

Exchanges

SUED DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR DAMAGES

Kimball Observer: Chas. D. Halsey filed his petition in the Kimball county district court last Saturday bringing suit against Orvin C. Phillips wherein he asks damages of Phillips in the sum of \$1,500 and costs. Mr. Halsey was beaten by Mr. Phillips, deputy sheriff, last week following a quarrel between Halsey and Johnny Biggs. Halsey states that he paid Justice of the Peace Gifford a fine for fighting and that Phillips came later and demanded that he come to Kimball. He states that he agreed to go but asked permission to put his car away. Phillips gave him no chance, according to Halsey, but immediately started to beat him up with the butt of a .44 revolver. He has a deep cut on the top of his head and several on the face. He also claims to have two wounds on his arm. The case will come up for hearing at the September term of the district court. Wilcox & Halligan, of North Platte, have been employed by Halsey.

POTASH PLANT TO BUILD AT SCOTTSBLUFF

Scottsbluff Star-Herald: According to reports, this city is to have a potash plant in running order by the early part of next year. During the past week \$400,000 was set aside for this purpose by the Great Western Sugar company, and the contracts for the necessary machinery and buildings will be let within a short time. We are unable to find out the particulars but have been able to learn that contractors have already been here and have been given certain details as to excavation work needed. It is claimed that this work will be finished so that when the sugar campaign closes the potash factory will begin work, and will employ a large force of men the year around.

While we tried to confirm the report by phoning to the factory, we were unable to get any satisfaction, as Mr. Simmons is not here and no one else seems to know anything of the matter; in fact, would not talk about it, and seemed to infer that the experiments were being made elsewhere and that nothing would be done at this place.

From the fact that these potash plants are to be put in only where the Steffenhouse process is used, we believe that there is considerable merit to the rumor and as the Scottsbluff factory is the only one in the valley equipped with that process, it is reasonable to figure that it is to Collins had representatives here the

be put in here. Then again, the mere fact that the well known contracting firm of Kilpatrick Bros. & latter part of the week, getting details regarding the work required for this project, gives the report considerable color of truth, but until the company sees fit to make the matter public nothing of a definite nature can be given.

Should this report prove to be true, and the company expends its \$400,000 in this city, it will be a great boost for the city at this time, as well as to the whole county, which, on account of the enormous expenses of the war has been compelled to check up on improvements. The building of a potash plant will be essential to winning the war, and there will be no trouble in getting the machinery or the material to complete the work, should it be undertaken.

If we are not much mistaken we will be able within a short time to give more of the details of the company's plans, which, from what we have heard, will require a site of enormous magnitude, together with all the necessary machinery used in the production of potash, costing in the aggregate almost half as much as a new sugar factory.

Since writing the above we learn that we had been rightly informed, and that while our figures may not be exact, we are not far off in the main as to what the new expenditures will be during the coming summer, and that the work will be pushed with all possible haste in order to get the new plant in working order by the first of the coming year.

B. S. Varje, graduate of Robert college, Constantinople, Turkey, has been in our city to arrange for an address on "The Armenian Massacres." He has been organizing the counties of western Nebraska for this relief work until the beginning of the present Red Cross drive. Announcement will be made of the date and place of his coming lecture.

Monty Ellis, of the Black Hill country, was in the city recently. Mr. Ellis was the unfortunate loser of his wife about ten days ago, leaving him with two small motherless children.

Jordan Robinson, business manager for the senior class, has very ably financed the senior class. The Spud has paid an old standing debt. Besides this a substantial sum will be held in the treasury for next year. The senior play will net around \$150. This it was suggested by some, could be put into a liberty bond, to be held until the war ended, sold and a memorial of the class of 1918 erected with the proceeds.

INSTRUCTIONS DISTRIBUTED FOR FLY PREVENTION

Warning Against the Disease Carrying Insect is Sent Out by Alliance Community Club.

KILL FLIES AND SAVE LIVES

Kill at once every fly you can find and burn his body.

The killing of just one fly NOW means there will be billions and trillions less next summer.

The conditions produced by the long and severe winter have made difficult the removal and proper disposal of refuse and filth accumulations that will facilitate the breeding of disease-germ-carrying flies.

Clean up your own premises; see and insist that your neighbors do likewise.

Especially clean 'out-of-the-way places,' and every nook and cranny.

Flies will not go where there is nothing to eat, and their principal diet is too filthy to mention.

THE FLY IS THE TIE THAT BINDS THE UNHEALTHY TO THE HEALTHY!

The fly has no equal as a germ 'carrier'; as many as five hundred million germs have been found in and on the body of a single fly.

It is definitely known that the fly is the carrier of the germs of typhoid fever; it is widely believed that it is also the "carrier" of other diseases, including possibly infantile paralysis.

The very presence of a fly is a signal and notification that a housekeeper is uncleanly and inefficient.

Do not wait until the insects begin to pester; anticipate the annoyance.

May and June are the best months to conduct an anti-fly campaign.

The farming and residence districts provide ideal breeding places, and the new-born flies do not remain at their birthplace, but migrate, using railroads and other means of transportation to towns and cities.

Your friends and members of the family now in the service should be reminded of the danger of the house fly in camps and co-operate with their superiors for the elimination of this deadly pest.

KILL FLIES AND SAVE LIVES!

RECIPES FOR KILLING FLIES

The United States Government makes the following suggestion for the destruction of house flies: Formaldehyde and sodium salicylate are the two best fly poisons. Both are superior to arsenic. They have their advantages for household use. They

are not a poison to children; they are convenient to handle, their dilutions are simple and they attract the flies.

PREPARATION OF SOLUTIONS

A formaldehyde solution of approximately the correct strength may be made by adding 3 teaspoonfuls of the concentrated formaldehyde solution, commercially known as formalin, to a pint of water. Similarly, the proper concentration of sodium salicylate may be obtained by dissolving 3 teaspoonfuls of the pure chemical (a powder) to a pint of water.

An ordinary, thin-walled drinking glass is filled or partially filled with the solution. A saucer or small plate, in which is placed a piece of WHITE blotting paper cut the size of the dish, is put bottom up over the glass. The whole is then quickly inverted, a match placed under the edge of the glass, and the container is ready for use. As the solution dries out of the saucer the liquid seal at the edge of the glass is broken and more liquid flows into the lower receptacle. Thus the paper is always kept moist.

OTHER SIMPLE PREVENTIVES

Any odor pleasing to man is offensive to the fly and vice versa, and will drive them away.

Take five cents worth of oil of lavender, mix it with the same quantity of water, put it in a common glass atomizer and spray it around the rooms where flies are. In the dining room spray it lavishly, even on the table linen. The odor is very disagreeable to flies but refreshing to most people.

Geranium, mignonette, heliotrope and white clover are offensive to flies. They especially dislike the odor of honeysuckle and hop blossoms.

According to a French scientist flies have intense hatred for the color blue. Rooms decorated in blue will help to keep out the flies.

Mix together one tablespoonful of cream, one of ground black pepper and one of brown sugar. This mixture is poisonous to flies. Put in a saucer, darken the room except one window and in that set the saucer.

To clear the house of flies, burn pyrethrum powder. This stupefies the flies, but they must be SWEEPED UP AND BURNED.

RECIPES FOR STABLES, BARN AND OUT-OF-DOORS

Borax is especially valuable around farms and out-of-doors. One pound of borax to twelve bushels of manure will be found desirable as a poison without injuring its manurial qualities or farm stock. Scatter the borax over the manure and sprinkle with water.

Lye, chloride of lime, or copperas (sulphate of iron) dissolved in water, crude carbolic acid, or any kind of disinfectant may be used in vaults.

140 BORN HERE IN THE YEAR 1917

Eighty-three Boys Born as Compared With 57 Girls for the Past Year—

Statement of Board of Health

The report of the Nebraska state department of health, issued some time ago, shows 140 births recorded in Box Butte county in the year 1917. Boys predominated, there being 83 boys born as compared with only 57 girls. There were 126 native fathers and 128 native mothers. There were 14 foreign fathers, and 12 foreign mothers. There were two pairs of twins, three of them being girls and the other a boy.

In giving out the figures for this county the state department of

health made the following statement in addition:

"We are exceedingly anxious to have our births and deaths recorded 100 percent, and as it seems that there are a great many people who do not know that the state of Nebraska records births and deaths, we believe the figures from your county may be of interest.

"Whenever a baby is born or a person dies, it of the utmost importance that same be recorded, at the state house. In almost every town we have a local registrar, and we would ask that the mothers of the children born see that the baby's birth is properly recorded. The physician, etc., usually attends to this, but as our registration last year regarding births was only 62 per cent of what it should be, we believe if the mothers and fathers would exercise the proper interest, that better results would be accomplished.

- * * * TO THE MOTHER * * *
- * of each baby whose birth is re-
- * corded beginning December,
- * 1917, we will send a book en-
- * titled
- * YOUR BABY—
- * * How to Keep It Well. * * *

The recording of a birth is a legal record, and establishes the identity of the child. We make no charge for such a record."

Should you see Miss Sheridan in some store buying cigars, do not be surprised, she was only paying a bet on the weather.

"EAT MORE POTATOES!"

A patriot potato lay tubbing, tubbing, And as in the water he lay, he lay, To the cook who the mud off was scrubbing, scrubbing, These valuable words he did say:

Keep me wrapped in my nice khaki jacket, jacket! The best of me's lost with the skin, the skin. Dish me up when the heat starts to crack it, crack it, And eat me from outside to in.

Don't boil me, but steam half an hour, hour, In a basin some five minutes more, minutes more. When you mash me to mix with your flour, flour, The proportion is one part in four. Keep me wrapped, etc.

Do you wish to reduce your bread ration, ration? Then bake me and serve me with cheese, with cheese, Or with anything else in creation, 'ation, Your grocer will yield with your pleas. Keep me wrapped, etc.

To peel me and throw out the peel'ng, peel'ng, Is awfully kind to the pigs, the pigs. If for strawb'ries you showed the same feeling, feeling, Your share would consist of the strigs. Keep me wrapped, etc.

—Margaret MacNamara in London Daily Chronicle.

THE HOME OF BEVO THE BEVERAGE



ANHEUSER-BUSCH, ST. LOUIS.

The universal popularity of Bevo made it necessary to erect this building, the largest of its character in the world. Covers two city blocks. Floor space 26 acres. A basement 30 feet high containing 13 tracks each to accommodate ten freight cars. Will employ 2,500 people and have a bottling capacity of two million bottles daily, equal to 140 car loads, on an eight hour day basis.