

THE NEW FURS

are open for your investigation

FUR COATS, CAPES, MUFFS,
SCARFS AND NECKPIECES

They are priced right and styled right

We have just received a belated shipment of suits--underpriced but at loss of manufacturer . . .

SEE THEM!

The Horace Bogue Store

IRRIGATED FARMS FOR EVERYBODY

80,000 Acres Choice Carey Act Lands In the State of Idaho

30,000 acres of this land already opened for settlement, with water flowing through the canals for irrigation.

This land will produce all kinds of crops without a failure and will yield as follows:

WHEAT, 50 to 80 bushels per acre.
OATS, 75 to 125 bushels per acre.
POTATOES, 200 to 500 bushels per acre.
SUGAR BEETS, 15 to 30 tons per acre.
ALFALFA, 4 to 6 tons per acre.

Besides the ordinary farm crops APPLES, PEARS, PRUNES, STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, ETC. grow and produce abundantly. This is the premier section of Idaho for apples and pears, a state which is famous for the wonderful quality and flavor of these fruits. The land of perpetual water right costs \$30.50 per acre, payable as follows: \$3.25 down, balance in ten annual instalments, with 6 per cent interest.

All the work of construction has been done under the supervision of the state and the state has jurisdiction over the land, so the settler is given full protection. You may have exhausted all your other rights to file on government land, but you can still file on this Carey Act land.

The following residents of Box Butte county have bought land in this tract, to whom we refer you: K. L. Pierce, H. E. Jones, John Anderson, R. B. Green, and Frank Potmesil, of Hemingford; Wm. King, W. C. Thompson and James Feagins, of Alliance.

Our next excursion for the land will be November 17th. Round trip \$30.45. Call at Watkins & Feagins office in the Rumer block and talk with our representative for further information.

BIG LOST RIVER INVESTMENT CO.
C. FEAGINS, Manager.

Our Introduction to the People

THE VARIETY STORE makes its bow to the people of Alliance with a new stock of dry goods, notions, hardware, tinware, gloves, mittens, crockery, hose, confectionery, shirts, rugs, odds and ends, in fact a "Variety" of useful articles for every room in the house and every member of the family.

Our goods are clean and up-to-date. We buy our stock for cash and can save you from 15 to 40 cents on the dollar.

With our motto of "Live and Let Live" we respectfully ask a share of your patronage.

Yours for greater Alliance,

THE VARIETY STORE
Opposite Skating Rink. 405 Box Butte Ave.

VISIT OUR 5 AND 10 CENT COUNTERS

DEMOCRATS LEAD IN NEBRASKA.

Incomplete Returns Indicate Plurality of 10,000 for Bryan.

Lincoln, Nov. 4.—Indications this morning are that Nebraska has gone Democratic by a plurality not far from 10,000 for Bryan and a plurality scarcely less for Shallenberger, Democrat, for governor. The result was a surprise and disappointment to Republican managers, who, while admitting the state was doubtful on the national ticket, confidently expected their state ticket to be elected. The tremendous gain for Bryan in the city of Lincoln was the sensation of the election. Not only did Mr. Bryan reverse a Republican plurality of 1,500 in his home city, but he carried it by a plurality something in excess of 600. Lancaster county will increase his plurality to probably 800. Bryan carried his precinct, 106 to 52 for Taft. The vote in Omaha was also a surprise. Returns outside of Lincoln and Omaha show an average Democratic gain of eight to the precinct. If this is maintained throughout, Bryan has won by a little over 8,000, aside from Lincoln and Omaha, and Shallenberger is elected governor by practically the same plurality.

While returns are incomplete on congressmen, indications are for the election of Pollard, Republican, in the First district and Hinshaw, Republican, in the Fourth. Hitchcock, Democrat, wins in the Second and the Third, Fifth and Sixth are in doubt. No returns have been received on the legislature, but the strong trend towards Democracy indicates a possible Democratic legislature.

Indications this morning were that Boyd, Republican, had been defeated for re-election to congress by Latta, Democrat, by perhaps 1,000. Boyd won two years ago by 255.

The Republican state committee was not ready to make any statement. It was held by the committee that the later returns might change the complexion of the returns materially, especially those from the western end of the state.

T. S. Allen, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, said: "Bryan has carried Nebraska by 15,000. Shallenberger has carried it by more than that. We base our estimates on 2,000 precinct returns."

Omaha, Nov. 4.—On the face of returns received this morning, the Democratic ticket in Nebraska has a slight lead, but the varied elements entering into the vote leaves the state in doubt, both on the national and state tickets. Mr. Bryan has been the recipient of a heavily increased vote, but its extent will not be known until further returns have been received. Shallenberger, Democratic candidate for governor, will follow the national ticket closely.

The returns received thus far have been from cities and towns, which were expected to show a large gain for Bryan and Shallenberger, and the final issue will depend upon the farmer vote, which is in doubt.

Bryan Silent on Election.

Fairview, Lincoln, Nov. 4.—William J. Bryan received at his home, Fairview, the returns which early told him that for the third time he had been defeated in the greatest ambition of his life. Confident of victory to the very last, he was not prepared to believe that his cause was lost until the pluralities of his Republican opponent piled up in such proportions as to leave no room for doubt. After nearly three hours spent in his library, Mr. Bryan came upstairs and talked to the newspaper men and others who had assembled in the "work room." He read some further returns, but they told the same story of defeat, and he announced that he would not have any statement to give out at the present time.

Minnesota Governorship in Doubt.

St. Paul, Nov. 4.—The governorship in Minnesota hangs in the balance, the results being so close, with not sufficient returns to indicate what it will be, that both Chairman Day of the Democratic state committee and Chairman Brown of the Republican state committee claim the state by small majorities. The vote is so close that in all probability the governorship will not be determined until the returns are all in. But using such returns as were definite, it was evident at 11 o'clock that Jacobson had nearly, if not quite, overcome the 73,000 Johnson plurality of two years ago.

Minneapolis, Nov. 4.—Governor John A. Johnson's effort in behalf of the Democratic national ticket have not succeeded in giving the electoral vote of the state to Mr. Bryan, but have availed in re-electing him by a small majority.

Close in Maryland.

Baltimore, Nov. 4.—Belated returns from the counties show continued gains for Bryan, and Republicans now admit that Taft will carry the state by only about 800, basing this on advice received here. The Republicans have lost very heavily in both the Fifth and Sixth districts. Congressman Mudd's plurality of 3,393 of two years ago is reduced to about 300 and Congressman Peatre, who two years ago carried his district by 4,904, will this time have only about 400 votes to spare, according to returns thus far received. The count is far from complete and while Republicans do not expect further changes against them, they are not impossible.

Congress Still Republican.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—It is now certain that the Republicans will have control of the next national house of representatives. The returns from 255 congressional districts give Republicans, 196; Democrats, 159; missing, 36. Necessary majority for control, 196.

A REAPER RACE.

The Feat That Made William N. Whiteley Famous.

In the early days of the exploitation of various reaping machines a field demonstration, usually competitive, was a necessary occurrence. H. N. Casson in "The Romance of the Reaper" tells the following story of William N. Whiteley, "the Charlemagne of the harvest field."

He was as tall as a sapling and as strong as a tree. As a professor in the great school of agriculture he has never been surpassed. He could outtalk, outwork and generally outwit the men who were sent against him. He was a whole exhibition in himself.

"I've seen Bill Whiteley reaping his horses through the grain and leaning over with his long arms to pick the mice's nests from just in front of the knife," said an old Ohio settler.

The feat that first made Whiteley famous was performed at Jamestown, O., in 1867. His competitor was doing as good work as he was, whereupon he sprang from his seat, unhitched one horse and finished his course with a single surprised steed pulling the heavy machine.

His competitor followed suit and succeeded fully as well. This enraged Whiteley, who at that time was as powerful as a young Hercules.

"I can pull that reaper myself!" he shouted, turning his second horse loose and yoking his big shoulders into the harness.

Such a thing had never been done before and has never been done since, but it is true that in the passion of the moment Whiteley was filled with such strength that he ran the reaper from one side of the field to the other, cutting a full swath, a deed that had been done in ancient Greece, would have placed him among the immortals.

That ten minutes in a horse collar made \$2,000,000 for Whiteley. His antagonist, Benjamin H. Warder, was filled with admiration for Whiteley's prowess and at once proposed that they should quit fighting and work in harmony.

"Give me the right to make your reaper, and I'll pay you \$5 apiece for all I can sell," said Warder.

"It's a bargain," responded Whiteley. And so there arose the first consolidation in the harvester business.

TUMULT IN THE SEA.

Terrific Force of a Marine Upheaval Off Cape Horn.

A sailing ship rounding Cape Horn was caught in a dead calm, something almost unprecedented in that stormy latitude. The sky was dimmed with a light haze, and the sea was flat and lead colored. About 10 o'clock on the morning of the second day the ship began to shake violently, the masts whipped and bent like fish poles, and everything movable above and below came down with a clatter. It was like striking a rock, only the shock was less pronounced at first, but increased in violence during the thirty seconds it lasted. The sea heaved in oily swells with a strange, hoarse murmur, and it continued to be agitated after the tremors ceased.

Half an hour later fish by the thousands began to rise to the surface until it was covered with them. Forty-seven whales were counted, many cowfish fully eight feet across, sharks without number and seals by the hundreds. They were evidently stunned with the force of some terrific marine upheaval, and when struck with a pole by one of the sailors showed only faint signs of life. In twenty minutes after the first fish arose to the surface they began to drop out of sight like pieces of lead. Whether they were stunned and, on recovering, immediately dived beneath the waves in a panic, seeking safety in the depths, or whether they died from the shock and, instead of floating as dead fish do, were drawn under by some submarine whirlpool, were scientific questions too deep for the skipper, but half a dozen of the smaller fish hauled aboard by the cook for dinner were quite dead when examined. The calm continued twenty-four hours longer before the ocean resumed its usual aspect and a wind from the southeast permitted the ship to continue its course. —New York Sun.

Behind the Times.

Four artillerymen were looking around the picture gallery in the Metropolitan museum the other day, but they did not seem particularly interested. When they got to Meissonier's "Friedland—1807" two of them, one a sergeant, paused for a second look. The sergeant went close to the canvas and gazed intently at the Old Guard in the background.

"Those guys are carrying old-fashioned Springfield rifles," was the only comment he made. —New York Sun.

The Boiler's Reasons.

Mother—Don't tease me, Johnnie. Can't you see I'm in a lot of trouble? The boiler has sprung a leak. Johnnie—What makes it leak? Mother—Because it's my day at home, your father has asked two men to dinner, the cook has left, and the butcher hasn't come with the meat. Now run and play.—Brooklyn Life.

A Big Difference.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—See how nicely that team of horses go along. Why can't man and wife trot along pleasantly together like that? Mr. Crimsonbeak—Well, you see, there is only one tongue between those two horses. —Yonkers Statesman.

Fundamentally there is no such thing as private action. All actions are public in themselves or in their consequences. —Bovee.

Phelan Opera House Monday, Nov. 9

The Sweetest Story Ever Told
FRED RAYMOND'S
FAMOUS DRAMATIC COMEDY

The Missouri Girl

GRAND IN ITS SIMPLICITY!
GREAT IN ITS INTENSITY!
GORGEOUS IN ITS ENTIRETY!

Yours truly
"ZEKE"
and
"DAISY"

A masterful combination of sparkling wit, heart-feeling pathos and stirring incidents.

PRICES: Reserved Seats 50c and 75c, Gallery 50c, Children 25c
Advance Sale at Holsten's.

Duofold

REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD WEAR
DUOFOLD UNDERWEAR

DUOFOLD being made of two separate fabrics, it is warmer than a single fabric of twice the thickness. The good housewife puts a double blanket on the bed for the same reason.

The outer fabric in Duofold excludes the cold, the inner retains the heat.

DUOFOLD being made from two light fabrics inter-knit, it has warmth without bulk or weight, the inner fabric being made of very fine combed cotton and attached to the outer fabric of wool, keeps the wool from shrinking. The good housekeeper, in washing a piece of lace, sews it to a cotton fabric to keep it from shrinking.

DUOFOLD being made with the inner fabric of very fine cotton, it is soft and can therefore be worn by those who would like to wear wool but think they cannot.

DUOFOLD has twice the absorbing and ventilating qualities of a single fabric.

being made of two separate fabrics with the air space between, bears to the human body the same relation as the double window of the house. Air being a non-conductor of cold, the garment being made of two separate fabrics with the air space between is warmer than a single garment of double the thickness.

DUOFOLD'S inner fabric of cotton with air cells between—the impurities of the body are absorbed by the outer fabric, while in the ordinary single garment the impurities are retained next to the skin.

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Two Piece and Union Suits

NORTON'S

Phelan Opera House 3 Nights Commencing Thursday, November 12

The Talented Actress
RUTH CRAVEN
Supported by a fine company of players

including the finished actor
HARRY L. BECK

in a fine repertoire of plays interspersed with pleasing specialties

Thursday the Opening Night
"BESS OF IDAHO"

A Beautiful Four Act Comedy Drama. A Western Play with the Blood and Thunder Left Out.

PRICES, 25c, 35c, and 50c.

For

TOP SALES, GOOD FILLS and PROMPT REMITTANCES

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107-109 Exchange Building
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Reasons Why . . . BUCKSTAFF BB HARNESS IS THE BEST MADE

We use the old-fashioned genuine Oak Tan California leather. Very best obtainable. Gives long, faithful service. Trimmings perfect. Thread, Irish linen. Workmen, master mechanics. Made in all styles. Ask your dealer—he has them. Stand up for Nebraska.



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