

House Committee Upsets Conscription Plan of Pres. Wilson

Leading Newspaper of Western Nebraska

THE ALLIANCE HERALD

24 Pages
2 Section

VOLUME XXIV ALLIANCE, BOX BUTTE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, APRIL 19, 1917 NUMBER 20

POTATO GROWERS TO HOLD RALLYS

Twelve Big Rallies and Demonstration Meetings to Be Held Coming Week over the County

TAKE IN THE ENTIRE COUNTY

Federal Potato Standards Expected to Be Adopted Before Next Fall—Will Be Discussed

In view of the need for improving the potatoes of Box Butte county, as well as the need of attention to labor, seed, and other farm problems at this time that should receive the immediate attention of every willing person who is a loyal citizen of the United States and of Box Butte county, a series of get-together and demonstration meetings have been planned for the potato growers of this county.

Meetings Last All Week

The meetings begin Monday, April 23, and last until Saturday, April 28, inclusive. The afternoon meetings will consist of a general discussion of agricultural needs of the time, and a demonstration of potato treatment and seed selection. The evening meetings will be of the same nature only charts and slides showing the results of potato demonstrations in Box Butte county will also be shown and commented upon.

In commenting on these meetings County Agent Seidell said, "It is very important that the potato growers of Box Butte county improve the standard of their potatoes at once, due to the conditions that exist, which indicate that federal standards for potatoes will probably be adopted before next fall, and potatoes paid for according to the standards fixed by the federal government."

At these meetings the potato situation throughout the United States will be discussed. Many farm problems, such as labor, seed, crop outlook, etc., will be brought up and discussed.

County Agent Seidell, assisted by District Supervisor F. L. Taylor, who represent the Agricultural Extension Service of the College of Agriculture, the United States Department of Agriculture, and the Box Butte County Farm Bureau, will conduct the demonstrations and assist in the meetings. Men, women and children are invited and urged to attend the following meetings:

- Monday, April 23
 - 2 p. m., F. J. Betzold farm, east of Alliance.
 - 8 p. m., F. H. Nason schoolhouse, northeast of Alliance.
- Tuesday, April 24
 - 2 p. m., Noah Colerick farm, northwest of Alliance.
 - 8 p. m., Berea schoolhouse, Berea.
- Wednesday, April 25
 - 2 p. m., O. A. Davis farm, northwest of Alliance.
 - 8 p. m., Hashman schoolhouse, west and north of Alliance.
- Thursday, April 26
 - 2 p. m., Joe Kriz farm, northeast of Hemingford.
 - 8 p. m., Klemke schoolhouse, southwest of Hemingford.
- Friday, April 27
 - 2 p. m., E. E. Addy farm, southwest of Hemingford.
 - 8 p. m., Moravek schoolhouse, east of Canton and southwest of Hemingford.
- Saturday, April 28
 - 2 p. m., potato rally, Shindler's hall, Hemingford.
 - 8 p. m., Root schoolhouse, north of Hemingford.

"TO HELL WITH YOU AND YOUR FLAG"

German Rancher Who Is Alleged to Have Insulted Flag Biffed in Nose and Floored

"To hell with you and your flag," are the words that R. E. Annable, Burlington fireman, alleges J. H. Krase, a well-known German rancher living about eighteen miles north and east of Alliance hung at him Tuesday night about 10:30 o'clock following an argument on the present international situation. Straightway Annable proceeded to "biff" his German friend on the nose, with the result that Krase landed on the ground in a heap.

There is one fact that is certain. Annable hit Krase on the nose and Krase hit the ground. Krase filed a complaint before Police Judge Roberts Wednesday morning about 5 o'clock charging assault and battery,

The Star-Spangled Banner

SOLO OR QUARTET. Francis Scott Key. 1814.

1. Oh, say can you see, by the dawn's early light, What so proud - ly we
2. On the shore dim - ly seen thro' the mists of the deep, Where the foe's haugh - ty
3. And where is that band who so vaunt - ing - ly swore That the hav - oc of
4. Oh, thus be it er - er when free - man shall stand Be - tween their loved

halled at the twilight's last gleaming, Whose broad stripes and bright stars, thro' the
host in dread al - lence re - pose, What is that which the breeze, o'er the
war and the bat - tle's con - fu - sion A home and a com - try should
home and wild war's des - o - la - tion; Blest with vic - t'ry and peace, may the

per - il - ous fight, O'er the ram - parts we watched were so gal - lant - ly
tow - er - ing steep, As it fl - ful - ly blows, half con - ceals, half dis -
leaves us no more? Their blood has washed out their foul foot - steps' pol -
luted - re - cued land Praise the Pow'r that hath made and pre - served us a

stream - ing? And the rock - ets' red glare, the bombs burst - ing in air, Gave
dies - ead? Now it catch - es the gleam of the morn - ing's first beam, In full
na - tion. No re - fuge could save the hire - ling and slave From the
ma - tional Then con - quer we must, when our cause it is just, And

proof thro' the night that our flag was still there, Oh, say, does that star - span - gled
gle - ry re - flect - ed now shines on the stream? 'Tis the star - span - gled ban - ner in
ter - ror of flight or the gloom of the grave! And the star - span - gled ban - ner in
this be our mot - to: "In God is our trust!" And the star - span - gled ban - ner in

ban - ner yet wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave?
long may it wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!
tri - umph doth wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!
tri - umph shall wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Writ - ten by Francis Scott Key, on the night of September 14, 1814, while
compelled to watch under the guns of a British ship the bombardment of
Fort M'Henry. He watched the flag at the fort through the whole day with
an anxiety that can be better felt than described, until darkness prevented
him from seeing it. During the night he watched the bombshells, and at
early dawn his eye was again greeted by the proudly waving flag of his
country.

LEGISLATORS APPRECIATE READING HERALD

F. E. Stearns and James Auten, members of the Nebraska House of Representatives, on April 12 offered the following motion in that body. The motion was unanimously adopted and placed in the house record. It reads as follows:

"Mr. Speaker: We move that the house extend to Representative Thomas a vote of thanks for sending to each member during the legislative session his wideawake and enterprising newspaper, The Alliance Herald."

and about 6 o'clock Annable was brought into court where he plead guilty, but stated he was justified in his conduct. When questioned by the judge, Krase denied the charges.

Annable was fined \$25 and costs by Judge Roberts, but the judge suspended the fine. Judge Roberts told Mr. Krase that if he made the statement alleged or others that he might expect to suffer the consequences. There seems to be a disposition on the part of certain Alliance residents to report these occurrences to the federal authorities and it would not be at all surprising if a federal secret service man would drop into Alliance almost any day to investigate certain alleged acts against the government.

K. M. Hendee, until last week editor and publisher of the Alliance News, left Friday noon for Lincoln. It was Friday the 13th. F. M. Broome is again publisher of the News, and F. R. Mayes is editor.

Messrs. K. M. Hendee and C. H. Downs came to Alliance in August of last year and took over the paper. Some two months ago Mr. Downs decided that he could do better in other fields and returned to Lincoln leaving Mr. Hendee in sole charge of the paper. Mr. Downs is still in Lincoln and has been recommended for appointment as a traveling inspector for the state pure food commission. Mr. Hendee left here for Lincoln but the first of the week intended going to Omaha where he expected to secure a position in his line of work.

PROHIBITION BILL PASSED

Senate Passed Act as Approved by Joint Committee by Vote of Thirty to Three

NO NEAR BEER FOR NEBRASKA

Senator Robertson of Holt County Yielded and Signed Report of House Conferees

Lincoln—By a vote of thirty to three, the Nebraska senate yesterday (Wednesday) morning passed the amended prohibition bill which came from the house of representatives Tuesday. The house had stood pat, refusing to allow the bill to be so amended as to allow the manufacture of "near beer" and other drinks of a like nature. The deadlock was broken by the "wets" finally giving in and voting for the bill.

Only one concession of importance was made by the house during the long fight. This was to allow citizens to have liquor in their homes after the bill takes effect—May 1. However, the provision was inserted that any amount of liquor is prima facie evidence of violation of law in case a complaint is filed against the person having the same.

Two weeks ago in the senate, the "wets", led by Senator Robertson of Holt, took the bill in the form in which it came from the house and tacked one hundred amendments to it. The senate machine controlled eighteen votes. The senate "drys" had only fifteen votes, but they stood pat and refused to accept the amendments.

The bill was then returned to the house of representatives, who refused to accept the senate amendments and who appointed Representatives Norton, Thomas and Flansburg as a conference committee to meet with Senators Robertson, Mattes and Moriarty from the senate. On Saturday, April 15, after conference lasting a full week, the committee found themselves unable to come to an agreement, the point over which the deadlock occurred being the manufacture and sale of "near beer". The house members absolutely refused to concede this point and insisted on strengthening the section covering this in the original bill, in order that there might be no misunderstanding on this point in the future. The senators were insistent that the law should allow the manufacture of "near beer". The house members, after waiting two days, finally signed their report and turned it in. It was unanimously accepted by the house without objection.

In the meantime the "wet" senators from the dry districts who had voted against the wishes of a majority of their constituents had been hearing from home and were insisting on a report from the committee. On Monday morning, at the request of Senator Robertson, the house members met with him and he yielded and signed the report. This report was the one he turned in to the senate Tuesday.

Senators Mattes and Moriarty, members of the conference committee who had withdrawn from the conference early in the week, presented a minority report of their own Wednesday. They are known as extreme "wets" and had refused in the conference to recede on any of the senate amendments. Their report presented yesterday was in the nature of a joke. It advised that the senate recede from all amendments

(Continued on page 6)

House Defies Wilson, Senate Backs Bill

Kaiser's Troops Lose 30,000 More Men In Another French Drive—Tricolor Swept Front From Rheims to Champagne

125,000 Strikers In Berlin

Navy Yard Believes Sea Battle Fought off of Cape Cod—Guard Stations Report Firing—Spanish Ship Torpedoed By Germans

WASHINGTON—The house military affairs committee adopted by a vote of twelve to eight, a sub-committee report authorizing the president to issue a call for 500,000 volunteers and providing that he may at a future date resort to selective draft. The resolution as passed is in defiance to President Wilson's wishes and to the advice of the general staff of the army, both of whom desire to eliminate the volunteer idea.

The senate military affairs committee rejected all amendments to the measure advocated by the president and by a vote of ten to seven recommended it for passage.

COPENHAGEN—The semi-official report places the number of strikers in Berlin at 125,000. The strikers are distributed through the machine works, part of the munition plants and some electrical establishments, according to the Tageblatt. The statement that the employees of munition plants are striking is of interest because the official news bureau issued a statement denying that the munition factories were affected.

PARIS—The war office announces the capture of Chavonne and Chivy and important progress was made by the French in their attack east of Scissions. The French pushed on north of Chavonne and Chivy reaching the vicinity of Braye-en-Laonnois. Since Monday the French have captured upwards of 14,000 un-wounded Germans.

The western battle front is extended twelve miles. The Germans were driven from their first line positions and part of the second from Rheims to the Champagne front. The German loss is estimated at 30,000 killed, wounded and prisoners. The victory was won on the ground of the great offensive of 1915.

MADRID—Eighteen lives were lost when the Spanish steamship Tom was torpedoed and sunk without warning. Public opinion is being further inflamed in Spain by the act. Spain has sent a protest to Germany and asks indemnity.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Rhode Island house of representatives has passed the act extending presidential suffrage to women.

BOSTON—A thrill was sent along the coast with the report of heavy gunfire at the entrance of Massachusetts bay. Three coast guard stations on Cape Cod successively reported that they had counted distinct and repeated guns from the north and northeast of the cape. At the navy yard the belief is that American vessels were engaged with the enemy. The firing lasted thirty minutes. A heavy fog hung over the inside of the cape but outside the weather was calm with a gentle breeze blowing.

LONDON—So serious is the food situation in Germany that Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg has gone to Hamburg for a consultation with the kaiser, states a Central News dispatch.

LONDON—Further progress north of St. Quentin has been made by the

British forces. The village of Villers-Guislain has been captured.

WASHINGTON—The reestablishment of law and order in Mexico by the first of May, following years of anarchy and rebellion, was pledged to President Wilson when complete diplomatic relations were resumed with the Mexican government.

PETROGRAD—Lieutenant General Korniloff, commanding the troops in Petrograd, has issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the city to return 40,000 rifles and 35,000 revolvers taken from the Russian military stores during the recent revolution.

CHICAGO—The first 10,000 officers to command America's new army of a half million men will be picked from candidates trained at camps for reserve officers.

LANSING, MICH.—The house in a committee of the whole approved the bill giving to women the right to vote for presidential electors. The senate has approved the bill. The governor has promised to sign it.

AMSTERDAM—"We have long expressed the view that German victory and the German monarchy are mutually dependent. Without a German victory the German monarchy will soon cease to exist," asserted Count von Reventlow writing in the Tages Zeitung.

CHICAGO—The thirty villages and towns which this week voted on the wet and dry question are equally divided between two columns. The victory lies with the "drys" who won thirteen wet towns.

MADRID—Alfonso of Spain has called on that country to prepare for war. In reviewing the troops which were leaving for Morocco, he made the significant statement:

"It is necessary that we shall keep in a constant state of preparation, although Spain wishes to maintain a policy of absolute neutrality."

PROCLAMATION

The coming of Spring demands that the city of Alliance, individually and as a unit, clean up and freshen the city property. The "Clean Up Week Campaign" has become a national institution and Alliance must not be backward in our affairs along this line. Every citizen should see that his premises are cleaned and painted; that the alleys are cleaned; that sanitary conditions are created in all portions of the city.

The week of April 23rd to 30th is hereby designated as "Clean Up Week" in Alliance and I therefore urge everyone to exert their utmost effort toward making Alliance a cleaner and more sanitary city.

Have you ever noticed a pile of rubbish in your neighbor's back yard? Don't you think it should be removed? How about your own yard? How about your own alley? Don't you think it would help the looks of everything, render this a more healthful city to dwell in, if all the ashes and accumulated rubbish were hauled off? You certainly do. Then let's make a special effort to clean up during the week beginning April 23rd. Let's make this a real clean-up week and don't forget to paint up, for painting brightens the city and preserves the property and effects sanitation. It is my hope and belief that the citizens of Alliance will put their premises in order and will make this year's Clean-up Week the best and most effective in the city's history.

W. E. ROUSEY, Mayor.