

PICK BRYAN AND KERN

That's the Ticket Chosen by Democracy at Denver.

Democratic National Convention Ends Its Work at Denver by Naming Vice Presidential Candidate—Platform of the Party.

The Democratic national convention concluded its labors at Denver Friday by the nomination of John Worth Kern of Indiana for vice president, completing the ticket on which William Jennings Bryan was made the nominee for president during the early hours of Friday morning.

The convention began its closing session with a powerful undercurrent already in motion toward the nomination of Kern for second place. On the call of states, Indiana presented



WILLIAM J. BRYAN

The name of Kern, Colorado, through ex-Governor Thomas, placed in nomination Charles A. Towne of New York; Connecticut presented Archibald McNeill, and Georgia, Clark Howell. The names of Judge George Gray of Delaware and of John Mitchell of Illinois were not presented, owing to the positive requests of these gentlemen not to have their names go before the convention. For a time it looked as though a ballot would be required, but the steady line of states joining in Kern's nomination soon made it apparent that the chances of all others had been extinguished. Mr. Towne was the first candidate to recognize the decisive character of the Kern vote and, in a ringing speech, withdrew his name from consideration and pledged his support to the ticket of Bryan and Kern. Withdrawals quickly followed from the supporters of Howell of Georgia and McNeill of Connecticut, leaving the Indiana candidate alone in the field. The withdrawal of the Connecticut candidate was accompanied by a motion that the nomination of Kern be made by acclamation. The motion was carried with a deafening shout and the great



JOHN W. KERN

assemblage broke into clamorous demonstration on the accomplishment of its work and the completion of the Democratic national ticket. The convention then adjourned without date.

Bryan Wins on First Ballot.

William Jennings Bryan was nominated for president of the United States by the Democratic national convention at 3:40 o'clock Friday morning amid scenes of tumultuous enthusiasm, the vast assemblage breaking in mass into a frenzied demonstration of intensely dramatic tribute to the Democratic leader.

The first and only ballot gave Bryan the commanding and decisive total of 892½ votes, or 221 more than enough to nominate, with Gray, 59½, Johnson 46.

The announcement was greeted with a perfect pandemonium of sound and motion, floor and galleries joining in deafening, long continued tumult.

The decisive ballot was followed with motions from the Gray and Johnson leaders to make the nomination unanimous and by acclamation, which was carried with an echoing chorus of approval in which every state joined its voice, with but one dissenting vote from the state of Georgia.

The speech placing William J. Bryan in nomination awakened a whirl-

wind of demonstration, rivaling in intensity and duration the record breaking tribute of Wednesday. The names of George Gray of Delaware and Governor Johnson of Minnesota were also placed in nomination, with demonstrations of approval from their limited followings.

The speech placing William J. Bryan in nomination was made by Ignatius J. Dunn of Nebraska, a youthful orator of fire and eloquence, whose closing phrase stirred the vast assembly into wild demonstration.

"I nominate," he exclaimed, "as the standard bearer of our party the man who, in the thrilling days of '96 and 1900, bore the battle-scarred banner of Democracy with fame as untarnished as the crusaders of old—America's great commoner, Nebraska's gifted son, William Jennings Bryan." Immediately perfect pandemonium of sound and motion was unloosed, as delegates and spectators rose en masse and joined in the reverberating chorus of tribute to the Nebraska candidate. The standards of the states were wrenched from their places and borne through the hall to the platform, while banners bearing the portrait of the Nebraskan were waved aloft, and the multitude joined in long continued tribute. At times the intensity of the demonstration threatened a panic. One woman was borne out fainting.

Summary of Platform.

Preamble—Reaffirms loyalty to party principles and rejoices at the laying bare of graft and unscrupulous business methods.

Officeholders—Denounces increase in the number of officeholders as needless and wasteful.

Economy in Administration—Denounces needless waste of the public funds by the Republican administration and demands that a stop be made to frightful extravagance and insists on the strictest economy in all departments of the public work.

Arbitrary Power of Speaker—Demands that congress shall become again a deliberative body under such rules that will enable a majority of the legislators to direct their own deliberations.

Publicity of Campaign Contributions—Demands punishment in the future of any officer of a corporation who shall contribute or countenance the contribution of money to election of president or vice president or member of congress; denounces Republican party for refusing to pass legislation for publicity of campaign funds.

Rights of States—Asserts opposition to centralization; asserts that the federal remedies for the regulation of interstate commerce and for the prevention of private monopoly shall be added to, not substituted for state remedies.

Tariff—Calls attention to the dereliction of the Republican party in revising the tariff; asserts that that party cannot be safely trusted to revise; declares in favor of immediate revision as against the post-election promise of the Republicans; declares that articles entering into competition with the trust made articles of this country shall be admitted free; would graduate all reductions so that the tariff may be restored to a revenue basis; declares for repeal of tariff on wood pulp, print paper, lumber, timber and logs, and that these articles be put on the free list.

Trusts—Favors a strict enforcement of the criminal law against guilty trust magnates; demands enactment of sufficient legislation to make it impossible for monopolies to exist; specifies three remedies—a law preventing duplication of directors, a license system and a law compelling sale on same conditions to all classes of purchasers.

Railroad Regulation—Asserts right of congress to assume control over the roads; demands enlargement of interstate commerce commission powers so as to compel the roads to perform their duties as common carriers; favors interstate supervision and regulation; favors legislation which will prohibit roads from engaging in competitive business with their shippers; favors reduction of rates in such a manner that wages will not be interfered with or do injustice to legitimate investment; approves anti-pass laws and anti-rebates; favors enlargement of interstate commerce commission powers so that inspection of tariffs and schedules will be permitted.

Banking—Believes an emergency currency should be issued when needed by commercial conditions; pledges legislation for a national bank guarantee fund; favors postal savings banks, and state guarantee of deposits.

Labor and Injunction—Declares that if judicial processes are abused the country should guard against that abuse; declares the necessity of modifying the present injunction laws and reiterates pledges of 1896 and 1904 relating to contempt in federal courts and providing for trial by jury in regard to indirect contempt; declares that injunctions should not be issued in cases where injunctions would not arise if there were no industrial disputes concerned; should be no abridgement of the right of labor to organize; favors eight-hour day.

Navy—Declares for navy sufficient to defend coast.

Pensions—Favors liberal policy.

Civil Service—Favors rigid enforcement of civil service law.

Grazing lands—Establishes rules for free grazing on public lands.

Asiatic Immigration—Favors protection for foreign residents, but opposes immigration of Asiatics who will raise a race issue.

Conclusion—Invites co-operation of all who desire to preserve a government of the people, by the people and for the people, so that each citizen shall draw a reward commensurate with his contribution to the welfare of society.

JAPAN'S IRE AROUSED

Exclusion Plank Irritates the Mikado's Subjects.

Many Believe Declaration of Democrats Was Incorporated in Denver Platform for Purpose of Satisfying the Labor Element.

Action of the Democratic convention at Denver in including in its platform a plank favoring the exclusion from the United States of Asiatic laborers, is taken at Tokyo to be directed against the Japanese, and is causing considerable surprise and displeasure. In some quarters indignation is expressed and the declaration is made that such a clause is an infringement on the treaty rights of Japan and opposed to the principle of humanity that should govern the relations of nations. It is generally believed, however, by those familiar with political conditions in America that the majority of Democrats are not anti-Japanese in sentiment and that the exclusion clause was incorporated in the platform for the purpose of satisfying the labor element.

FLEET NEARING HONOLULU

Wireless Communication Established With American Battleships.

The Atlantic fleet, under command of Rear Admiral Sperry, is nearing Honolulu and wireless communication was established with the Connecticut. The weather was reported fine and the ships were steaming in line of squadron formation at a speed of ten knots. The battleship Nebraska, which was detained in quarantine at San Francisco, owing to an outbreak of scarlet fever among the crew and which left two days after the other fifteen ships, is fast closing up the gap that separated them and will arrive there close on the heels of the main fleet. The Honolulu wireless station plainly heard wireless messages transmitted by Admiral Sperry to the Nebraska, to be relayed by the latter to San Francisco.

The arrival of the fleet is awaited at Honolulu with great interest by all classes. Great preparations have been made for its reception and during its week's stay in port officers and men will find entertainment provided for them that will take up all the time they can spare from their routine duties aboard ship. Every sort of craft has been spoken for to carry off excursions to greet the fleet.

OBALDIA ELECTED PRESIDENT

Elections in Isthmus of Panama Pass Off Without Disturbance.

Elections throughout the isthmus of Panama passed off without disturbance. Senator Obaldia, formerly minister to the United States and acting president during the absence of Dr. Anador, was elected president. The supporters of Ricardo Arias, who recently withdrew his candidacy, decided not to vote and, as a consequence, no opponent to Obaldia was placed in nomination. Notwithstanding this, a large number of voters registered their choice and demonstrated the overwhelming majority of Obaldia's supporters. From all parts of the republic news has been received that the elections were carried on in an orderly manner and that Obaldia received all the votes cast. At the conclusion of the voting enthusiastic crowds, headed by a band, paraded the streets of Panama, cheering for the newly elected president. There appeared to be an absolute absence of ill feeling between the former supporters of Arias and the adherents of Obaldia. Never before has such a friendly spirit been shown so quickly after an election.

LIFE TERM FOR MRS. STEWART

Accomplice of Kansas Man Who Killed Wife and Children Convicted.

Mrs. Mollie Stewart was found guilty by a jury at Ottawa, Kan., of the murder of Mrs. Jane Schneck and her punishment was fixed at life imprisonment in the penitentiary.

The conviction of Mrs. Stewart follows that of Frank Schneck, husband of the murdered woman, and marks the end of the prosecution for one of the most brutal murders ever committed in Kansas, the killing of Mrs. Schneck and her little son and daughter on the night of Feb. 3, 1907, in their home near Centropolis. The state proved that Frank Schneck and Mrs. Stewart, who was married and the mother of a family, drove from Ottawa to Centropolis and that Schneck there cut the throats of his wife and his two small children as they lay asleep. Schneck was infatuated with Mrs. Stewart.

Dun's Review of Trade.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Further small net gains are recorded in commercial progress, favorable reports predominating, although the tendency is by no means definite. In many lines of trade the dullness of midsummer is unusually intense, but each week brings increased manufacturing activity and instances are noted of orders for fall goods placed too late for delivery at specified dates.

Pharmacy Board Beaten by Mob.

Frank Eggleston and C. B. Gunnell of Evanston, members of the Wyoming state board of pharmacy, were set upon by a mob at Buffalo and badly beaten up because they had two druggists of that place arrested on the charge of selling morphine without a physician's prescription.

ELKS CONVENTION OPENS

Streets of Dallas Lined With Marching Clubs and Bands.

The annual convention of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks began formally at Dallas, Tex., Monday. Throughout the day the streets were literally lined with marching clubs and brass bands, those attracting the greatest attention being Los Angeles, Detroit and Austin, Tex. Beaumont was also prominent.

Nearly a thousand persons sat down to a typical southern dinner in the Machinery hall at the fair grounds, given to members of the grand lodge and members of their families.

Some two score of old "nigger mamies," with bandanna turbans on their heads, the sleeves of their freshly starched print dresses rolled high above their brown elbows, did service as waitresses.

In the fair grounds' auditorium the first formal function was held. A band of thirty-five pieces and the "convention chorus" of 125 voices rendered the overture from Wagner's Tannhauser and "America" and other selections.

Detroit and Los Angeles are apparently the only two candidates for the 1909 convention. It was but a few hours after daybreak that the steam siren of the Los Angeles delegation, placed on the roof of the Southland hotel, began to tell the gathered thousands that Los Angeles sought the next convention. In almost every place where a banner could be stuck up there appears a big sign "Life is worth living in Detroit" and, in addition, each representative of that city is telling of its advantages.

TAFT BUSY UPON HIS SPEECH

Plans to Make Explicit Statement on Injunctions.

Beginning the work at Hot Springs, Va., of writing his speech of acceptance of the presidential nomination, to be delivered in Cincinnati on July 28, W. H. Taft made a careful study and comparison of the Democratic and Republican platforms adopted by the recent conventions. He has at his command copies of speeches of acceptance of candidates of both parties of recent years and within a day or two he will receive copies of the platforms of both parties for many years.

Mr. Taft is handling this task as a judge on the bench would hear a case. Of all the planks in the platform, that relating to injunctions is probably the one that will receive the most attention. So much has been said on this subject, criticism from Democratic sources having been made on his record on the bench in respect to the process of the injunction and the two parties having adopted planks on that subject which are liable to play an important part in the campaign, that Mr. Taft will declare his position on this important question in forceful and unmistakable terms. Senator Warner's notification speech will be so brief that it will not require over ten minutes in its delivery. The speech of acceptance also will be short. The letter of acceptance will treat public questions at greater length and will not be forthcoming for several weeks after the ceremony of notifying the candidate has taken place.

President Congratulates Riflemen.

The victory of the American riflemen in England gives much satisfaction to army men. Lieutenant Albert S. Jones, secretary of the National Rifle association of America, has received the following telegram from President Roosevelt: "Accept my hearty congratulations and extend them to the team which has done so well."

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Features of the Day's Trading and Closing Quotations.

Chicago, July 13.—Scorching weather in the northwest caused an advance of more than 2 cents in the price of wheat on the local exchange today. At the close September showed a net gain of 1½¢@1½¢. Corn was off ¼¢. Oats were up 1½¢ and provisions unchanged to 2½¢ higher. Closing prices:

Wheat—July, 91¼¢; Sept., 91½¢@91¾¢.

Corn—July, 74¼¢; Sept., 74½¢.

Oats—July, 50¼¢; Sept., 43¼¢.

Pork—July, \$16.55; Sept., \$16.72½.

Lard—July, \$9.57½; Sept., \$9.65.

Ribs—July, \$9.02½; Sept., \$9.15.

Chicago Cash Prices—No. 2 hard 91½¢@96¢; No. 4 corn, 71¢@73¢; No. 3 white oats, 54¢@58¢.

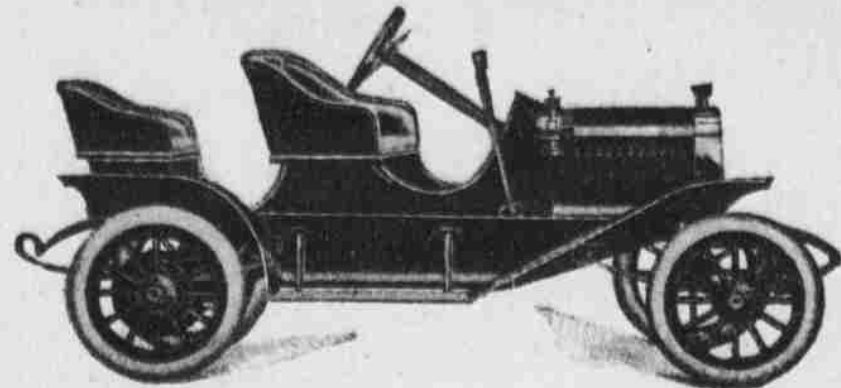
South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, July 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,200; 19@20¢ lower; native steers, \$4.25@7.50; cows and heifers, \$2.75@4.75; western steers, \$3.50@5.75; Texas steers, \$3.90@4.85; canners, \$2.90@3.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@4.75; calves, \$2.75@5.75; bulls, stags, etc., \$2.50@4.75. Hogs—Receipts, 2,700; 5@10¢ higher; heavy, \$6.50@6.60; mixed, \$6.47½@6.50; light, \$6.45@6.50; pigs, \$5.50@6.25; bulk of sales, \$6.47½@6.50. Sheep—Receipts, 4,800; 10¢ higher; yearlings, \$4.00@4.60; wethers, \$3.50@4.00; ewes, \$3.00@3.75; lambs, \$6.00@7.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, July 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; 19@25¢ lower; steers, \$6.50@8.25; cows, \$3.50@5.75; heifers, \$3.50@6.90; bulls, \$3.00@5.25; calves, \$5.40@6.60; stockers and feeders, \$3.75@4.80. Hogs—Receipts, 33,000; strong; choice heavy shipping, \$8.45@8.05; butchers, \$6.90@7.05; light mixed, \$6.70@6.80; choice light, \$6.80@6.90; packing, \$5.70@6.90; pigs, \$4.50@6.25. Sheep—Receipts, 18,000; strong; sheep, \$4.00@4.50; lambs, \$5.00@7.00; yearlings, \$4.30@5.75.

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