

THE ALLIANCE HERALD

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This paper is the official organ of the Nebraska Stockgrowers' Association. It is sent each week as a regular subscription by the Association to each member. If you are a member, you should receive the paper regularly.

This paper is also the official organ of the Nebraska State Volunteer Firemen's Association and is sent regularly to each volunteer fire department of the state belonging to the state association.

If your copy of The Herald does not reach you promptly and regularly, you should not hesitate to phone 340 or write this office at once. We want our subscribers to receive the best of service and wish them to advise us when such is not the case. News items are always appreciated, either by telephone or mail.



AFTER PEACE—CAMOUFLAGE

Germany always strikes hard and unexpectedly at a new point after one of her political offensives in the form of cunning peace-camouflage. So the commanders of the Allied armies had better be on their guard and increasingly vigilant from day to day. Lately we heard that Germany must and would make a peace of great concessions, and those who have learned nothing by experience immediately began to figure on a prompt ending of the war. More recently we heard that the Jingo were again in command in Germany and that through a peace of concessions would be made on the east in order to secure Russia as a base of supplies, the war for conquest would be pushed on the west, Germany being determined on retaining the coal and iron lands of Belgium and France.

We hear much from Germany—and mostly only what the Germans want us to hear: but all that we really know with certainty is that the peace—camouflage scheme is an established German policy and that after every such effort to fling dust into our eyes the Huns strike suddenly and hard. The obvious thing to do therefore, is to stop speculating about the end of the war and prepare on every battle front to repel Germany's next blow.

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

The message by mail to every



Shoulders All Baking Cares

When CALUMET comes in, all baking troubles take quick leave. You go right ahead and mix up baking materials, for biscuits—cakes—anything without fear of uncertainty. Calumet makes you forget failure.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

is the most popular because it does give most perfect results. It has the biggest demand because it is the most dependable. The fact that it is the biggest seller proves that it is the best. A trial will convince you that there is none just as good. Buy Calumet—if you are not satisfied take it back and get your money back.

Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities.

You save when you buy it. You save when you use it.

HIGHEST QUALITY

HIGHEST AWARDS

household from Secretary McAdoo asking all to buy war savings stamps ought to receive practically universal attention, because a practically universal response in the matter of so small an outlay is altogether possible. The war savings and thrift stamps in denominations of \$5 and 25cents respectively will not only raise funds to help the great cause but provide a good interest-bearing investment for and encourage habits of thrift in the child, the youth, and the man and woman of small means. The money put into them is not necessarily tied up till 1923, but can be cashed at the post office at any time. The incidental uses of the system, in addition to the opportunity offered every body to serve our country at war, are pointedly set forth by Cardinal Gibbons in his appeal for a universal response.

There can be few people, he notes, whose circumstances will not permit them to buy at intervals the twenty-five cent thrift stamp, and with each purchase gain step by step possession of the war savings stamp, for each one of which the credit and resources of the United States are pledged to return five dollars for what now costs four dollars and twelve cents. "I earnestly commend to young and old this simple and easy method of acquiring the habit of thrift. Many sorrows are avoided and much happiness is to be gained by the timely application of the principles of thrift. To the building of character it brings profitable acquaintance with self-denial and self-reliance. We have reached a time in our national life when no loyal citizen of this country can afford to spend a dollar for wasteful luxuries. Such an expenditure resolves itself into a disloyal act. Welcome indeed, therefore, is the opportunity offered through the sale of these war savings stamps." The Cardinal adds, with self-evident truth that to buy them is "not only a privilege but it is the clear duty of every American citizen, young and old."

CITIZENSHIP IN NEBRASKA

Some headway is making in the demand that aliens be deprived of the right to vote in Nebraska. Our constitutional provision on the point is one of the most liberal in the union, purposely made so at the time the constitution was adopted. Six months' residence and a declaration of intention to become a citizen is all that is required of the foreign-born to permit him to vote. When our state constitution was framed Nebraska was being settled up rapidly and largely by men born in Europe. It was thought desirable that these be extended the privilege of full citizenship as soon as possible. Conditions have materially changed since then and full participation in the government of the state deserves higher value.

Disclosures made possible by the selective draft law have astonished those who come into contact with the truth. A surprisingly large number of young aliens have made declaration of intention to become citizens, but have proceeded no further, some allowing the time for applying for full citizenship to expire and filing a second or even a third declaration. This deals only with those of draft age and does not include the older men, many of whom must be in the same predicament. If American citizenship is worth having, it will be appreciated by the foreign-born resident only when he is impressed with the fact.

No hardship is involved in requiring him to complete his application for naturalization. If he does not he should have no part in our government.—Bee.

C. W. Lyons of Hemingford was in the city Monday, stopped on his way home from Bridgeport where he had been visiting his daughter.

THE SOLDIER VOTE

Governor Neville's plea, as an objection to calling a special session of the legislature to enfranchise Nebraska's soldiers, a clause of the state constitution which he thinks prohibits votes for such of the soldiers as have been placed in the so-called regular army as distinguished from the national army and the militia. This would debar about 5,000 Nebraska men of their vote to nominate what the legislature might do, since the constitution could not be changed in time to afford relief. The provision in question is the following:

"Every elector in the actual military service of the United States or of this state, and not in the regular army, may exercise the right of suffrage at such place and under such regulations as may be provided by law."

We submit to the common sense of persons able to read the English language and to interpret the spirit of American law that there is nothing in this provision to disfranchise any Nebraska voter who has joined the army for service in this war. The contrary is true. It is a specific authorization of the legislature to enfranchise absent soldiers.

What the framers of the constitution were intending to do is obvious. America, like all democratic which has cut their eye teeth, is afraid of large standing armies. Such armies have too often been instruments for suppression of democracy to be viewed with confidence by democrats. And so the framers of the Nebraska constitution wisely wished to provide that the professional soldier, the member of a standing army large or small should not be able to add political to military power. They disfranchised men of the "regular" army, meaning of course, the standing army, the professional army. Why else should they make specific provision for votes for electors in the military service of the United States other than the "regular army?" Obviously so as not to deprive of their votes men who go into the army temporarily in war time.

It would be safe to wag the cost of an extra session against Governor Neville's commission in the Seventh regiment that the Nebraska courts would so interpret this clause it is almost contempt of court to doubt it. As a matter of fact, the question will never be raised in court. What Nebraskan wants to go into court to disfranchise five thousand Nebraska citizen soldiers?

Even if votes were forbidden to these five thousand—which we need not fear—what of their rights and interests and our own which are bound up with their worth three days work of 133 members of the legislature?

We trust the governor will cease looking for reasons why the soldiers cannot be enfranchised and take the necessary steps to see that they are enfranchised.—Nebraska State Journal.

RECORD OF THE PAST

No Strong Evidence Can Be Had in Alliance

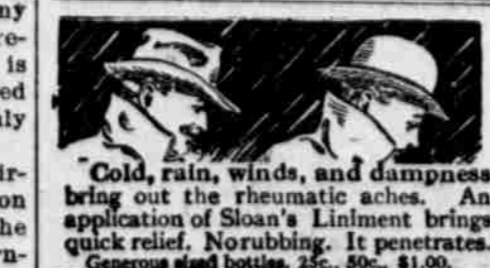
Look well to their record. What they have done many times in years gone by is the best guarantee of future results. Anyone with a bad back; any reader suffering from urinary troubles, from kidney ills should find comforting words in the following statement.

Mrs. Coelia Weaver, 122 Yellowstone Ave., Alliance, says: "I was troubled by kidney complaint for some time and learning of Doan's Kidney Pills, I began taking them, procuring them at Holston's Drug Store. I can say in all earnestness that they can't be excelled for curing backache and kidney ailments. It took Doan's only a short time to rid me of severe pain in the small of my back and after that I could stoop and straighten without suffering." The above statement was given July 20, 1910 and on June 7, 1916, Mrs. Weaver said: "I seldom have need of Doan's Kidney Pills now as I am never troubled the way I was before using them. I take a few now and then, however, and they always drive off any threatened return symptoms and keep me in good health." Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Weaver had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Academy has been shut down all this week because of an epidemic of Scarlet fever among the pupils.

Found a Sure Thing

I. B. Wixon, Farmers Mills, N. Y., has used Chamberlain's Tablets for years for disorders of the stomach and liver and says, "Chamberlain's Tablets are the best I have ever used." Obtainable everywhere.



Cold, rain, winds, and dampness bring out the rheumatic aches. An application of Sloan's Liniment brings quick relief. No rubbing. It penetrates. Generous sized bottles, 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

KAISERS POEM NOT ALLOWED

A report has been received at the Herald office that the school teacher in District No. 20 would not allow one of her pupils to recite a poem, at Xmas exercises directed against the Kaiser. A number of the patrons of the district are quite indignant about the circumstance and have left the poem at this office for publication.

The poem that the teacher censored is as follows:

The Kaisers Dream
There is a story, strange it may seem.

Of the great Kaiser bill and this wonderful dream,
Being wearied by his toil, he lay down in his bed,

And among other things he dreamed he was dead.

And in a coffin lying in state.

With a crowd of brave Belgians mourning his fate.

He was not long dead when he found in his cost,

His soul like his soldiers would soon be lost.

On leaving this earth to Heaven he went,

And arriving up there gave a knock at the gate.

St. Peter looked out and exclaimed loud and clear,

Try down below Bill you can't get in here.

The rest of the poem goes on in this vein and in its place a cloze piece substituted.

A number of the younger set were entertained at the home of Miss Irene Rice last Thursday evening. The evening was informally spent and a fancy lunch served.

The H. H. Club met at Mallers last Thursday evening with Flora Mae Smith.

Hugh Davenport was up from Bayard over Sunday. He likes the town of Bayard fine.

Chamberlain's Tablets

Chamberlain's Tablets are indicated especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation, and have met with much success in the treatment of those diseases. People who have suffered for years with stomach trouble and have been unable to obtain any permanent relief.

WAR PIE CONSERVATION

Every home and every army agrees that man must have a balanced meal, with a good dessert, either at home or in army rations.

That doesn't mean that you shouldn't economize in desserts these days.

You should and you can.

NONE SUCH Mince Pie is a very real dessert—none better. And a NONE SUCH package of Mince Meat works out the economy of pies, cakes, puddings, and cookies.

NONE SUCH is economical, because its condensed form and paraffin-lined package prevent waste.

It costs only a few cents and is cheaper than bulk mince meat bought by the pound.

NONE SUCH Mince MEAT is made from the very best ingredients. Just what you would use if you were making it yourself, and it comes to you cheaper than you could make it yourself.

A package of NONE SUCH Mince Meat becomes three times the package weight when the moisture in making is added.

Bake a NONE SUCH War Pie—a regular Mince Pie with no top crust. That saves flour, shortening, labor, and expense. A NONE SUCH War Pie saves and conserves, as we are asked to do by the U. S. Food Administration.

CLEAN UP GARDEN THRASH

Burn Weeds and Rubbish That May Harbor Insects Over Winter

Throughout the United States are plots of ground cultivated last spring and summer as temporary war gardens. Where these plots were suitably located, with due attention to sunlight, abundant crops of vegetables, especially for family use, have been produced, but quite too frequently such plots have become generally neglected, with the result that much material in the form of crop remnants and rank weeds will remain through the winter, favoring during the autumn the continued multiplication of certain forms of insect pests, and during the winter a safe harbor for the insects to pass the colder months. Next spring these insects will reappear, and if the same plots are selected for planting there is grave danger of serious injury, particularly soon after planting.

The methods employed in commercial truck gardens and farms to prevent the wintering-over of insects in the field should be put into practice in the case of the war or "back-yard" garden. Entomologists of the United States Department of Agriculture advise that as soon as a crop has been harvested the remnants should be promptly cleared away and burned with the insects which they harbor. The same applies to weeds, including grasses which spring up between the rows. Rubbish of all kinds should be carefully collected and destroyed in the same manner that no shelter be left for the insects during the winter.

Try to induce your neighbors to carry out the same measures; otherwise you may fall.

Effectual

"I have taken a great many bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and every time it has cured me. I have found it most effectual for a hacking cough and for colds. After taking it a cough always disappears," writes J. R. Moore, Lost Valley, Ga. Obtainable everywhere.

PERUNA Household Helper

Peruna eases the burden of the housekeeper by keeping away the danger of illness resulting from colds, coughs, and indigestion due to catarrhal condition. It speedily relieves and overcomes these.

Its tonic properties build up the strength of the physically weak and run down, and its use in convalescence, especially after grip, is remarkably beneficial.

KEEP IT ON HAND

The wise housekeeper has Peruna on hand for instant use even if catarrhal troubles do not call for its regular administration. A dose or two in time often prevents a long illness.

Liquid or tablet form.
Mannin Tablets are a splendid laxative for home use.
Ask the druggist
THE PERUNA COMPANY
Columbus, Ohio

You Can Get a Government Irrigated Farm In The Big Horn Basin if You Act Promptly

Uncle Sam built this irrigating system; he gives you the lands and charges you only the actual cost of an ample and permanent water right. The mode of payment is nearly a gift—twenty years' time, no interest; with three years' cultivation, these farms will be worth at least a hundred dollars an acre; excellent surroundings; on the Burlington's main line, near Deaver, Wyo.

THE BIG HORN BASIN: Because of the rich oil discoveries, the great irrigated areas, the heavy alfalfa and grain production, beet sugar factories, oil refineries, growing population, the Big Horn Basin teems with prosperity and a rapidly increasing development.

NEBRASKA AND COLORADO LANDS: For dairying, wheat raising, for livestock and general farming, these lands can be bought on good terms. They are cheap and should double in value, in the face of the world's demand for food stuffs.

Secure my services; they are free to you.
S. B. HOWARD, Immigration Agent,
C. B. & Q. R. R.
1004 Farnam Street, Omaha, Nebraska

Dye & Owens Transfer Line

HOUSEHOLD GOODS moved promptly and TRANSFER WORK solicited.

Dray Phone 54 Residence Phone 636 and Blue 574

MAZOLA
—the pure oil from corn for better cooking

WHEN housewives first adopted Mazola they found the deep frying, sautéing and shortening medium which they have been seeking for years.

Mazola browns food quickly, preventing any penetration of oil—and gives crisp, delicious dishes free from sogginess, easy to digest.

The results are so much better than with lard or compounds that Mazola is used in thousands of American homes.

And now when Food Administrator Hoover asks us to save butter, lard and suet, the housewife knows that she has a really good vegetable oil.

With Mazola she can help save the country's resources and at the same time give her family the best of food at a notable saving in cost.

Unlike other mediums Mazola does not transmit taste or odor from one food to another—can be used over and over again—a great factor in economy.

And when you want an especially delicious salad dressing, use Mazola. There is no need to give up salads because of the uncertain supply or high prices of olive oil.

Mazola can be had from your grocer in pint, quart, half-gallon and gallon tins. Ask him for the free Mazola Book of Recipes, or write us direct.

Your money refunded if Mazola does not give entire satisfaction.

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING COMPANY
17 Battery Place, New York

Selling Representatives:
Cartan & Jeffrey Co.
Omaha, Nebraska