

ARMY MAN GUILTY

LIEUT. ROSS OF THE ARTILLERY IS REPRIMANDED.

APPROVAL OF THE SENTENCE

Arrangements for the President's Visit to Tuskegee—Students Planning Elaborate Program for His Entertainment.

Washington—The papers in the case of Second Lieutenant Clarence B. Ross, Artillery corps, who was recently tried by court-martial at Fort Rodman, Mass., have been received at the War Department. Ross was found guilty of disrespect toward his commanding officer and of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline and was sentenced to be reprimanded by the reviewing authority and to be reduced ten files on the legal list of second lieutenant of artillery. One of the specifications in this case was that Lieutenant Ross referred to Captain Willoughby Walker, commanding the post of Fort Rodman, in the hearing of an enlisted man in a sneering and contemptuous manner as being "like a baby with a new doll," with intent to cast ridicule upon his superior officer, and on another occasion referred to him as "that cur."

General Grant, commanding the Department of the East, approved the sentence and administered the reprimand called for by it.

RECEPTION FOR PRESIDENT AT TUSKEGEE.

Emmett J. Scott, secretary to Booker T. Washington of the Tuskegee institution, and Charles W. Anderson, the negro appointed collector of internal revenue of New York last March, called at the White House. Mr. Scott placed before Secretary Loeb the program to be followed at Tuskegee on the occasion of the president's visit October 24. An interesting feature of the president's entertainment will be a series of seventy-five floats which will pass in review before him, illustrative of the academic, mechanical and agricultural departments of the school and the development of the negro. The nearly 1,500 students will precede the floats, each carrying a stalk of sugar cane tipped with a cotton ball, both raised in the experimental station gardens of the institute.

Cane Syrup Plant Sold.

Government experiments into the process of cane syrup-making has been brought to a successful conclusion, and Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture today ordered the sale of the government factory, which was built at Waycross, Ga., three years ago. The plant was established for the purpose of giving a course of study to cane syrup manufacturers of gulf states. These manufacturers had experienced difficulty in making syrup of uniform color, preventing it from returning to sugar or fermenting. A plant was established by Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry, and his experiments proved entirely successful. The plant cost the government less than \$15,000, and resulted in the improvement of an annual production of nearly 200,000,000 gallons of syrup.

NEW CONSUMPTION REMEDY.

Prof. Behring Creates Considerable Attention by a Statement.

PARIS—At the closing session of the International Tuberculosis congress today Prof. Von Behring made a statement relative to his new curative principle for tuberculosis. It was decided to hold the next congress at Washington in 1908.

Prof. Behring's statement attracted much attention. Distinguished medical men from many countries occupied the platform and filed the salon of the grand palace. The professor said:

In the course of the last two years I recognized with certainty the existence of a curative principle, completely different from the anti-toxine principle. This new curative principle plays an initial role in the operation of the immunity derived from my bovo-vaccine, which has proved effective against animal tuberculosis during the last four years. This curative principle reposes upon the impregnation of the living cells of the organism with a substance originating from tuberculosis virus, which substance I designate "T. C."

Will Reappoint Tinsley.

WASHINGTON—President Roosevelt indicated in conversation with representatives of the Eleventh district and Bennett of the Ninth district of Kentucky that he will reappoint James H. Tinsley as United States attorney for the eastern district of Kentucky. Mr. Edwards presented to the president Mr. Tinsley, and Mr. Bennett introduced Judge Deering, whom he desired should be appointed. The president said he could see no reason why Mr. Tinsley should not be reappointed.

Fatal Fight With Bandits.

WILD ROSE, Wis.—One bandit was killed, two were probably mortally wounded and one other was apprehended tonight in a desperate fight with a posse of fifty armed citizens of this village aroused by the burglary of the postoffice and attempted looting of the state bank early this morning. The bandits were caught in a forest eight miles from the village and fought with guns for an hour and a half. The fourth man did not surrender until his companions were shot down.

FIGHT OVER DEAD.

John Burnek Shoots Sister, Brother and Brother-in-Law at Hastings.

HASTINGS—Over the dead body of his mother, John Budnek shot his sister, his brother and his brother-in-law at an early hour Sunday morning. Miss Francis Budnek, aged 2 was shot in the right hand. Jacob Budnek, aged 52, shot above the right eye and may die. Peter Smeall was shot through the left lung, through the abdomen, in the left thigh and through the left shoulder. He is not expected to live throughout the night.

The tragedy occurred in the death chamber at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Smeall, 1359 East Second street, where Mrs. Mary Budnek, aged 62, died at 10:30 last night. John Budnek has been placed under arrest and is now in the county jail.

The tragedy was the culmination of a family quarrel that had existed for several years. The Budnek family are Polish-French and they have resided in Hastings for twenty years. John Budnek, who committed the deed, is a stonemason by trade. He is 50 years old and a bachelor.

A WOMAN FOR FORTY YEARS MASQUERADED AS A MAN

TRINIDAD, Colo.—For forty years masquerading as a man, Charles V. Vanmaugh has been discovered to be a woman. In that time she has been a clerk, bank cashier and a score of similar things, but for the past twenty-one years has been a sheep herder in Las Animas county. Finely educated, and reading and writing half a dozen different languages, she started out well equipped for life, but was unable to get anything to do as a woman, so, at the age of 43, she turned man. Her true sex was discovered yesterday by Dr. T. J. Forham, county physician, while examining her at the San Raphael hospital, where she had been sent for the infirmities of old age. She is now 84 years old.

CANAL COMMISSION MEETS.

Board of Consulting Engineers Will Inspect Ancon.

PANAMA—The entire Panama Canal commission held a session Saturday in the administration building and ratified all the acts of the executive committee. Tomorrow the board of consulting engineers will rest. An inspection will be made of Ancon on Monday. The board members will call on President Amador and will be given a breakfast by Governor Magoon.

As the result of an order of the secretary of the navy recalling Paymasters Tobey, Schaefer and Jaskson, who have been on duty in connection with the canal commission, Paymaster Schaefer has resigned. It is reported that civilians will replace the recalled officers.

KRAUSES WILL APPEAL CASE.

Convicted Land Fencers Plan to Carry Action Higher on Writ of Error.

OMAHA—The Krause brothers, cattle men from Sheridan county, recently sentenced to pay a fine of \$1,300 and costs amounting to about \$1,200 for illegal fencing of the public lands, have determined to carry the case on appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals on a writ of error. Application for the writ will be made early during the coming week. The basis of the alleged error will be the impeachment of the testimony of the Osborns, the introduction of the Sylvester killing case as prejudicing the jury against the defendants, Krause brothers, which resulted in the jury finding against them, that the court erred in denying the motion for a new trial; that the offense was a statutory and not a criminal offense.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC TAKES DUTY OF FARM MACHINERY

WASHINGTON—The state department has been informed by Minister Respure, at Buenos Ayres, that the bill regarding American importations, more particularly American agricultural implements, has been amended and sent to a committee, and its acceptance may be expected in the near future. The bill admits all American agricultural machines and parts of machinery free of duty in the Argentine Republic, but the duty will be collected from all accessories such as bolting wrenches, asbestos, oil cans, belt hooks, washers, metal pins, nuts, chains, pulleys, steam packing, eveners, saws, carriage poles and filters.

Engineers Reach Isthmus.

COLON—The steamer Havana from New York, September 28, having on board the advisory board of consulting engineers of the Panama canal and some of the members of the canal commission, arrived here today. All on board are well.

General Randall Retires.

ST. LOUIS—Having reached the age limit of 64 years Major General George Morton Randall, commander of the northern division of the United States army, with headquarters in St. Louis, has retired from command.

Buys Land for a Colony.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—S. B. Brundage of St. Louis, acting for eastern parties, closed a deal with ex-Senator A. H. Kerr of this city for 44,000 acres of land in McMullen county, on the Nueces river.

SENATE CONTROL

PRESIDENT HAS AN EYE ON VACANT CHAIRMANSHIPS.

OVER THIRTY ARE TO BE FILLED

Committees That Will Have a New Head—The Chief Executive Wants to Know Where His Friends Are in Upper House.

WASHINGTON—Chairmanships of at least thirty senate committees, regular and select, will be changed when the Fifty-ninth congress meets in December. Already many of the members of the upper branch of congress have been chatting about to ascertain what other members desire in the way of committee chairmanships, so that they may take advantage of the knowledge thus gained for their own personal use. These inquiries, so far in advance of the meeting of congress, have had a tendency to focus the spotlight on the reorganization of the senate committee, for it is generally conceded that in the upper body will come the supreme fight for many of the principles for which the president irrevocably stands.

As to these inquiries regarding chairmanships, and chief committee places, the president, it is understood, has had full knowledge, and appreciating that there is a strong minority in the senate against many of the questions he will discuss in his forthcoming message, he has, as quietly as the senators, been looking after chairmanships with a view to helping his side when the battle royal is on. One thing seems certain when the curtain rolls up on the Fifty-ninth congress, that President Roosevelt will know where his friends are, and by the same reasoning will know where to put his finger on his opponents.

The fact that the president has already commenced to inquire from his senatorial visitors as to the makeup of committees in the upper body has directed the attention to the large number of chairmanships to be filled, larger than in any previous congress since the last Cleveland administration.

The committees that will have a new head, from the most conservative estimate, are: Agricultural, audit and control of the contingent expenses of the senate, Canadian relations, census, claims, coast and insular survey, education and labor, engrossed bills, examine the several branches of the civil service, fisheries, geological survey, Indian affairs, Indian depredations, interoceanic canals, irrigation and reclamation of arid lands, judiciary, military affairs, mines and mining, Pacific railroads, patents, public buildings and grounds, railroads, transportation routes to the seaboard, University of the United States. These are the standing committees of the senate. Changes in the select committee, which were created to give every member of the majority a chairmanship and to take care of the leaders of the minority, will occur in the following committees: Examination and disposition of documents, industrial exposition, the Potomac river front at Washington, investigate trespasses upon Indian lands, and national banks.

PAPER TRUST MUST ANSWER.

Judge Vandeventer Rules That There is No Appeal from His Order.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Judge Vandeventer in the United States circuit here, decided that an appeal would not lie against his order handed down last Tuesday directing certain officers of the General Paper company to answer questions propounded by the attorneys for the United States government and to produce certain books called for by the government in its suit for injunction against the so-called paper trust. The next step in the proceedings will be for the witnesses named to appear before Examiner Robert S. Taylor next Tuesday. It was intimated by their attorneys today that these witnesses will refuse to obey the order directing them to testify. They will then be punished for contempt, probably by the imposition of a nominal fine. From this order of the court an appeal will then be taken to the supreme court, where the question of their testimony will finally be adjudicated.

TO EXCHANGE WAR PRISONERS.

Japs Get 1,866 and Turn Over 64,000 Russians.

St. Petersburg—Russia on Saturday agreed to the Japanese proposition to exchange prisoners of war, whereby 1,866 Japanese prisoners in Russia will be delivered at some point on the western frontier of Russia, and 64,000 Russians will be delivered at the ports of Kobe, Nagasaki and Yokohama, whence they will be conveyed to Vladivostok in ten Russian transports now interned at Shanghai and Saigon and two or three other ships which are being sent from Odessa.

France Ships Troops.

PARIS—The threatened anti-military demonstrations on the occasion of the departure of the conscripts failed utterly owing to the strict precautions taken by the police. Fifteen arrests were made outside the eastern terminus, from which 5,000 recruits took trains for the barracks along the German frontier. The crowds replied to the seditious cries of the anarchists with patriotic songs. At Chalons-sur-Marne recruits were placed under arrest for singing songs and insulting their officers.

HAS PLENTY TO DO

MR. ROOSEVELT'S DESK LOADED WITH IMPORTANT PAPERS.

CHANGES IN THE CABINET

Completion of the annual Message Only a Small Part of Business Demanding Early Attention.

WASHINGTON—President Roosevelt returns to Washington to find his desk loaded with papers. Affairs he will have to take up will include:

Message—Completion of his annual message.

Corporations—Discussion in his message of the railroad rate question and the formulation of recommendations relating thereto; investigation of the corporations, including insurance, and determination of policy to be recommended to Congress.

Panama Canal—Action upon various matters connected with the construction of the Panama canal and consideration before congress of the report which will be submitted by the board of consulting engineers and the views of the Isthmian canal commission expressed thereon.

Cabinet—Partial reorganization of his cabinet though the retirement of Leslie M. Shaw and William H. Moody from the offices of secretary of the treasury and attorney general, respectively.

Reforms—Continuance of work of introducing economical reforms into operations of government, and the discussion in his message of the work accomplished by the Keep commission.

Philippines—Consideration of the Philippines situation.

Punishment of Grafters.

Graft—Conference with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson in connection with investigations which have been made in his department; conference with Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock in relation to the prosecution of prominent public men guilty of violating the public land and Indian laws.

Public Printer—Appointment of a successor to F. W. Palmer of Illinois as public printer, who probably will be Oscar J. Ricketts, now acting as public printer, and of a successor as interstate commerce commissioner to ex-Governor Fifer of Illinois, whom the commission believes will be ex-Governor Yates of Illinois.

Quarantine—Consideration of the question of the establishment of a national quarantine, to take the place of state quarantines.

Foreign Affairs—These include: Whether or not the United States shall intervene in Venezuela, and the communication to France of the policy this government will adopt in case the French government should take measures to exact reparation from President Castro for his insult to its charge d'affaires in Caracas; discussion with senators of the policy of the United States in Santo Domingo in preparation for the struggle to secure ratification of the treaty now pending in the senate; action with respect to the immigration of Chinese and Japanese, with a view of preventing a recurrence of the boycott of American products by China and to avoid bad relations with Japan; negotiation of a general reciprocity agreement with Germany, to take the place of that which will expire next March; appointment of a representative to the conference of the powers which will take up the Moroccan question and which will meet next month at Algiers, Spain; negotiations with the powers in regard to the program to be discussed at the international peace conference of The Hague, and the appointment of the American commissioners.

ALL FAVOR PEACE CONFERENCE.

But No Nation Suggests Subjects for Discussion.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The Russian government has received a large number of replies to the peace conference invitations, all of which are favorable. The time of the meeting will be fixed without greater delay than necessary to permit all the delegates to reach The Hague.

Ex-Capt. Carter Still Being Examined.

CHICAGO.—Cross-examination of ex-Captain Oberlin M. Carter by attorneys for the Federal government is being continued before the special examiner, Richard W. Wyman. It is the tenth consecutive cross-examination in the case in which the government seeks to confiscate Carter's private fortune of \$600,000.

"David Harum" Netted \$125,000.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—"David Harum," the novel written by the late Edward Noyes Westcott of this city netted the author's estate about \$125,000.

A Powder Mill Explosion.

WILMINGTON, DEL.—Wilmington and surrounding towns were terrifically shaken by an explosion of powder at the Dupont powder works just outside the city limits. The force of the explosion was felt 12 miles. No one was injured, as the workmen had not yet reported for duty.

A Chilean Political Leader Dead.

SANTIAGO, CHILE.—Senator Carlos Walker Martinez, an eminent politician and leader of the Conservative party, is dead.

CORTELYOU NOT TO QUIT SOON.

Insurance Disclosures Cause the Chairman to Remain in Office.

WASHINGTON—The Postmaster General, Mr. Cortelyou, will not resign the chairmanship of the Republican national committee for some time to come.

The admission by President McCall of the New York Life that his company contributed about \$48,000 to the Republican campaign fund of 1904 has involved the Republican committee to a considerable extent and it is understood that Mr. Cortelyou does not wish to relinquish command until the atmosphere is thoroughly cleared.

THE PRESIDENT IS IN DEAD EARNEST

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Congressman Townsend of Michigan, one of the authors of the Esch-Townsend rate bill which passed the house last session, called on the president. He talked about railroad legislation and about the necessity of making some changes in the bill as it passed last year, prior to its submission in the next congress. He is to call again when the subject will be gone into fully.

"The president introduced the conversation with the remark that he is in dead earnest about the question," said Townsend. "He is just as determined as ever. The president is in favor of the same ideas that he advanced in the last message, and that means the principle of Esch-Townsend bill."

Mr. Townsend said he expected the senate committee on interstate commerce to prepare some sort of a railroad bill.

JAPS DO NOT WANT THE ISLANDS

TOPEKA, KAN.—Charles Curtis, representative from the first Kansas district, has returned home from a trip to the Philippines with the Taft party. He says he got acquainted with conditions in the islands and got many new ideas. Mr. Curtis says there is no danger of Japan wanting the islands.

Mr. Curtis stated that the public schools system established by the United States are doing great good. The attendance has increased five times. He says the islands are not a good place for investment now but will be in a short time.

GOMEZ TO GO TO WASHINGTON.

The Cuban Leader Wants to Interview American Officials.

NEW YORK.—It is probable that General Miguel Jose Gomez, governor of the province of Santa Clara, Cuba, who is in New York, will go to Washington, where he will seek an interview with Secretary Root and perhaps with Mr. Roosevelt. If General Gomez, who says that Cuban liberty is a farce, is received by the state department the reception probably will be of an unofficial character. He will go as a Cuban citizen and not as an officer of the new republic.

TO SAVE "OLD IRONSIDES."

Secretary Shaw Sends a Revenue Cutter to Cruise in Canadian Waters.

BOSTON.—It is announced here that the Daughters of the War of 1812 and the Daughters of the Revolution propose to raise funds to restore the frigate Constitution now moored at the Charleston navy yard. The suggestion that school children of Brooklyn and New York collect money in order to take "Old Ironsides" to that port, and the report that the historic frigate was slowly rotting, has aroused local interest and steps will be taken to save the vessel so that it may again be utilized as a training ship.

Mr. Cleveland to Nebraska.

NEBRASKA CITY, NEB.—The committee which has in charge the arrangements for the unveiling of the Morton monument has changed the date of the event from Oct. 14 to Oct. 28. The committee has received from ex-President Cleveland assurances that he will speak.

Tied Up a Big Skyscraper.

CHICAGO.—Work on the 18-story Valetic theatre building in Monroe street was brought to a standstill by a sympathetic strike of building trades. The completion of the skyscraper had been hurried to permit the opening of the theater Nov. 1.

Asks 2 Millions Commission.

NEW YORK.—Homer Lee has sued Eugene Zimmerman for 2 million dollars, Lee says is due him for commissions for his work in the combination of Pere Marquette, the Toledo Terminal and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton.

Fairbanks to Quit Indiana?

BLOOMINGTON, ILL.—It is reported here that Vice President Fairbanks is to move on one of his farms located near here.

TO Punish Red Sea Pirates.

CONSTANTINOPLE.—The arrival at Hodeida, Yemen province, Turkish Arabia, of the British cruiser Fox, promises to lead to a speedy settlement of the British claims in connection with the practical attacks of Arabs on British dhows in the Red sea.

To Have Fewer Hospitals.

WASHINGTON, ON.—Secretary Shaw has decided to recommend to congress the abandonment of eleven of the twenty-three marine hospitals.

A SHARP TRICK

A SUBSIDIZED STEAMSHIP COMPANY BUYS AN ISLAND.

THE KAISER BACK OF IT

The Hamburg-American to Establish a Coaling Station and Naval Repair Establishment.

WASHINGTON.—Much concern has been caused the American state department as a result of the action of the Hamburg-American Steamship company in purchasing Water Island, a small key, which commands the Danish West Indies, for use as a coaling station. This commands the approach to the canal.

The anxiety of the authorities arises from the fact that the Hamburg-American company is subsidized by the German government. Its steamers are available in time of war for use as auxiliary cruisers, and its coaling stations may be utilized by the German government in order to carry on hostile operations.

When the Panama canal is completed St. Thomas, which has the best harbor in the group, would make an ideal base from which a hostile fleet could operate and control the canal. Besides, the canal commands Porto Rico and Cuba, and these islands are the key to a descent upon the eastern coast of the United States. The island which has been purchased is just off the mouth of the harbor of St. Thomas, and that the company intends to build a large dock. Any German men of war might use it. It follows as a matter of course that the company will erect shops to make repairs and will maintain a large coal supply on the island, which will be available for German battle ships or cruisers. From what experts in the navy department say, it would be against the interests of the United States to permit the consummation of the project of the Hamburg-American.

THE TREATY PASSES THE PRIVY COUNCIL

TOKIO.—The peace treaty passed the privy council. The meeting of the council was prolonged. The treaty will be immediately ratified. An order abrogating martial law at Sasebo, Nagasaki, Tsushima and Hakodate was passed.

Baron Shibusha, addressing the associated chambers of commerce, said the development of trade communications and carrying power was of the highest importance to Japan. He criticized the ultra-pessimistic views taken of Japanese financial future and said he was confident of greater developments.

JAP DEBT ONE AND ONE HALF BILLION

TOKIO.—The ex-foreign minister, Mr. Okuma, said that when the withdrawal of the troops is completed Japan will find itself confronted with a debt of 1 1/2 billion dollars, the interest on which alone, roughly speaking will be 75 million dollars, or nearly twice the revenue of the country 10 years ago. The per capita rate of taxation before the war was \$2. Now it is \$6. The per capita share in the national debt before the war was \$6. It is now \$25. Count Okuma, however, was not pessimistic. He spoke eloquently of the necessity for the business men redoubling their energy in the development of productive works of all kinds, thus securing victories in peace as well as war.

Funds for Philippine Victims.

WASHINGTON.—In order that the damage resulting from the recent typhoon in the Philippine islands may be at once repaired and to prevent suffering among the many people whose houses and property were destroyed by it, the quartermaster general of the army has cabled to Manila that an extra allotment of \$50,000 has been made to meet the expenses.

A Mutiny Among 500 Students.

SIoux CITY, IA.—Because George Millner, captain of the football team, Ralph Heitman, manager of athletics, and two other students were expelled from Morningside college for hazing a freshman, the entire football team is on a strike and 500 students are in a state of mutiny.

Yellow Fever in Mexico.

THE CITY OF MEXICO.—Several cases of yellow fever have appeared in Tuxtepec, state of Oaxaca. Strict precautions have been taken to prevent spread. There are two cases in Vera Cruz and five cases with two deaths in Tezonapa.

WANTED: JOB PRINTERS—Will pay first-class wages and refund cost of transportation. Steady employment. Address George D. Barnard & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Operate on August Belmont.

NEW YORK.—An operation for appendicitis was performed on August Belmont, the banker. The operation was reported by the surgeons to have been entirely successful and Mr. Belmont is expected to recover rapidly.

Jackies to Entertain.

NEW YORK.—The enlisted men aboard Rear Admiral Evans's battleship squadron have raised \$10,000 to entertain the Jack Tars of Prince Louis of Battenberg's British squadron, which comes in November.