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THURSDAY, JAN. 20, 1910.

Census Enumerators' Application Forms

Census Supervisor Jos. Pigman, whose office is at Broken Bow, Nebr., has received from the Census Bureau a supply of blank applications for persons applying for positions as census enumerators. These will be forwarded to his list of applicants as soon as possible.

The applications, properly filled out, must be returned to the Supervisor not later than January 31, the Census Director having extended the time for filing from January 25, which was the date first set for closing the consideration of applications. The "test" will occur February 5, as previously announced.

The instructions printed on the application form state that a definite answer is required to each of the questions, which are:

"Are you a citizen of the United States? If naturalized citizen, when and where were you naturalized?"
"Of what State or Territory are you a legal resident? How long have you been a legal resident thereof? Of what county and of what town or city and ward are you a resident? How long have you been a resident thereof?"

"What is your sex and color? What was your age at last birthday? Where were you born?"

"What is your education? (Give the principal facts.)"
"What is your present occupation?"

"What is your professional or business experience? (Give the principal facts, and, if at present an officeholder, name the office you hold.)"

"Have you ever been employed on census work, either national or state? If so, in what capacity and for how long a period? If an enumerator, for what territory or district? (Describe as accurately as possible.)"

"Are you physically capable of a full discharge of the duties of a census enumerator? Have you any defect of either sight, hearing, speech, or limb? If so, state nature of defect."

"Do you speak English? Do you understand and speak any language other than English? If so, what language? (Specify languages spoken, as Bohemian, Chinese, Danish, French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Lithuanian, Magyar, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Russian, Slavic, Spanish, Yiddish, etc.)"

"Are you a member of a political committee of any party? (Answer 'Yes' or 'No,' but do not indicate what party.)"

"In view of the fact that you may be required to take a test before a postmaster, state what postoffice would be most convenient to you for this purpose. (This test is of a practical character, consisting chiefly or wholly of the filling out of a sample schedule of population from information furnished regarding typical families, and, in the case of enumerators whose work will be in rural districts, the filling out of a sample schedule of agriculture.)"

"Are the answers to each of the foregoing questions true to the best of your knowledge and belief? Are they in your own handwriting?"

Indorsements of each appli-

cant must be secured from two representative citizens of the community in which the applicant resides. They must be at least 21 years of age and acquainted with the applicant not less than one year. Indorsements will not be accepted from any person who is in any way related to an applicant. The indorsement certifies that the applicant "is a thoroughly trustworthy and honest person, of good habits, and, in my opinion, is fully capable of discharging the duties of a census enumerator, if appointed."

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS

See the comet?
Mrs. I. E. Tash is ill with throat and lung trouble.

J. C. Osborne of Hemingford came down on 44 today.

Look in the west tonight near the horizon—the comet.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thiele returned Tuesday from a trip to Chicago.

Miss Ruth Ohlson has returned from a visit to her home in Bertrand.

W. C. English left yesterday for Crawford on 43 on a business trip.

Miss Mid Regan has gone to Sheridan, Wyo. for a brief visit with friends.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. G. Beck.

G. J. Burke made a business trip to Denver Saturday, returning Monday morning.

The Women's Club will meet Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. K. Warrick.

Harry S. Johnson went to Sterling on 30 yesterday on railroad business, returning today.

Mrs. L. W. Boite returned Sunday from Omaha, where she has been visiting for a few days.

Miss Irene Elliott of the Regan millinery store is visiting her people at Kemmerer, Wyo., this week.

A. C. Hashman and Roy Nichols from the Hashman neighborhood had business in Alliance Saturday.

Harvey Whaley, who has been visiting with his aunt, Mrs. Sanborn, returned to his home in Hyannis.

John Pederson left Sunday for a week's stay in Omaha, his old home. He will combine business with pleasure.

Judge Stuteville and Attorney Geo. J. Hunt of Bridgeport are in the city on business pertaining to a land contest.

Just as we go to press we learn that Younkin has bought the Crystal and will open for business next Monday night.

Mrs. E. T. Kibble entertained the Royal Neighbors at a special tea at 4:30 Saturday p.m. at the Cafe Alliance.

City Supt. of Schools Hayes returned from Lincoln on Tuesday, where he has been attending to educational interests.

Miss Elizabeth Phillips returned Sunday afternoon to her school at Hemingford after visiting relatives and friends in Alliance.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Taylor of Guernsey, Wyo., but formerly of Alliance, arrived here Tuesday for a visit with friends.

Word has been received from Silas Soules of his safe arrival at his home, Ontario, Canada, for which place he left the 9th inst.

Geo. T. Babcock, who was with the Prairie Lbr. Co., entertained a few of his friends Sunday evening at 6:30 at the Cafe Alliance.

Mrs. F. A. Hively left Friday for her home in Sterling, after making an extended visit with her parents and friends in Alliance.

The A. L. Joy orchestra has engaged the Phelan Opera House for the evening of February 2, when they will give a concert and dance.

The Knights of Columbus held a very enjoyable card party, dance and oyster supper Tuesday evening. Mrs. J. T. Wiker furnished the music.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian church will be entertained by Mrs. R. J. Lawrence, at 2 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 26.

Fred Dickinson who is well remembered as one of the genial clerks in Holsten's, is now in Helena, Mont. He has a fine position in a drug store there.

"A battle well begun is half won." The same may be true of a voting contest. If you have a lady friend that you would like to see get that magnificent Bennett Piano as a present, get

busy. Pay on subscription to The Alliance Herald and vote a hundred votes for every dollar paid. Get your friends to do the same.

Miss Ethel Nolan returned today from a visit to Des Moines, Ia. She was accompanied by Miss O'Brien, who will visit in Alliance for a few days.

Dennis McGuire and family, of Havelock, arrived in Alliance the fore part of the week and intend to make their future home on the M. Nolan farm.

Mrs. W. D. Rumer who has been on the sick list for the past couple of weeks is reported as progressing nicely and expects to be up and around in a few days.

Dr. Copperrill left Tuesday for a visit at her former home at Hampton, Ia., and also with friends at Kirksville, Mo. She will probably be gone about five weeks.

Sheriff Cox has returned from Lincoln where he had gone with Craig and Herring, the two men convicted of forgery, and sentenced to serve terms in State's Prison.

J. C. Birdsall returned home Tuesday from an extended visit to California. Mrs. Birdsall and daughter will however extend their visit in Longbeach till spring.

W. E. Spencer left Tuesday for Lincoln to attend the meeting of the Nebraska State Dairymen's association to be held Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week.

Mrs. Robert Birney has been very sick for the past two weeks. About a year ago Mrs. Birney had a very severe attack of appendicitis and there is danger of this trouble again.

"The early bird catches the worm," as we have heard it said many years ago. The early candidate gets the best start. Moral: Nominate without delay your candidate for The Herald's great piano voting contest.

E. G. Laing left the fore part of the week for Fremont to attend the Nebraska State Volunteer Firemen's Association meeting held there January 17-18-19. From there Mr. Laing will go to Jericho Springs, Mo., for a visit with his parents. His place at the "Right" clothing store is being filled by Herman Lund.

Mrs. Ella Haynes, "the cattle queen of western Nebraska," writes The Herald from Dallas, Texas, that "she is having a fine time in the sunshiny south but that she misses her old friends and her cattle." She also states that Dallas is a democratic stronghold and kindly encloses an interesting article taken from the Times-Herald of that city.

The Idle Hour theatre, under the management of Messrs. Deitlein & Ruggles, is distinctly in it in the moving picture business in Alliance, now that the Jollo is closed and the Crystal defunct. The trained pony at the Idle Hour this week is one of the best features ever put before patrons of the show and is making a great hit.

F. L. Sells, who for many years has been in the employ of the C., B. & Q., has resigned position in the telegraph department at Alliance to accept the district agency for northwestern Nebraska for the National Fidelity & Casualty Co. of Omaha. He is enthusiastic over his new venture and we predict he will make a success of it.

Mike Bayer has been under the weather the past few months with an attack of rheumatism, but this does not deter him from investing in more Alliance property. He recently purchased the residence property across the street from his home in the east part of town and is having it remodeled and will find no trouble in renting at a good price.

A sadness, amounting almost to gloom, was cast over the city this morning by news of the death, at 10:45 o'clock last night, of Mrs. Caroline Spencer, wife of Thomas N. Spencer, traveling salesman for Allen Brothers Company, Omaha. She was taken suddenly ill yesterday. Physicians were called and did all within their power to save her life, but without avail. Burial will be in Omaha, where deceased had a large number of relatives, among them a sister, Mrs. Dunn, wife of Capt. Dunn, chief of that city's detective force. The remains will leave Alliance on train No. 44 tomorrow. Preceding the departure for Omaha, a funeral service will be held at the residence at 10:30 a.m., conducted by Rev. J. L. Vallow, pastor of the M. E. church.

Street Commissioner's Notice

Notice to all property owners, agents and lessees: Snow, ice and slush, or any other obstruction, must be removed within 24 hours after accumulation, according to ordinance No. 35, or the same will be removed by the city at owner's expense.

J. H. CARLSON, Street Com.

Home Course In Live Stock Farming

XIV.—Care and Feed of Swine.

By C. V. GREGORY,
Author of "Home Course in Modern Agriculture," "Making Money on the Farm," Etc.

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THE feed of the brood sows through the winter should be such as will keep them thrifty and vigorous without becoming fat. So much has been said against corn as a food for brood sows that many feeders omit it entirely, substituting more expensive feeds. This is unnecessary. Corn is one of the best feeds that can be obtained for the basis of the ration. It is rich in heat and energy producing materials, furnishing these at less cost than they can be obtained in any other food-



FIG. XXIV.—GOOD TYPE OF BERKSHIRE.

stuff. The mistake in feeding corn comes in feeding it exclusively. Some foodstuff rich in protein should be fed with it, as this element is needed in considerable quantities in the production of young.

Feeding the Brood Sow.

Some succulent and loosening feed should also be given to keep the bowels in order when the sows are not on grass. There is no feed that will take the place of grass for brood sows, but it is of course impossible to obtain this in winter. A little silage may be fed, although it should not be given in large amounts. Pumpkins, squashes and roots of all kinds are excellent. It is a good plan to have a cellar under part of the hog house in which such feed can be stored. If the true value of this vegetable adjunct were understood properly it would be seen at once how important it is to provide a way to keep a store of these aids to digestion for winter use.

Hogs have small stomachs and are more adapted to grain than to roughage, yet the mistake of giving the feed in too concentrated a form should not be made. A little bran will dilute the heavier feeds. Cut clover or alfalfa hay may be used for the same purpose.

A hayrack built at one side of the pen and kept filled with good clover hay is a good thing. The sows will eat large amounts of it and relish it. The feed of brood sows should be given dry or slightly moistened, never in the form of a slop. Pigs from slop fed sows are overlarge, are born with difficulty and are weak and flabby. Where plenty of skim milk can be had it makes an excellent addition to the ration. It is more especially a feed for young pigs than for brood sows, however. The following are a few rations for brood sows that have given good success:

Corn, one-third; oats, one-third; bran, one-third.

Corn, nine-tenths; tankage, one-tenth. Corn, one-half; clover or alfalfa, one-half.

If the clover or alfalfa is cut before feeding and soaked in one feed to the next it can be mixed with the grain part of the ration and all given together. These feeds should be given at the rate of one-half to three-quarters of a pound per hundred pounds of live weight, according to the condition of the sows. If some of the sows tend to get too fat, while the others are only in good condition, it will pay to put them in a pen where they can be fed separately. Pumpkins and roots make a valuable addition to any of these rations. As farrowing time approaches a little oilmeal, about five pounds to 100 pounds of the other feed, may be added to the ration to advantage.

Plenty of fresh water is essential for the brood sows and the other hogs as well at all seasons of the year. If the farm is equipped with a water system, so that water can be piped directly to the hog house, it will be a great convenience. In the summer barrels or small tanks with automatic waterers attached furnish a constant supply of clean water.

Care at Farrowing Time.

A few days before the sow is due to farrow she should be given a pen by herself, so that she may become accustomed to it and feel at home when farrowing time comes. Bed the pen with good clean straw, but do not use too much of it, as the pigs will be more likely to get tangled up and lain on. If the sow is inclined to be restless fenders about eight inches high around the pen help to prevent her from lying on the pigs. The feed should be gradually reduced until the last day before farrowing, when the

sow should be given nothing but a bran mash with a little oilmeal added. This will cool her system and reduce the likelihood of her eating or killing her pigs.

With old sows little attention will be needed at farrowing time, though it always pays to be on hand to see that everything is going well. If the weather is cold the pigs should be dried and warmed as soon as born. A good way to do this is to have a bushel of straw, with a jug of hot water in the middle. If the pigs are put on the straw and the basket covered with a sack they will soon be warm, lively and ready for their first meal. If the sow is in an individual house, hanging a lantern in the pen will help to keep up the temperature. In extremely cold weather pens inside a large hog house should be covered with boards or blankets. The house should be provided with a stove if many early pigs are expected.

Do not make the mistake of feeding the sow right away after farrowing. For the first day or two she is better off without anything but water. At the end of this time a few dry oats may be given. The feed should be increased gradually, using the same ration as was given before farrowing. The appearance of the pigs will be the best guide as to the feed that should be given the sow. If they begin to scour give the sow a tablespoonful of blood meal with her next feed or half a dozen eggs. If the pigs are constipated add a little oilmeal to the sow's ration or give her more sloppy food. The pigs should be given considerable exercise or they are liable to get too fat, get the thumps and die. There should be a place where they can get outdoors every pleasant day. Sunshine is as essential to a little pig as it is to a corn plant.

Feeding the Pigs.

The cost of gains on pigs is 50 per cent lower while they are nursing than it is afterward. As soon as they are well started they should be pushed as rapidly as possible. The sow should be given all the feed she can use. Sloppy feed increases the milk flow and should be given in liberal amounts. The following rations will serve as a guide for feeding sows at this time:

Corn, one-sixth; skim milk, five-sixths.

Corn, one-third; oats, one-third; middlings, one-third.

Corn, eight-ninths; tankage, one-ninth.

Corn, five-eighths; oats, one-quarter; gluten feed, one-eighth.

It will not be long until the pigs are able to eat a little for themselves. They should be encouraged by giving them feed in a pen by themselves, where the older hogs cannot get to it. In a few days the pigs will get to eating regularly. For the first three months it will pay to feed them three times a day. A pig's stomach is small, and it cannot eat enough in the morning to last until night.

Pasture and forage crops are essential for cheap and rapid gains in young pigs. They are also much healthier than when kept in a small pen with no green feed. At the Wisconsin experiment station it was found that from 500 to 1,000 pounds of pork could be produced from an acre of rape. Tests at the Iowa experiment station show that nearly 300 pounds of pork can be produced from an acre of timothy. In both these experiments grain was fed in addition, but the gains given are those produced by the green feed alone.

The best results are obtained when grain is fed on pasture. The amount to feed will depend largely upon the relative prices of grain and pork. A light ration of grain produces cheaper gains, as the pigs will eat more grass. The gains produced in this way are not so rapid as where more grain is fed. When grain is not too high and pork a good price it pays to feed a

fairly liberal ration of grain and get the pigs on the market as soon as possible. Alfalfa or clover makes the best pasture. Rape and peas are good for temporary pastures. For a permanent pasture blue grass and white clover are very good. A mixture of clover and rape sown with oats in the spring makes the best kind of fall pasture when the other pastures are liable to be scanty picking.

When corn is not worth over 20 cents a bushel the cheapest gains will be made by feeding corn alone or in connection with skim milk, provided that plenty of green food is given. As the price of corn advances the use of supplementary feeds high in protein becomes more profitable. With corn at 50 cents a bushel the use of one part of meat meal or tankage to nine parts of corn will reduce the cost of gains nearly a dollar a hundred pounds. The difference is even more marked when corn is fed in a dry lot.

There is usually little to be gained in grinding corn for hogs, but it will be an advantage to shell it and soak it from one feed to the next. Experiments show that this reduces the cost of gains by about 8 per cent.



FIG. XXV.—A THIRTY LITTER.

These are the kind of facts this paper gives you in every issue. They are certainly worth the subscription price.

Hemingford Happenings.

Ed Wildy went to Alliance Friday on 44.

D. W. Butler returned from Lincoln Wednesday.

Mrs. J. P. Christensen went to Alliance Tuesday on 44.

B. E. Johnson made a business trip to Alliance Wednesday.

Clarence Canfield went to Alliance Sunday, returning Monday.

Earl Fosket came up from Marland Sunday, returning Monday.

Ben Curtis and Mrs. Edwards came home from Harrison Sunday.

Bertha Staggs came up from Marland Thursday, returning Friday.

Mrs. Anderson left Saturday for Chicago where she will visit her daughter.

Geo. Wiltsey and family are moving on the Ed Snider farm two miles north of town.

Ethel Campbell is helping with the house work at Victor Hernal's while Mrs. Hernal is ill.

Rev. Waterman came Friday to supply the place of Rev. Kuhler. His wife will come later.

Alvin Scott and Fred Strong were passengers to Alliance Wednesday, returning Thursday.

Mrs. Victor Hernal came up from Broken Bow to join her husband who is the depot agent here.

About fifteen of the Odd Fellows came up Wednesday from Alliance to visit the Hemingford camp.

Miss Jeanette McIntyre and Miss Della Hicks returned Friday from Deadwood, South Dakota.

James Weisner came in from Sheridan, Wyo., to visit with his mother-in-law, Mrs. Ben Johnson.

Miss Della Hicks has returned to her home in Mullen. She has been visiting with Jeanette McIntyre.

John Anderson left Monday for Idaho. We all regret Mr. Anderson's departure and wish him all the good luck in his new location.

E. A. Peckenpaugh left Friday for his home in Seneca, Kansas. He received a telegram Friday morning that his father was very low.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Osborne has been quite sick, but is reported some better at this writing. Dr. Little is in attendance.

Col. Fosket returned home Tuesday from his visit to Omaha, coming by the way of Chadron, where he stopped to visit with his daughter, Mrs. Frank Olds.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Melick returned from their eastern trip Friday. Mrs. Melick has been visiting her parents at Bennett, Nebr. Mr. Melick has been in Missouri visiting his parents.

FACTS

The news items of the home community.

The things in which you are most interested.

The births, weddings, deaths of the people you know.

The social affairs of our own and surrounding towns.

These are the kind of facts this paper gives you in every issue. They are certainly worth the subscription price.

LEGAL NOTICE

In the County Court of Box Butte county, Nebraska, in the Matter of the Estate of Robert Leishman, deceased.

Order for Hearing on Final Account.

Now, on the 20th day of January 1910, came Norman G. Leishman, administrator of said estate and prays for leave to render account as such administrator. He is to do so on or before the 11th day of February, 1910, at 10 o'clock a.m. at my office in Alliance in said county, he filed as the time and place for examining and allowing such account. And the heirs of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exist, why said account should not be allowed. It is further ordered that said Norman G. Leishman, administrator, give notice to all persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Alliance Herald, a newspaper published and in general circulation in said county, three successive weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated, Jan. 20, 1910.

(SEAL) L. A. BERRY,
County Judge.

LEGAL NOTICE

State of Nebraska, Box Butte county, in District Court.

In the matter of the petition of J. J. Buttery, Administrator, for license to sell real estate.

Now, on this 18th day of January, 1910, this cause came on for hearing upon the petition, under oath, of J. J. Buttery, Administrator of the estate of Addie E. Thompson, deceased, praying for license to sell the real estate described real estate of the said Addie E. Thompson, to-wit: Lot numbered Thirteen (13) in Block Numbered Twenty (20) in the First Addition to the city of Alliance, in Box Butte county, Nebraska, or a sufficient amount thereof to bring the amount of \$25.00 for the payment of the debts allowed against the said estate, a-d costs of administration, for the reason that there is no personal property belonging to said estate which can be applied to the payment of said amounts. It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in said estate appear before me at chambers in the city of Alliance in Sheridan county, Nebraska, on the 20th day of February, 1910, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. to show cause, if any there be, why a license should not be granted to said J. J. Buttery, Administrator, to sell the said property, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay said costs and expenses.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be served upon all persons interested in said estate by causing the same to be published once each week for four successive weeks in the Alliance Herald, a newspaper printed and published in said county of Box Butte.

W. H. WESTOVER,
Judge of the District Court.

fp. Jan. 20-7-11