

HAMON IS ACCUSER

Makes Sensational Charges Against Congressman Creager.

SAYS HE SOLICITED BIG LOANS

Indian Says McMurray Paid Him Dollar for Each Signature and That He Secured Ten Thousand Contracts—McMurray Will Be Called to Witness Stand.

McAlester, Okla., Aug. 9.—Jake L. Hamon made sensational charges against Congressman C. E. Creager in the congressional investigation of the Indian land deal. Hamon charged that Creager under the guise of loans had attempted to obtain large sums of money from J. F. McMurray, after Creager had introduced a bill in congress providing for a sale of the lands. Hamon brought his charges in demanding the recall of Creager to the stand for cross-examination.

"I want to show," said Hamon, "that Creager demanded large sums of money from McMurray after that bill was introduced by Creager."

W. T. Hollman, a Choctaw Indian, testified he had been employed by J. F. McMurray, holder of the contracts, to go out among the Oklahoma Indians and induce them to sign the documents. At the same time Hollman related he was paid "a dollar a head" for securing contracts appointing McMurray to act in the cases. In this way McMurray procured 10,000 contracts to sell land.

The terms were 10 per cent attorney fees, or \$3,000,000 profit for McMurray and his associates.

To promote this deal in congress Senator Gore contends he was offered a \$25,000 or \$50,000 bribe. Hollman testified that he himself had signed the 10 per cent contract because he, in common with the other Indians, had become discouraged on the government's promise to sell the land.

"I would have given 25 per cent to McMurray," said Hollman, "if he could have gotten us the money quickly."

He said he believed some of the Indians would be willing to have given McMurray 75 per cent.

In a statement to the committee and without going on the stand McMurray declared that the contracts came to him originally against his desire. He said the Indians at a "war council" had demonstrated their impatience at the government's tardiness in selling the land and had called upon him to take the job at 10 per cent, which he did with reluctance. McMurray will go on the stand later.

Questioned further, Hollman testified it was the belief of the Indians that their property was worth from \$30,000,000 to \$40,000,000, and the understanding was that McMurray was to get 10 per cent of this.

"It is the belief of the Indians that McMurray has some power at Washington by which he would be able to get the money more quickly than if you first left it to the government," asked Congressman Saunders of Virginia.

"We did not know how he was going to do it, but we thought he knew how," was the answer.

"Is it actually the belief among the Indians that they have to pay somebody else to get what the government has said rightfully belongs to them?"

"That has become the belief that they have to give up a good portion of what they get in attorney's fees."

D. C. McCurtain, a Choctaw Indian and an attorney for his tribe, went on the stand and reiterated his charges that McMurray in 1906 in the lobby of the Raleigh hotel at Washington had offered him \$25,000 as a bribe to withdraw the tribal opposition to old contracts which were disapproved by President Roosevelt. He declared he once had been employed by McMurray while he was a delegate to Washington for his tribe, but he asserted the work for McMurray was in behalf of and with the consent of the Indians. When the bribe was offered, he was not associated with McMurray and he did not share in the \$750,000 attorney's fees granted McMurray in the citizenship cases years ago.

MOB FAILS TO GET NEGROES

Alabama Sheriff Calls on Militia and Would-Be Lynchers Disperse.

Evergreen, Ala., Aug. 9.—Threatening to lynch Albert Johnson and John Mannel, negroes, who were in jail here on the charge of being implicated in the killing of Jesse Baldwin, an aged farmer, a mob gathered at 2:30 a. m. and surrounded the jail.

Sheriff J. F. Orwin, however, forestalled any attempt at violence by calling on the officers of the local militia company for assistance. The appearance of the soldiers quelled the mob.

Thirteen Killed in Wreck.

Ignacio, Cal., Aug. 9.—Thirteen persons were killed and twelve injured when the regular evening passenger train from San Francisco to San Rosa on the Northwestern Pacific railway was struck by a special engine and caboose a mile and a half south of this place.

Rumbling Sound Heard at Blair. Blair, Neb., Aug. 9.—The rumbling sound ascribed to a meteor or other phenomena was plainly heard in this city, and also a slight trembling of the earth—resembling the effect as produced by a heavy train.

REBELS THREATEN CEIBA

Attack on Honduran City by Insurgents is Expected Momentarily.

Ceiba, Honduras, Aug. 6.—An attack on this city by insurgents is expected momentarily. The American consulate is crowded with refugees and the British cruiser Scylla is entering the harbor.

Among the refugees are Dr. Layton, United States marine hospital surgeon, and his wife and mother; General Francisco Matuke and General Galardo.

The government has formally demanded of the American consul that he surrender General Matuke, but he has refused. It is reported to be the intention of the government to force Matuke to give up a large amount of money as ransom, as he is wealthy and stands high in the community.

There are altogether about 2,000 government soldiers around Ceiba and entrenchments are being thrown up three miles east of town.

There is a report that an engagement is taking place about seven miles east of here on the coast between government troops and a large revolutionary force under General Leo Christmas, who is attacking the government forces from barges and boats anchored in the offing. He is said to be using rapid fire guns handled by Americans. The report is that he has fifty such experts with him.

BANK GUARANTY LAW FIRST

Application for Appeal Will Be Passed Upon by Supreme Court.

Washington, Aug. 6.—One of the first questions on which the supreme court of the United States will pass after it convenes in October will be the application for it to review the litigation in the federal courts in Kansas over the constitutionality of the Kansas bank depository guaranty law. John Lee Webster of Omaha, ex-Senator Chester I. Long and several other lawyers representing the Abilene National bank and others filed the application for a writ of certiorari in the case.

The United States court for the district of Kansas, in an opinion handed down by Judge Pollock, ruled that the law was unconstitutional, as being in violation of the fourteenth amendment and as unlawfully discriminating against the national banks and destroying their efficiency. However, the United States circuit court of appeals for the Eighth circuit reversed the lower and held the law to be constitutional.

TRADE STILL IRREGULAR

Business Unsatisfactory at Some Points, but Optimism Prevails.

New York, Aug. 6.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Business conditions are irregular, and at some points unsatisfactory, and yet is better than the superficial aspect of leading markets make it appear. Reports from principal trade centers are optimistic. Pig iron production continues to diminish, but demand for steel products, particularly for wire, pipe and structural materials, is large. Prices are little changed. New orders for footwear come in slowly. The leather market is still waiting. Bradstreet's says: Trade reports are still quiet in fall demand, though the advance of the season and progress of crops toward harvest has aided in enlarging jobbing demand in the west. Building returns for July show a heavy decrease from a year ago. Business failures number 156.

Wheat exports, 1,275,740 bushels; corn exports, 419,154 bushels.

THE MARKETS

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Expecting a bearish report from the United States government, the wheat trade today: discounted prices. Values also felt the depressing influence of the big movement of the new crop and closed easy at a decline of a shade to 3/4c, compared with Saturday night. The season soon advanced corn 1/4c and lowered oats 1-16c. Provisions were irregular, finishing 17 1/2c down to 7 1/2c up. Closing prices: Wheat—Sept., \$1.01 1/2; Dec., \$1.04 1/2; May, \$1.09 1/2. Corn—Sept., 63@63 1/2; Dec., 60@60 1/2; May, 61 1/2@62c. Oats—Sept., 36 1/2c; Dec., 38 1/2c@38 3/4c. Pork—Sept., \$21.17 1/2; Jan., \$17.92 1/2. Lard—Sept., \$11.45; Jan., \$11.07 1/2. Hides—Sept., \$11.27 1/2; Jan., \$9.37 1/2. Chicago Cash Prices—No. 2 red wheat, \$1.03 1/2@1.09; No. 2 corn, 64c; No. 2 oats, new, 34 1/2@35c.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, Aug. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 23,000; steady to higher; beef steers, \$6.40@7.65; western steers, \$4.00@6.75; stockers and feeders, \$4.00@6.25; cows and heifers, \$2.70@6.65; calves, \$5.50@8.50. Hogs—Receipts, 23,000; 10c higher; light, \$8.40@9.00; mixed, \$7.80@8.80; heavy, \$7.45@8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.85@8.20. Sheep—Receipts, 28,000; steady; natives, \$2.50@4.60; westerns, \$2.75@4.60; yearlings, \$4.50@5.75; lambs, \$4.50@7.15.

South Omaha Live Stock. South Omaha, Aug. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,262; steady; beef steers, \$6.40@7.65; cows and heifers, \$2.65@5.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.85@3.80; bulls, \$3.00@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, 2,890; 15c higher; heavy, \$7.75@7.80; good mixed moved around \$8.00; selected lights, sold up to \$8.35. Sheep—Receipts, 24,115; 15@25c lower; prime fat lambs, \$6.75@6.80; choice westerns, \$1.00@4.30; ewes, \$3.60; best yearlings, \$5.25.

TEHERAN BATTLE

Hot Fight Between Troops and Nationalists.

RAPID FIRE GUNS ARE USED.

Thirty Insurgents and Twelve Soldiers Slain in City Streets—Nationalists' Stronghold and Three Hundred Prisoners Taken in Final Assault—Satar Khan is Wounded.

Teheran, Aug. 9.—Casualties in a battle in the city streets between the government and the Nationalist insurgents were about twelve killed and wounded on the government side.

The Nationalists, who were fighting under the leadership of Satar Khan, made famous by his long defense of the city of Tabriz against the forces of the deposed shah, lost thirty killed and wounded. Three hundred of their number were captured in the final assault, which was made after their position in the northern part of the city had been under fire from infantry and rapid fire guns for six hours.

Bakir Khan, the principal subordinate to Satar Khan, was among the prisoners and Satar Khan was wounded.

ENGLISH COURTS DESCRIBED

Lawson and Keedy Report for American Bar Association.

London, Aug. 9.—John D. Lawson of St. Louis and Edwin B. Keedy of Chicago, who have been in London to study the proceedings of the London criminal courts for the American Bar Association, have completed their investigation. The report will say in part:

"England has a more businesslike way of procedure. Although they have outward evidences of form in the way of wigs, sheriffs and the like, they really are less formal than we."

"The most striking differences in the systems are the quick manner in selecting juries and the short time between sentence and final judgment on appeal. We began our work by reading the newspaper accounts then going to the police courts and following the cases through to the court of appeals. One such case was completed in six weeks. In another, a murder case, the date of hanging was fixed three months after the crime, all this, notwithstanding that every person has the right of appeal. One difference we noted was the absence of challenging of jurors. England allows no fishing by cross-examination, apparently considering it no more necessary to examine a juror than a judge."

BIGGEST WARSHIP LAUNCHED

British Battleship Cruiser Lion Has Record for Size.

London, Aug. 9.—The gigantic battleship cruiser Lion was launched at Devonport. It is the greatest battleship afloat, exceeding all existing dreadnoughts in size, speed and armament.

The Lion is officially described as an armored cruiser. It is superior to every battleship in the world, however, and is the naval marvel of the year.

The Lion is the first naval vessel to be armed with eight of the new 13.5-inch guns, which are arranged in four barbettes on the center line of the ship.

The guns will fire projectiles of 1,250 pounds a distance of 5,000 yards. These projectiles will penetrate twenty-two inch armor. The vessel has a displacement of 26,000 tons. The length is 700 feet and the breadth eighty-eight feet. The horse power of the Lion is 70,000 and the speed will be thirty knots. The Lion is the fifteenth British dreadnought to be launched. It cost \$10,875,000.

QUIET AT SAN SEBASTIAN

Troops Preserving Order Following Clerical Demonstration.

San Sebastian, Aug. 9.—The government's rigorous measures and the formal renunciation by the clerical junta of the threatened demonstration in this city insured comparative tranquillity and a largely attended bull fight was the chief incident of the day. From daybreak the streets were patrolled by cavalry, infantry and gendarmes, while heavy bodies of troops were held in readiness in the barracks at Miramar palace, where the queen mother and the royal children are in residence.

The gravest incident occurred when groups of clerics assembled, shouting "Death to Spain, long live the pope." Thousands of indignant people rushed toward the manifestants, and only the personal intervention of the governor at the head of a platoon of police prevented an attack. Nearly 150 arrests were made.

HANGS SELF WITH NECKTIE

Boy Commits Suicide Because He Was Punished.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 6.—Blaine Thayer, eleven years old, son of Deputy Sheriff Charles M. Thayer, hanged himself in his room. When he refused to take his music lesson, it was said at the lad's home, he was sent to his room as punishment. He failed to respond to calls at noon and when the door of the room was opened the boy was found dead. He had fastened his necktie around his throat and hanged himself to a bedpost.

CONDENSED NEWS

James R. Norton, president of the First National bank of Newell, Ia., died of Bright's disease.

Los Angeles will have a woman on active police duty, guarding young men and women from evil.

Mrs. Joseph Machin was accidentally shot and killed by her six year old son at a picnic at Canon City, Colo.

Request has been made for troops to protect national forests in Montana and Idaho from fires and to assist in extinguishing the flames.

The average condition of the corn crop on Aug. 1, as estimated by the department of agriculture, was 79.3, as compared with 85.4 last month.

Two persons were reported killed and seven injured in an explosion which wrecked the Granite City (Ill.) glucose plant of the Corn Products Refining company.

Governor Harmon of Ohio commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of death which was to have been imposed upon Joseph J. Mackley, the Toledo murderer.

The embarrassed shoe manufacturing firm of Perkins, Hardy & Co. of Derry, N. H., was petitioned into bankruptcy. The liabilities are \$600,000 and assets \$400,000.

After selecting Indianapolis as the date of the first Monday in October, 1912, for the next convention the International Brotherhood of Teamsters adjourned at Peoria.

One of two new dreadnoughts authorized by the last congress will be built in the New York navy yard and it is possible the other ship also may be built by the government.

Fire, which started from an unknown cause in the elevator of Armour & Co.'s new branch house at St. Joseph, gutted the second floor and caused damage to the extent of \$9,000.

After a conference lasting several weeks with a committee of the Brotherhood of Engineers, the Louisville and Nashville railroad reached a wage agreement whereby the engineers secure a substantial increase.

Eugene Childs, a veteran of the civil war, who as a child flew a kite across Niagara falls which permitted the engineers who built the suspension bridge there to draw the cable across, is dead at his home at Minneapolis.

Faithful service among workmen is to be rewarded by the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder company, cor. trolling plants in all parts of the United States, as an increase in wages dating from July 1 has been announced.

Four photographs of the will of George Washington, which is preserved in the office of the clerk of Fairfax county, Virginia, may be made by the librarian of congress, in accordance with an order issued by Judge Thornton.

Reagan McKinzie, James Spurger, Jr., and S. F. Jenkins were arrested in connection with the recent race riots at Slocum, Tex. The additional arrests bring the number of white men in jail up to sixteen. Six negroes are also held.

The enlisted strength of the army during the present fiscal year has been fixed approximately at 87,000 men, under the arrangement of the estimates by Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, and as approved by President Taft.

The Payne Aldrich tariff law has produced in its first year a revenue greater by \$75,000,000 than the sum collected in any previous year in the country's history, except the banner year, 1907, according to treasury department figures.

Russia's scourge, the cholera, continues to spread with alarming rapidity, particularly in the southern mining districts and in St. Petersburg, where the conditions are fast approaching the proportions of the great epidemic of 1908.

From a height of 150 feet, Clifford B. Harmon, the amateur aviator, dropped theoretical bombs on a theoretical battleship and two companion submarines outlined in white on the aviation field at Mineola, Long Island. Only five out of sixteen bombs fell wide.

The qualified voters of Manhasset, Long Island, elected William A. Warren a school trustee to succeed Stephen A. Mason, who was put forth as a candidate to succeed himself. Warren is the head coachman for Payne Whitney and Mason is a millionaire.

Everett Busse Weber, a five-year-old boy, was attacked and badly injured at Chicago by a thoroughbred game rooster. The child was unconscious when the bird was driven from him. The rooster jumped at the boy's head and inflicted several gashes in his forehead.

A catch-as-catch-can wrestling match for \$10,000 a side was contested at a London music hall between the American wrestler, Dr. B. F. Roller, and Gama, the champion of India. Gama won the first fall in one minute and forty seconds and the second fall in nine minutes and nine seconds, winning the match.

Genkyo Mitsunaga, the Japanese who is in the Denver jail charged with the murder of Mrs. Catherine Wilson May 7, it is said, made a confession to Chief of Police Armstrong. He says that a strange white man committed the crime and forced him to place the mutilated body of a man in the box in the basement. It was found.

NEBRASKA NEWS

Two Austrians Slain by Grader in Boarding Car.

QUICKLY CAPTURED IN OMAHA.

Killing is Done With Big Knife and is Said to Have Resulted From a Carouse—One Victim Stabbed to Heart and Other Through Jugular Vein. Slayer Claims Self-Defense.

Omaha, Aug. 8.—Mike Otlie, stabbed Anton Corner and John Nickellvitch near Thirty-ninth and B streets, South Omaha. He killed both men by well directed blows with a hunting knife.

Otlie attacked Nickellvitch first and stabbed him to the heart and later, as Corner was attempting to flee, he ran after him and stabbed him three times, one wound was in the back of the head, one on the cheek and the fatal thrust was through the jugular vein.

The killing occurred after the men had been drinking quantities of beer. Otlie had been working Sunday and after he returned to the boarding car the trouble began. All the men concerned were Austrian graders.

After the murder Otlie compelled two other men of the camp to accompany him to Omaha. These were Nick and Joe Hodick. They first took a Hanscom park car, which Otlie compelled his companions to board at the point of his revolver. A messenger boy saw the force which Otlie used to compel his companions to accompany him, and followed on his wheel. He pointed out the escaping man to Officer Vanderford, who captured Otlie.

When taken to South Omaha Otlie said that bad blood has existed between them and the other two for some time and that while he was working they were at the boarding camp and got drunk and quarrelsome. When he returned they nagged him until he was angry and resented it. Then, he said, they both attacked him, and as he was not able to fight them both he resorted to his knife.

Deputy Coroner Larkin took charge of the bodies and said that death must have been almost instantaneous in each case. In the case of Nickellvitch, who was stabbed through the heart, there was a large purple discoloration of his chin, showing where he had fallen heavily on his face on the floor of the car.

AUTO TURNS TURTLE

John Knapp and Family Are Hurled into Barbed Wire Fence.

Madison, Neb., Aug. 8.—John Knapp, wife and four children of Green Garden miraculously escaped instant death when their automobile turned turtle while going at a high rate of speed. They were on their way home from this city and were hurled with terrific force into a barbed wire fence. Mr. Knapp had several ribs broken and internal injuries. Mrs. Knapp fractured a leg and a son had an arm broken, while all were painfully lacerated, except a little girl, who was uninjured. The car was badly wrecked.

LOYAL MYSTIC LEGION

Supreme Council Ends Quadrennial Convention at Hastings.

Hastings, Neb., Aug. 8.—The supreme council of the Loyal Mystic Legion of America has just concluded its fourth quadrennial meeting in this city. The meeting lasted for two days and was attended by delegates from several states. The present supreme officers were unanimously re-elected for the ensuing term: F. J. Shanferberger, supreme councilor; J. E. Watkins, supreme vice councilor; George D. Churchill, supreme secretary; C. A. Wigton, supreme treasurer.

Officers Answer Dr. Neff's Suit.

Tecumseh, Neb., Aug. 6.—The answer has been filed in the district court here in the damage case of Dr. J. G. Neff of Sterling against former Chief of Police Fred Rickard, Chief of Police James Malone of Lincoln and former County Attorney J. C. Moore of Tecumseh. The suit is for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment and damages in the sum of \$16,000 is asked. The case grew out of the detaining of Dr. Neff in the police court in Lincoln in June, 1909, when his daughter, Lora Neff, instituted a suit against her father. The details of the answer are lengthy and recite in substance that the officers were acting in good faith. The case was tried and Dr. Neff was found not guilty.

Fails at Rush for Liberty.

Madison, Neb., Aug. 8.—Joseph Teuton, held as an accomplice of Ed Manning, now serving a sentence for theft in the state penitentiary, attempted to escape from the county jail during the absence of Deputy Sheriff Smith, but was foiled by the plucky resistance of Mr. Smith's wife and son, who fought desperately with him and finally overpowered him.

Rain in Western Nebraska.

Benkelman, Neb., Aug. 8.—Dundy county was visited by a heavy rain of over an inch, thoroughly wetting the ground and doing inestimable good to the corn crop. It is figured that early corn was damaged about 75 per cent by the hot weather, with a late planting, hence this season an average crop for this county is expected.

REPORT ON JUNIOR NORMALS

Many Students Enrolled and All Show They Did Good Work.

Lincoln, Aug. 8.—The eight normal schools, located at Alliance, Alma, Broken Bow, Geneva, McCook, North Platte, O'Neill and Valentine, closed their eight weeks' sessions. The total number of students enrolled was 1,414, including 557 enrolled for institute. The total attendance was twenty more than the attendance for 1909. The first week or first two weeks of the session was designed as institute for the counties in which the junior normals were located, except in the case of Lincoln county, which named the last week of the North Platte Junior Normal as institute week.

At the Alliance Junior Normal, Grant, Hooker and Sioux counties united with Box Butte county for the institute; Blaine and Thomas counties united with Custer county at the Broken Bow Junior Normal; Hitchcock county with Red Willow county at the McCook Junior Normal, and Perkins and Keith counties with Lincoln county at North Platte. At these, and at the Geneva Junior Normal, special instruction was given in domestic science and agriculture, the counties uniting and bearing the greater part of the extra expense.

The lecture course at the junior normals this year was made a self-sustaining. The principal and local county superintendent of each school was responsible for whatever was provided in the way of entertainment and lectures. The plan proved very successful, in that while good service was given the students in these special features the state was not called upon to use any money for such purpose.

BEAT NEBRASKA FARMERS

Sixty Men From Vicinity of Auburn Hit for \$110,000.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 8.—Sixty farmers from Auburn, Neb., have just become aware that they are victims of a land deal in which they are losers of \$110,000 cash, as the result of lax methods of the Utah state land board.

The farmers have filed suits against the Oasis Land and Irrigation company of Utah for that amount and have appealed to the government for recourse. The government in turn has ordered an inventory of the Oasis company from the Utah state land board.

In 1908 the Oasis company applied to the state of Utah for right to open a tract of land in Millard county, Utah, under the Carey act. The right was granted by the government under its usual terms and a contract was signed between the state and the Oasis company. Nebraska farmers came to the state and settled upon the land, taking acreage on the payment plan, and planted crops, depending upon the water promised by the Oasis company for irrigation. The water failed to be placed on the ground in 1909 and the farmers lost their entire crops in the blistering sun.

The same conditions existed this year and again there was a total loss of crops. Seeing that the Oasis company had failed to comply with the conditions of its contract, the farmers applied to the state land board only to learn that the company had furnished no bonds to protect the farmers.

BURT PIONEERS TO MEET

Congressman Latta Will Be Orator at Tekamah Picnic, Aug. 31.

Lyons, Neb., Aug. 6.—The eighth annual reunion and picnic of the Pioneers and Old Settlers' association of Burt county, Nebraska, will be held at Folsom park, in Tekamah, Aug. 31. The buttons which will be used to pin on the badges for the Pioneers and Old Settlers' reunion this year will bear a picture of the "old blockhouse" which was built of logs in 1855 in Tekamah as a fort against the Indians. It was also used as a court house and hotel.

Prizes will be awarded as follows: First, to those living and present who helped to build the old fort; second, those married there and present; third, to any person present who was born there; fourth, to any stage driver who drove when the old blockhouse was the "wayhouse" between Sioux City and Omaha.

The address of welcome will be delivered by President-Harrington and the response will be by Congressman Latta.

NEW BRIDGE OVER PLATTE

Duff and Pollock Will Build Structure Shortening Road to Omaha.

Plattsmouth, Neb., Aug. 6.—Public announcement has been made that Ralph A. Duff of Nebraska City and T. H. Pollock of this city will begin the construction of a new three-span steel bridge across the Platte river at Oreadpolis within a few weeks, and rush it to completion. It is estimated that the cost of the bridge will be in the neighborhood of \$20,000. This bridge will shorten the distance from this city to Omaha (wagon road) about thirty miles, as it is now necessary to go to Louisville to cross the Platte.

Omaha Banker Shot.

Omaha, Aug. 8.—W. A. C. Johnson, cashier of the Packers' National bank of South Omaha, was shot and seriously wounded in the residence portion of this city by two holdup men.

Mrs. Saylor Seeks Freedom.

Danville, Ill., Aug. 6.—Attorneys for Mrs. Lucy Saylor, now serving a sentence in the Joliet penitentiary for the murder of her husband, John B. Saylor at Crescent City a year ago, have filed a writ of error in the supreme court asking for a new trial of the case.