in Alaska-Other Matters in the Upper House of

WASHINGTON, May 1.-Again the question of expressing sympathy for the Boers was thrust upon the attention of the senate. This time it came upon a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution introduced by Pettigrew of South Dakota which was before the senate last Saturday. The motion was defeated-29 to 20,

Pettigrew, after ascertaining that his resolution, which was before the senate when the body adjourned on Saturday, had gone to the calendar, moved to take up the resolution. On this motion the yeas and nays were demanded, resulting, yeas 20 and nays 29. Consideration was resumed of the

question being the amendment of Carter of Montana, in charge of the bill. Jones of Arkansas offered an amendment striking out of the Carter amendment all but the following: "That nothing in the act contained shall be construed as changing the ex-

Alaska civil code bill, the pending

isting mining laws of the United States.' Turner opposed Jones' amendment, holding that the Carter amendment ought to be adopted. He declared that hundreds and thousands of claims in the Cape Nome district had been located by persons in the interest of the various transportation companies and were now held by those companies. He said these locations were "illegal and

fraudulent and were therefore a proper subject of legislation by congress." He further declared in response to inquiries that these claims were located by aliens in the employ of the North American Transportation company and other transportation companies.

Turner maintained that the whole country in the Cape Nome district had been "gobbled up" in the interest of these big companies, who were now holding the claims to the detriment of hundreds of American miners.

Teller called attention to the fact that in the entire controversy it had not been regarded by anybody but Turner that there were to exceed twentyfive aliens who had located claims in the Cape Nome district and it had not appeared that they were employes of transportation companies.

Hansbrough made an earnest appeal in behalf of the Carter amendment to grab the richest gold fields on the face of the earth and that the conspirators were the millionaires and corporations that had acquired the claims in the Cape Nome dstrict.

"So long as I retain a seat in the senate," said he, "I shall oppose such a conspiracy and direct my efforts in favor of the man with the pick and the pan, the man in the sands and the gulches, the man behind the rocker and not in such circumstances in favor of Canadian twelve-pounder battery. It is the American millionaire.

Million Are Wedded

GREENWISH, Conn., May 1 .- Miss Helen Ripley Benedict, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Benedict, was married here today to Thomas Hastings of New York. The ceremony was the most re markable in point of display that has ever been recorded in New England. A special train of eighteen coaches brought over 1,000 guests to the Congregational church, where the ceremony was performed by Rev. Thomas Hastings, father of the groom, and former president of Unon Theological seminary. The ceremony was followed by a recepton at the Benedict home. Indian Head, a wedding supper being laid for 800.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT AT PARIS.

Three Workmen Killed and One Injure by Falling Scaffolding.

PARIS, May 1.-There was another accident this afternoon at the exposition. A scaffolding collapsed in the Salle des Fetes, where the inauguraceremony was held. One workman was killed and three were seriously injured, two of whom have since died The Salle des Fetes had been hastily prepared for the opening ceremonies the rubbish being cleared away and the uncompleted walls covered up with tapestry. Since the function the workmen have been busily engaged in finishing the building.

FOR M'KINLEY INSTEAD OF HOAR.

Massachusetts Convention Decides Not t

FRAMINGHAM, Mass., May 1.-The Fourth congressional district convention showed no favor toward Senator Hoar for the proposal of a resolution to express confidence in the senator's attitude raised a storm of protests. and a substitute motion expressing confidence in the auministration was passed, by what the casirman declared to be a unanimous vote. The chairman chose as national delegates Arthur M. Lowe of Fitchburg and Charles G. Bancroft of Natick, and as alternates W. M. Chase of Leminster and Walter O. Howard of Clinton,

HAVANA, May 1 .- Matanzas City is n mourning over the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of Major General James H. Wilson, military governor of the Department of Matanzas and Santa dara, who died last Saturday from the effects of burns received that day by her dress catching fire from a match on which she had stepped. Mrs. Wilson had become endeared to all classes of the community and her death has brought forth expressions of sympathy not only from the residents of Matanzas, but from people throughout the island, who have telegraphed cou-

GRAND ENTRY OF THE ADMIRAL.

SHE SEEKS A PENSION Dewey and Party Reach Chicago Amid Tumult of Applause.

CHICAGO, May 1 .- Amid the booming of cannon and the cheers of thousands of people Admiral George Dewey arrived in Chicago yesterday. For the next three days he will be the guest of this city and the program for his entertainment will take up nearly every moment of his time until his departure Thursday morning for Jacksonville, Ill. The special train bearing Admiral and Mrs. Dewey, Lieutenant Caldwell, his secretary, and Lieutenant Crawford, was met near South Chicago by a special train carrying the special executive committee, and including Mayor Harrison, Prestdent Charles A. Plamondon and the admirals son, George Goodwin Dewcy. The admiral's train arrived at the Grand Central depot, Fifth avenue and Harrison street, six minutes ahead of schedule time, 11 o'clock. A strong platoon of police had been stationed at the platform gates for some time provious to the arrival of the special and the immense crowd which had congregated in the streets surrounding the station and had packed almost to suffocation the big depot building itself was not allowed to go inside the train shed. The moment the train slowly pulled into the shed, however, and the white moustached naval hero was seen a roar of cheers went up from the fortunate ones inside the station and was quickly taken up by the thousands in the streets. Escorted by the members of the gen-

eral executive committee, Admiral Dewey and Lieutenants Caldwell and Crawford proceeded down the long platform and mounted the steps leading to the driveway, where carriages were in waiting.

The route lay along Fifth avenue to Jackson boulevard, thence down Michigan avenue to the hotel. Along the streets for hours before the arrival of Admiral Dewey were gathered crowds that literally packed the sidewalks and kept the police busy from filling the streets also, and the cheering started at the depot swept along the streets as the admiral and his party were slowly driven to his apartments, the applause being almost without cessation until the admiral entered the

TAKE STRONGER POSITIONS.

Boers Have a Good Reason for Abandoning Thaba N'Chu.

LONDON, MAY 1.—The latest news received from the Orange Free State indicates that though the Boers have evacuated Thaba N'Chu, they have only done so in order to occupy stronger positions. On Sunday, April 29, General DeWet made an effort to turn French's eastern flank, which was only foiled by the cavalry after vigorous maneuvering. The Boers held the ridges to the eastward, whence they will probably fall back when the pres-

sure of superior numbers increases. The British casualties sustained during the Thaba N'Chu fighting were slight.

General French's object, now that all chance of catching the main bodies the burghers has disappeared, is to harass the Boers and prevent any well organized retreat.

From Beira, Portuguese East Africa, under date of Monday, Apri 123, comes the news of the arrival there of a added that General Sir Frederick Car rington, who is to command the British troops going to Rhodesia, has been cordially welcomed by the Portuguese officials and that he has reviewed the Portuguese troops.

ENVOYS WILL BE RECEIVED.

How Secretary Hay Will Treat the Peace Delegation.

WASHINGTON, May 1.-It can be stated that the persons composing the Boer delegation about to sail for the United States will not be denied access to the secretary of state when they reach Washington. They will be received as individuals as was Montague White, but with the understanding that they are not recognized officially as a Boer delegation.

In other words, Secretary Hay will treat them exactly as he would treat any distinguished visitor from abroad without regard to nationality, but will not admit their competence to enter into any negotiations with the State department. It is believed that the prospective visitors thoroughly understand the conditions under which they will be received and that instead of directing their efforts upon the government in Washington they will rather seek to influence it through the American people by means of active Boer propaganda.

Report Indians Starving.

WICHITA, Kan., May 1.-From the Kiowa and Comanche agency comes word that the Indians are starving for food. Money due them has not been paid, their rations .. ave been cut off and traders have refused them credit. Aged squaws are begging for food enough to preserve life.

Accused Ready for a Hearing. FRANKFORT, Ky., May 1 .- Ex-Governor Brown, J. C. Sims and all the attorneys for those now under arrest charged with the murder of William Goebel arrived here today, but the motions for bail and change of venue cannot be taken up till the afternoon, as court will not convene until 2 o'clock. Governor Taylor remained in Louisville to confer with the party leaders.

Sixty-five Bodies Removed.

LONDON, May 1 .- A dispatch to the Daily News from Lourenzo Marquez says: Sixty-five bodies have been extricated from the rulns of the Begbie iron works at Johannesburg.

Botha in Supreme Command. LADYSMITH, May 1.-The country north of Sunday's river seems comparative clear of Boers. General Louis Botha has returned to

Pretoria, to resume the supreme com-

mand of the Transvaal forces.

PENSION AGENTS ARE BAFFLED

Can Obtain No Information as to the Whereabouts of W. T. Eaton - Was Formerly a Purchasing Agent of the B. & M. Ratirond-His Wife Seeking a

But Proof is Lacking of the Death of Her

Husband.

OMAHA, May 2 .- The "mysterious disappearance" department of the United States pension service is at work upon the case of a man once well known in Nebraska railroad and business circles who has apparently dropped out of existence without leaving a record of his death.

In 1898 Ars. Alice Eaton of Plattsmouth, Neb., applied for a pension as widow of William T. Eaton, who was a member of Company H, Sixteenth lowa Light artillery. Instead of furnishing proofs of death Mrs. Eaton submitted an affidavit setting forth that her husband had been absent from his home and friends for a space of more than seven years, which under federal regulations establishes a presumption of death. As usual in these "presumptive death" cases the department put the case in the hands of pension agents and so far they have been unable to find proof of the death or present life of the missing husband.

"Thede" Eaton came to Nebraska shortly after the war, a beardless boy, and it will surprise some of his intimate friends to know that he ever saw army service. He married at Plattsmouta in the early '70s and until his mysterious disappearance was accounted one of the most reliable young men of the community. Some time in the '80s Eaton was appointed as tie purchasing agent for the B. & M. railroad and in the work of his department was away from home a large portion of the time. His work kept him in southern Missouri most of the time and he made Poplar Bluffs his headquarters.

In October, 1889, he wrote a letter from St. Louis to his wife stating that he would be at home at Christmas and would bring presents home to their children. The letter was of an affectionate tone. This is the last that is known of "Thede" Eaton. When the pension officers started on the case they began at Poplar Bluffs. He was traced to St. Louis and lost. Then they started to work on the Nebraska end. Inquiry at the B. & M. headquarters showed that he had severed his connection with the road some months before his disappearance and that his accounts were in perfect shape. Different Omaha acquaintances were examined and every theory for disappearance investigated with no result.

Murder and Suicide.

FREMONT, Neb., May 2.-Reports reached here of the shooting at Howells which show that the sole cause of the snooting was a dispute over a real estate transaction of long standing. Slama went to Chada's house before the latter had arisen and drove Chada's wife and children out at the

Chada appeared as soon as he dressed himself and same out of the door, saying, "Shoot; I am not afraid of you.

Slama took him at his word and shot Chada through the head, the bullet hitting him behind the ear. The wound is unquestionably fatal. Slama then fled from Howells and committed suicide in the Catholic cemetery several miles away.

Mysterious Death at York.

YORK, Neb., May 2.-The coroner's inquest relative to the cause of death of John Frost discloses evidence that the death was probably due to poison. The stomach of the dead man has been sent to Lincoln for chemical analysis. It is reported that poison was recently purchased at a local drug store by Mrs. Frost, the wife of the dead man. Mrs. Frost admits having bought poison and explains that she used it for herself and gave the rest to a friend in the country. Frost was a member of the Maccabees and the Home Forum orders, in which he carried policies for \$3,000. The authorities are making every effort to fathom the case.

Child Burneu to Death. PERU, Neb., May 2.-The 2-yearold child of Mr. and Mrs. Will Noble, three miles west of Peru, was so badly scalded by upsetting a tub of boiling water over it that he died after a few hours of horrible suffer-ing. Mrs. Noble had just poured a boilerful of hot water over clothes in a tub, which was resting on a chair, and had gone into another room and while she was gone the little boy pulled the chair so as to upset the tub.

Dead Man Identified. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., May 2 .-

t has been found that the man Mc-Annery, whose mangled remains were found on the Union Pacifiv tracks a mile east of this city, had a sister, Mrs. Eroe, at Oscoela and relatives at Winona, Minn. The former arrived here and the latter telegraphed to the undertaker to embalm the remains, take good care of them and he would arrive later.

Spaulding Gets Five Years.
MADISON, Neb., May 2.—Judge Cones held a special session of district court to hear a motion for a new trial in the case of the State against

Leland Spaulding, convicted of rape. There were thirty-three objections and one point was the separation of the jury. An old man was indisposed and when others were taken up town to breakfast he was left at the jail. The judge overruled the motion and sentenced Spaulding to a five-year term in the penitentiary, but suspended the sentence until June 1, leaving the prisoner in the sheriff's