

SECOND PLACE A PUZZLER

NO SOLUTION OF VICE PRESIDENTIAL PROBLEM.

CUMMINS BROUGHT INTO RACE

Dolliver Still Center of the Complication—Nebraska Delegation Decides to Present Sheldon's Name to Convention.

Chicago, June 16.—The vice presidential situation has continued to maintain its puzzling position. Senator Dolliver is still the center of the complication and it is generally admitted that there will be no solution until he is either nominated or entirely eliminated from the equation. In the early hours of the morning it looked as if the senator was out of the race, but when, soon afterward, the note came from Washington that there had been a declaration from the White House that the candidate for the second place must come from Iowa the boom was given a renewal of life and the senator's friends were willing to say that his nomination was as



CONGRESSMAN SHERMAN OF NEW YORK.

sure. The Washington news was apparently without effect on the Iowa friends of Senator Dolliver, who do not want him to accept a place on the ticket and they refused to attach much significance to the Washington announcement. The Dolliver boomers gave just as little heed to a letter of their favorite, in which he asked the delegation to withdraw his name if presented.

All told, therefore, the developments in the Dolliver candidacy were not satisfactory and it is generally conceded that Senator Long, who is still the champion of the Iowa senator, had spoken correctly when he expressed the opinion that time would be necessary to solve the Dolliver problem.

The announcement that the president would ask that Governor Cummins be nominated if Senator Dolliver should not be, aroused interest, but the members of the Allison-Dolliver faction would not for a moment consider this contingency. If Senator Dolliver should be eliminated, the contest, as now presented, would lie between Vice President Fairbanks and Representative Sherman of New York, and both received much encouragement during the day. It was stated on behalf of Mr. Fairbanks that if nominated he would not accept.

Latest Phase of Iowa Situation.

The latest phase of the Iowa situation is that there is danger that some Governor Cummins' following may show only a lukewarm interest in their state campaign in the election of B. F. Carroll for governor and other Republican candidates for state offices if opponents of Cummins continue to bar the way to Senator Dolliver's nomination for vice president. The ticket, headed by Carroll, was named at state primaries, at which Senator Allison defeated Governor Cummins for a seat in the senate, and the state ticket is not regarded as friendly to Cummins. While Governor Cummins and his friends would be expected to support the choice of the Republicans of the state as expressed at the primaries, it is thought there might be serious defection in the Republican ranks if such a direct slap at Cummins as that proposed by the Iowa delegation is given. In fact, members of the Iowa delegation received from Iowa some suggestions which were construed as thinly veiled hints that trouble may be expected unless there is a change of program on the part of the delegation. A representative of Mr. Carroll, who expects to be nominated for governor to succeed Cummins, telephoned to former Representative George D. Perkins, who heads the Iowa delegation at large, and urged him to abandon opposition to Senator Dolliver's nomination and recommending that Iowa place the senator in nomination if there appeared to be a general demand that his name go on the national ticket.

Nebraska Is for Sheldon.

The Nebraska caucus adopted a resolution endorsing the candidacy of Governor George L. Sheldon for vice president, and unless there is a combination in the selection of the candidate, his name will be presented to the convention by Senator Norris Brown. The decision to place Sheldon in the running was reached after a couple of hours of discussion. Senator Burkett proposed Sheldon's name and spoke at length upon his qualifications and reasons for his candidacy. Governor Sheldon himself expressed his belief that his name should not be brought forward until it was known that Secre-

tary Tart had settled upon no definite choice. It was finally voted unanimously to put Sheldon in nomination. Victor Rosewater, who was elected national committeeman from Nebraska, said that Nebraska expected outside aid for Sheldon. He believed that Kansas, Iowa, South Dakota and several other western states would vote for Nebraska's candidate.

NEW NATIONAL COMMITTEE

List of Selections Made at the State Caucuses.

Chicago, June 16.—The new national Republican committee was nearly made up at the state caucuses. Following are the members chosen: Alabama, P. D. Barker, Mobile; Arkansas, Powell Clayton, Eureka Springs; California, George A. Knight, San Francisco; Colorado, Charles Cavender; Connecticut, Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia; Delaware, T. Coleman Dupont; Florida, James N. Coombs, Apalachicola; Idaho, William E. Borah; Illinois, Frank O. Lowden, Chicago; Indiana, Harry S. New, Indianapolis; Iowa, Ernest F. Hart, Council Bluffs; Kansas, David W. Mulvane, Topeka; Louisiana, Pearl Wright, New Orleans; Maine, John F. Hill, Augusta; Maryland, William P. Jackson, Baltimore; Massachusetts, W. Murray Crane, Dalton; Michigan, John W. Blodgett, Grand Rapids; Minnesota, Frank B. Kellogg, St. Paul; Mississippi, L. B. Mosely, Jackson; Montana, Thomas C. Marshall, Nebraska, Victor Rosewater, Omaha; Nevada, P. L. Flanagan, Reno; New Hampshire, Fred W. Estabrook, New Jersey, Franklin Murphy, Newark; New York, William L. Ward, Portchester; North Carolina, Edward C. Duncan, Raleigh; North Dakota, James G. Kennedy; Ohio, A. I. Vorys, Lancaster; Oklahoma, C. N. Cade, Shawnee; Oregon, Ralph E. Williams, Pennsylvania, Boies Penrose, Philadelphia; Rhode Island, Charles R. Brayton, Providence; South Carolina, John G. Capers, Charleston; South Dakota, Thomas Thorsen, Canton; Texas, Cecil A. Lyon, Sherman; Utah, C. E. Loose, Provo; Vermont, James W. Brooks, Montpelier; Virginia, Alvah H. Martin, Norfolk; Washington, Robert L. McCormick Tacoma; West Virginia, N. B. Scott, Wheeling; Wisconsin, Alfred T. Rogers, Madison; Wyoming, George Pexton, Evanston; Alaska, L. P. Shackelford, Juneau; Arizona, W. S. Sturgis, Phoenix; District of Columbia, Sidney Bieber; New Mexico, Solomon Luna, Los Lunas.

TO SPRING ROOSEVELT'S NAME

Delegate Philipps of Pennsylvania Counting on Stamped.

Chicago, June 16.—The promoters of the "Roosevelt boom movement" now claim that they have secured the services of a delegate from a state other than Alabama that will be reached early in the roll call to present the president's name to the convention. Former Representative Thomas W. Philipps of Newcastle, Pa., declared that Mr. Roosevelt's name unquestionably will be sprung in the convention, but he declined to give the delegate's name or the state he represents.

The Roosevelt boomers are counting on a stampede of Taft delegates to the president if they can get the latter's name before the convention in a forceful manner. The opinion was expressed by Mr. Philipps that the boom which he is engineering for Roosevelt is growing.

The West Virginia delegation held its caucus. No discussion was had of the alleged sentiment for Roosevelt, which exists in the delegation, but two members of the delegation who claim they will remain loyal to their instructions for Taft, declare that the Taft men are in the minority and that the defection would be great if a stampede were started.

THAWS WILL NOT BE DIVIDED

Statement Given Out that Evelyn Will Retain Her Place as Wife.

New York, June 16.—Evelyn Thaw and her husband have become reconciled and will not be separated, according to a statement made by Daniel O'Reilly, Evelyn's counsel. He added that "despite the attitude of Mrs. William Thaw and other members of the Thaw family, who have been opposed to Mrs. Evelyn Thaw, she will retain her position as the wife of Harry Thaw." Mr. O'Reilly said Evelyn Thaw will remain in New York so as to be in communication with her husband.

Gentry Asked to Resign.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 16.—Attorney General Hadley notified Assistant Attorney General M. T. Gentry of Columbia, Mo., to resign from office, saying if he failed to do so promptly proceedings would be instituted at once by Hadley to remove Gentry from office. No formal charges were preferred. It is understood that Attorney General Hadley's action is the result of internal dissensions in the department.

Moroccan Troops Rebel.

Washington, June 16.—The American minister at Tangier has reported to the department of state that the garrison at Alcazar, a town fifty miles from Tangier, after having killed the commander, have declared for the pretender. The minister states that the governor is said to have been sent to Fez after a prisoner.

FIVE PLANKS OF PLATFORM

RAILROAD, CURRENCY, TRUSTS, TARIFF AND ANTI-INUNCTION.

LATTER TWO ARE IN DISPUTE

Speaker Cannon Objects to Exemption of Labor Organizations from Operations of Anti-Trust Law—Urges Modification of Document.

Chicago, June 16.—Speaker Cannon remained in Chicago all day, and although keeping away from the noisy centers of convention enthusiasm, he took a most active part in the conferences on the platform. His unexpected advent here for the express purpose of having a voice in the document which may shape future legislation, has led to renewed consideration of some of the details of the planks, notably those on injunction and on trusts. The speaker was closeted with Senator Hopkins, prospective chairman of the platform committee, for over an hour, and then Mr. Hopkins was closeted with Wade Ellis, custodian of the platform, and Senator Long of Kansas and Frank B. Kellogg of Minnesota, the only ones to whom copies have been entrusted. Mr. Cannon's friends believe the injunction



SPEAKER CANNON.

and trust planks will be modified, if not eliminated, but the custodian of the draft has given no evidence of making any notable changes. The feature of the trust plank which is said to have attracted the speaker's solicitude is one in which inferentially it would exempt certain organizations, including labor and farming organizations, from the operations of the law, although such exemptions in a general law have said to be pronounced unconstitutional by the supreme court of Illinois some fifteen years ago.

Text of Railroad Plank.

The exact text of the plank prepared by Wade Ellis and approved by President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft relating to railroads is as follows:

"We approve the enactment of a railroad rate law and a vigorous enforcement of the present administration of the statutes against rebates and discrimination, as a result of which the advantages formerly possessed by the large over the small shipper have substantially disappeared. In this connection we commend the appropriation of \$350,000 by the present congress in order to enable the interstate commerce commission to thoroughly investigate and give publicity to the condition of interstate roads. We believe, however, that the interstate commerce law should be further amended so as to give railroads the right to make and publish traffic agreements, subject to the approval of the commission, but maintaining always the principle of competition between naturally competing lines and avoiding the common control of such lines by any means whatsoever, and we specially favor the enactment of such legislation as will provide for federal restriction against the issue of stocks and bonds by interstate carriers."

Tariff and Anti-Injunction Planks.

More or less serious inaccuracy has characterized the reputed textual publications of the plank relating to the tariff. The exact text of that plank, as well as of the plank concerning anti-injunction legislation, follows:

"The Republican party declares unequivocally for a revision of the tariff by a special session of congress immediately following the inauguration of the next president and commends the steps already taken to this end in the work assigned to the appropriate committees of the two houses, which are now investigating the operation and effect of existing schedules. In all tariff legislation, the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a profit to American industries, and the benefits that follow are best secured by the establishment of maximum and minimum rates, which shall be applied automatically to the trade of other countries in accordance with their treatment of our trade. The minimum should represent the normal measure of protection required for the benefit of our own industries. The aim and purpose of the Republican policy is not only to preserve, without excessive duties, that security against foreign competition to which American manufacturers, farmers and producers are entitled, but also to maintain the high standard of living of the wage earners

of this country, who are the most direct beneficiaries of the protective system. Between the United States and the Philippines we believe in a free interchange of products, with such limitations as to sugar and tobacco as will avoid injury to domestic interests. We declare for such an amendment of the statutes of procedure in the federal courts with respect to the use of the writ of injunction as will prevent the summary issue of such orders without proper consideration and, on the other hand, will preserve undiminished the power of the courts to enforce their process to the end that justice may be done at all times and to all parties."

Trust Plank.

The trust plank is as follows: "The Republican party passed the Sherman anti-trust law over Democratic dereliction. It has been a wholesome instrument for good in the hands of a wise and fearless administration. But experience has shown that its effectiveness can be strengthened and its real objects better attained by such amendments as will give to the federal government greater supervision and control over, and secure greater publicity in the management of that class of interstate corporations having power to effect monopolies and at the same time will not interfere with the existence of association among business men and farmers and wage earners so long as their conduct or operation results in a positive benefit to the public."

The currency plank contains this language: "The Republican party approves the Aldrich-Vreeland currency bill, but only as an emergency measure. We declare for a thorough and new system of currency laws that will be in accord with the need of the times and which will be more adaptable to the demands of business and more elastic in its character as a circulating medium."

HULL-PROUTY CONTEST A TIE

Ultimate Decision Will Have to Be Made in the Courts.

Des Moines, June 16.—The Hull-Prouty congressional contest in the Seventh Iowa district still hangs in the balance, with the prospects that the ultimate decision will have to be made in the courts. As a result of the recount by the board of county supervisors of the ballots cast in the recent primary election, the vote stands at a tie for the two candidates. The returns from all the uncontested precincts of Polk county have been canvassed with no show of change.

A sensation was sprung when the supervisors of Dallas county were restrained from proceeding with the count of the ballots in that county. This action throws the battle into the courts. The injunction was issued at the instance of J. W. Russell, a Hull man, who alleges that the supervisors lacked jurisdiction, and further charged that previous handling of the ballots left doubt in his mind whether all the ballots remained intact.

Iowa Populists Praise Cummins.

Des Moines, June 16.—The Iowa Populists in state convention did an unusual thing—it endorsed the record of a Republican governor, A. B. Cummins. The resolutions adopted include a plank that is strong in praise of Governor Cummins and his fight for 2-cent fare and other reforms in Iowa and it calls on the people of the state to join them in support of him. D. Cowles of Davis City was nominated for governor.

Iowa Student is Drowned.

Iowa City, Ia., June 16.—Byron Pfautz, aged twenty-three, of Lisbon, an engineering student in the University of Iowa, was drowned in the Iowa river when his canoe struck a submerged tree. Miss Elvio Lewis, his companion, clung to the boat and was rescued by Mark Hyland, an Iowa football star, and Sumner Chase, an athlete.

Prominent Woman Burned.

Sioux City, June 16.—Mrs. Lawrence S. Critchell, daughter of Edward M. Tilden of Chicago, former president of the Chicago school board, was perhaps fatally burned while heating water in a bathroom. The wind blew her dress into the flames of a gas stove. Three-fourths of the surface of the body was burned.

Passenger Train Kills Man.

Marshalltown, Ia., June 16.—Clement Knowl, aged thirty-three, was run down and killed by a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul passenger train one mile west of Ferguson. Knowl was walking on the track.

Kemper Arrested at Chicago.

Chicago, June 16.—Arthur H. Kemper, under indictment in the southern district of California on charges of defrauding the government in land deals, was arrested here and put under bonds of \$2,500 to insure his appearance at the July term of the federal court in Los Angeles. Kemper was on a vacation trip when arrested. He was indicted two weeks ago.

Lingenfelter and Hodgins Named.

Washington, June 16.—The president has appointed C. H. Lingenfelter to be United States attorney and Shadrock L. Hodgins to be United States marshal for the district of Idaho in place of Norman W. Ruick and Ruel Rounds, removed.

Heavy Hail at Denver.

Denver, June 16.—A severe electrical rain and hail storm prevailed here at noon. Hailstones covered the sidewalks to a depth of several inches and the streets were flooded in some sections.

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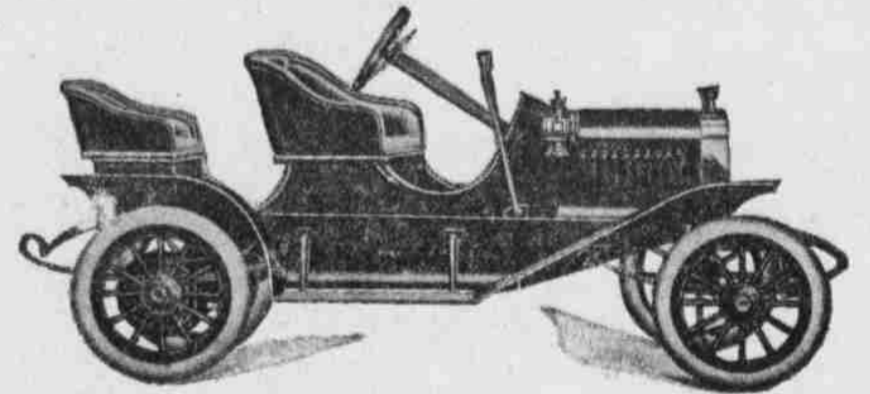
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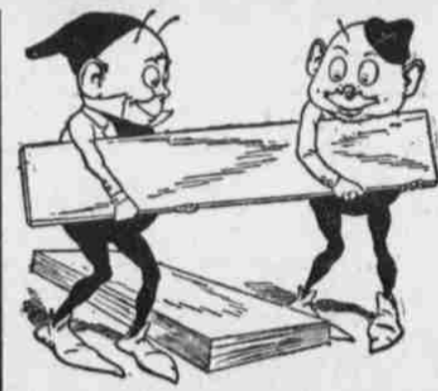
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