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FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1897.

DURING the month of April Nebraska shipped to the South Omaha stock yards 33,819 head of cattle, 92,121 hogs and 17,589 sheep.

The Interstate Land Association comprising real estate men from Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and Nebraska, held a convention in Omaha this week.

The south is now shipping to Europe large quantities of lumber. Over forty of the largest sized steamers and sailing vessels from all parts of the world are loading with boards and timber at Ship Island, off the coast of Biloxi, Miss.

It strikes THE TRIBUNE that the state press is making much ado over a small matter in criticizing the board of managers of the state fair for giving an Omaha party the right to publish the State Fair Bulletin, instead of making advertising contracts with the state papers.

It now appears that the supreme court steps in to prevent the error or fraud of an enrolling clerk, or those directing the clerk, from thwarting the will of the people as expressed in general appropriation bills.

FRANCE in her determination to protect the Catholics of Turkey at least shows that she has not been sold and delivered wholly to the interests of the Mohammedan.

The Queen has left her place of winter sojourn in the South of France to return to throne and people. From the moment she reaches London the homage of her subjects will take on new fervor.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

The War at a Glance. The Turks are preparing to besiege Arta.

An Athens dispatch says Greeks occupied the heights of Pentepigadia, north of Arta, and about half way between that place and Janina, in Epirus, and entrenched themselves there.

The headquarters staff of the Greek army at Thessalonica has been completely changed. General Macris and Colonel Saponalis, Mastropas and Antonides have resigned and started for Athens.

The port of Banes, in Santiago de Cuba, held by General Calixto Garcia and 6,000 Cubans ever since the Laredo landed Rolloff's expedition, has been recovered by the Spanish combined army and naval forces under General Gomez Ruberte and Admiral Navarro.

The queen regent of Spain, Maria Christina, is suffering from nervous prostration. A collision occurred off Girdleness, Scotland, between the British steamers Colindale and Gringoe.

There has been a succession of terrific earthquake shocks in the Leeward Islands, killing many people and doing great damage to property.

May day passed quietly throughout France. There was no general stoppage of work. In London a feature of the celebration in Hyde park was children's choir singing socialist songs.

The queen regent of Spain signed a decree providing for the application of the agreed upon reforms for the Islands of the West Indies. Her objection was due to the receipt of a cable message from Captain General Weyler announcing that the western part of the island is pacified.

Cuban troops, led by General Rolloff, defeated the Spanish column of General Key. The Spanish numbered 1,000, or over twice as many as the insurgents.

During a thunder storm at Sturgeon, Mo., the three-story residence of W. T. Olin was destroyed by lightning.

Ex-Senator Richard Cole of Texas has been stricken with paralysis at Waco and his condition is critical.

Samuel H. Cole, a prominent stockman near Fort Scott, Kan., was stricken with paralysis, which will result in death.

William Epps of Leadville, Colo., a colored jockey, whipped his 10-year-old nephew so severely that it is thought he will die.

Fire at Caldwell, O., destroyed \$60,000 worth of property in the center of the business portion of the town. Insurance about \$40,000.

One hundred and nineteen deaths from pneumonia in New York city are attributed to the exposure of the chill wind on Grant day.

ing to building until \$3,000,000 worth of property was destroyed. Among the buildings destroyed were Jenkins' wholesale grocery establishment, Horne's six-story dry goods establishment, Horne's office building, the Duquesne theater and the Methodist Book concern, and Hall Bros' building, in which the American Press Association had its office. Two firemen are missing.

A. A. Allen has been appointed vice president and general manager of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, to succeed T. C. Pardy, resigned.

An interstate mass convention is to be held at Topeka or Wichita in June in an effort to compel railroads to reduce freight rates to the Gulf.

The state Board of railway commissioners has taken preliminary steps toward securing a general conference of Kansas railroads on freight rates.

The Union Pacific annual report shows a decrease in income for the year of \$747,093, notwithstanding an increase in freight and passenger business.

The Order of Railway Conductors is backing Michael Kelley, a discharged conductor on the M. & K. T., in his prosecution of Assistant Manager Allen for blacklisting, to abolish the system.

Senator Orville H. Platt of Connecticut was married to Mrs. Jennie P. Hoyt of Upper Montclair, N. J.

The supreme court adjourned until May 10, when it will assemble to deliver opinions, but not to hear arguments.

The revised tariff bill was reported to the senate Tuesday, with many changes. The retroactive clause was stricken from the senate bill. H. D. is transferred to the dutiable list and the tax on beer is increased.

The monthly statement of the comptroller of the currency shows that on April 30 the total circulation of national bank notes was \$232,802,244, a gain for the year of \$3,700,889 and a loss for the month of \$98,550.

Members of the international bicultural conference recently appointed by the president in behalf of the United States expect to sail from New York on May 8. They will go direct to London, but after a brief stay will proceed to Paris.

President ordered suspension for four days of the mandate sentencing Joseph R. Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dispatch, to two years in the penitentiary for sending obscene matter through the mails. Mr. Dunlop has appealed.

The consul general at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, reports to the department of state a visit to the place from the delegation of the Gulf and Interstate Transportation company appointed by the governors of Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Oklahoma and Texas.

Extensive importations of sugar are being made into this country through the New Orleans port.

The Wisconsin Beet Sugar company, which has just completed a plant at Menominee Falls, Wis., has assigned in thirty days Oshkosh twine factory in the world. It will employ 900 hands and will make binding twine from marsh grass, something never attempted before.

Congressman James Cooney of the Seventh Missouri district is formally petitioned to use his utmost endeavors to bring about a congressional investigation of the affairs of the First National bank at Sedalia, Mo.

mushrooms in Elwood, Mo., found two bars of gold, valued at between \$30,000 and \$50,000.

Kentucky Derby candidate from Furst Bros' stables, was the winner of the Blue Ribbon stakes at Newport, Ky.

The town of Pulaski, Va., was severely shaken by an earthquake. No damage resulted, but the people were terribly frightened.

Colorado college, at Colorado Springs, received an anonymous gift of \$10,000 to be used in the erection of a building for young women.

A large cave has just been discovered in Kendall county, Texas, in one of the compartments of which were found many human skeletons.

The amended mule tax law containing the provision for legalizing manufacturing in Iowa will be signed by the governor and become a law Oct. 1.

Five Filibusters was sued for \$20,000 damages by a man who was scared into nervous prostration by his dog, Yarrum, a few days ago at Pittsburg, Pa.

The Tennessee Centennial exposition at Nashville was opened on noon Saturday with appropriate ceremonies in the presence of more than 50,000 people.

Richard Hysell of Kansas City has injured himself by microbes in cleaning dried food and rust from an overhead iron doorway.

The resignation of William M. Aiken, supervisor of the treasury, has been asked by Secretary Gage. It is understood the reasons for this request are not political.

The committee having the question in charge selected Denver as the place for holding the Y. M. C. A. convention in 1899. London, Ont. gets the conference of the secretaries.

Rev. C. Hawley Penn, pastor of the First Congregational church at Leavenworth delivered a very sensational sermon against the gambling of some society women of that city.

It is common talk in Chicago society circles that Marshal Field is engaged to the widow of the late General Phil Sheridan and that the marriage will take place in the near future.

President Robinson of the Cleveland baseball club states that he intends to let his team play Sunday games, notwithstanding the declaration of the mayor that the law would be enforced.

The Iowa senate passed the crimes bill, including the provisions which prohibit the carrying on Sunday, selling cigarettes, exhibiting kinetograph pictures of prize fights and pool selling on races.

Joe Patchen, 303, the Patchen Wilcox, formerly owned by Colonel Taylor, and campaigned so successfully for the nomination of J. W. Aldrich, Newpass s'd Tuesday for \$15,000 to J. W. Marks of Chicago.

TURKS DRIVEN BACK.

Greek Brigades at Velestino Driven Back With the Blood of the Enemy-Crown Prince Constantine and Nicholas in the Van of Battle Fighting Courageously.

VOLO, Thessaly, May 6.—There was a two hours' battle today at Velestino. The Greeks maintain the same positions as before. Fighting was suspended yesterday to allow both sides to bury their dead. The Turkish loss is estimated at 1,000.

LONDON, May 6.—The Athens correspondent of The Daily Mail says: Ten thousand Turks attacked the Greek position at Velestino. The fire ceased at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and it is evident that the Greeks have met with great success. There has been great slaughter at Pharsalos, where the battle is proceeding. Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs as to the engagement at Velestino: "With God's help our side has conquered."

The Athens correspondent of The Times says: Simultaneously with the attack at Velestino the Turks attacked the Greek outposts at Tatar near Pharsalos. It is said that both attacks have been repulsed by the Greeks. General Smolenski says: "The brigade at Velestino is deluged with blood."

The Athens correspondent of The Standard says: There is great rejoicing over the receipt of the official telegram from Pharsalos, saying the Turks have been repulsed and that the Greeks hold their position after a three hours' battle. The dispatch says that Crown Prince Constantine and Prince Nicholas fought courageously in the front rank, risking their lives a hundred times, and that they had an evocation from the whole army when the fighting was over.

The government forwarded to them its warmest congratulations. The king and the cabinet have also addressed a manifesto to the troops, congratulating them upon their courage and patriotic devotion. The public is overjoyed and is already forgetting the earlier blunders of the campaign.

American Man-of-War at Phalerum. ATHENS, May 6.—An American man-of-war has joined the international squadron at Phalerum. The Greek government has protested to the powers against the acts of violence and rapine being committed by the Turks in Thessaly.

Turkish Warships Go to Sea. SALONICA, May 6.—It is officially announced that eight Turkish warships have left the Dardanelles and, after proceeding to the Cassandra peninsula, sailed for the Island of Lemnos.

AWFUL LOSS OF LIFE. Caused by a Fire in a Fashionable Paris Bazaar. PARIS, May 5.—Fire broke out at 4 o'clock this afternoon in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean-Gougon, at which Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. From 1,500 to 1,800 people were panic-stricken and the number of deaths which followed cannot be estimated. One hundred corpses were laid out in the Palais de Industrie and scores are believed to be beneath the ruins.

A policeman who was on duty at the doors of the bazaar says that from 1,500 to 1,800 people were in the building when the fire broke out. He adds that the alarm caused a general panic, followed by a terrible rush for the doors, which were soon choked with people, thus preventing the escape of many people who might otherwise have been saved. The strong trampled upon the weak, the young crushed the old to the floor, heartrending cries of fear arose on all sides, soon followed by shrieks of agony, as the flames swept onward behind the crowd struggling for the doors.

The firemen could arrive the roof of the "bazaar" crushed in, burying numbers of those who had been unable to make their egress from the building. PITTSBURGH Has a \$3,000,000 Fire. PRESIDENT, May 6.—The greatest fire that has ever visited this city since the memorable one of 1884 started shortly after midnight in the immense wholesale grocery establishment of Thomas C. Jenkins on Penn avenue and Liberty street, and at 2:30 o'clock was still burning fiercely. Three large blocks, extending from Liberty to Penn avenue, and from Fifth street to Sixth street, have been reduced to smoldering ruins. The loss will exceed \$3,000,000 and is well covered by insurance.

Among the buildings destroyed are Jenkins' wholesale grocery establishment, Horne's six-story dry goods establishment, Horne's office building, the Duquesne theater and the Methodist Book concern. Huck's cigar factory and Hall Bros' building, in which the American Press Association has its offices, next fell, and they were quickly followed by the Duquesne theater, Methodist Book concern and the Surprise Clothing store. The latter was an immense five-story building, running back a depth of 300 feet.

A number of firemen were injured by falling walls and live wires, but none of them are seriously hurt. Fireman George Acheson, who was one of three men in Cecil alley when the Jenkins wall fell, is missing and is supposed to be under the debris. The names of the firemen hurt are Mike Daly, Elmer Crocaw, George Meekin, William Erwin and Robert Badger. All were taken to the hospital.

Makes a Clean Sweep. LINCOLN, May 2.—The state board of public lands and buildings has appointed Dr. H. A. Givens, of Wyoming, to succeed Dr. Fall as superintendent of the institute for the feeble-minded at Beatrice. Mrs. M. D. Tiffany, of Lincoln, to succeed Mrs. Woods as matron, and C. W. Phelps, of Dundy county, to succeed I. A. Sheridan as steward.

Knights Templars in Session. LINCOLN, May 2.—The grand commandery of Knights Templar of the state elected the following officers: E. C. Webster, Hastings, grand commander; W. K. Williams, York, deputy grand commander; John Divire, Beatrice, grand generalissimo; G. W. Lininger, Omaha, captain general; H. C. Akin, Omaha, grand treasurer; W. E. Howell, Omaha, grand recorder. The meeting of the grand commandery adjourned at noon after fixing the next meeting at Omaha on the second Tuesday after Easter 1898.

OMAHA'S MAYOR REFUSES TO QUIT.

Present Official Alleges Recently Elected One is Ineligible. OMAHA, May 2.—An exciting mayoralty contest is threatened here, for William J. Bratch, Mayor of Omaha, will decline to surrender his office to Colonel Frank E. Moores, whom the Republicans elected last week. Mayor Bratch claims that Mr. Moores is ineligible to the office of mayor because, as asserts, Moores is in default of public money, which the statutes declare is a bar. The specific default to be alleged, it is said, is Mr. Moores' failure to pay over money to the school fund collected by him while he was district court clerk.

BARTLEY IN POLICE COURT. Ex-State Treasurer Gives Bonds to Appear at Next Term of District Court. OMAHA, April 30.—Joseph S. Bartley, ex-state treasurer, was arraigned in police court on an information charging the embezzlement of \$201,884.05 of public funds. He waived a preliminary hearing and was held to the district court of Douglas county in bonds in the sum of \$50,000. The necessary bondsman accompanied the prisoner to police court, and the bail bond was immediately filled out. The signers were A. Paxton, R. H. Townley and C. Bevin Oldfield. The complaint covers nine pages of legal cap and is made up of eight counts against the ex-treasurer, covering the embezzlement of the money on warrants to the amount of \$180,101.75, with interest at 5 per cent, in all \$201,884.05.

DR. GOODMANSON CONVICTED. Charged With Killing His Wife With Strichaine. POCAHONTE, Neb., May 6.—The arguments in the noted wife poisoning case against Dr. J. Sidney Goodmanson were concluded yesterday afternoon at 5:15 and the prisoner about two hours later was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for life. On Sept. 26, 1894, the wife of Dr. J. Sidney Goodmanson, a dentist residing at Pender, suddenly died of what was believed at the time to be strychnine poisoning. Her death occurred in her husband's office. The drug was supposed to have been handed to her by her husband in a glass of water and the theory of the state is that by means of it he murdered her. Her illness lasted but about 15 minutes. The excitement that followed the defendant's arrest was intense and such intensity has grown with time.

The body was exhumed and the vital organs sent to the famous chemist, Dr. Walter S. Haines of Rush Medical college, for a chemical examination. The husband of the deceased was arrested and a preliminary examination held, as the result of which he was sent to jail without bail to await the action of the district court of Thurston county.

At this time the defendant made application for a change of venue on the ground that the people of the vicinity were strongly prejudiced against him and that he could not be given a fair trial. The motion was not resisted by the state and District Judge R. E. Evans sent the case to Dixon county for trial on April 27, the defendant meantime remaining in jail without bonds.

Says the Story is a Fake. OMAHA, May 4.—Attorney General Smyth denies the story printed in The Bee that the state will sue to recover from the Omaha National bank the sum of \$201,884 paid to ex-treasurer Bartley for the sinking fund warrant. He says the story is a fake, made out of whole cloth.

Favors Farmers' Mutuals. LINCOLN, May 3.—State Auditor Gornell has made a ruling which affects the farmers' mutual insurance companies of the state very materially, inasmuch as it allows them to extend their business. The auditor holds that under the act of 1891, the farmers' mutual law, these companies can insure country churches, country school houses and country parsonages.

Old Illinois Mason Dies. KOKOMO, Ill., May 6.—Charles K. Bridges, the oldest Mason in Illinois and probably in the United States, is dead. He was in Omaha, Neb., Feb. 14, 1895, and was an active worker with the craft as deputy grand lecturer in the early days of Masonry in Illinois.

It has been discovered that to bury a man up to his neck in wet sand is a practically certain cure for apparent death from an electric shock.

WHEAT CLOSES AT AN ADVANCE. Weak Liverpool Cables Overcome by Crop Damage Reports. CHICAGO, May 5.—Wheat showed great weakness for a time today, but later recovered a 1/2 cent and advanced 3/4 cent. Weak Liverpool cables were the main cause of the weakness and crop damage reports the latter strength. Corn and oats were benefited to the strength of 1/2 cent and 3/4 cent respectively. Provisions closed unchanged to 1/2 cent higher.

WHEAT—July, 69¢; Sept., 67¢. CORN—July, 25¢; Sept., 23¢. OATS—July, 17¢; Sept., 15¢. RICE—July, 14¢; Sept., 12¢. LARD—July, 44¢; Sept., 42¢. BUTTER—July, 14¢; Sept., 12¢. CASH QUOTATIONS: No. 2 red, wheat, 67¢; No. 3 red, 66¢; No. 4 spring, 70¢; No. 2 corn, 24¢; No. 2 oats, 17¢.

South Omaha Live Stock. SOUTH OMAHA, May 5.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,700; he higher; native beef steers, \$9.00; 4.5; western steers, \$8.75; 4.00; Texas steers, \$8.00; 4.00; cows and heifers, \$8.00; 4.00; calves, \$7.75; 4.00; stockers and feeders, \$5.75; 4.70; calves, \$5.00; 4.75; bulls, stags, etc., \$2.50; 2.00. HOGS—Receipts, 6,000; 3¢ to lower; heavy, \$3.00; 2.75; light, \$3.75; 3.50; bulk of sales, 3.75. SHEEP—Receipts, none steady; fair to choice natives, \$3.75; 4.00; fair to choice westerns, \$3.50; 4.00; common and stock sheep, \$3.00; 3.50; lambs, \$3.00; 3.50.

Chicago Live Stock. CHICAGO, May 5.—HOGS—Receipts, 26,000; weak and lower than yesterday morning; light, \$3.80; 4.00; mixed, \$3.75; 4.00; heavy, \$3.45; 3.50; non-pregnant, \$3.45; 3.50. CATTLE—Receipts, 11,000; steady to a shade higher; beef steers, \$3.75; 4.00; cows and heifers, \$3.00; 3.50; Texas steers, \$3.25; 4.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.75; 3.00. SHEEP—Receipts, 11,000; steady; natives, \$2.75; 3.00; westerns, \$2.50; 3.00; lambs, \$3.00; 3.25; 3.50.

MECCA CATARRH REMEDY. For colds in the head and treatment of catarrh troubles this preparation has afforded prompt relief, with its continued use the most stubborn cases of catarrh have yielded to its healing power. It is made from concentrated Mecca Compound and possesses all of its soothing and healing properties and is absorbed by the mucous membrane of the nasal cavity, effected by that process. Price 50 cents. Prepared by The Porter Mfg. Co. Council Bluffs, Iowa. For sale by A. F. Streitz.

REPORT TARIFF BILL

SENATE COMMITTEE MAKES MANY CHANGES IN THE MEASURE. Raises Tax on Beer-Beet Sugar Machinery Free-Transfers Hides to the Dutiable List-Classes Which Strikes the Bounty Paying Countries.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Senator Aldrich presented the tariff bill to the senate today and gave notice that it would be called up on Tuesday, the 18th inst. The time for the bill to take effect is made July 1, 1897, instead of May 1, as provided in the house, and the words in the first paragraph, "or withdrawn for consumption," are stricken out.

The sugar schedule is as follows: Sugars not above No. 16, Dutch standard in color, tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice and of beet melada, concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope above 87 and not above 88 degrees, seventy-nine hundredths of 1 cent per pound, and for every additional degree shown by the polariscope test two hundredths of 1 cent per pound, and fractions of a degree in proportion. Sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, and sugar that has gone through a process of refining one and sixteen hundredths of 1 cent per pound, and in addition thereto, on all the foregoing 35 per centum ad valorem.

A duty is levied on tea at the rate of 10 cents per pound until Jan. 1, 1900; after 1900 it is admitted free of duty. The following is the provision in regard to hides, which are transferred from the free list: Hides of cattle, raw or tanned, whether dry, salted or pickled, 15 cents per pound, provided that upon all leather exported, made from imported hides, there shall be allowed a drawback equal to the amount of duty paid on such hides.

The senate has increased the internal revenue duty on beer by changing section 3339 of the revised statutes to read as follows: Until Jan. 1, 1900, there shall be paid on all beer, lager beer, ale, porter and other similar fermented liquors, brewed or manufactured, and sold or removed for consumption or sale within the United States by whatever name such liquors may be called, a tax of \$1.44 for every barrel containing more than 31 gallons, and after Jan. 1, 1900, there shall be paid a tax of \$1 per barrel on every barrel of such beer, lager beer, ale, porter and other similar fermented liquors. (The present rate is \$1.)

Many and important changes were made by the senate tariff subcommittee in the wool and woolen schedule as passed by the house. First class wools were reduced from 11 cents per pound, as provided in the house bill, to 8 cents per pound, and second class wools from 12 to 9 cents, whereas the duties on wools of the third class were raised. The dividing line in this latter class was placed at 10 cents value, wools under that value being made dutiable at the rate of 4 cents per pound, instead of 62 cents ad valorem, as in the house bill. Wools valued at more than 10 cents per pound were placed at 7 cents per pound, instead of 50 per cent ad valorem. The wool growers failed to secure all the changes which they desired in classification, but it is understood that the rate fixed on the wools themselves are satisfactory to them.

The house provision keeping in force Hawaiian reciprocity is stricken out.

The Great Eastern as a Show Ship. The last days of the Great Eastern were certainly sad, considering the purpose for which she was designed and the great work she did in cable laying. For some time before she was broken up on the mud of the River Mersey, near Liverpool, she was on view as a show ship. One firm of Liverpool clothiers hired her for a season, and in addition to using her for its advertising purposes made use of her for catch penny shows. In the large cable tank a circus was fitted up, and performances given at sea and on land, and other exhibitions of the Congo Island type were spread all over her deck. —New York Sun.

New Chicago Is Silks. Gotham—Chicago people believe in booming their own town. Church—What have you heard now? "Why, I went into a dry goods store while I was out there, and a lady came in and asked if they had any nice green silk." "And did they?" "No. The clerk told her they had some Chicago river brown silk though." —Yonkers Statesman.

Many a needless tragedy results from over-wrought nerves. Women, who have a nervous system, should use Dr. Pierce's Great Peppermint Cure, which is the only medicine of its kind prepared by a regularly graduated physician, a skilled, experienced specialist. Dr. Pierce has been for nearly thirty years chief consulting physician of the World's Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. Any woman may consult him either personally or by letter, free of charge.

Dr. Pierce's wonderful free book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," is a thousand and eight-page volume, containing a clear explanation of the human physiology, and information specially important for women. It will be sent free of charge to any woman who sends a bound, absolutely true, to any one of our agents in one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If a husband sends a cloth-bound binding is preferred, send ten cents more (in cents in all), to pay the extra cost.



Other women who might be happy, exist in constant misery, almost to the snapping point by some strange, unaccountable, and peculiar ailment peculiar to their sex. They fail to realize, perhaps, what is the matter with them, and all their wretchedness and weakness, Or they know it, but they do not know the ordinary way of "local treatment," which is all generally useless. It is the only medicine of its kind prepared by a regularly graduated physician, a skilled, experienced specialist. Dr. Pierce has been for nearly thirty years chief consulting physician of the World's Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. Any woman may consult him either personally or by letter, free of charge.