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PROFITS OF PACKERS DOUBLE AND TREBLE

Witnesses Before the Senate Agricultural Committee Tell Taies on the Packers ,

Washington, D. C .- Food administration regulations neither regulated prouts of the meat packers nor beneatted the public or the consumers, Stuard Chase, and expert accountant employed by the rederal trade commission, told the senate agricultural committee in presenting. agures to show that pronts of the ave big packing concerns had doubled and trebled during the war. Mr. Chase, who was testifying at hearings on the Kendrick bill providing for government supervision of the meat industry, said no one knows accurately what the packers' earnings are because their methods of bookkeeping have the effect of cover ing up their profits. He declared, however, that examinations by the & Co., Morris & Co., Swift& Co., Wilson & Co., and the Cudahy company showed their aggregate profits in 1912 were \$18,715,000, and in 1917, \$95,639,000. Based on capital stock, Mr. Chase

were 167.7 per cent, and that on the same basis Armour & Co.'s profits in 1916 were 114.2 per cent. Because of a later increase in capital stock the percentage of Armour & Co. dropped to 27.1 in 1917. Swift & Co.'s profits in 1917 on the same basis were 63 per cent, while those of the Cudahy company in 1917 were 23.2 per cent based on capital stock and surplus. Wilson & Co.'s earnings for the same year were 29.6 per cent on the combined capital and surplus.

The witness said Thomas Wilson, president of Wilson & Co., receives an annual salary of \$125,000, and Vice-President Valentine of Armour & Co., receives \$50,000 salary annually, with a bonus of \$35,000. He said he thought Vice President White also receives the same amount while President Morris, of Morris & Co., is paid \$50,000 salary, with \$25,000 additional for being president of a stockyards company.

Senator Norris of Nebraska sought to ascertain from Mr. Chase as to whether the packers' books showed any expenditures made for the pur-pose of influencing legislation. The witness said he recalled seeing entries in Armour & Co.'s books showing the payment of legal fees to attorneys. principally in state capitals, for services in introducing and watching legislatures. He said he did not believe the whole amount would exceed \$50-

Hugh MsIsaac and Dr. A. B. vaurs of Henry Veerder, attorney tricts in the sandhills.

JAPENESE SEND US **MUCH POTATO FLOUR**

While U. S. Potato Growers Sleep or Job, Japanese Send Flour Which Brought Twelve Cents Pound

Ottawa, Canada-Prof. E. W. Jackson of the Manitoba Agricultural College has written a treatise on potato flour and its uses, in the course of which he says: "The Japan ese who did not know what potatoes were at the beginning of this war. are now growing 35,000,000 bushels or four times the Manitoba crop and last year shipped 400,000 pounds of potato flour to the United States, where the average selling price was 12c per pound. In 1913 Germany produced 1,750,000 bushels of potatoes, one half of which was converted into potato flour or starch to make It imperishable and therefore marketable. In this way the plenty of one year can be stored up for another or future years and no doubt, these vast commission of the books of Armour reserves enabled Germany to with-

"Three hundred thousand dollars worth of t' is potato flour was sent in 1913 to the United States, where it was used to make bread, for thickening soups, and for making fancy passaid Morris & Co. profits in 1917 tries. On factory in little Holland dried 33,000 bushels of potatoes every 24 hours. A special variety is grown which yields 500 bushels per acre. One hundred and thfrty-seven pounds of potatoes make 25 pounds of potato flour and at a cost of 3 4 cents per pound. From this special variety of potatoes, Holland made 346, 000,000 pounds of first-grade flour last year at a cost of \$70 per ton, so it is apparent that we might or they would not be sacrificed at 25c per bushel when potato flour is selling at 12c per pound, and can be manufactured at a cost of 3 4 c per pound; although it is claimed that it would cost 8c per pound to dry potatoes in this country. But surely what Holland and Japan can do we can do. There are now six plants in the United States making natural potato flour. In 1917, 6,000,000 bushels of potatoes were dehydrated into natural potato flour which is better than the German or Japanese product, which is simply starell.'

Muskrat Hunters Making A Clean-Up

High Prices being Paid for Fur Bearing Animals Causes Hunters to Make Big Sums

Western Nebraska muskrat trappers and hunters are cleaning up in good shape this winter. One trapper is reported to have caught 1,000 rats Adams, investigators for the federal in ten days and another one 1200 trade commission at the time of its rats in fourteen days. The skins are recent packers' investigation, testi- bringing from \$1.00 to \$2.50 each. fied relative to the examination of Thousands of the rats are being various papers in the Chicago office caught every week in the lake dis-

It is reported that a number of the hunters are leasing lakes from ranchmen for trapping purposes and planning to do their trapping and hunting late in April and May in the hope of getting many more rats because of the younger ones. These plainly says: "It shall be unlawful for any person, between the 15th day of February and the 1st day of November, next ensuing of each year, to trap, catch, kill, or to pursue with such intent on the premises of another, any fur bearing animal, to-wit: muskrat, mink, raccoon, opossum, or ottor." A fine of twenty dollars is the penalty for each

POTASH STOCK FOR SALE I offer for sale, at the market, stock in the following Nebraska potash companies; in blocks of from

ten to 500 shares: Western Potach Company, Antioch Stndard Potash Company, Lake-

Alliance Potash Company, Antioc Omaha Potash Company, Lakeside U. S. and National Potash Com panies, Antioch.

William Berg Company, Merriman offerings, amounts, are subject to previous sale or withdrawal from the market at any time. Address Box , care of Alliance Herald, Alliance, Nebraska.

Advice from Washington under date of January 17th state that the potash industry of Nebraska is in no danger of competition from the Alsace product. The dispatch stated, Shipment of potash from Alsace-Lorraine to the United Sates cannot be started pending decision as to the mines, officials were informed today n dispatches from from Alsace-Lorraine is being furished to agricultural interests only n carload lots and the best informaion obtainable in France is that the Trench government will consume all vailable potash for some time. Inability to import the commodity from Alsace, it was said, would operate as protection to the industry in this

John Krause, R. M. Hampton and A. Newberry, heavy stockholders in the Alliance potash plant at Antioch, went east Sunday noon on important business connected with the

Guards will be held at the armory in 31st, starting at 7:30 o'clock sharp. All members are requested to attend as there will be important business. This will be the last meeting and the guards will be demobolized at that time. Uniforms and equipment should be brought to the armory. Those bringing all equipment will be allowed to retain their uniforms.

ROY C. STRONG

THE EVERYDAY BATTLE

Battles are not all fought with cannon and shell. The most vital are the everyday battles against the debilitating tendencies that invite weakness. For nearly five decades

has been a definite help to millions in the trying battles against weakness. Scott's is as rich in blood-forming properties and as powerful in strength-supporting qualities now as of yore. Let Soott's Emulsion help you win your battles. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

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- 2 Red heifers
- 1 Holstein steer
- 2 Hogs

Some farming machinery

C. S. PHILLIPS

Phone 86

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I have installed a first-class meat market in connection with my stock of groceries and am now prepared to care for your wants in this line.

I buy nothing but the best of Fresh and Cured meats and assure you that the prices are right. It makes no difference what quantity you want, from a whole beef or pork to a small steak, we have it and will save you money on the deal.

You should remember too, that our grocery line is ALWAYS full of nice, fresh goods and that our prices are as low as the market will stand. We want you to come in and see us. It will pay you well and we'll be glad to give the best of service. If you cannot come to the store, just phone 753, we will deliver your goods for you.

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