

# THE ALLIANCE HERALD

LLOYD C. THOMAS, Business Manager  
JOHN W. THOMAS, Editor

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## WHAT THE WILSON ADMINISTRATION HAS DONE FOR THE FARMER

In no equal space of time in the history of the world has one-tenth as much been accomplished in a legislative and administrative way for the benefit of the farmer as has been done during the Wilson administration. A simple review of its record demonstrates beyond question the fact.

### Financial and Commercial

The Rural Credits law, inaugurated and enacted by the Wilson administration, affords to the farmers of the country equal facilities in the matter of borrowing money as are afforded to other business men. Not only will they be able to borrow money as readily as others, but on the same terms, and the lowering of the interest rates and the cutting out of commissions and expenses which result from this law, will annually save hundreds of millions of dollars to the farmers of the nation. This law alone merits for the Wilson administration the cordial support and approval of all farmers and farm owners.

This sentence from President Wilson's speech of acceptance states only an accomplished fact:

"For the farmers of the country we have virtually created commercial credit, by means of the Federal Reserve law and the Rural Credit law. They now have the same standing as other business men in the money market."

The Federal Reserve act helped a great deal the farmer, along with all other business men, by making a market for hundreds of millions of dollars worth of farm mortgages and negotiable paper based on live stock. Further, it will be recalled how promptly the secretary of the treasury in this administration furnished all the money needed and at a low rate, to move the crops to market.

The Wilson shipping or merchant marine law means not only assured transportation to foreign countries, free from foreign control or interference, but lower rates of freight to the farmer for the tremendous tonnage of agricultural products he ships to nations abroad.

In the revision of the tariff in the Wilson administration very careful attention was given to the needs and rights of the farmer and his special interests cared for. On the free list are placed agricultural tools, implements and machinery and animals imported for breeding purposes, while the tariff was lowered on other articles he has to purchase.

A division of Markets and Rural Organization has been created to study and disseminate information to the farmers as to the best methods of transportation, storage, marketing and distribution of agricultural products. How often have farmers seen their products rotting in cellars or barns, or used in unprofitable ways, when there was a crying need in many places for those very things; or have seen some markets glutted until fruits rotted in warehouses or commission houses, or sold for less than storage charges or even were given away, when at the same time other markets were in want of those very products? Such mistakes, such waste, such loss need never occur again. Information of the needs of the various markets are at the farmer's command, as well as instructions as to standards, transportation, and storage.

Stock (not livestock) brokers, dealers in grain and cotton, meat products and other commodities (after they have left the farmer's hands) have long had daily information of market conditions and quotations. The Wilson administration puts the farmer on a par with them. Another instance of Democratic "equal rights to all."

The Grain Standard law insures uniformity in the grading of grain, and affords a great protection to the grain growers. The Cotton Futures law goes far to protect the cotton growers from the dishonest practices of cotton exchanges and manipulations of the market. The Warehouse act makes possible the issuance to and use by the farmer of negotiable warehouse receipts, thus enabling him to hold his grain for a favorable market, and yet, in the meantime, have the use of the greater proportion of its value.

The appropriations for eradication of the cattle tick were doubled; that for hog cholera serum quadrupled. Four and a half million dollars were spent to fight the foot and mouth disease. The total agricultural appropriations were increased fifty per cent.

### Good Roads

The national encouragement to and financial assistance in the building of good roads, whereby \$160,000,000 is distributed among the several states for road building, brings the benefits of the Wilson administration to the farmer's very gate. And this is but a step in a great movement.

Transportation is of vital importance to the farmer. The load of grain or potatoes or tobacco or bale of cotton is worth to the farmer its value at the market less the cost of getting it there, including the cost of hauling to the railroad station from the farm. This is the dollar and cent value of good roads. But an even greater value is the facilities they afford for the better education, the easier access to church and school, the bettering and increasing of the social life of the farmer, his wife, his boys and girls.

The Commission on Rural Life in America (and due credit is willingly given the Republicans for this preliminary survey), in its report, laid special stress on good roads, largely in view of their effect on the social life of the country districts. The report was made to the Republican president and congress in 1909. It was received; it was filed; it was published. All action on the matters it dealt with has been by the Wilson administration.

### Vocational Education

The Rural Life Commission laid great stress also on the need for vocational education for the farmer's boys and girls. The Smith-Hughes Bill will put a vocational course of training in every high school in the country. It is an extension and an elaboration of the system by which the national government now aids each state in the maintenance of its agricultural colleges and experiment stations.

### Agricultural Extension Act

Last in the list but not the least in importance is the Agricultural Extension act which provides for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges and experiment stations of the several states and the federal department of agriculture. It is backed by an appropriation of \$8,600,000, and will place two agricultural experts in every county in the nation. It will be of immeasurable benefit to agriculture and agriculturists.

Thus again the Wilson administration showed its true estimate of the value of the farmer to the commonwealth, and paid him the attention that is his due.

### Conclusion

The Wilson administration challenges comparison with its predecessors. Let the farmers of the nation fairly and justly compare their conditions now, the prices they are receiving for their cattle and agricultural products, with those of 1912 or other years. Let them compare the legislation in their behalf of the Wilson administration with that of any other. Let them consider the assured improved prospect ahead of them under laws passed by the Wilson administration in their financial, their business and social life.

## POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

### JUDGE JAMES R. DEAN

BROKEN BOW, NEBRASKA  
Former Judge of Supreme Court  
Candidate for Supreme Judge



ON NON-PARTISAN BALLOT  
You Can Vote for 3 Candidates  
Custer County Republican: "Judge Dean made a good record on the Supreme Bench," Mason City Transcript; "Judge Dean's primary vote ran evenly over the state. He proved a popular man for Supreme Judge. In a field of ten candidates where six were nominated, Judge Dean crowded the high man closely for first place."



CONGRESSMAN M. P. KINKAID  
CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION

### D. H. GRISWOLD

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE  
FOR THE STATE SENATE  
28TH DISTRICT

D. H. Griswold has been a resident of this senatorial district for thirty-one years, most of the time in the banking business, for the last sixteen years being connected with the First National Bank of Gordon. He should know the needs of the district and if elected pledges himself to co-operate with other members of the legislature to advance the interests of Northwestern Nebraska in particular, and of the state in general. He solicits your support.



FRED MOLLRING  
For County Treasurer

Your support will be appreciated

**Reduced Request.**  
My little niece had a favorite uncle who always gave her anything she wanted. One day she peeped into the bedroom and saw who, she thought, was the uncle, and said: "Oh Uncle John, gimme a nickel." The figure turned over and the little miss was much surprised to see another, whereupon she said: "O Uncle Bill, gimme two cents."—Chicago Tribune.

**Had Its Drawbacks.**  
"We want to introduce the blessings of civilization among you."  
"Yes," answered the savage. "The only trouble is that when you also introduce your improved war mechanism, so many of us won't live to enjoy them."

**Once a Limestone Ridge.**  
The islands of Lake Erie are part of a limestone ridge that the ice age glaciers did not wholly reduce. Geologists call this ridge the Cincinnati anticline. It extends into Tennessee.

## LLOYD C. THOMAS

of Alliance  
DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE  
for  
State Representative  
73rd District—Box Butte and Sheridan Counties



A Native of Western Nebraska  
ELECTION NOVEMBER 7, 1916

Lloyd C. Thomas is Business Manager of The Alliance Herald, the leading newspaper of Western Nebraska; Secretary of the Associated Commercial Clubs of Western Nebraska; Secretary of the Western Nebraska Publishers' Association; State Publicity Chairman for the Nebraska State Volunteer Firemen's Association, and during his residence of nine years in Alliance he has devoted a large share of his time to work for the benefit of this section of the state. If elected his time will be given to serving in the interest of western Nebraska. He believes that he knows the needs of Box Butte and Sheridan counties and that he has the ability to serve the citizens of these counties in an efficient manner. Your support is respectfully solicited.

**Regretted His Limitations.**  
"What are you, anyway?" contemptuously inquired Mrs. Peck during the quarrel; "a man or a mouse?" "A man," answered Henry Peck bitterly. "If I were a mouse I'd have you up on that table now, yelling for help."

**Liable to Be Misunderstood.**  
"Some people," said Uncle Eben, "talks so much about their troubles dat you gits a notion dey's tryin' to shove all de blame' sorry off on to somebody else."

## WALL ST. WOMEN

### TOUR FOR HUGHES

"Silk-Stocking, Poodle Dog Brigade" Carries Doctrine of Plutocracy to West.

### MAKES SUFFRAGE PRETENSE

Many of Party on Train de Luxe Repudiated by Leaders of Woman's Movement—Paid Speakers to Do Talking.

Wall street is too busy harvesting Democratic prosperity to go campaigning—but it is sending its womenfolk. The greatest aggregation of wealth and social distinction ever represented by fuss, feathers and femininity left New York on Monday, Oct. 2, by special train de Luxe, to tell their sisters of the West how to vote. Many of these women, claiming to be equal suffrage workers, are repudiated by leaders of that movement.

Stopping at Albany, Utica and Syracuse on their first day, the itinerary takes the women's campaign train through the principal cities of the north route across the continent and brings them back through Colorado, Nebraska, Missouri and Kentucky, a tour lasting until November 4. The expenses are paid by and the tour is conducted under the auspices of the Women's Committee of the National Hughes Alliance.

"Women's Hughes Alliance" sounds innocent and harmless enough, until one examines the personnel of the organization and discovers that it represents the feminine side of the organized and Morganized wealth of Wall street.

The treasurer of the Women's Committee is Mrs. Mary Harriman Rumsey, daughter of the late Edward H. Harriman, railroad magnate and "practical man" of the days when Theodore Roosevelt received campaign funds from the "crooked business" which political expediency later led him to denounce.

### These Provide the Funds.

With Mrs. Rumsey on the Finance Committee are Mrs. Robert Bacon, whose husband was translated from the House of Morgan to be Roosevelt's Assistant Secretary of State, and later Ambassador to France; Mrs. Bernard H. Ridder, wife of one of the proprietors of the New York Staats Zeitung, leader of the German propaganda against President Wilson; Mrs. W. H. Crocker, widow of the California mining and railroad multimillionaire.

On the Train Fund Committee are Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, of the Smelter Trust; Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, representing inherited millions of railroad capital; Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt; Miss Maude Wetmore, of the wealthy Rhode Island family of that name; Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth, daughter of Theodore Roosevelt, whose husband is Nicholas Longworth, in Congress from Ohio.

Many of the junketers who are going along to do the speaking are professional women, who could not afford the luxury of special trains nor the diversion of campaigning without pay. But back of them, with their money and the glamour that attaches to their gilded names, are the women standing as financial sponsors for this greatest society show that ever was put on wheels.

Some of these wives and daughters of the super-rich will go along on this mission and with their presence, if not with their oratory, will warn the women of the west—who are already voters—that their country cannot be "saved" unless the women cast their vote for the candidate of plutocracy. The letterhead from Republican campaign headquarters gives only the names of the Train Fund Committee as above, but besides them there is an additional committee in charge of this feature of the Hughes campaign.

### Others in on the Junket.

On this committee appear in addition to the foregoing members, the following:

Mrs. E. T. Statesbury, whose husband is a Philadelphia partner of J. P. Morgan & Co.; Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, wife of the Sugar Trust and Standard Oil magnate; Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, mother of William Randolph Hearst, owner of millions in American mines and Mexican plantations; Mrs. O. H. Belmont, who has undertaken to raise half a million dollars to defeat President Wilson; Mrs. John Hays Hammond, wife of the multimillionaire mining man; Mrs. Mary Dreier, New York society leader, of a wealthy German family with strong antipathy to President Wilson.

A leading attorney of Pocatello, Idaho, writing to the Democratic National Committee, says:

"I read with deep interest of the preparations of the Silk Stocking, Poodle Dog, Feminine Brigade that is soon to start on its million dollar special across the continent to awaken the enthusiasm of the mothers and women who carry the burden of our national greatness on their shoulders, to vote for their idol, Hughes.

"It will not be difficult for the rank and file of the common people to see the hypocrisy of this movement."

## POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS



KEITH NEVILLE  
Democratic Candidate for Governor  
A NATIVE SON

A practical man of the people who has made a success in business and to whom the trials of the ambitious politician are unknown.

He offers a constructive program that will benefit the people of Nebraska and his candidacy is in harmony with the strong Democratic platform adopted by his party at Hastings. He believes that the highest duty of any public servant is to carefully see to it that the will of the people, as expressed at the polls upon all questions, is carefully carried out.

The two Republican newspapers in North Platte are supporting his candidacy and the vote of nearly five to one given him at the primary election by the people of that town, among whom he was born and raised, is proof absolute that he is a man of character and great ability in public affairs, as well as the enforcement of the laws of the state.

Vote for a man whose plan and a credit of a record of business administration of State Affairs.

### JOHN J. MENON



Democratic Candidate for County Clerk and State County Election, November 7, 1916. 23 years a resident of the county. He has never before sought public office. Your support for a Box Butte boy will be appreciated.

Your vote is respectfully solicited for  
OSCAR RUSSELL  
County Superintendent of Public Instruction of Box Butte County  
Candidate for re-election for second term.  
Election November 7, 1916



W. R. HARPER  
Republican Nominee  
for  
REPRESENTATIVE  
73rd DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA  
Box Butte and Sheridan Counties

A man of integrity and ability; one who knows the needs of the district from the standpoint of the railroad man, the stock man, the farmer, the laborer and the business man; and knowing these needs he will strive to bring about legislation that will advance their interests. A speaker of ability and a student of public affairs. A man who knows how to get results.

NOTE FOR W. R. HARPER  
and Have No Regrets