

DURING THE REXALL STORE'S GREAT

ONE CENT SALE

"Opeko" Coffee

1 pound for 35c

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Oct. 19, 20, 21

During the Rexall Store's ONE-CENT SALE

2 pounds for 36c

You pay the regular price for one article and you get the second one for One Cent.

HOLSTEN'S

THE REXALL STORE

OLD-TIME COLD CURE— DRINK HOT TEA!

Get a small package of Hamburg Brest Tea, or as the German folks call it, "Hamburger Brust Tee," at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teaspoon full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus breaking up a cold.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

RUB RHEUMATISM FROM STIFF, ACHING JOINTS

Rub Soreness from joints and muscles with a small trial bottle of old St. Jacobs Oil

Stop "dosing" Rheumatism. It's pain only; not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right on the "tender spot," and by the time you say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain. "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harmless rheumatism cure which never disappoints and doesn't burn the skin. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles and bones; stops sciatica, lumbago, backache, neuralgia. Limber up! Get a 25 cent bottle of old-time, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" from any drug store, and in a moment you'll be free from pains, aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away.

WATCH FOR BANDS ON DUCKS. If you kill or capture a wild duck bearing an aluminum band around one leg, having a number on one side, and on the other a statement requesting that the United States Department of Agriculture, or the Biological Survey, be notified, you are requested to send this band at once to the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. This band, if accompanied by a statement as to date, place, and circumstances under which the bird was taken, will be of

service to the Survey in its efforts to determine the longevity of individual ducks and the routes of migration of the species. The bands are being attached to considerable numbers of wild duck of several species which have been cured of the duck sickness prevalent around Great Salt Lake, Utah, and there released. The department is particularly anxious to secure reports from these birds to determine their complete recovery from this malady which has killed hundreds of thousands of ducks in Utah.

If you are paying high interest rates in the Building & Loan call on the Nebraska Land Company and get the money at reduced interest rates.

URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KIDNEY

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or bladder bothers you—Drink more water.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or side, headache, dizziness, your stomach soon torments you and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. Urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore and irritate obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. Famous salts is made from the acid grapes and lemon juice, combined with bicarbonate, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent water drink.

WESTERN LAND READY FOR THE HOMESTEADERS

Secretary of Interior Designates 1,300,000 Acres of Land for Entry under Enlarged Act

Washington, D. C.—Secretary of the Interior Lane announces that during September more than 1,300,000 acres were designated under the provisions of the enlarged homestead act, through which an entryman may acquire a homestead of 320 acres. If a settler has already filed on 160 acres under the old homestead law, he may, under this act, acquire an additional 160 acres.

The lands made available for these larger homesteads during the month have all been classified by the Geological Survey as non-irrigable, but some of them have already been patented, entered, or at least filed on. Many applicants, by complying with the regulations of the Interior department, have already obtained a preference right to file on this land as a result of applications, or petitions, for the opening of specific tracts of land under the enlarged homestead act. To determine what particular lands in any land district are vacant and subject to entry necessitates an examination of the records of the local land office.

In California, more than half a million acres, distributed through twenty-four counties of the state, were designated. The greater portion of the lands affected are at present included in entries and are therefore not available for entry by new settlers. Some vacant lands probably remain in the following counties where general designations were made: Monterey county, 174,000 acres; Lassen county, 60,000 acres; San Benito county, 52,500 acres; Modoc county, 43,000 acres; Santa Clara county, 35,000 acres; Merced county, 31,000 acres.

In Colorado, more than 84,000 acres were designated in eight counties of the state, the greater portion in Bent and Prowers counties. Practically all of the land included in this order, however, is believed to be entered or patented.

In Idaho, about 1,600 acres were designated under sections 1 to 5 of the act, sometimes referred to as the general provisions, which require residence on the land. This order of designation included only such lands as were specifically requested so that none of the area involved is open to entry.

In Montana, about 26,500 acres were designated in thirteen counties. Very little of this area is available for new settlers, however, as practically all of the land classified is already entered.

In New Mexico, only 80 acres were designated. This tract was located in Bernalillo county and was requested by a present homesteader.

In North Dakota, more than 215,500 acres were designated in nineteen counties of the central and western parts of the state. While the greater portion of this land is now entered, it is believed that some of the areas designated in the following counties are available for new settlers: Adams county, 85,700 acres; Mercer county, 35,800 acres; Morton county, 31,300 acres; Ward county, 23,000 acres.

In South Dakota, approximately 66,000 acres were designated in fourteen counties of the central and western parts of the state. With the exception of about 20,000 acres designated in Tripp county, practically all of the land included in this designation is at present entered or patented.

In Utah, more than 356,600 acres were designated, of which 7,100 acres were included under section 6 of the enlarged homestead act, which does not require residence on the land. As but a limited area is allowed to be designated under this provision of the act, only the lands

specifically requested were considered and classified. The remainder of the land designated in this state, namely, 349,500 acres, scattered throughout fourteen counties, was classified under the general provisions of the act which require residence on the land. It is believed that a fair percentage of the area designated in the following counties is available for entry by new settlers: Uinta county, 233,500 acres; San Juan county, 46,000 acres; Carbon county, 10,000 acres; Utah county, 7,600 acres.

U. S. IS REGULATING POTATO IMPORTATIONS

Local Growers to Receive Two-fold Benefit as Result of Action of Federal Authorities

There will undoubtedly be a heavy demand for American-grown potatoes this winter and, as a result, for Box Butte county potatoes, for the importation of potatoes from Great Britain, including England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales; Germany; Austria Hungary; Newfoundland, and the islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, is prohibited by quarantine on account of the presence in those countries and islands of a serious plant disease known as potato wart or black scab.

The office of information, United States department of agriculture, has issued a statement for the benefit of those who contemplate importing potatoes from foreign countries into the United States informing them that they should give consideration to the regulations regarding entry of potatoes to prevent the introduction and establishment of injurious potato diseases and insect pests.

It is believed by some that as a result of the quarantine and the spreading of the information that a desirable effect will be felt on the American potato market. In the first place, some say, the quarantining of foreign raised potatoes will cause a greater demand for the home grown variety and consequently will mean better prices for the grower and commission man, while in the second place the quarantine will keep out the disease and pests and thus be the means of securing the grower free from this cause.

The following countries, in which this disease is not known to occur and which have complied with the regulations of the United States requiring examination and certification prior to shipment, have the privilege of exporting potatoes to this country, namely, Denmark, Belgium, Holland, Bermuda, Cuba and the Dominion of Canada.

Provision also is made in the regulations that in the case of foreign countries contiguous to the United States the examination and certification prior to shipment of potatoes of-

ferred for export will be waived when such countries agree to offer for export to the United States only potatoes free from injurious potato diseases and insect pests. The Dominion of Canada has taken advantage of this provision.

Potatoes can be imported only under permit issued by the federal Horticultural Board, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. Permits are issued to the importers in the United States, and not to the foreign shippers. It is the duty of the permittee to notify the foreign shipper of the number of the permit. In requesting a permit the applicant is required to give the quantity of potatoes which it is desired to import, the probable date of shipment, the name and address of the exporter, the country and locality where grown, the port of departure, and the port of entry (where the potatoes are cleared from customs and the duty paid). A separate permit is required for each foreign shipper. All permits expire on the thirtieth day of June next after they become valid.

No shipment of potatoes will be permitted entry until it has been examined by an inspector of the Department of Agriculture and found or believed to be free from the potato wart and other injurious potato diseases and insect pests. While a negligible percentage of tubers infected with such common diseases as scab, black leg, fusarium wilt and dry rot will not operate against the entry of shipments of potatoes, the presence of a considerable number of diseased tubers will cause a shipment to be refused entry, hence, all potatoes affected by any of these diseases should be eliminated and only clean and disease-free potatoes shipped. The expense connected with the inspection of potatoes, which is borne by the Department of Agriculture, is considerable, and makes it necessary to limit the ports of entry. At the present time permits are issued only for the following ports: Seattle, Wash.; Portland, Ore.; San Francisco, Calif.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.; Philadelphia, Pa.; New York, N. Y.; and Boston, Mass. For the present, therefore, all potatoes entering the United States from Canada must be forwarded in bond to one of the ports named for inspection. It may be found possible later to designate additional ports of entry.

Copies of the regulations governing the importation of potatoes into the United States and any information relating thereto may be obtained from the Federal Horticultural Board, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE

Passed by the members of the Efficiency class of the Christian Sunday school of the Christian church of Alliance Nebraska:

Whereas, God, in his infinite wisdom, has seen fit to remove from this earthly life Thomas Richards, beloved brother of our classmate Chloe Richards, be it

Resolved, that we, as a class, express our heartfelt sympathy and commend our dear classmate and her sorrowing family to Him who hath said, "My strength is sufficient for thee"; be it further

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be given to Chloe, a copy sent the papers for publication, and a copy spread on our records.

EVA SIMPSON,
HELEN WOOD,
ADDIE MARKHAM
Committee

MRS. CUTTS, Teacher.

A WORD FOR MOTHERS

It is a grave mistake for mothers to neglect their aches and pains and suffer in silence—this only leads to chronic sickness and often shortens life.

If your work is tiring; if your nerves are excited; if you feel languid, weary or depressed, you should know that Scott's Emulsion overcomes just such conditions.

It possesses in concentrated form the very elements to invigorate the blood, strengthen the tissues, nourish the nerves and build strength.

Scott's is strengthening thousands of mothers—and will help you. No alcohol. Scott & B. war, Bloomfield, N. J.

Had Its Drawbacks.

"We want to introduce the finest things of civilization among you." "Yes," answered the savage. "The only trouble is that when you also introduce your improved war mechanism, so many of us won't live to enjoy them."

Once a Limestone Ridge.

The islands of Lake Erie are part of a limestone ridge that the ice age glaciers did not wholly reduce. Geologists call this ridge the Caledonian anticline. It extends into Tennessee.

Typewriter ribbons of all kinds—The Herald carries the largest stock in Alliance at all times. Phone 346.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How to Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffing, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or "ouches," no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.

Prohibition Prohibits

Wonderful discovery made by the Nebraska Prosperity League

For several months we have been told through the publicity bureau of this organization that prohibition did not prohibit, and alleged conditions in Kansas, Iowa and Maine were pointed out to us in proof of their contentions.

In a recent ad, they made this statement in defense of their Home-Rule doctrine:

"Where there is a dominant local public sentiment in support of that (no-license) policy, it is possible to make the no-license policy respected and obeyed."

No one knows better than the liquor forces themselves that Prohibition DOES prohibit; that is their reason for spending millions of dollars to keep seven states from entering the dry column this fall.

Home Rule sounds well, and looks fair—until we search below the surface and see how Omaha, wide open in booze, vice and crime, furnishes 35 per cent of the state's derelicts, and pays 10 per cent of the taxes supporting them.

YOU pay the balance, as well as your own share.

Vote Nebraska Dry Box Butte County Dry Federation