

**SELLS
HOES**

Look Over His Line

Hanan, Edwin Burr, E. P. Reed, and Sherwood Ladies' line is the finest line shown west of Chicago by any retail dealer.

Look Them Over

Sweep Your Floors with Paroline

In the office, store and home the most disagreeable nuisance is dirt and dust caused by sweeping. This can be avoided by using Paroline.

Paroline is a scientific compound of vegetable oils and other substances. You sprinkle a small amount on the floor before sweeping. It gathers up and holds the dust. It is antiseptic and prevents disease.

Paroline costs very little. A small amount goes a long way. Use it once. You will wonder why you didn't get it sooner.

For Sale at The Herald Office
in Any Quantity



THE GREAT LABOR SAVER

Many people know that Babbitt's Pure Lye or Potash is the strongest Cleansing Material obtainable, therefore Cheapest.

A little Babbitt's Lye and a lot of water makes an effective cleansing solution. You regulate the strength to suit your purpose.

It makes the home Sanitary and Healthful by removing the filth and dirt that cause odors and breed disease germs.

Best for making Hard and Soft soap.

Valuable presents for the labels.

Write for Booklet showing many uses.

B. T. BABBITT
P. O. Box 1776 New York City

ORGANIZATIONS INDORSE DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

Omaha, Dec. 26—The Farmers' Congress and the Nebraska Co-operative Live Stock and Shipping Associations indorsed by resolution and instructed their legislative committees to use every honorable means to secure the passage of the bill creating the Nebraska Development and Public Welfare Commission. A tentative draft of a bill as proposed by committees from the State Association of Commercial Clubs and the State Editorial Association was explained, after which the commission was approved.

The commission has for its purpose the publication of useful facts relative to Nebraska and the prevention of the publication of statements which reflect on the state.

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT

Clay, Robinson & Co.

Chicago, Ill., December 19.
On Monday of this week the market for cattle was demoralized. It was more of a case of getting a buyer in the pen rather than price most of the day. Bulk of the beef steers sold 50 to 75c lower than last week's close, and the decline from Wednesday of that week was \$1.00 in most instances. Salesmen had to choose between making these concessions or holding the cattle over. It certainly was not the part of wisdom to do the latter if it could be avoided. However, thousands of cattle did not even receive a bid, and at the close of the day's session around 10,000 head remained unsold. Chief causes for one of the worst markets in the history of the trade were estimating the supply at 42,000 head, beef coolers being loaded to the guards and a big contraction in the demand from all sources because of anticipated small outlet for beef during Christmas week, when turkey, poultry and game will be in the limelight. However, the official run on Monday was 37,114. Had the estimated total of 42,000 materialized this would have been one of the largest runs here since December 13, 1909, when 45,640 head were received, and would have compared with the record one day's supply of 49,128, which was recorded November 16, 1908. There was the biggest showing of beef steer sales here at \$7.00 to \$8.00 in many months, while the number above \$8.50 was small indeed. Two loads of prime 1,558-lb. steers had to take \$9.85, and the price was obtainable only after long and hard work on the part of the salesman.

The Tuesday fresh supply was 6,768, which, counting the holdovers from the previous day, made a total of about 17,000 on sale. Where salesmen were enabled to effect a sale, they had cause to congratulate themselves. In most instances buyers placed such ridiculously low bids on the cattle that thousands were locked up to be put on the market the following day. All changes in prices tended downward, especially where weight was present. The best steers that went over the scales numbered 72 head, averaged 1,403 lbs. and sold at \$8.50. They were handled by us and owned by H. E. Harter of Orson, Ia.

The Wednesday market had more encouraging undertone. The fresh supply was around 17,000 and it was estimated that 12,000 cattle were carried over from Tuesday night. This made quite a liberal supply for the Wednesday market. However, after a trading basis had been established buyers made an effort to effect a clearance at prices steady to 10c higher than the previous day. The strength was manifest on the smooth, fat, weighty steers. The top was \$9.40, paid for 32 head of 1,531-pound steers. Sales higher than \$8.50 were scant in number and the showings at \$8.00 down to \$7.00 was very heavy, while there were quite a number of sales around \$6.75.

Supplies today (Thursday) were very small at 4,500 head. The market had good life at prices 10 to 15c higher. Quality of beef steers was very ordinary. We topped the market with 15 steers of 1,590 lbs. average at \$9.00, owned by Peters Bros. of Solon, Ia.

It has been a bad week for cows and heifers, prices for beef grades showing a decline of mostly 50 to 60 cents from Monday of last week, with sales in main at \$4.75 to \$6.00. Stockers and feeders went 25 to 50c lower than last week's close, bulk trading at \$5.25 to \$3.75.

Indications are that supplies will be lighter next week, as the big decline this week will no doubt keep many cattle off the market that under more favorable trade conditions would have been sent forward. Should smaller supplies materialize, we are confident of prices working to a higher basis.

Run of hogs today 20,000. Market 5c higher. Top \$7.35 and bulk sales at \$7.00 to \$7.50.

Arrivals of sheep and lambs today 12,000. Prices 10 to 15c higher. Tops were: Lambs \$8.10, yearlings \$6.85, wethers \$5.25 and ewes \$4.50.

Could Shout for Joy

"I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," wrote C. B. Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the wonderful double benefit I got from Electric Bitters, in curing me of both a severe case of stomach trouble and of rheumatism, from which I had been an almost helpless sufferer for ten years. It suited my case as though made just for me." For dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice, and to rid the system of kidney poisons that cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters have no superior. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50 cents at Fred E. Holsten's. Advertisement 524t.

In answering advertisements please mention this paper.

Resolve to Be Better

NEW YEAR'S is regarded as the time when a man should take stock of his past and present and make resolutions concerning the future. It is well to make resolutions, and it is better to keep them. They serve a good purpose even if not kept, though they should not be made with the idea of breaking them. One can be conservative in making good resolutions and thereby gain an advantage. Do not resolve to be perfect—merely make a determination to be better. Resolve to improve in everything in which you are defective. Decide to act more kindly, think more charitably, speak more pleasantly, work more diligently, give more cheerfully. Don't try to achieve the perfect, which is impossible. Just try to improve, to be and do better, and you will be better for the trying. : : : : : : : :

NEW YEAR'S IN OTHER LANDS

NEW YEAR'S is the most universally celebrated of holidays. Christmas is practically confined to Christian countries and in some of these has only a religious observance. The same is true of Easter. Other holidays are for the most part national in character and are confined to their own countries. But New Year's in some form is celebrated in all lands and in not a few is the chief holiday of the year. It is not observed always on Jan. 1, the Chinese and Jewish New Year's being notable exceptions and the Russian festival being held on what to us is Jan. 12, owing to a difference in the calendar.

Especially is the beginning of the year a time of festival in the orient. Nobody knows just how old the custom is, but it probably antedates history. In most Asiatic countries New Year's eve is a time for settling debts, wiping the slate clean for the succeeding twelvemonth. Tea drinking is naturally one of the chief forms of observance.



NEW YEAR'S IN RUSSIA.

ance in China and Japan. There it is an art, and the ceremonial on New Year's is intended to outrank anything else in the pink tea line. The Japanese tea room is hidden away in some secluded part of the garden, and only a few of the elect are admitted. This, of course, refers to the private tea rooms, the public ones being frequented by Mr. Common People and all his wife's relations.

The Japs eat from a large variety of dishes on this day, piously offering samples of the foods to their gods. The day in Nippon is celebrated on Jan. 1, as with us.

The Chinese New Year, which is based on the moon and occurs in January or February, is like a prolonged and glorified Fourth of July, or rather as the Fourth was before it became safe and sane. It lasts for several days and is full of color, noise and action from start to finish. Firecrackers, Chinese lanterns, tea, feasting and carnival all play their part, and the new year is initiated in a way to put ginger into his young life. The popular greeting is "Kungli," which is to say, "I humbly wish you joy," or "Singli," "May joy be yours." From this it will be seen that the Chinese have a "hi" old time. Not only do lanterns abound, but artificial flowers and red mottoes ornament the houses. Even in the United States the laundries are abandoned while the Celestials pay ceremonial calls and decorate every-

thing in sight with red paper. Europeans also paint the town red on New Year's, only they do it in a different way.

New Year's is celebrated for thirteen days in Persia and is the most important festival of the year. It furnishes a precious opportunity for the beggars who camp on a man's doorstep and blow horns until he gives a present. The festival is called "No Roof" and combines our Christmas and Easter. Sweets are prepared long in advance, and eggs are boiled and colored. The observance begins on March 25, and for thirteen days thereafter business is suspended. Presents are given, among them being a coat of honor for important persons, for which a price is often exacted, much in excess of the value of the garment. Another "No Roof" custom is for delegations of Persians to visit the tombs of the departed and send up walls both loud and long.

New Year's is a great day for the children in the country towns of Russia. The boys carry pens and wheat, showering those they like with wheat and those they dislike with pens. Various domestic animals are gayly decorated and led about the streets. There is also a ceremony of changing water into wine, which is harmless enough, since it does not increase the wine supply.

The great feature of the German New Year's is "Sylvester Abend," corresponding in some measure to our watch parties, except that more liquid refreshment is absorbed. The punch bowl is the center of attraction, but the punch is usually made of a mild Rhine wine and does little if any harm. It fares it with the man wearing a high hat on this night, for it is smashed with great enthusiasm. In Frankfurt on the Main a pretty custom is observed. Promptly on the first stroke of 12 every shutter in town flies open and a head appears with the shout, "Prosit Neujahr!" It is as quickly withdrawn, and the shutters are closed before the clocks have finished booming the hour.

The French give Christmas a religious observance, so that New Year's is the great popular holiday. Gifts are exchanged and calls are made on Jan. 1 and all through the month.

The English observance of New Year's is not largely different from ours, except that the old year is swept out by men and boys dressed as chimney sweeps and is rung out with muffled bells, which change to a clear and joyous note at the stroke of 12. It is to this custom that Tennyson refers in his "In Memoriam," so often quoted, "Ring out the old, ring in the new."

The crowds before St. Paul's in London on New Year's eve are even greater and more noisy than those before Trinity, New York, though people who have only heard the Gotham din may deem this impossible.

SCHOOL WILL OPEN MONDAY, JANUARY 6TH

The Christmas and holiday vacation of the Alliance schools will close the first week in January. All of the city schools will open on Monday, January 6th, 1913. The school board has arranged to care for all of the Central school pupils in the Emerson and high school buildings. The 500 new desks ordered to care for the Central school pupils have arrived and will be set up in a very short time. The full supply of books and other school supplies to replace those burned were ordered on Thursday after the fire and will be here very soon so that there will be no delay in opening school after vacation.

Read The Herald's big premium offer on page 2.

PAUL W. THOMAS
INSTRUCTOR
ON VIOLIN

Phone 175 Alliance, Neb.

\$5 Brings Oliver Typewriter

Send \$5 for the Oliver Typewriter—the machine will come a-flying. The newest Model—No. 5—the regular \$100 machine—with no extra charge for Printype.

For the price of a good fountain pen you secure the World's Greatest Typewriter. You can pay the balance at the rate of 17 cents a day.

This irresistible "\$5 offer" is sweeping everything before it. The era of universal typewriting is coming. The triumph of the typewriter over primitive pen and ink has been brought about by the same machine that introduced visible writing.

The
OLIVER
Typewriter

This is the typewriter whose high efficiency has made it the choice of the greatest firms and corporations. It is the simplest of all standard type writers, yet the swiftest and by far the most versatile. The moving parts work freely in a solid metal framework, making the machine so strong that the hardest usage has no effect upon it.

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR "PRINTYPE"

Most people prefer to have the machine equipped to write in Printype. This beautiful type is obtainable only on the Oliver Typewriter.

It is the greatest style improvement ever evolved for typewriters—the most easily read type in existence—the type which conforms to that in universal use on the world's printing presses!

WIN SUCCESS WITH THE OLIVER

The Oliver Typewriter aids success-seekers in a multitude of ways. The real-life stories of achievement that center around it would fill volumes. No matter what your work may be—in office, store, shop or home—the Oliver Typewriter will prove itself a great convenience and an actual money-maker. It stands for order and system and success. It is the visible evidence of progressiveness of its owner. Young people with brains, ambition and Oliver Typewriters are succeeding everywhere. Can you afford to let \$5 stand between you and success?

Send for Special Circular and Art Catalog

Full details regarding the Oliver Easy-Purchase Plan, beautiful catalog and a specimen letter written in Printype will be sent you on request.

Let this \$5 offer awaken you to your need of The Oliver Typewriter and the ease with which you may own it.

Remember—\$5 only and on comes The Oliver Typewriter.

Sales Department THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 1905 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb.

