ALLIANCE HERALD

JOHN W. THOMAS, Editor GRORGE EDICK, City Editor

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"THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE"

ves yes - es your paper



George Jackson, Speaker of the Nebraska House of Representatives, 1915-1917

Above is shown the likeness of one of the most popular legislators in the state of Nebraska-George Jackson, speaker of the Nebraska House of Representatives for the past two terms. Speaker Jackson's home is at Nelson in Nuckolls county. So satisfactorily did lowing letter from Mr. Pinchot, written by him under date of Aphe fill the difficult position of speaker in the 1915 session that he was ril 26th: re-elected to the place again for the term just closed.

The speaker was given a great deal of the credits for the successful termination of the fight in the legislature this year over the prohibition bill. He steadfastly refused to fix a date for adjournment until after this bill had been passed. Never once during his term of the matter of food. I mean that the safety of the United States against office as speaker were his rulings appealed from and he has a record foreign invasion hangs on the decision of the farmers of the forty-eight that he can well be proud of. He is the logical man for the state senate from his senatorial district for the 1919 session. We hope to

The Herald has published during the past few months a number o fpoems and songs written by speaker Jackson. He has a prolific pen and the legislature quartet, which sang his nove I songs, set to old time tunes, was in constant demand during the past session. His poems and songs were published recently in book form-the edition being exhausted before the demand was filled for them.

CONSERVING THE FOOD SUPPLIES

from the various departments of government that is being given to increasing food supplies, and preventing waste.

Some alarmists have raised the cry that we are to have a famine in the United States within the next year. We think not, but without doubt food prices will continue high. Every producer of food supplies should make a strong effort to increase his production this year, for two reasons: First, it will be profitable to him to do so; and, in the second place, it is a patriotic duty.

A speedy ending of the war does not depend altogether upon the number of men that can be secured, or the amount of ammunition and or allow them to spread and control the world, ourselves included. war equipment that can be supplied, but very largely upon food supplies. If America will feed the English and French armies well and will do her best in supplying them with war material, those armies will soon bring victory to the allies, even though no American boys join their ranks on European soil.

Many suggestions and much good advice has been sent out from the agricultural departments of the state and the nation. Bulletin No. 226 sent out by the Nebraska State Department of Agriculture may be secured free of charge. It contains much interesting and valuable information.

The different departments of government at Washington are sending to the press of the country much valuable information regarding the importance of increasing and conserving the food supply of the country. This is especially true of the department of the in terior. It is not possible for the ordinary paper to publish all of this valuable matter. Put into the most condensed form it amounts to this: Produce all you possibly can this year; waste nothing.

PLEASURES OF NEWSPAPER WORK

"Once a newspaperman always a newspaperman" is an old say ing that is right nine times out of ten. There's something about the newspaper game that fascinates and attracts those who have once dwelt long enough within the smell of printer's ink or the sound of the clank, clank, clank of the busy job press and the rumble of the blg newspaper press turning out the news of the dany for the hundreds of readers who look with eagerness for their paper week after week, to fall under the spell.

After nearly four months spent at Lincoln as a member of the state legislautre it gladdens our heart to be back once more at our desk in the busy Herald office, to see the faces of friends and greet them as before, and to know that we are again in the harness

During the coming months we will from time to time relate to our readers some of the things which we learned while at Lincoln the activity among the farmers is intense. All of the banks are now and tell them of the things which concern them at our capitol. Were provided with a small force of appraisers and others are being added we as brilliant as that sturdy statesman, Lieutenant Governor Edgar Howard, editor of the Columbus Telegram, we might make our recital of happenings more interesting. But we shall do our best and tell Government appraisal as to value. The board takes the appointment readers of the Herald in our own way of what we saw and learned of these men very seriously and believing as it does that the whole during the busy session just closed.

uBt, speaking of the pleasures and griefs of newspaper work J. E. McNamara recently passed his fortieth year as publisher of the Times at Castana, lowa. In writing of this fact and of the experi ences of an editor, he said in a recent issue of his paper:

It is forty years since the editor of the Times began his newspape experience. He has worked as devil-works a little in that capacity yet-compositor, reporter, correspondent, editor, make-up man, pressman, paper cutter-an old bone-handled knife and straight edge-folder, mailer and job printer. Now he calls those forty years some experience. He was never closed out by the sheriff and never had a controversy with his credit-He really ought to know something about the newspaper game.

"But every once in a while he gets a jolt from some one who knows how a newspaper should be run and who has a heartfelt desire to set him right. We fear it can't be accomplished. Those forty years have done their work, and while it is never too late to mend, it is sometimes too late to bend. He doesn't grow stubborn, but just 'kind o' damn the torpedoes

"So he goes along marrying people, burying people, telling the story of the days in the best manner his financial and mechanical equipment will afford. Sometimes he is filled with joy over spoken appreciation of his work, sometimes keenly hurt when his best lies buried in the files unnoticed

"The comfort and grief in printing a country newspaper about balance; financially the balance is at rare intervals. Theoretically the editor can say what he pleases, go where he pleases and do what he pleases; but practic: ly, he never does. Many people are surprised it he prospers, none are asonished if he fails, and yet will wonder what became of the outrageou profits he made on advertising and job work and the rake-off he got for having personal political convictions.

"But it all goes with the game, and the game is worth it, win or lose. So far the books have balanced. In another forty years our personal account will have been closed, and if the great Ledger in the unerring care of God's accountant shows no greater results than a balance, we shall consider it great reward for forty years of newspaper service.'

ALL EYES TOWARDS WESTERN NEBRASKA

The eyes of the middle west are turning towards Western Nebraska. While Kansas, Iowa and eastern Nebraska are wondering what to plant in the elds that were planted to fall wheat, which promises to be almost a total failure in some places, and while they are lacking in sufficient moisture for the growing and newly planted crops, western Nebraska is facing the most prosperous season in its history. The heavy rains and snowfall of recent weeks have filled the ground with moisture enough to give the crops a vigorous start and carry them all along towards maturity.

The offer of the Burlington railroad to allow free use of its right of way for gardens has met with an instant response from many employes. Travelers along tis railroad's right of way during the coming summer will have their appetites whetted by the sight of miles of delicious looking beds of spinach, potatoes, tomatoes, cabbages, carrots, beets, onions, lettuce, turnips and peas.

In view of the present high price of vegetables and the fact that Nebraska is now a dry state the following story regarding a happening in Omaha one day last week may be rather timely: A man walked into Tom Dennison's headquarters, the Budweiser saloon on Douglas street, and asked the bartender for a drink of whiskey. In payment for the drink he laid on the bar a large Irish potato. The bartender took the potato and gave him back sixty cents in change Shortly afterwards another man came in, asked for a drink of whiskey and laid a large round onion on the bar. The bartender took the onion, giving back the potato and eighty cents in change. A few minutes later another thirsty one came in, took a dring and laid on the bar in payment therefore a fine looking head of cabbage. The bartender took the cabbage, giving back the onion and \$1.75 in change.

SUPPLY OF FOOD WILL WIN WAR

Gifford Pinchot, one of America's leading citizens, is taking an active part in urging a sufficient production of food to enable the allies to win the world war. The Herald has just received the folril 26th: Dear Mr. Thomas:

In this great time, when every citizen must do his part, the president has made his chief appeal to the men who live on the land. He is right in doing so, for the safety of our country just now is in the hands of our farm-What I mean is not merely our safety and the safety of our allies in

The two great weapons in this war are arms and starvation. The war against German arms will be won or lost in France—the war against starv-ation will be won or lost in America. The Kaiser cannot whip the French and English armies and the English navy while England has food. But it is still possible that the German submarines may be able to keep food enough from reaching England to starve her into submission.

If the submarines win, the first item in the Kaiser's terms of peace will be the English fleet. With the English fleet in his possession, the Kaiser will be master of the world.

What will happen to us then? Every man who stops to think knows the answer. We shall have money, tood, labor, land—everything that is desirable in the world except the power to protect what we have. Experts estimate that it will take us nine months to get ready to meet a German Scarcely any other subject is receiving the amount of attention army of even 150,000 men, with modern artiflery. Under such circum-Belgium and France?

> Even if the armies of our Allies should crush the German military power this summer, before the shortage of food can reach the point of want the world would still need vast quantities of American food. But if they do not, only one course can make us safe, and that is to grow food enoug on our farms for ourselves and our Allies, and to put ships enough on the sea to carry the food, in spite of the submarines, to the men who are fight ing our fight.

> If the war lasts beyond this summer, it will be the American farmer who will win or lose the war, who will overcome militarism and autocracy

This is no fanciful picture, but sober fact. Many a man will make light of it until he comes to think it over, but I venture to say that few will treat it lightly after careful thought. It is no more impossible than the great war itself appeared to be, only a few days before it began.

It is true that we can greatly increase the available food supply out of grain now used in making liquors, and by reducing household waste. But when these two things are done, and done thoroughly, they will not be enough. The final decision will still rest in the hands of the men who raise our food in the first place.

The clear duty of the nation is to guarantee the farmers a fair price for their crops when grown, and a reasonable supply of labor at harvest The clear duty of the farmer is to raise food enough to win this war for temocracy against Kaiserism.

No such responsibility has ever rested on any class of men since th world began as rests today on the farmers of America. Sincerely yours,

GIFFORD PINCHOT. (Signed)

The city government of Chicago is again Democratic. On April 3rd the city chose a Democratic treasurer and a Democratic clerk, the only general officers over whose election there was a contest. The Democrats also made a gain in the number of aldermen. The total Democratic Majority was about 40,000.

The twelve federal land banks are in the hands of practical farm loan men. The establishment of a flat rate for farm loans of five per cent over the United States is an event which will be regarded by all of the most importance.

The board is endeavoring to standardize these loans on the basis of a 36-year term. With the interest rate at 5 per cent to be paid annually as an amortization charge, the whole loan will be paid off in 36 annual payments and any farmer who wishes to pay before the maturity of the loan can do so in whole or in part at any interest date after the loan has run five years. This amortization feature in PLAN NOW YOUR the law is very popular with the farmers who have studied it in all parts of the country, and wherever the interest rate has been high to the force day by day. The appraisers re men appointed by the Federal Farm Loan Board who will visit farms and make official system would break down in disaster if incompetent men were appointed, it is lookingfor, finding and appointing good hard-headed practical safe men who will do justice by the farmers and will protect investments at the same time. These men are being appointed sole ly on their merits and no Democrat who believes in the welfare of either his party or his country would think of the board pursuing any other policy.

If there is any Democrat who questions the wisdom of the action of President Wilson let him reflect upon the probability of what Aufrew Jackson would have done in similar circumstances.

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If your destination is Yellowstone Park, you may go either direct in through sleepers to the Cody-Scenic entrance, or via Denver, to the Cody entrance, coming out via Gardiner.

Rocky Mountain National-Estes Park, just north of Denver, will attract in 1917 the greatest Summer throng on record. Burlington tickets take you via Lyons or via Loveland.

Due to the awakening by the east to the mountain grandeur of the West, whether you choose one mountain locality or make a eeping circuit tour of the Rockies, you will have plenty of company. Make your plans early.



Ask for publications. C. A. JONES, Ticket Agent, Alliance, Nebr. L. W. WAKELEY, General Passenger Agent 1004 Farnam St., Omaha, Nebr.