

**Democratic National Ticket**



FOR PRESIDENT  
**WILLIAM J. BRYAN**  
OF NEBRASKA

FOR VICE PRESIDENT  
**JOHN W. KERN**  
OF INDIANA

**STATE TICKET**

Governor . . . . . A. C. Shallenberger  
Lieutenant-Governor . . . . . E. O. Garrett  
Secretary of State . . . . . John Mattes, Jr.  
Auditor . . . . . Edwin H. Luikart  
Treasurer . . . . . Clarence Mackey  
Superintendent of Public Instruction . . . . . N. C. Abbott  
Attorney-General . . . . . H. B. Fleharty  
Commissioner Public Lands and Building . . . . . W. B. Eastham  
Railway Commissioner . . . . . Wm. H. Cowgill

Congressman Sixth District . . . . . W. H. Westover  
State Senator, Fourteenth District . . . . . George M. Adams  
Representative, 53d District . . . . . Fred W. Johansen

**COUNTY TICKET**

For County Attorney, Eugene Burton  
For Commissioner, Second Dist., J. P. Jensen

**ANNOUNCEMENTS**

**For County Commissioner, Second District.**

I desire to announce to the people of Box Butte county that I am the regular nominee of the second district for commissioner on the Democratic-Independent ticket and will appreciate sincerely any support the voters see fit to give me at the polls. J. P. JENSEN.

**For County Attorney.**

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of county attorney of Box Butte county, Nebraska, on the democratic-independent ticket, and I solicit the support of the voters of Box Butte county. EUGENE BURTON.

The straw vote will soon be buried by the real thing.

Just watch Box Butte county startle the natives next Tuesday. The Bryan vote will be a surprise party to many.

Taft and his supporters are insisting that if Bryan should be elected a hostile senate would defeat democratic aims. This is an admission that they are false in their claim that the people rule, as Bryan says they should. Paste that in your hat.

In a speech in the West, Mr. Taft told the people that if Mr. Bryan succeeded he would put trust-controlled articles on the free list, but that the republicans would not do anything of the sort, but "the republican plan of regulation is the proper remedy." The "republican plan of regulation" has been in operation 12 years, with the result that under McKinley 127 new trusts were organized and under Roosevelt 107 new ones began business. If "the republican plan of regulation" is proper, why do trusts multiply and why do they continue to practice extortion?

Mr. Taft says he is in favor of postal savings banks—so does the Republican platform. The republican party has been in power 12 years. Why hasn't it established postal savings banks? Mr. Taft opposes guaranteeing bank deposits. The republicans in Kansas, Nebraska, Wisconsin and other states advocate guaranteeing deposits, but the big bankers oppose this protection. What the big bankers say goes with the republicans. Why do they wish postal savings banks? Because they know the money deposited in postal savings banks would go into the big banks and strengthen their control of the finances of the country.

**Trusts Dictate Platform**

The republican national platform, which was framed at the dictation of big trust interests, has driven thousands and thousands of republicans to the support of the democratic national ticket. In every state in the west there are Bryan clubs composed of republicans who were forced to leave the G.O.P. because of its allegiance to and connection with the trusts. A striking instance of this revolt is afforded by students attending the University of Minnesota who have organized a "Bryan Republican Club." Within a period of three days a membership of 300 republicans, who will support Bryan, has been enrolled and the list is still growing.

While declaring allegiance to their party these republicans declare that the election of Bryan is above that of partisan politics. The "Bryan Republican Club of Minnesota" has set forth its purpose in the following circular, which has received general distribution throughout the state.

1. We, the undersigned students of the University of Minnesota, declare our allegiance to the republican party, and pledge our devotion to progressive republican principles.

2. We believe the Chicago convention adopted a platform which does not embody those principles, and nominated candidates whose views do not reflect that will of the people.

3. We hold that it is the right and duty of the people to rebuke party leaders when they allow political organizations to be influenced by considerations of private interest.

4. In the interest of this right and duty, we express our intention to vote for candidates who are pledged to further progressive principles, without regard to the party to which those candidates belong, and to exert all our influence to secure the election of William Jennings Bryan as president of the United States.

5. To make our efforts in this direction the more effective we hereby associate ourselves as the "Bryan Republican Club of Minnesota."

**For County Commissioner**

Favorable words are heard from all parts of the county in regard to J. P. Jensen's record as county commissioner and evidently it is the intention of the tax payers to elect him for the second term. No mistake will be made in so doing.

**Labor Sends 7000 Letters**

To date, 7000 letters have been received and in casting up the sentiment which prevails, in the localities from which these communications originated, it is discovered that the first three mentioned states become the center of activity. Viewing the situation from the standpoint as focalized in New York, Ohio and Indiana, indications of an almost positive character show that the votes of the organized workmen to the extent of between 80 and 85 per cent will be cast for Mr. Bryan.

The trend of sentiment in the ranks of labor has been strongly marked by its rapid advance during the last week, so much so, that I have understated the per cent which I believe to be the actual fact.

"From every point of view, taking into consideration, personal correspondence, demands for labor literature, reports from men in the field, who are working in our interests, and from all the contributory sources intimately co-operative with the movement instituted by labor, no other conclusion can be drawn than that so far as the men of labor are concerned, Mr. Bryan will receive a greater support than any presidential candidate in the history of this country has ever received before from that source. Indeed, the outlook is extremely rosy.

**To which Class Do You Belong?**

The republican contributions have not been made public, but it is generally known that Andrew Carnegie, who was at the head of the steel trust, and yet owns considerable stock in the concern, contributed something like \$20,000 to the Taft campaign fund. J. J. Hill, the railroad magnate, too, contributed most liberally to assist in selecting the man whose opposition to labor and especially labor unions has made him detested by all fair-minded people. Other corporations and trust magnates have given their thousands that Taft may be elected to protect their interests and ill-gotten gains. On the other hand is the daily contributions of those of moderate means and their means and amounts published that everyone may read. To which class do you belong, voter?

There has been little of the spectacular in this campaign—unless the tremendous ovations tendered Bryan everywhere may be called spectacular. The people are not making much noise, which may be taken as an indication that they are "keeping up a de'il o' thinkin'."

The republican state platform of North Dakota declares in favor of guaranteed bank deposits, the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, the speedy revision of the tariff and abolition of all duties on those articles whose production or distribution are controlled and manipulated by the trusts.

Any of our republican friends who doubt this statement are invited to call at this office and we will show them the platform which is published in a leading republican newspaper of North Dakota.

A feeling of absolute confidence in the election of Bryan prevades in the breasts of men who have been intimately connected with the management of his campaign. This confidence is born of the thorough unification of the democratic party, the dissensions in the republican party, the magnificent campaign of Bryan, the "me too" echo of a campaign made by Taft, the rallying of the workmen to Bryan, the popular demand for a revision downward of the tariff, the explosion of the old theory of panics coming only under democratic rule—and a thousand and one other things the presage the triumph of the principles espoused by Bryan. Personal letters and public statements from leading democrats who are in a position to know every phase of the situation all go to show that Bryan's election is assured.

But there is something doing the last week of the campaign. One railroad is threatening to reduce wages if Bryan is elected. Manufacturers who employ the profits of an iniquitous tariff threaten to close their factories if Taft is defeated. "Calamity wails" loud and long descend from the lips of tariff barons, political bankers and trust beneficiaries who see the signs of Bryan's triumph. Everything that will coerce, browbeat and club workmen into voting for Taft is being brought into use. Millions have been poured into the republican slush fund during the last ten days. Every cabinet officer is on the stump in an effort to stem the Bryan tide. Roosevelt is working like a ward politician, and working hand in glove with the interests that he has claimed along to be fighting to a finish. But despite all the tide is still running Bryanward, and a victory for the people is in sight.

In the closing days of last year President Roosevelt hailed Morgan, Schwab, Perkins and their coterie as "public benefactors" and "saviors of the national credit" because they came forward and put up \$35,000,000 in cash to help tide over the "Roosevelt panic." It now develops that in so doing Morgan, Schwab, Perkins, et al only made a little profit of about 1500 per cent on their benefaction. Before putting up the money they made it a condition that they should have in return a controlling interest in the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co., the steel trust's only competitor. President Roosevelt admits that he agreed to prevent the consolidators from being prosecuted under the anti-trust law. Now it transpires that for this \$35,000,000 the steel trust gang secured possession of a property worth upwards of \$750,000,000 and at the same time wiped out the steel trust's only competitor. Of course the whole gang is for Taft and is contributing liberally to the g. o. p. campaign fund.

In many respects this has been the most unique campaign in the history of American politics. On the one hand is a candidate who was not the choice of the rank and file of his party, but a selection foisted upon them by a president who seeks to enforce the law of entail and, impressed federal office holders to help enforce his will. On the other hand is a candidate who was unanimously nominated by the rank and file of his party; a man who had nothing to offer save his own record, his ability, his honesty, his sincerity, his patriotism and his love for popular rights. On the one hand a candidate backed by the trusts and syndicates and supported by a president who has loudly boasted of his opposition to those same trusts and syndicates. On the other hand a candidate who has fought special privilege, who offers an adequate remedy for present injustice. On the one hand is a man who says an appeal for the right of trial by jury is "the most insidious attack ever made upon the integrity of the courts." On the other hand a man who says an honest workman should not be denied a right guaranteed the most confirmed criminal.

**WE ASK YOU**

To examine our statement of condition. The First National Bank, CHARTER NO. 426, At Alliance in the State of Nebraska, at the close of business, September 23, 1908.

**RESOURCES.**

Loans and Discounts	\$367,530.58
Overdrafts	784.83
U. S. and other Bonds	105,800.00
Banking House and Fix'ts	11,000.00
Cash and Exchange	129,442.58
	\$614,557.99

**LIABILITIES.**

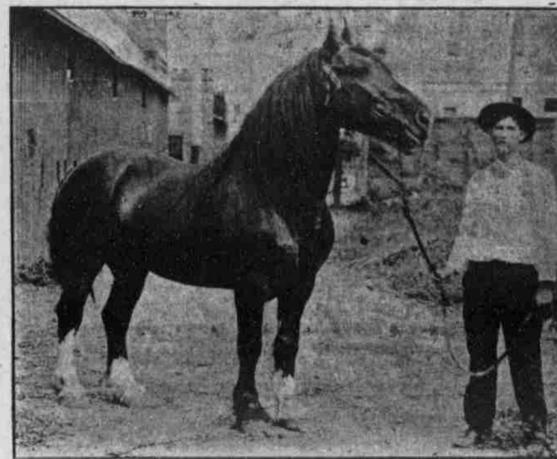
Capital	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus	40,000.00
Net Profits	1,525.62
Circulation	50,000.00
Deposits	473,032.37
	\$614,557.99

I hereby certify that the above statement is correct. S. K. WARRICK, Cashier.

**The First National Bank OF ALLIANCE.**

U. S. Government, State, County and City Depository  
Protect your valuable papers by renting one of our safety deposit boxes. These boxes cost \$1.00 to \$1.50 per year. They are protected by our fire-proof vault and our electrical burglar alarm.

**PUBLIC Stallion Sale**



The undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at Smith's livery barn in Alliance, Nebraska Thursday, November 19 AT 2 P. M.

One of the best stallions ever brought to western Nebraska. He was shipped here with the intention of selling to a stock company but after climating a year we have decided to give everybody a show at public auction

**MAJOR**

Registration No. 5377

This horse is one of the world's famous Shire breeders, bred by Bilbo & Wilson, of Creston, Iowa, sired by Glinton No. 1016-5890 and his dam is Creston Daisy, No. 4480, both imported animals. Major has passed the examination of the Iowa Department of Agriculture. He also received first premium at the 1907 Southwestern Iowa Fair Association.

Major is a handsome dark bay, six years old, and weighs 1700 lbs. We guarantee him sound in every respect and a sure breeder. Can be seen at Smith's barn in Alliance one week before sale

Come and look at a good horse for once, whether you want to buy or not.

Terms: Nine months' time, 10 per cent.; 5 per cent. off for cash.

C. L. DRAKE, Auctioneer.  
**MARTINDALE & SON**

First-class Views and Commercial Work	Alliance Art Studio M. E. GREBE, Prop. Artistic Portraits a Specialty ALLIANCE, NEBR.	Enlarged Portraits In Every Style
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