Political Announcements



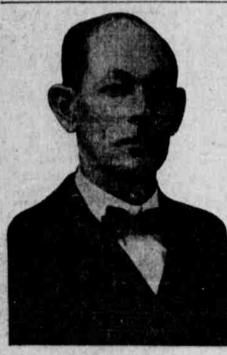
LLOYD C. THOMAS Candidate for Democratic nomination for state representative from the 73rd district

Primaries April 18, 1916 If nominated and elected my time will be given to serving in the interest of western Nebraska. I believe that I know the needs of Box Butte and Sheridan counties and that I have the ability to serve the citizens of these counties in an efficient manner. Your support at the coming primaries is respectfuly solicited.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT



W. L. GRIFFITH Candidate for Republican nomination for the office of Sheriff of Box Butte County Primary election, April 18, 1916 The support of the Republican voters is respectfully solicited



FRED H. MOLLRING Candidate for nomination for COUNTY TREASURER Democratic Primaries April 18, 1916 Your support will be appreciated



CALVIN M. COX Candidate for nomination for SHERIFF OF BOX BUTTE COUNTY Primaries April 18, 1916 respectfully solicit, your support

For Representative 73rd Dist. I hereby announce my candidacy for State Representative on the republican ticket, from the 73rd District, comprising Sheridan and Box Butte counties. My long residence in the District enables me to be conversant with the needs of the people, and if successful will pledge most loy-

al service to my constituency. I will

appreciate your support. E. C. SWIGERT. Gordon, Nebr.



W. R. HARPER Candidate for nomination of REPRESENTATIVE, 73rd District Republican Primaries April 18, 1916 Your support is respectfully solicited



W. S. RIDGELL State Fire Commissioner Candidate for State Railway Commissioner Democratic Ticket Primaries, April 18, 1916 Your support will be appreciated



GEORGE F. SNYDER Candidate for the Democratic nomination for the office of County Clerk of Box Butte County Primaries April 18, 1916 Your support will be appreciated



F. W. IRISH Condidate for nomination of County Treasurer Republican Primaries April 18, 1916 Your support solicited and appreciat-

L. A. BERRY

Candidate for nomination for COUNTY JUDGE BOX BUTTE COUNTY

Primaries April 18, 1916 Your support will be appreciated

MISS OPAL RUSSELL Candidate for Democratic nomination County Superintendent of Box Butte

County
Primaries, April 18, 1916
I will appreciate your support

W. O. BARNES

Candidate for Nomination of SHERIFF BOX BUTTE COUNTY Republican Primaries April 18, 1916

I respectfully solicit your support

REPRESENTATIVE 73rd DISTRICT I hereby announce that I am a can- of the people. Your vote is apprecididate for the nomination of Repre- sted. sentative 73rd District, comprising Sheridan and Box Butte counties, subject to the electors of the Democratic party at the Primaries to be held April 18th, 1916. Your support will be appreciated.
ARTHUR E. CLARK,

Gordon, Nebraska.

ANNOUNCEMENT I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primaries, April 18.

Your support will be appreciated.
A. H. GROVE.



I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the Democratic namination for County Clerk of Box Butte county, subject to the will of the voters at the Primaries to be held Tuesday, April 18, 1916. I will appreciate your vote

GEORGE FLEMING.



I wish to announce that I will be Republican candidate for nominaion of County Clerk at the primaries April 18, 1916. Your support will be appreciated. W. C. MOUNTS.

EDWARD MABIN Candidate for nomination for the of-SHERIFF OF BOX BUTTE COUNTY Republican primaries, April 18, 1916. I will appreciate your support. Have lived in Box Butte county thirty-one years and if nominated and elected will all the office to the best of my ability.

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce that I am a can-didate for the nomination for Sheriff of Box Butte County, subject to the decision of the voters at the Democratic Primaries to be held Tuesday, April 18, 1916.

I will appreciate your support.
ARTHUR A. RALLS.

ROBERT A. BALL

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of County Clerk, sub ject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, April 18, 1916. From a pioneer Box Butte family; feel qualified for the position and entitled to it. I will appreciate a boost.

ROBERT A. BALL.

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF I hereby announce my candidacy for sheriff of Box Butte county on the Republican ticket at the primaries on April 18, 1916. My long residence of twenty-four years in the

county enables me to fill the wants

NORBERT FROHNAPFEL.

JOE L. WESTOVER Candidate for Democratic Nomina

tion for COUNTY ATTORNEY OF BOX BUTTE COUNTY Primaries April 18, 1916 Your support is respectfully solicited

GLASS OF SALTS IF YOUR KIDNEYS HURT

Eat less meat if you feel Backachy or have Bladder trouble—Salts fine for Kidneys.

to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get

o neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a table-spoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, com-bined with lithia, and has been used for gish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive; harmless and makes a lelightful effervescent lithiawater drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

tising "curtains with fringe" along vinced that people do read the ads.

ALLIANCE IS ASTONISHED

the INSTANT action of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka. ONE SPOONFUL re- the farm. moves such surprising foul matter it tion, sour stomach or gas. Because Adler-i-ka acts on BOTH lower and upper bowel, a few doses often relieve or prevent appendicitis. A short treatment helps chronic stomach trouble. Harry Thiele, druggist. Adv-G-4

What It Costs to Keep a Horse \$60 for feed, \$7.50 for interest at 5 shelter, and enough more for veterinary attendance, shoeing, and othcount of the lower cost of feed, the cost of keeping a horse is estimated to be somewhat less.

Your Job Printing Business

If Vie Can't Please You tion's Come Again

Box Butte County Farm Management

M. Seldell, Demonstrator

Association

Office in Court House Phone 285

NEBRASKA-1915 CROP PRODUCTION

2		Bushels or	Per bu. or	
į	CROP		ton, valued	Total value
ą	Corn	228,094,736	0.50	\$114,047,300
ij	Wheat			57,144,686
	Oats	73,764,462	.28	20,654,04
ļ	Rye and barley	The second second		40 3,805,18
	Potatoes	10,550,677		4,220,274
ij	Alfalfa	4,088,598	6.00	24,531,564
1	All other hay			35,088,800
,	Dairy (milk)		qts. 4.5	37,392,664
	Poultry products			. 35,000,000
Į	Animal production (1-3 horses, mules,			
i	Fruit and berries			
	Garden and miscellaneous			
				\$473,052,70
И			The same of	

WHY FARMS OF ABOUT A SECTION AND ONE-HALF WITH ABOUT ONE-FOURTH GIVEN TO CROPS?"

NOTE: Box Butte Farmers' Association Cooperating with the Extension Service, Nebraska College of Agriculture, and the United States Department of Agriculture.

In a previous article it was stated that size of business was an outstanding factor having an important effect upon farm profits in this region. There are three factors that affect the size of business, namely: size of farm, crop area, and number of productive animal units. It is easily seem how the size of farm could control the number of crop acres and number of productive animals that could be kept on the farm.

The question is asked. What is the most profitable size of farm in this county? This might be answered by saying that the family sized farm with average type of farming is the most profitable here the same as all other regions of the state that have been investigated. It might be added further that the average sized farm here represents the family sized farm for this area. The size of farms range from 160 to 4000 acres on the Box Butte table with an average size of approximately a section and one-half.

The survey shows that the farm of a section and one-half is the most profitable. It is on this size of farm that about two men can, working together, maintain the balance between crop area and grazing land. It is understood that since the lay of the land, and the natural factors of this area afford very little natural protection for stock in winter, and since it is neeessary to acquire a good supply of winter feed, it must necessarily come from some kind of crop. It is on this size of farm that all members of the family can be furnished work the year around if the farm business is conducted in accordance with this size.

Since the survey shows the average and at the same time most profitable size farms to be about a section and one-half, how much can be profitably devoted to crop area? Taking for example the average of the, two Mest forms uric acid which excites most profitable farms and substantiating it by the entire survey, it is found and overworks the kidneys in their efforts that on a place of this size that about one-fourth in crops is found to be the most profitable. On these farms each man cared for an average of 124 crop acres. The average man on the average farm cared for 113 crop acres. If the proportion of crops is carried much higher the grazing area necessary for economical production of livestock is sacrificed.

If you increase size of the farm, will it be profitable to increase crop area in proportion? The proportion of one-fourth the size of farm to crop coated and when the weather is bad you area will prove the most profitable if the size of farm is not increased much above the average. This limit comes where the duplication of men, horses and machinery are necessary. The disadvantage of a large crop area is the fact that the distance to fields increases so fast after a certain limit is reached that much time is lost in travel to and from the fields. On a certain very large and yet profitable place entering into this survey, the proportion of crop area to grazing land was one to eleven. This proportion could be reduced profitably since the operator was farming land in all directions from the farmstead, and considerable land coul dbe farmed between the farmstead and present fields.

In the article that follows it will be shown that a close relationship exists between the crop area and the amount of livestock that can be kept

BOYS' AND GIRLS' CLUB WORK

On February 7 Mr. Seidell sent out the following letter to members of the clubs and their parents:

Dear Member and Parents: "Boys' and Girls' Club Work" will be made an active part in the public school system of Box Butte county from Do people read ads? One merch- now on. The purpose of boys' and girls' club work is to help boys and girls ant who complained about people not to study Agriculture and Home Sconomics, and thereby making their home reading the newspaper ads took work more interesting. It offers a definite plan whereby home project "copy" to the office one day adver- work can be systematically correlated with school work.

The need of the day and the future is not "more farmers and more with a number of other specials for home makers in the country", but is "more efficient farmers and home makthat week. His writing was very ers". We do not need the "back to the land movement" agitated by some poor, and the printer set up the ad. of the larger cities to rid themselves of their inefficient and thereby think "Curtains with prize." The next day ing that the cost of living would be reduced. They are far from the trae this store keeper had more than a economic basis for improvement, because efficient men and women are needhundred calls for the curtain with ed on the farm and there is where the majority will have to be trained. Why prize, and he was thoroughly con- not make this training the very best to fit them for their life's work? This does not mean that all boys and girls should remain on the farms, for the farms will continue to contribute their share of statesmen, professional men, teachers, etc., to the state and to the nation. At any rate, whatever BY SIMPLE MIXTURE the calling, some training in the subject "which is the basis of all manufac-Alliance people are astonished at ture and commerce" will be a help to them throughout life. "Boys' and girls' club work" will solve the problem of "keeping the boys and girls on

County schools have been criticized by the patrons, because nothing relieves almost ANY CASE constipa- has been done to teach agriculture and home duties. This country is new; the school districts are new; the schoolhouses small; small attendance, and inability to get teachers trained along these lines at present salaries; expense of equipment, etc., have been some of the reasons for not teaching agriculture and home ecc nice in rural schools.

The U. S. Departn. .. of Agriculture has come to the rescue by placing state leaders and assistants of boys' and girls' club work in all states to work in cooperation with the Extension Department of the Agricultural col-The cost of keeping a horse on the lege, which in turn cooperates with the public schools. No expenses involve farm for a year in eastern Nebraska upon the school districts. All lessons are furnished by the Extension Deis upward of \$100, according to the partment and all teachers are already interested, but need your coopera-Farm Management Department of tion. The cooperation of all parents is needed. Parents are asked to enthe College of Agriculture. It costs courage their children and other children to become active in this work.

This new type of education is known as the 4H Brand, meaning Health, per cent on a valuation of \$150 for Honor, Heart and Hand, and will do much to supplement the three comthe horse, \$15 for 10 per cent depre- mon R's. Club members work, study, keep accounts, make reports, and ciation on the horse, \$12 for 75 hours display their products. Every club member wins a prize by either the care at 16 cents an hour, \$7.50 for knowledge gained or by the profit made in carrying on a club project.

The active clubs in Box Butte county for 1916 are: Potato, Pig. Garden and Canning, and Sewing and Cooking Clubs. Any of the clubs are open to er expenses to make it total over either boys or girls between the ages of 10 and 18 years. In the Potate \$100. In western Nebraska, on ac- Club, each member raises and keeps records on at least one-eighth acre of potatoes. In the Pig Ciub, each member raises and keeps records on at least one pig. In the Garden and Canning Clubs, the member cares for a garden at least 100 square feet in size, and cans the surplus products. In the Sewing and in the Cooking Clubs, a two-year course is offered consisting of twelve lessons each year. Parents can cooperate by allowing their children a little time, and by giving encouragement and support to this movement. A larger acreage can be cared for in the potato work and more pigs can be cared for in the pig club project, thus making better use of labor and bringing this work more in line with the regular routine of farm

The club rules and enrollment cards have been sent to the teacher of your district school. She will explain further regarding this work. The newspapers will publish all club rules later. During the week of Organized Agriculture practically every other county but this in the state was represented in the boys' and girls' club display at Lincoln. None of our boys er girls finished their work. There is nothing like sticking to a job until it is done.