

Brief Telegrams

Secretary Shaw is encouraged over the outlook for the rapid reduction in the deficit.

Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia continues to wield ax among Philadelphia office holders.

The apple king of Kansas says there will be but a fourth of a crop in that state this year.

Lars Johnson, an old resident of Millard, Neb., was run over by the cars and killed.

Three suspicious cases believed to be cholera have occurred at Tulsa, 120 miles south of Moscow.

Secretary Shaw gains a reputation for hard work among his subordinates in the treasury department.

Employees of the Pennsylvania Road are given to understand that hereafter "hustle" is to be their watchword.

It is officially announced that King Edward has appointed King Oscar an honorary admiral of the British fleet.

The weekly trade reviews report improved business conditions in spite of the strike, which is the only drawback.

Governor Higgins of New York has issued a call for the legislature to convene in extra session on Wednesday, June 22.

For the first time in the history of the military academy at West Point, representatives of the Chinese empire were entered as cadets in the institution.

An Illinois representative has declined to be renominated because "a congressman is nothing except a pension agent and a solicitor of postoffice jobs."

The abiding popularity of Dickens is attested by the fact that more than 200,000 copies of his various books were sold in England alone during December last.

Rear Admiral Urtu, who bore the brunt of the great naval battle in the Straits of Corea, graduated from the United States naval academy at Annapolis in 1881.

Daniel Tarbox Jewett, probably the oldest lawyer in the United States, soon will enter upon his 100th year. He was born in Maine and lives at present in St. Louis.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway company has accepted a land proposition made by the city of Parsons, and will build new shops there at a cost of \$1,650,000.

Benjamin F. Daniels has been appointed United States marshal for the district of Arizona. The appointment will take effect July 1. He succeeds Myron H. McCord, resigned.

The secretary of the interior has decided that the state of Utah is not entitled to select school lands in the Uintah Indian reservation, which is soon to be opened for settlement.

Rev. William Henry Locke, former pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, attended by the late President McKinley in Canton, O., died last week at the home of his son in Brooklyn.

Dmitri Nelidoff, chamberlain of the Russian embassy, and son of Ambassador Nelidoff, was married in the Russian church at Paris to the daughter of a Greek banker, M. Mavrocordato.

The laborers of Sweden are reported to be unanimous in favor of dissolution of the union with Norway and may revolt if attempt is made to press them into service against Norwegians.

Edwin H. Conger, United States ambassador to Mexico, has put an end to the many rumors that he would remain at that post only six months and retire to become candidate for governor of Iowa.

The late Premier Delyanis of Greece, who was assassinated June 13 by a gambler named Gherakaris, died in absolute poverty. The chamber will vote a pension to the immediate members of his family.

A granite shaft erected in memory of those who lost their lives in the disaster to the excursion steamer General Slocum in East river a year ago, was unveiled in the Lutheran cemetery in Middle Village, L. I.

Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss, president of the Army War College board, will sail from San Francisco for Manila on July 8 to take charge of the command of the Department of Luzon to succeed General George M. Randall.

Intelligence has been received at Yale that the governor of the province of Hunan, China, has given permission for the establishment of the new Yale college at Chengsha in that province, which hitherto has been somewhat unfavorable to foreign enterprises, including missions. The result was brought about by the good offices of the Yale graduates in China.

Kotaro Date, a Japanese student, has been awarded the Wayman Crow medal for 1905 at the St. Louis school of fine arts.

The minister of defense authorizes the statement that all rumors of the mobilization of the Norwegian army and fleet are devoid of foundation.

A letter from Secretary Loeb to the Progressive union fixes October 24 and 25 as the days upon which President Roosevelt will visit New Orleans.

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ALL DONE OUT.

Veteran Joshua Heller, of 705 South Walnut Street, Urbana, Ill., says: "In the fall of 1899 after taking Doan's Kidney Pills I told the readers of this paper that they had relieved me of kidney trouble, disposed of a lame back with pain across my loins and beneath the shoulder blades. During the interval which has elapsed I have had occasion to resort to Doan's Kidney Pills when I noticed warnings of an attack. On each and every occasion the results obtained were just as satisfactory as when the pills were first brought to my notice. I just as emphatically endorse the preparation to-day as I did over two years ago."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

QUIT—

Saying that fate is against you. Finding fault with the weather. Anticipating evils in the future. Pretending, and be your real-self. Going around with a gloomy face. Faultfinding, nagging and worrying. Talking big things and doing small ones.

Taking offense where none is intended. Dwelling on fancied slights and wrongs. Boasting of what you can do instead of doing it.

Scolding and flying into a passion over trifles. Thinking that life is a grind and not worth living.

Talking continually about yourself and your affairs. Exaggerating, and making mountains out of molehills.

Pitying yourself and bemoaning your lack of opportunities. Depreciating yourself and in making light of your abilities.

Saying unkind things about acquaintances and friends. Lamenting the past, holding on to disagreeable experiences.

Comparing yourself with others to your own disadvantage. Work once in a while and take time to renew your energies.

Waiting round for chances to turn up. Go and turn them up.—Orison Sweet Marden in "Success Magazine."

BY THE GENTLE CYNIC.

The fellow who marries for money sometimes buys a gold brick. The fools are not all dead. In fact a lot of them haven't been born.

Joy cometh in the morning—unless you've been making a night of it. It's a mistake to marry too young, but it's a mistake that isn't repeated.

A woman is never quite happy with a man who refuses to argue with her. Many an unsuccessful man would rather preserve his dignity than hustle.

It is better to have too little confidence in yourself than too much in others.

To indulge in the things we can't afford is the average man's idea of pleasure.

Why it is impossible for a girl to write an affectionate love letter and chew gum at the same time?

FOOD IN SERMONS.

Feed the Dominic Right and the Sermons are Brilliant.

A conscientious, hard-working and eminently successful clergyman writes: "I am glad to bear testimony to the pleasure and increased measure of efficiency and health that have come to me from adopting Grape-Nuts food as one of my articles of diet."

"For several years I was much distressed during the early part of each day by indigestion. My breakfast, usually consisting of oatmeal, milk and eggs, seemed to turn sour and failed to digest. After dinner the headache and other symptoms following the breakfast would wear away, only to return, however, next morning."

"Having heard of Grape-Nuts food, I finally concluded to give it a fair trial. I quit the use of oatmeal and eggs, and made my breakfasts of Grape-Nuts, cream, toast and Postum. The result was surprising in improved health and total absence of the distress that had, for so long a time, followed the morning meal. My digestion became once more satisfactory, the headaches ceased, and the old feeling of energy returned. Since that time, four years ago, I have always had Grape-Nuts food on my breakfast table."

"I was delighted to find also, that whereas before I began to use Grape-Nuts food I was quite nervous and became easily wearied in the work of preparing sermons and in study, a marked improvement in this respect resulted from the change in my diet. I am convinced that Grape-Nuts food produced this result and helped me to a sturdy condition of mental and physical strength."

"I have known of several persons who were formerly troubled as I was, and who have been helped as I have been, by the use of Grape-Nuts food, on my recommendation, among whom may be mentioned the Rev. _____, now a missionary to China." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

THE CONFERENCE

RUSSIA ACCEPTS WASHINGTON AS MEETING PLACE.

BY APPROVAL OF THE CZAR

Decision is Made Partly as Compliment to President Roosevelt—The Question of Armistice Informally Discussed at White House.

WASHINGTON—Russia and Japan have tentatively decided each to appoint three plenipotentiaries to represent them in the Washington conference. M. Nelidoff, it is understood, has already accepted the chairmanship of the Russian mission and is being consulted about the selection of his assistants, but Washington has not yet heard whether Marquis Ito's health will permit him to come as the ranking Japanese plenipotentiary. The belief here is that Field Marshal Yamagata will be designated in Marquis Ito's place should the marquis be unable to accept. It is believed that the conference will convene here about the middle of August.

Pending the official announcement of the plenipotentiaries little toward the arrangement of an armistice is being done on this side. Japan will not take the initiative in requesting an armistice. It is improbable, however, that she would insist on Russia making the request. It is generally expected that when the missions have been announced the president will suggest to the belligerents the advisability of a limited truce and that this suggestion will then go to Lnevitch and Oyama to sign the armistice.

The whole question of an armistice has been informally discussed at the white house and the belief in diplomatic circles is that there will not be a hitch on this score. Japan prefers that the armistice should be signed in the field by the Russian and Japanese commanders and there are indications that this will find approval in St. Petersburg.

General commendation is voiced in diplomatic circles of the president's tact in not communicating to Japan the suggestion from St. Petersburg for a reconsideration of the selection of Washington for the conference. The irrevocable opposition of Japan to any capital of Europe was a matter of common knowledge in Washington and the transmission of any such suggestion, it was realized, would only invite an emphatic refusal from Japan and possibly seriously menace the convening of the conference. It was learned Sunday that the issuance of the authoritative statement on the subject by the Russian embassy here late Saturday night was based on advice from St. Petersburg that the selection of Washington was to be officially announced in the Russian capital, thus removing all doubt on that score.

There have been several explanations current among diplomats as to the reason for Russia's suggestion, one being that it was based on a misunderstanding about the finality of the decision to select Washington, and the other, the St. Petersburg government believed the president greatly preferred The Hague. Both explanations are unofficial and in view of the Russian embassy's authoritative statement the incident is regarded as closed.

BUILDING OF TUNNELS AT IMMENSE COST

RENO, Nev.—The announcement is made that a contract for the construction of the tunnels through the Sierra Nevada mountains has been let by the Southern Pacific company and that work on them would begin within a month. There are to be five tunnels in all and the main one will start a short distance north of Donner lake and the series will end at the foot of Blue canyon on the American river. The contract calls for an expenditure of over \$25,000,000.

MAXIMO GOMEZ PASSES AWAY.

Hero of Two Revolutionary Wars in Cuba is Dead at Havana.

HAVANA—General Maximo Gomez died here at 6 o'clock Saturday evening after an extended illness.

The end came quietly in the beautiful temporary home at the seaside in the suburb of Vedado, to which General Gomez was taken on his return from Santiago. President Palma, accompanied by General Andrade, arrived about a quarter of an hour previous to the death of General Gomez.

Pay Wife to Get Divorce.

CHICAGO—A check for \$75,000 is said to have been given by Charles H. Thaw of New York to Frances Rush, formerly a chorus girl, who received a divorce from Thaw here. The divorce was granted by Judge Akers on statutory grounds, Thaw making no defense.

GOING AFTER BODY OF JOHN PAUL JONES

WASHINGTON—Rear Admiral Sigsbee has been ordered to coal and be ready to proceed to Cherbourg, France, for the purpose of bringing to this country the remains of the late John Paul Jones. The ceremonies connected with the transfer of the remains will probably take place in Paris on July 6 or 7 and the squadron will sail for Chesapeake bay on July 8.

MURDERER PLOEHN IN JAIL.

The Man Who Killed His Cousin is Captured.

OMAHA—Hidden in a hayloft in a barn on a farm owned by his victim's mother within a mile from the scene of his crime Max Ploehn, murderer of Alma Goss, was captured by Sheriff McBride of Cass county about 9 o'clock Thursday morning.

The prisoner was transferred from the county jail to Omaha during the afternoon. According to Sheriff McBride's statement he did not fear violence, but wished to avoid the annoyance occasioned by the curious.

The story of the crime is that: Returning after a day spent in drinking in Plattsmouth to the Goss farm, where for four years he had been employed, Ploehn for no apparent cause shot and killed his cousin, Alma Goss, and wounded her sister, Emma. His flight was immediate and until Thursday morning two separate parties with blood hounds had been on his trail.

HOCH MAY GET ONE MORE CHANCE

CHICAGO—"Bluebeard" Johann Hoch, who was sentenced to be hanged June 23, for the murder of one of his numerous wives, may be given one more chance to escape the gallows. His case may be taken to the supreme court of Illinois. In a conference held here Governor Dineen assured counsel for Hoch that in case the state's attorney's office is assured by Wednesday, June 21, that sufficient money is forthcoming to provide for the preparation of the necessary record, a reprieve will be granted until October term of the supreme court. The sum needed is \$700.

Threat to Extend Strike.

NEW YORK—President Frank McArdle, of the International association of foundrymen, has announced that if the employers in New York and New Jersey, where his men are now on strike, do not grant an increase of 25 cents a day he will extend the strike to the entire country.

THE TEAMSTERS' STRIKE IS A BACK NUMBER.

CHICAGO—The teamsters' joint council apparently has come to the conclusion that the strike is a "dead issue." For the first time since the original strike against Montgomery Ward & Co., was called the controversy was shelved in the council meeting as an "unimportant" matter of business.

PLAN FOR ARMISTICE.

It is Probable That Protocol Will Be Negotiated in Manchuria.

WASHINGTON—Alone on the plains of Manchuria, midway between the two great armies, the Russian and Japanese commanders will meet to sign the armistice which will pave the way for the Washington conference if the present tentative program is followed. Exchanges on these points are now in progress between Tokio and St. Petersburg via Washington, but no final conclusion has been reached. It was first thought a preliminary protocol might be signed at Washington providing for a temporary cessation of hostilities, but in view of the fact that this concerns directly the armies in the field it is believed that the belligerents will agree that arrangement of the armistice be entrusted to Lnevitch and Oyama, the respective commanders-in-chief, who in such event would be telegraphed special powers to sign.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Strained Relations Give Rise to Serious Apprehension.

PARIS—The strained relations between France and Germany over Morocco continue to give rise to serious apprehension, but, while openly admitting that there are real difficulties involved, the officials protest against this being made the basis of exaggerated reports. Such reports have been circulated for several days past by a small and uninfluential section of the press, notably by the Patrie and the Presse. One report that Germany had submitted an ultimatum brought out a formal denial from the foreign office.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC FEARED

Three Deaths in Poland, and St. Petersburg Anxious.

ST. PETERSBURG—The anxiety caused by the danger of an epidemic of cholera is growing. A dispatch from Sosnowice, Poland, reports that deaths from cholera are occurring daily there and three suspected are reported at Tula. The authorities of both these cities have ordered anti-cholera inoculations in the infected regions, but the warm, moist weather prevailing is favorable to the spread of the disease.

GOMPERS TO SEE ROOSEVELT.

Federation of Labor Appoints Committee to Confer With Executive.

SCRANTON, Pa.—At the third day's session of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor here President Gompers, Vice President O'Connell and Secretary Morrison were appointed a committee to wait upon President Roosevelt to present to him the subject of Chinese exclusion and other matters affecting the interests of labor.

BANISH RED TAPE

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WOULD HAVE IT CUT OUT.

IMPROVED BUSINESS METHODS

He Appoints a Committee of Five to Look Into Matters—Salaries Should Be Commensurate With Service Rendered.

WASHINGTON—The president has appointed a committee of five to report to him on improved methods of doing the public business in the various bureaus and departments.

In a letter addressed to Charles H. Keep, assistant secretary of the treasury, President Roosevelt says:

"You are hereby designated as chairman of a committee to consist in addition to yourself of the following four gentlemen: Frank H. Hitchcock, first assistant postmaster general; Lawrence O. Murray, assistant secretary of commerce and labor; James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations, and Gifford Pinchot, forester in the department of agriculture, who are to investigate and find out what changes are needed to place the conduct of the executive business of the government in all its branches on the most economical and effective basis in the light of the best modern business practice. Salaries should be commensurate with the character and market value of the service performed and uniform for similar service in all departments. The existence of any method, standard, custom or practice is no reason for its continuance when a better is offered. There should be a systematic inter-department co-operation in the use of expert or technical knowledge. The business methods of the different departments should be substantially uniform. In the adoption of methods and the performance of work every step which is not clearly indispensable should be eliminated. A resolute effort should be made to secure brevity in correspondence and the elimination of useless letter writing. There is a type of bureaucrat who believes that his entire work and that the entire work of the government should be the collecting of papers in reference to a case, commenting with eager minuteness on each and corresponding with other officials in reference thereto. These people really care nothing for the case, but only for the documents in the case. In all branches of the government there is a tendency to greatly increase unnecessary and largely perfunctory letter writing. In the army and navy the increases of paper work is a serious menace to the efficiency of fighting officers, who are often required by bureaucrats to spend time in making reports which they should spend in increasing the efficiency of the battle-ships or regiments under them."

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SAVED CHILD'S LIFE.

Remarkable Cure of Dropsy by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sedgwick, Ark., June 19.—The case of W. S. Taylor's little son is looked upon by those interested in medical matters as one of the most wonderful on record. In this connection his father makes the following statement:

"Last September my little boy had dropsy; his feet and limbs were swollen to such an extent that he could not walk or put his shoes on. The treatment that the doctors were giving him seemed to do him no good, and two or three people said his days were short, even the doctors, two of the best in the country told me he would not get better. I stopped their medicine and at once sent for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I gave him three Pills a day, one morning, noon and night for eight days; at the end of the eighth day the swelling was all gone, but to give the medicine justice, I gave him eleven more pills. I used thirty-five Pills in all and he was entirely cured. I consider your medicine saved my child's life. When the thirty-five Pills were given him, he could run, dance and sing, whereas before he was an invalid in his mother's arms from morning until night."

ALL DEPENDS UPON RUSSIA.

Must Send Representatives Empowered to End War.

BERLIN—Count Imoye, the Japanese minister to Germany, declares, in an interview in the Lokal Anzeiger, that the prospects for the establishment of peace depends wholly, according to the Japanese view, upon whether Russia appoints real plenipotentiaries rather than a mere diplomatist commission to learn Japan's terms. Russia's commissioner must be authorized not merely to hear Japan's conditions, but to, at the same time, enter into serious peace negotiations. Japan expects only commissioners equipped with such powers, the minister says, and will name its terms only to such representatives of Russia as are empowered to end the war.

AGONY OF SORE HANDS.

Cracked and Peeled—Water and Heat Caused Intense Pain—Could Do No Housework—Grateful to Cuticura.

"My hands cracked and peeled, and were so sore it was impossible for me to do my housework. If I put them in water I was in agony for hours; and if I tried to cook, the heat caused intense pain. I consulted two doctors, but their prescriptions were utterly useless. And now after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment my hands are entirely well, and I am very grateful. (Signed) Mrs. Minnie Drew, 18 Dana St., Roxbury, Mass."

GENERAL KUROPATKIN MAY BE AN ENVOY

WASHINGTON—Whether the selection of Washington will affect the tentative selection by Russia of M. Nelidoff as one of her envoys is not known, though the opinion here is that he will come from Paris. Private advice reaching here from Europe says that Emperor Nicholas has been considering General Kuropatkin as a substitute for M. Nelidoff.

FIGHT AT JACKSON'S HOLE.

Late Reports Indicate that Six Persons Were Killed in the Melee.

BLACKHAWK, Idaho—Latest reports from the Jackson Hole country indicate that the recent battle there between ranchers and outlaws was more sanguinary than was indicated by the earlier reports.

It is now stated that six persons were killed, four outlaws and two ranchers. Several horses were killed during the fight, five being shot down in one spot. The ranchers, it is reported, succeeded in recovering the cattle, which the outlaws were attempting to drive away.

PENSIONER REMITS CONSCIENCE MONEY

WASHINGTON—Commissioner of Pensions Warner received a contribution of \$1,924 to the conscience fund of the treasury. It came from a pensioner and the sum total of the pension money drawn by him since the civil war, beginning at the rate of two dollars and rising to six dollars per month. The identity of the pensioner is withheld at the latter's request.

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

FLORIDA SUNSHINE.

These Weather Bureau people are not fit to be trusted with the reins. If all women were as good as they look men would never dare marry them.

A woman's credulity is boundless, but beware how you trifle with her vanity. Few women ever destroy love letters, though such letters often destroy women.

The woman who marries a man to improve him, may "prove" more than she set out to.

Money may be "the root of all evil," but it is the women who are always persuading us to dig it up.

A woman's way of reasoning is as much of a mystery to the average man as her way of dressing.

That a woman's love of love should outlast her power of inspiring it is one of the brutalities of existence.

It is one of the paradoxes of Florida politics that so many bad bills should be introduced in the legislature by good men.—Florida Times-Union.

Value of Sunshine.

If the beneficences of sunshine were more generally understood and appreciated, every house owner would have somewhere about the house a solarium or sun room. The ancient Romans knew the value of sunshine and always had solariums attached to the house or forming part of it.

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A woman is never so afraid of catching cold in the wet when she has on low shoes and openwork stockings as a man is in rubber boots.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 223 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1906.

A stitch in time has mended many a man's ways.

The June "Arena" will appeal to all persons interested in clean government and social and economic advance. In it, Rudolph Blankenburg continues his remarkable series of papers dealing with corruption in Pennsylvania, the present discussion being concerned chiefly with the unparalleled reign of graft and roguery in Philadelphia. "Frederick Oppen: A Cartoonist of Democracy," is another interesting feature, being an illustrated article dealing with the life and work of one of the best known and most effective cartoonists of the day. A fine full-page portrait of Mr. Oppen accompanies this sketch. "The Benjamin Fay Mills Movement in Los Angeles" is an inspiring and highly suggestive paper showing what work a church may do when under the guidance of a broad-minded, thoughtful, and earnest minister awake.

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