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POTATO WEEK STARTS MON.

EVERYBODY TO EAT SPUDS AND SAVE FLOUR THIS COMING WEEK

A NATION-WIDE MOVEMENT

October 22 to 27 To Be Used to Popularize PaPt Murphys—Special Dishes Each Day

The week of October 22-27 is to be "National Potato Week," during which time a special effort will be made all over the United States to induce the millions to eat potatoes during this week. This event is of special interest to this section of the country owing to the fact that Box Butte county and this section of the country is fast coming into prominence as one of the great potato raising areas of the country.

Three purposes will be accomplished by this nation-wide potato week. The first of these purposes is to encourage the eating of tubers because at that time it is expected that potatoes will be the most available and economical starchy food; the second is to save wheat during this period; and the third is to encourage the general use of potatoes as a wheat substitute by the American household.

Will Affect Potato Situation

It is proposed that consumers make a special effort to eat potatoes prepared in different ways, recipes for which can be obtained from the home economics departments of the various state colleges of agriculture. It is not supposed that this potato week will of itself have much effect on the potato situation, but it should call the attention of the people to the fact that here is a plentiful supply which should be used in domestic commerce, leaving the more readily transported grains for export trade. In shipping potatoes about four-fifths of the weight is water; in shipping wheat only one-eighth is moisture.

No claim of originality is made for the idea of potato week. The same plan has been in effect for a number of years in respect to raisins, for which there is a national raisin day, established through extensive advertising by the raisin industry of California. The same thing has been done in respect to oranges by the citrus-fruit associations. There have been apple days, too. The purpose of these days is to increase the general consumption of these products by acquainting the people with their food value.

Many Ways to Cook Spuds

It is said that potatoes may be cooked in more ways than any other vegetable, and a score or more variations are within the knowledge of any good hotel chef. Seven ways, one for each day in the week, beginning with Monday's, Tuesday's and Wednesday's dinners, through Thursday's lunch, Friday's dinner, Saturday's lunch and Sunday's supper are given here:

Stuffed Potatoes (Monday)—Cut baked potatoes in half, remove the pulp, mash it, add enough milk for the usual consistency of mashed potatoes, an season with butter, salt and pepper. Fill the baked skins with this mixture, dot the tops with butter and bake for eight or ten minutes in a hot oven. To vary this add to the mashed potatoes, before the skins are filled, any one of the following: Beaten white of egg (one egg to three medium-sized potatoes); grated cheese (one-half cupful to three medium-sized potatoes); chopped meat (one-half cupful to three medium-sized potatoes); chopped parsley (one tablespoonful to three medium-sized potatoes).

Scalloped Potatoes (Tuesday)—Use raw thinly sliced potatoes in layers, each layer to be sprinkled with flour, butter, pepper, salt; lastly pour in just enough milk to be seen through the top layer, and then bake for about an hour, or until the potatoes are tender. This may be varied by adding, in layers, hard-boiled egg, sliced; grated cheese; or minced ham.

Boiled Potatoes (Wednesday)—Select potatoes of uniform size; wash them with a brush; and plunge them into boiling salted water (one teaspoonful salt to one quart of water). Cook them with the cover of kettle ajar, until tender, from 20 to 30 minutes. Drain the potatoes; remove the skins; dress the potatoes with butter if desired; and serve them immediately. If it is necessary for the potatoes to stand a few minutes before being served, cover them with a cloth, not a lid, in order that the steam as it condenses may be absorbed by the cloth and not returned to the potatoes to make them soggy. This is the reason for serving pota-

OCTOBER 27 DATE BERYL BUCKLEY COMES

First Number of Redpath Lyceum Booker for Alliance Last Saturday in the Month

Everyone likes to hear a good reader and everyone is provided with the opportunity of spending an evening with M. Beryl Buckley at the Baptist church on Saturday night, October 27. Miss Buckley will present the opening number of the Redpath Lyceum at that time. The lyceum is being put on in Alliance under the auspices of the ladies of the Baptist church. The ladies have no excuses to make. They are bringing to Alliance one of the highest of high class lyceum programs consisting of five numbers to be presented at stated periods during the winter. If the people of Alliance like good, clean, high class entertainment of a nature that appeals to practically every person, then this course should prove a wonderful success.



BERYL BUCKLEY.
The ladies are selling season tickets at \$1.50 for adults and \$1.00 for children.

atoes in an uncovered dish. The potatoes may be sprinkled with chopped parsley.

Potato Salad (Thursday from Wednesday's left-overs)—Six cold boiled potatoes; four tablespoonfuls salad oil or melted butter; two tablespoonfuls vinegar; one-half tablespoonful salt; cayenne pepper, two tablespoonfuls chopped parsley; few drops onion juice.

Cut the potatoes in one-half inch cubes. Make a dressing by mixing thoroughly the other ingredients. Pour this dressing over the potatoes and allow them to stand fifteen minutes. Drain off any dressing that may not have been absorbed by the potatoes. Garnish the salad with sprigs of parsley and serve with cream dressing or mayonnaise. To be served may be added any of the following: One cupful chopped celery; two cucumbers, chopped; or two hard-boiled eggs, chopped, or a garnish sliced.

Mashed Potatoes (Friday)—Thoroughly mash cooked potatoes. Add four tablespoonfuls of hot milk, one tablespoonful of butter, and a little salt and pepper, to each pint of potatoes. Beat the mixture with a fork until light and pile it lightly in a hot serving dish.

Mashed potatoes may be shaped into small cakes. Brown them in a frying pan in a small amount of hot fat. Mix with boiled codfish, or canned salmon, for fish cake.

Potato Soup (Saturday, from Friday's left-overs)—Two cupfuls hot sliced or mashed potatoes; one quart milk; two slices onion; three tablespoons butter; two tablespoonfuls flour; one and one-half-teaspoonful salt; celery salt; pepper; cayenne; one teaspoonful chopped parsley.

Scald the milk with the onion; remove the onion; add the milk slowly to the potatoes. Melt the butter; add to it the dry ingredients, stir the mixture until it is well blended. Add this to the liquid mixture, stirring constantly, and boil the soup for one minute. Strain it if necessary; add the parsley and serve.

Potato Biscuit (Sunday, from Friday's or Saturday's left-overs)—One cupful mashed potatoes, one cupful flour, four teaspoonfuls baking powder; one-half teaspoonful salt, one teaspoonful lard; milk, about one-half cupful.

Sift the dry ingredients. Add these to the potatoes, mixing with a knife. Work the fat into this mixture lightly to make a soft dough. Toss the dough onto a floured board, pat and roll it lightly to one-half inch in thickness. Cut it into shapes with a biscuit cutter. Place the biscuits on greased pans and bake twelve to fifteen minutes in a hot oven.

AERIAL ARMY TAKING SHAPE

UNCLE SAM WILL HAVE FLEET OF 20,000 GIGANTIC BATTLE PLANES

RUSHING CONSTRUCTION

Thousands of Men Are Now Being Trained and Hurried to France For Final Trials

Washington, D. C.—Work is under way on practically all the 20,000 airplanes appropriated for by Congress to carry the war across the Hindenburg battle line. Hundreds of American aviation students are already in the allied countries completing their training.

In addition to the machines being constructed in this country, a vast number is being manufactured in Europe to meet immediate demands of the American field forces.

Thousands of men are training to fly on the various government fields in America. As fast as they learn the rudiments they are being sent abroad.

The first all-American airplane, equipped with the famous Liberty motor, will be sent overseas in a "reasonable time." America will have every known type of fighting machine—the training airplane, the fast scout plane and the powerful dynamite-carrying battleplane of the Caproni type. These giant air dreadnoughts will be used to drop tons of high explosives behind the German lines.

Every Type of Plane Built

These and other important statements were made by Secretary of War Baker in summarizing the accomplishments to date of the United States in aviation.

"Contracts have been let and work is in progress on practically the entire number of airplanes and motors for which provision was made in the \$440,000,000 aviation bill passed by Congress in July," said the secretary. "This program called for more than 20,000 airplanes.

"The types of airplanes now in progress of manufacture cover the entire range of training machines, light, high speed fighting machines and powerful battle and bombing planes of the heaviest design. Our contracts call for an ample number of training machines, and embrace as well giant planes capable of the work of the Caproni, the Hanley-Page and similar types.

American-Made Throughout

"Within a reasonable time, considering the period of preparation, this country will send its first airplane to Europe. This airplane, from the tip of its propeller to the engine, machine gun and camera, will have been made in the United States."

The "Liberty" motor, already spoken of by Mr. Baker as probably "the greatest single achievement of the war," has been accorded foreign recognition. The allies already have asked for samples of the motors and are investigating the possibilities of quantity production in this country.

WEATHER BUREAU ON AVERAGE FROST DATES

This historical summary of frost occurrences for this section of the west has just been issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

"The chances are even that killing frost will occur before September 15 in most of North Dakota, Montana, and the extreme northern portion of Minnesota. By the first few days in October killing frost occurs on the average of one year in two as far south as the Southern portion of Nebraska, southern and eastern Iowa, southern Wisconsin, most of the interior portion of lower Michigan, and throughout the greater part of New England. By October 15 it may be expected in at least half the years as far south as the central portion of Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, throughout eastern Kentucky and the mountainous sections of the Virginia.

EAT CABBAGE AND LIVE LONG, IS ADVICE

Philadelphia.—Eat cabbage and live long.

That's the advice issued by J. Russell Smith, chairman of the food commission of the Philadelphia home defence committee.

Cabbage has been abundant for weeks, and Mr. Smith points out that not only from a health standpoint, but from a patriotic duty, cabbage should be eaten by every man, woman and child.

GOVERNMENT POTATO REPORT

POTATO CROP ESTIMATED AT 452,923,000 BUSHELLS THIS YEAR

DECREASE 9,000,000 BU.

Nebraska Shows Material Increase—Central North Crop Cut by Frost—Blight in Maine

According to the October crop estimate of the Department of Agriculture, the white potato crop this year will be 452,923,000 bushels. The September forecast was 461,908,000 bushels and the August 1 forecast was 467,289,000 bushels. The December estimate of the 1916 crop was 285,437,000 bushels.

Estimates in the principal states by bushels for the crop this year, according to the October forecast, August forecast and December estimate last year follow: (In thousands of bushels, 000 omitted.)

State	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	1916 Crop
Maine	20,836	24,800	25,500
New York	41,600	43,500	22,400
Penn.	32,742	32,485	19,040
Ohio	16,803	16,560	6,300
Illinois	14,419	14,227	7,250
Michigan	38,919	44,513	15,360
Wisconsin	37,859	40,306	13,630
Minnesota	33,430	33,892	16,800
Iowa	14,311	14,004	4,830
Nebraska	13,650	12,836	7,665
Colorado	9,144	8,352	6,900
California	13,863	13,595	10,575

ANALYSIS OF THE REPORT SHOWS THE GREATEST LOSS DURING SEPTEMBER IN MICHIGAN, FOLLOWED CLOSELY BY MAINE AND WISCONSIN. FROST DAMAGED THE CROP DURING SEPTEMBER IN MICHIGAN AND WISCONSIN, AND IF THE TOTAL DECREASE IN THESE STATES IS BY REASON OF FROSTS IT BEARS OUT THE NEWSPAPER REPORTS THAT THE DAMAGE WAS AROUND 10 PER CENT. IN MAINE BLIGHT HAS BEEN QUITE SEVERE AND PROBABLY IS THE CAUSE OF THE DECREASE. SOME LOSS ALSO IS SHOWN IN MINNESOTA, ACCORDING TO THE REPORT, DURING SEPTEMBER. NEBRASKA GAINED, ACCORDING TO THE REPORT, \$14,000 OVER THE SEPTEMBER 1 REPORT. IMPROVEMENT IS ALSO SHOWN IN PENNSYLVANIA, ILLINOIS, OHIO, IOWA, COLORADO AND CALIFORNIA.

Big Loss in Bean Crop

Beans on October 1 were estimated at 15,814,000 bushels. September 1 the estimate was for 19,989,000 bushels in the five big producing states of New York, Michigan, Colorado, New Mexico and California. This represents a loss of about 4,000,000 bushels for the month. Last year the crop totaled 8,446,000 bushels. The average of beans in Nebraska was considerably increased this year.

VASSAR GIRLS TO EAT LESS BUTTER AND EGGS

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—War has its woes for the Vassar girls. The edict has gone forth that there will be no butter at dinner and no hard-boiled eggs for breakfast. Jams, jellies and gravy will take the place of butter. Eggs will be a omelette.

RE-ELECT OFFICERS FOR RED CROSS

Headquarters Moved From Masonic Temple to Assembly Room at Court House

The old officers of the Alliance Chapter of the American Red Cross will hold over for another year, according to an announcement made this week. The annual election of officers for the local chapter was announced to have been held at Red Cross headquarters in the Masonic Temple building on Friday evening. But seven members showed up and as a result no election was held, it being concluded that the membership was entirely satisfied with the present officers. The present officers will therefore continue in office during the coming year. The officers are: Chairman, L. H. Highland; vice-chairman, Mrs. E. G. Laing; secretary, Mrs. M. E. Johnson; treasurer, Chas. Brittan.

The local chapter will make a full and complete report of the work done as it concerns the number of garments made for soldiers and the articles for hospital use.

Owing to the fact that the Adams Express Company has rented the room in the Masonic Temple occupied by the Red Cross, and will maintain an uptown office, the Red Cross on Monday moved to the Assembly Room in the Box Butte county court house and will maintain headquarters there in the future. Those ladies desiring to do work and any others who have business at Red Cross headquarters will find same at the court house now.

PATRIOTIC FOOD SAVING CAMPAIGN

All Housewives Should Sign Pledge Cards and Enroll as Members of Food Administration

The period from October 21st to November 3rd will be a period of great patriotic demonstration in Nebraska. At that time all householders in the state will be asked to sign the pledge cards and become enrolled as members of the Federal Food Administration. The householder who signs the Food Administration pledge card accepts the following obligations:

serviceSneatto ess hrld mfwyaa
"I am glad to join in the service of food conservation for our nation and I hereby accept membership in the United States Food Administration, pledging myself to carry out the directions and advice of the Food Administrator in my home, insofar as my circumstances permit."

There are no fees or dues to be paid. The Food Administration wishes to have as members all of those actually handling food in the home. Those who become members by signing pledge cards will be given a membership window card and a Home Card of Instruction in food conservation.

The Pledge Card Campaign in Nebraska is being handled through the office of Gurdon W. Wattles, Federal Food Administrator for Nebraska. He has appointed S. R. McKelvie of Lincoln as campaign manager for the state and Representative Lloyd Thomas of Alliance as director for the counties of Sioux, Dawes, Box Butte and Sheridan. Under their direction the work is being pushed vigorously in this district.

The Chairman of the County Council of Defense in each county is chairman ex-officio of the County Central Committee for the Pledge Card Campaign. The County Central Committee in turn supervises all of the work for the Pledge Card Campaign in the county. The County Chairmen in this district are as follows:

Dawes County—Allen G. Fisher, Chadron.

Sioux County—F. W. Meyer, Harrison.

Sheridan County—R. L. Wilhite, Rushville.

Box Butte County—Robert Graham, Alliance.

Members of the Box Butte county central committee appointed to date are as follows:

Robert Graham, chairman.

George Edick, secretary.

Opal Russell.

Mrs. W. R. Pate.

George Neuwanger.

R. M. Hampton.

Lloyd Thomas.

Ben J. Sallows.

A. D. Rodgers.

I. J. Schill.

W. D. Fisher.

Arthur Groves.

Mrs. Claudia B. Dole.

The County Central Committee in these counties are being organized and much interest is being manifested in the campaign. Those interested in this county are predicting that there will be no slackers and that it will be at the head of the list in getting results. The work will be so completely done that every household in Nebraska will be given an opportunity to sign the pledge card, and it is fully expected that all will sign. The school teachers and the school children will take an active part in circulating the pledge cards, and will do their part of the work during the week of October 21st to 28th. The following week will be devoted to cleaning up the campaign in quarters where it was not completed by the school children.

The work is tremendously important, as anyone must realize from the frequency with which the statement has been made that the country that can most successfully nourish its people will win the war. This section of the state is producing wonderfully of the foods and materials needed—potatoes, small grain, beans, beef and potash. When it comes to doing its part in helping feed the nation western Nebraska is in the front rank.

Sign a pledge card, become a member of the Federal Food Administration, and do your bit to help win the war for Uncle Sam and our Allies.

EATS HIS GMEAL, GOES FOR SWIM; IS DEAD

San Francisco.—After partaking of a hearty dinner and then going for a swim in the estuary, Nicholas Thompson, first mate of the steamer Kvichak, dropped dead on the deck almost immediately after coming out of the water. Shortly before his death Nicholas told several of the crew that he had never felt better in his life. Death was due to heart disease.

CITY CLERK MET FRIDAY

BORROW FROM LIGHT FUND TO HELP OUT THE GENERAL FUND

TWO TO GET MORE MONEY

City Will Heat Armory—Eight Crossings Go In—Order New Dummy Policeman

The October meeting of the city council was held at the council chamber on Friday night, being a postponed meeting from the regular meeting night—Tuesday of last week—owing to the fact that not enough councilmen were on hand at the regular time to hold a meeting. Six councilmen and the mayor were in attendance at the meeting Friday night, just enough to transact business. Councilman Davidson of the Fourth ward was again absent and Councilman Davis of the Third ward was not in attendance.

The meeting Friday night was, in many respects, one of the most important sessions of the council held in some time. The council took cognizance of the fact that there were registered warrants outstanding against the general fund, which are drawing interest, to the amount of about \$29,000.00. In view of the fact that the light fund had a balance of about \$11,000.00 to the good, it was decided on motion of Councilman A. J. Welch of the Fourth ward, to borrow \$8,000.00 from the light fund for the general fund for the purpose of cutting down the amount of the outstanding warrants. The light fund will receive the same amount of interest for the \$8,000.00 as that fund pays as interest on the light bonds.

A request was received from the Home Guards that the city heat the armory. The city plumber was instructed to go over the situation and approximate cost. The proposition was left up to the mayor for final disposition. It is the intention to heat the armory from the furnace in the city hall. In view of the fact that the armory is used only at night and then generally but two nights a week, it is believed it can be heated from the city hall without inconvenience and but little additional cost.

Employees Get More Money
J. E. Hughes, superintendent of the municipal plant, asked for an increase in his salary of \$25.00 a month. He was drawing \$150.00 a month, the limit under the law. In order to meet the demands of Mr. Hughes the council voted him \$25.00 a month additional and created him city milk inspector. It will be Mr. Hughes' duty to take samples of the milk offered for sale in Alliance and have same tested and to visit the dairy farms supplying Alliance homes with milk and see that they are meeting the requirements of the ordinance. The ordinance has practically been a dead letter since the time it was passed and this move on the part of the city looking towards its enforcement will be welcomed by the general public.

Night Marshal George Stafford asked that his compensation be raised from \$80.00 to \$100.00 a month. Under the law the city can pay no policemen but \$75.00 a month. Stafford was drawing \$50.00 a month as night janitor at the city hall. His pay as night janitor was increased from \$5.00 to \$25.00 per month, making the \$100.00 he asked for.

The council instructed the city clerk to advertise for bids for removing the dirt and placing side walks to grade on the west side of unpaved Box Butte avenue between Fifth and Sixth streets and on the north side of Fourth street between Sweetwater and Yellowstone.

Eight New Street Crossings
The proposition of placing a street crossing across First street at Laramie, to the freight depot, was considered and the crossing ordered. Seven other crossings were also ordered, being two at Third and Platte, two at Fifth and Missouri, one at Fourth and Emerson, and one at Fourth and Niobrara. R. C. McClure was awarded the contract for this work, his bid being 21 1/2 cents per square foot for the work and material, or in other words, for the completed work.

A resolution was passed ordering certain property owners to install inside toilets and to connect with the sewer within 30 days after serving of notice upon them. Those who have not complied with the request within the 30 days will be compelled to have the work done by the city and to pay for same.

Keeler-Coursey Account
H. P. Coursey of the Keeler-Coursey Company appeared before the

(Continued on Page 4.)