VOLUME XXIII

ALLIANCE, BOX BUTTE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1916

NUMBER 16

## BANQUET AT LEXINGTON OF DEPARTMENT BOYS

Chief Tillery Acts as Host and Toastmaster at Banquet That Shows "Pep" in Lexington Dept.

On Tuesday night, February 29, 1916, the Lexington Volunteer Fire Department gave their annual banquet at their hall. While the crowd was not as large as had been anticipated on account of several conflicting dates, a fine crowd of representative firemen and their wives or lady friends and guests were present to enjoy the evening. After several games of cards and checkers everybody marched to the tables under the beautiful strains of music furnished by Maher's orchestra. After a short talk by Toastmaster Chief Tillery, in which he bade everyone welcome, and extended the invitation to "eat, drink and be merry" to one and all, he asked his guests to be seated.

"His guests"-they certainly were in a full sense of the word, for it was through the liberality of our esteemed chief that we were able to enjoy this banquet. Judging by the amount of extra "helpings" brought out to the diners they undoubtedly enjoyed what was set before them. The menu consisted of sandwiches, coffee, ice cream and cake.

When the appetites of one and all had been appeased they repaired to the club room where Chief Tillery announced that invitations had been extended to State Fire Commissioner Ridgell, and Lloyd C. Thomas of Alliance, N. S. V. F. A. publicity secretary, as speakers of the evening, but regretted that neither of these distinguished gentlemen were able to be present, not having been able to hear from Mr. Ridgell, and reading a telegram from Mr. Thomas expressing his regrets at not being able to

We highly appreciate the consideration shown us by Mr. Thomas in sending us this telegram of three hundred words, which was a small speech in itself, but one and all of us would most certainly have been overjoyed to shake the hand that has been such an outstanding factor writing out "Publicity Stuff" for our great association.

Mr. Tillery then announced that he specehes, calling first on Assistant a deal with James Potmesil for the Chief Roudebaugh for a report of the latter's section of land which adproceeding of the convention of N. joins the Krause ranch. Krause S. V. F. A. at Crawford, which report was given in detail.

George C. Gillan then addressed his audience on the value of a competent fire department and competent fire fighting apparatus, making an appeal for a new city hall with adequate quarters for firemen and fire 4 apparatus, and pledging his personal support for a move to build a new fire hall, and complimenting the volunteer firemen of the entire state for acts of bravery displayed and the willingness shown by them to turn out to fires day or night, regardless of extreme weather conditions, without pay or recompense of any kind

Prof. Streeter of the Lexing on Pt GE ENGINES NOW IN high school brought down the house with applause by his humorous talk on firemen and their was which space unhappily forbids us to report.

Mayor James A. Byrne impressed upon his audience the dire necessity of a new city hall for the city of Lexington, and pledged his support of the movement started by the department for a new hall.

Isaac Nisley, department counsellor, complimented the department on the past and present record of the Lexington Fire Department, and the standing in regard to other fire departments throughout the state of Nebraska, its ability to fight fires and TEDDY WITHDRAWS NAME honors won at state tournaments, also the good effort of the boys to maintain such a good body of men their own resources for what has been accomplished.

Chief Tillery then read an article from the Firemen's Heraid on fire and interesting personal remarks on lineis primaries. fire prevention. The reading of insurance companies and fire commissioner's report on standing of this department and equipment, and an earnest appeal for the assistance of all present for a new city hall by the the West Indies. chief, closed the evening's program

Respectfully.

FRED W. KOCH,

# BRYAN IS FOR WILSON SAYS JUDGE THOMPSON

Democratic State Chairman Brings Message from Bryan at Miami, Florida

Judge W. H. Thompson, of Grand Island, democratic state chairman of Nebraska, who has just returned from a trip to Miami, Fla., has given out the following as a result of his interview and visit with Col. W. J.

"People misunderstood Mr. Bryan's position regarding his relations with the president.

"They differ only on a few principles resulting from the war. These do not affect their principal relations. Mr. Bryan will most likely be one of the Nebraska delegates-at-large to the St. Louis convention. The entire delegation will be for the president's renomination. Whether pledged or instructed, Mr. Bryan will probably be among the Nebraska delegation, which will be for the president, to a

"Nebraska is for President Wil-

One-Term Plank Disposed of Regarding the one-term presidential plank, Mr. Thompson said he believed Bryan would not raise it against the president. Bryan believes the plank should be again enunciated in the-St. Louis platform. but made applicable only to a president elected after laws are enacted

putting it into effect. That no resolution will be urged by Bryan in the St. Louis platform which would embarrass the president or repudiate any of his policies was the substance of the sentiment expressed by Mr. Thompson. It is Mr. Bryan's belief the Wilson renomination is assured.

### \$2600 BANKED IN CATALOG

crisp United States currency.

### BOUGHT SECTION OF LAND

John Krause, of Krause Brothers. the big ranchmen northeast of Alliwould call on some of the guests for ance, was in the city Friday closings Brothers have added desirable lands to their ranch year by year until they now have one of the finest cattle ranches in the country.

### MANY INQUIRIES FOR LANDS

Over three thousand inquiries have been received by the United States land office in Alliance regarding the big land opening to be held here the latter part of March. Register O'Keefe and Receiver Morrow have had their hands fall attending to the correspondence created by these inquities, which come from all parts of nd as far west as California.

### SERVICE ON BURLINGTON

The Chicago, Omaha and Denver passenger run on the Burlington has been equipped with the enormous new engines recently put into service. Fifteen of the gigantic machines

have been purchased. The new passenger engines put on to the Burlington are each seventyfive feet long and weigh 4,250,000 pounds. The cylinders are so large that an ordinary sized barrel could be slipped into any one of them, and a man, six feet tall and wearing plug hat, could stand erect inside the small end of any one of the boilers

FROM ILLINOIS BALLOT York, March 2-Theodore Roosevelt's determination not to al when compelled to rent their own low the use of his name as a candihall, and rely to a great extent on date for the presidential nomination in the spring primary elections was emphasized today by the announcement that his secretary, John W. Mc Grath, has directed the withdrawal

This is the fourth state in which Mr. Roosevelt has refused to allow the use of his name. The others are Nebraska, Minnesota and Michigan. Mr Roosevelt is now on a trip to

If you will have the Alliance Herald sent regularly you can keep posted on many opportunities that this Publicity sec. pro tem. fine western country affords. \$1.50 107.6 bushels.

# **GOVERNMENT EXPERIMENT PLANT** MAY ELIMINATE BIG SPUD WASTE

An experiment plant, for the pur- scientists inv - ed for the purpose. pose of investigating the possibility of saving a part of the potato crop which often goes to waste, has just been completed at Arlington, Va.

Inasmuch as Box Butte county and western Nebraska is one of the leading potato growing sections in the world, our readers will no doubt be interested in the following.

In years of over production, Wallace's Farmer says, thousands of farmers have had to haul their entire crop out for manure. The aggregate waste of this, year in and year out, amounts to millions of dollars, and the government hopes to work out a practical system for saving it.

The present plant has machinery for drying the potatoes, and already a satisfactory product has been turned out. The process is said to be much simpler than that practiced in Germany and other European countries. The original bulky, highly perishable product is manufactured into a product which is concentrated, non-perishable, and which can be shipped long distances. The present plant is simply a starting point, and efforts of those in charge will be to decay, freezing, etc. They saw where develop something which can be operated without a burdensome investment. If it works out as planned, it cattle fodder. They estimated that is predicted the potato plants will be at least 40 per cent of this could be as common in potato districts as corn canneries are in sweet corn districts. Both would have about the same ob-

When Eugene Grubb was in Europe, making an investigation of the oped to a high state of efficiency. potato industry there, he made quite

If a fart res a long distance from one c these German factories he makes a crude product on the farm, saving the pulp for his stock, results. Not all persons have it and shipping the unrefined starch to This is the reason that there are efthe plant. Potato flour finds many ficiency wages as distinguished from uses in Germany, and now it is being day wages. Some are capable of used largely as a substitute for wheat flour. At the recent Iowa potato show, samples of bread made mostly from potato flour were exhibited. The flour, when mixed with wheat or rye flour, is said to make excellent puddings and cakes. The usual price is about \$2.50 per hundred pounds, Auother product which is made at the starch factories is glucose, this being superior to that made from cereals. little natural direction toward effici-

and commanding a higher price in

London, Paris, Berlin and other

flict with commerce. Germany has startled the world by even by its enemies. Economists estimated that about five million bushels of potatoes went to waste from the country paid out annually about \$72,000,000 to foreign countries for saved by utilizing the entire potato much worth while. crop, instead of letting the odds and ends go to waste. Prizes were offered for methods of treatment and as a result the industry has been devel-

In dried or desiccated potatoes, a study of Germany's potato facto- most of the water is extracted by a ries. To one of these which was as pressure and vacuum machine. The extensive as a million dollar beet potatoes are then further dried by BURNED IN HOUSE CLEANING plant in this country, the potatoes artificial heat, and finally transfer-Decatur, III., March 3-Noah Lun-come in car lots at digging time. Ev-red into storage rooms. Potato meal dy, a farmer living near Arcola, to- ery by-product is saved. First, the weighs less than a fourth of its origday is mourning the loss of \$2,650 in potatoes are sliced or pulped for inal weight in raw potatoes, and it starch extraction. The waste pulp is occupies about one-eighth the space. is his efficiency worth to the fellows ple during the land opening and auc-Lundy had secreted the bills in a dried, and may be kept in good con-Sometimes it is pressed into cakes whom he keeps waiting? Keeping mail order company's satalog and dition for a year or more for stock which can be broken up easily by everlastingly at a thing is what often while away from home his wife. feeding. At this plant, the economy hand for stock feeding. The water brilliant worker who works only by events, are anticipating. while cleaning house, burned the went so far as to include a pipe line extracted from the potatoes is kept book along with other waste papers. to carry water, which had been used in vats until all the starch settles. spiration is such a fleeting and rare BURKETT FILES HIS for starch extraction, to a field two Then the clean liquid is boiled, and a emotion that it is a poor dependence miles distant. Here is was building clear precipitate of crude protein is up the fertility in a 200-acre field, obtained. The protein is made into which furnished grazing for 300 albumen, which has a big sale in little irritations concerning the mathead of stock. oBth the high-class German markets. After the protein ter of not having the proper apparaproducts and by-products are thus precipitate is obtained, the liquids saved with machinery that German contain small amounts of sugar, nit-

# **Box Butte the Banner County**

(Statistics from Nebraska State Bulletin)

Another Nebraska county bears the name of Banner, but in several respects Box Butte is the banner county of this great state. Bulletin No. 166 of the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture, issued January 15, 1916, contains information regarding the crop yield of Nebraska counties for last year that is, no doubt, approximately correct.

According to the above mentioned bulletin, only one county in the state exceeded Box Butte in the average yield per acre of oats in 1915. That was Dawes county, with an average of 59.5 bushels, to Box Butte's average of 56.2. Saunders county came in third with 55.3. the country, as far east as New York | The average for the state was 34.7 bushels per acre.

Forty-six of Nebraska's ninety-two counties are credited with a larger yield per acre on corn; forty-one are reported lower, and four others reported the same as Box Butte, 30 bushels per acre, which is 2.6 bushels below the average for the state. Not so bad on corn, for a county that is not in the "corn belt,

With an average of 26.2 bushels per acre, Box Butte stands above eighty-six other counties on winter wheat, and well above the average for the state, which is 19.7 bushels

Western Nebraska has eastern Nebraska "skinned forty ways" in yield of spring wheat, and Box Butte is the banner county of the whole state, with an average of 25.5 bushels. Cheyenne county is second with 24.2, and Dawes third with 23.8. The average for the state is 18.2.

On rye Box Butte's average of 25.8 bushels was more than fifty per cent above the average for the state, 16.3 bushels, and was exceed ed by only three other counties, Washington with 31.5, Colfax 27.6, and Seward 26.8.

Box Butte's average yield of barley is 40 bushels, which is 10.9 above the average for the state of 29.1 bushels. Three other counties Dawes, Deuel and Pawnee, had the same average, and only one Scotts Bluff, exceeded it, having an average of 51.4 bushels.

On alfalfa Box Butte falls a little under the average yield for the state, but at the state fair took first prize on quality for the western section, the state being divided into three sections for the exhibition of agricultural products, eastern, middle and western. The past year was a good one for alfalfa tonnage in eastern Nebraska, which beat

western Nebraska a little on amount, but could not equal in quality. But it's in potatoes where Box Butte shines brightest of all the ninety-two Nebraska counties-not only in the 1915 crop, but every prevention, and made some timely of Mr. Roosevelt's name from the II- year. And we want to say a little something about spuds that read rs of this paper should remember. One other county reports more bushels, but for all that this is the banner potato county, as we will quickly show you. Last year 737,550 bushels were grown in this county; pretty good, don't you think, for a sparsely settled county in which less than sixteen per cent of the land is under cultivation? One other county, Cherry, had a larger number of bushels, 1,015,393; but Cherry county is nearly six times as large as Box Butte, so that in proportion to size Box Butte grew more than four times as many as Cherry. In proportion to size, Box Butte had from two to forty times as many potatoes as the other counties of the state. The average yield per acre for Box Butte county was 137.5 bushels; for the state,

### EFFICIENCY AS IT APPLIES TO FIREMEM

Interesting Article on Efficiency, by Members of Sidney Fire Department

(By E. J. Brennan of Sidney)

Efficiency is a quality producing earning only day wages and others which enables them to earn efficiency wages. Some are born with that quality and have developed it to its highest possibilities. Some are born with natural tendencies toward efficiency yet do not advance through endowments.

Again there are others with very ency yet they are so placed and so trained that a considerable degree of this desirable quality is developed. actual experience they have produced large cities, where war does not con- There are people who accomplish very little with the best possible equipment and every golden oppor- the eastern farmers have been able tunity. Such persons are out of their to produce on land worth \$100 to its ability to endure upon its own re- class and should be reduced to the sources, and its efficiency is praised most routine mechanical tasks, supervised by those persons of greater efficiency.

On the other hand, oftentimes the nan possessed of efficiency and having opportunity and equipment available, will bring forth the most satisfactory results. And this man will the most meager tools can be counted upon to produce a something very

Many who are properly endowed with mental capacity and have by education and training reached a very desirable standard of efficiency dissipate their energies in following innecessary lines which get nowhere. This is seen in men who talk too much; men who procrastinate; men who dissipate slightly or occasionally, depending on their talents to get them back on a solid working basis. All of these things impair the natural abilities and weaken man's worth to the community. You will often hear it said that a certain man is a dandy good worker when spurts, while under inspiration. Infor those who must do the world's work

The fire department has some few tus with which to fight fire or per haps they have men or officers who are disappointing. Some times the property burning belongs to worst kind of a knocker and tight wad, who directs operations of the boys as though he belonged to royal ty and the firemen were his serfs. These things are hard to bear, especially if the department is a volunteer one whose sole reward is a suit of ruined clothes and the thanks of a few grateful people. But these unpleasant things should not be considered nor should work be any the less energetic because of impediments. The more obstacles in the way the harder the department should work to get to the scene early and the greater should be the determination to quench the flames.

Any one can check a conflagration under favorable conditions, with plenty of water and the wind the right way, but it takes efficiency to work with poor apparatus and excited officers and the criticism of those who wouldn't do the unpleasant work boys encounter. And, thank God, the latter are the kind of boys who make up the fire departments all over the state of Nebraska. Those who do not meet the test of accompanying hardships are soon weeded out and only the survival of the fittest is possible. You cannot if you remain a fireman, waste any breath kicking about the manage ment or the equipment. You have to be ready on a second's notice to put on every ounce of your individual steam and work furiously till the nemy is conquered and the property and lives are saved

To do the hard thing in the face of danger. To forget self, your fellow man

To work with will for dearest friend or stranger. This is the task of men with iron

ogenous matter and salts. This is used for irrigation. The cost of haniling the potatoes in this way is said to be about 50 cents a ton for potatoes. It takes nearly four tons of raw potatoes to make a ton of the desiccated product.

The government plant at Arlington, Va., will work along lines simdar to the German method, except that an attempt will be made to develop a simpler process, and less cumbersome machinery. The directors hope to work out a practical plan of saving the culls as well as the tubers of good quality, when, for lack of market, they can not be saved.

## 75,000 ACRES TO GO AT PUBLIC AUCTION

3,000 to 4,000 Visitors Expected in Alliance Week of North Platte Project Land Opening

In this section of The Herald witt be found a double page advertisement of the big public auction of Box Butte county land which takes place in this city beginning March 22.

This sale is being put on through the co-operation of the Burlington are in possession of that quality Railroad Company, the Alliance Commercial Club, the Alliance real estate dealers and Alliance merchants, with the assistance of Box Butte county land owners, who are cutting up their large ranches and tracts of land into quarters and halves for the benefit of life much farther than their natural eastern people who are seeking land worth the money, the original price of which is now almost prohibitive.

There are hundreds of land owners in this section who will testify that in more revenue per acre than many of \$400 per acre, while this land is priced at a mere fraction of those

Seventy-five thousand acres of western Nebraska land will be offered for sale and is being listed at prices and terms that will undoubteven make his opportunity and with edly permit of its ready sale over the block. The sale has been and is being widely advertised all over the United States. Nearly ten thousand inquiries have been received locally, concerning the auction sale and North Platte project opening, and many hundreds of home seekers coming to Alliance for the land opening will take advantage of this sale to buy some of the best land at the price to be found in the United States.

Local officials of the Burlington Railroad Company have, following an investigation of the conditions, been instructed to make preparations to he is at it. - No doubt he is, but what handle a crowd of at least 3,500 pection, which shows what people who are in a position to judge of such

NAME AT DES MOINES Des Moines, Ia., March 2- E. J. Burkett of Lincoln, Nebr., former senator, today filed with the Iowa secretary of state his affidavit of condidacy for the republican nomination for vice president of the United States.

### DISASTROUS FIRE BURNS

WHEAT AND FLOUR Fulerton, Neb., Feb. 28-The Fullerton mills, its elevator and a Fullerton electric light plant were destroyed here by fire Saturday night. Fourteen thousand bushelss of wheat and three carloads of flour burned with the mill. The sharp north wind fanned the fire and carried it to the power plant adjoining. This was also destroyed. Another plant of the electric company is furnishing lights for the city.

The mill was valued at \$20,000. and the power plant at \$5,000. The larger structure was owned by the Farmers' Stock company and the city owned the power house. Both buildings were fully insured. Rebuilding operations will be started at once.

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The results will surprise and please you