

Women of the Kaffirs.

The Kaffirs believe that a woman is a necessary appendage to a household; the women care for their huts and do all the housework, while the men watch the cattle. They do not always marry as young as they like, and yet the youngest and most attractive girls often go to the ugly old men with plenty of money. A man is not worried because he cannot win the favor of the girl he wants. Her likes and dislikes count for little.

Bring Messages from Dead.

There is a curious burial custom among the Mordovinians, who inhabit the middle Volga provinces of Russia and are professedly Christians. They believe that a deceased relative forty days after interment returns to his old home. Falling his visible return the next of kin personates him, dressed in his clothes, and professes to deliver solemn messages from the other side of the grave.

How Carpenter Drives Nail.

How many hammer strokes does a carpenter use in driving a nail? Perhaps not one carpenter in a thousand or one layman in ten times that number can tell, or ever thinks of it. The truth of the matter is this: The carpenter takes seven strokes in driving a nail into ordinary wood and twelve regular strokes and two finishing taps in driving nails into hardwood.

What Actuates a Woman.

Tell the average woman that a maximum of mutton means a minimum of morals, and she will probably laugh at you and go on eating mutton (if she likes it). But assure her that a charming complexion will result from vegetarianism and the butcher may justifiably feel forebodings of coming disaster.—Exchange.

That's All.

He: "Well, what have you there?" She: "Two of your old letters, my dear." He: "Umph! What's the first one—that 40-pager?" She: "One you sent me when I had a slight cold before we were married. This half-page is the one you wrote last winter when I was very ill with influenza. That's all, dear."

Courtship.

Much intellect is not an advantage in courtship. General topics interfere with particular attentions. A man to be successful in love, should think only of himself and his mistress. Rochefoucauld observes: That lovers are never tired of each other's company, because they are always talking of themselves.—Hazlitt.

"Skunt."

You have had crope, roke and drug, and what's the matter with skunt? A young lady a few days ago visited this part of the country who had never seen turpentine worked before and when she returned to her home told them that the pine trees down here were "skunt" up to the limbs.—Charlotte Observer.

Country for the Rich.

It costs money to live in South Africa. A woman resident in Johannesburg pays \$60 a month for her cook and \$25 a month to a Hindoo servant. In India she would have to pay only \$5 a month for the Hindoo's services.

Fifty Years a Pensioner.

James McCordie of Jamaica Plain, Mass., one hundred years old, has since 1852 been drawing a pension as a British soldier at six-pence a day.

Back at Work Again.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 22nd.—(Special)—Crippled by Kidney Disease till he could not stand on his feet for the hours required at his trade, F. R. McLean, 90 East Ferry St., this city, had to quit work entirely. Now he's back at work again and he does not hesitate to give the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Yes," Mr. McLean says "I was too bad, I had to quit. I could not stand on my feet for the necessary hours. It was Kidney Disease I had, and a friend advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did so and after using six boxes am completely cured and am working as steadily as before I was sick. I recommend Dodd's Pills to any one afflicted with Kidney trouble."

There is no form of Kidney Disease Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure. They always cure Bright's Disease, the most most advanced and deadly stage of Kidney Disease.

Largest Island.

The largest island in the world is New Guinea, 306,600 square miles; Great Britain is 83,826 square miles.

Insist on Getting It.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch because they have a stock in hand of 12 oz. brands, which they know cannot be sold to a customer who has once used the 16 oz. pkg. Defiance Starch for same money.

Japanese "Hello!"

The Japanese "Hello" at the telephone is "Moshi moshi" or "Ano ne," with the accent on the "nay."

Those Who Have Tried It

will use no other. Defiance Cold Water Starch has no equal in Quantity or Quality—16 oz. for 10 cents. Other brands contain only 12 oz.

Profit in Ostrich Farming.

Ostrich farming in South Africa continues a most profitable business.

Superior quality and extra quantity must win. This is why Defiance Starch is taking the place of all others.

Opportunity.

Opportunity is rare, and a wise man will never let it go by him.

MAY CALL TROOPS

CHICAGO STRIKE NEGOTIATIONS DECLARED OFF.

TROUBLE IS LIKELY TO SPREAD

Stipulations Agreed to Except as to Taking Back Express Company Drivers—Unions Will Therefore Pursue Plan Originally Mapped Out.

CHICAGO—The strike of the teamsters instead of being declared off will be spread to greater proportions. This was decided Saturday night by the members of the Teamsters' Joint Council, which was in session until midnight.

The council met at 8 o'clock to hear the report of the negotiations that had been in progress with the employers throughout the day. They agreed to all the stipulations of the employers with the exception of that which declared that the drivers of the express companies should not be taken back. This was the rock upon which the peace program was wrecked and after several hours of debate it was decided that the Teamsters' union could not leave the express drivers to make a lone fight, but must stand by them. It was decided to call off all the negotiations and prepare for a further fight.

The sense of the meeting was expressed in the following resolution, which was passed and given out as defining the position of the teamsters: "It is due to the members of the public and members of the teamsters' organization that a statement is issued relative to our position relative to the proposition submitted by the Employers' association. The Employers' association offered a proposition which might have received favorable consideration from the strikers and their committee providing it carried with it no proviso that would act as a detriment to any part of our organization. Their proposition, however, carried with it that the strike against the railway express companies be declared off without those companies agreeing to the proposition made by the employers of any other proposition, they having made the statement that they had held a meeting and decided that no strikers would ever again be re-employed as workmen for the railway express companies—in fact, to establish a blacklist against all of their former employees. This the teamsters' organization or its officials could not accept.

"We believe that the railway express companies are not justified in their refusal to reinstate any of their former employes and believe that the best interests of all would be served had they agreed to the same proposition or a somewhat similar one to that which the Employers' association suggested.

"Under these conditions it is incumbent on the members of the teamsters' organization to continue the strike until such time as the express companies will agree to the same conditions as those offered by the Employers' association.

The methods of the unions will not differ from those which they have pursued thus far in the strike. They will continue the boycott against the houses where the strikes have been held during the last month, and if any of their members are discharged for refusing to make deliveries all of the drivers employed by that house will be called on strike at once. The first effect of the spread of the strike will be in the building trades and trouble is looked for in this direction on Monday. The sheriff of Cook county gives it as his opinion that troops will have to be called.

To Entertain Nebraskans.

TACOMA, Wash.—Washington lumbermen are making elaborate plans for the entertainment of 300 members of the Nebraska Retail Lumber Dealers' association, who leave Omaha June 6 for a trip throughout the northwest. Every courtesy which representative mill men of Washington can offer will be extended to make the Nebraskans' visit pleasant and profitable. They will be entertained at Sand Point, Spokane, Bellingham, Everett, Ballard, Seattle and other places.

Cuban Liberators Adopt Platform.

HAVANA—The national convention of the liberal party adopted a few additions to the platform, including a proposition for establishing a national militia and changing the provisions covering the functions of cabinet officers. A secret session will be held tomorrow to consider campaign plans. It is expected that a presidential candidate will be nominated tomorrow night. General Maso has telegraphed to the eastern delegates not to present his name and to support Jose Miguel Gomez.

SHERIDAN, Wyo.—The attorneys for Colonel Cody filed in the district court a motion for a new trial of his divorce suit.

Wounded in the Philippines.

MANILA—Col. Wallace Taylor of the constabulary was severely wounded in an engagement with the Pulajanes, May 17, at Magtaon, on the coast of Samar. One private was killed and ten wounded. Many Pulajanes were killed. Aid has been requested. Two companies of the Twenty-first infantry will leave Cebu tomorrow to reinforce the constabulary. Desultory fighting continues in the islands south of Jolo. Major Gen. Leonard Wood, who conducted a campaign against Moros, has arrived.

Motor Car Reaches Oregon.

OMAHA—Motor car No. 1, which the Union Pacific started a few days ago for Portland, Ore., reached the line in Oregon Wednesday after a splendid and highly successful run. The trip will be completed in a day or two. The run over the mountains was delightful, and no trouble at all was had. The car experienced no difficulty in making the schedule, with all stops included. It was speeded for thirty miles an hour on a 4 per cent grade, or 200 feet to the mile.

Chink Gives to Jap War Fund.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Moy Kee, manager of Indianapolis Chinese, has been made a member of the Red Cross society of Japan. A letter from Count Matsugata, accompanying the appointment, acknowledges a contribution to the war fund.

Fuel Oil for Nebraska.

KANSAS CITY—P. Dumont Smith, one of the attorneys of the Kansas Oil Producers' association, said on Sunday: The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad is going to give the Kansas Oil Producers an interstate tariff which will enable them to sell their oil in competition with coal in the states of Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska. E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fe, has told me that the Santa Fe will put in the interstate rates just as soon as the figures can be compiled.

WOOD'S REPORT TO CORDIN.

Additional List of Killed in Fight with Moros.

WASHINGTON—The war department has received the following telegram from General Corbin, transmitting a report from General Wood regarding the engagements in the island of Jolo:

"Following just received from General Wood, via Dumaguete:

"May 14—Returned to Zamboanga yesterday. Troops sent to Jolo are being returned to stations as rapidly as possible. Moro outlaws, who have been raiding and killing in Sorneo, were killed in action, together with all their personal supporters and followers of the sultan, with all large chiefs; but the island in no way relieved; purely an organization of practical outlaws, disorderly characters, from Sulu and the other islands stretching down to Sorneo. Positions selected by outlaws for defense were situated in almost impenetrable jungles and were exceedingly strong, necessitating close contact and assault in two instances. Casualties, nine enlisted killed and twenty-one enlisted wounded; two constabulary killed and three wounded during the ten days' operations. All wounded doing well and all expected to recover; bulk of wounds not serious. Troops behaved splendidly and performed this most difficult service in a highly creditable manner. Full report will be forwarded. General breakdown of the cable, combined with use of water transportation at Jolo, and in aiding Buford, prevented sending dispatch earlier."

"Following list of killed reported by General Wood in addition to those reported May 17:

"Samuel Weaver, Company G, Twenty-second infantry; Ellick Howell, Company B, Twenty-second infantry; Daniel Newport, Company F, Twenty-second infantry; Eary E. Sansoucie, Company A, Twenty-second infantry."

DOWIE BUYING LAND IN MEXICO

Arrangements Being Made to Establish Colony.

CITY OF MEXICO—Gladstone Dowie, son of the Zion prophet, John Alexander Dowie, and Judge Barnes, a legal adviser, are in the city completing details for the taking over of a large tract of land for the purpose of establishing a colony in Mexico similar to that at Zion City, Ill. In an interview today Mr. Dowie said:

"We have secured an option on one of the Gonzalez haciendas, embracing 700,000 acres of territory in the state of Tamulipas. We are also negotiating for farming lands, totaling 1,000,000 acres. The papers closing the deal have been signed by the Zion agents and Lieutenant Colonel Manuel Gonzalez, owner of the hacienda, and in a few weeks we will begin the work of establishing our colony."

WILL REPRESENT PRESIDENT.

Fairbanks Will Go to Portland Exposition.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks will leave Indianapolis next Saturday night for Portland, Ore., where he will represent President Roosevelt at the opening of the Lewis and Clark exposition June 1. A small party will accompany the vice president, but its composition has not yet been determined, he said. After spending several days at Portland, the vice president will come east to Flint, Mich., where he will deliver an address June 7. During the following week he will be the commencement day orator at the Iowa State university. From June 19 to 23 he will be in Delaware, O., attending a meeting of the board of trustees of the Ohio Wesleyan university.

Fast Time to Yokohama.

CHICAGO—According to advices received by Traffic Manager P. S. Eustis of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, a record-breaking trip has been made by the Great Northern Steamship company's twin-screw Minnesota, between Seattle, Wash., and Yokohama. The Minnesota, with a big passenger list and a large cargo, reached Yokohama Friday. She left Seattle May 5. Her time of fourteen days is twenty-four hours better than the steamer's contract speed called for.

Bank at Manila Closed.

MANILA—On the order of Governor General Wright, the American bank has been closed and placed in charge of the insular auditor. No financial statement has been issued. The reason given for the closing of the bank is the protection of the depositors.

Gould Gets Harriman Man.

PORTLAND, Ore.—It was reported here on Tuesday that B. A. Worthington, vice president and general manager of the Harriman railway lines in the northwest, has resigned and that he will become general manager of the Western Pacific railroad. It is asserted that Mr. Worthington held a conference with men in touch with the Gould interests while at Chicago recently and that his resignation from the Harriman employ was the result of an arrangement entered into at Chicago.

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Improvement of Farm Plants.

There is no doubt that we can enormously increase the value of our farm products by improving our farm plants. What has been done in the past is merely a hint of what we can do. What has been accomplished has been done by a rather irregular, unscientific forward movement. Think of the evolution of the carrot from a little insignificant root, and likewise the development of the parsnip. As a real good illustration of what can be done observe the wild crab and compare it with our beautiful apples of many colors and flavors.

The work that has been done along the line mentioned has taken many centuries, but within my lifetime I have seen a wonderful change in the character of our farm plants. I can remember when the potato used to bear seed balls numerous, but now the plant has been so far developed away from its original self that it hardly ever produces seed.—Walter Bisby, Ashland Co., Ohio, in Farmers' Review.

In a test in England, an unmanured plot produced oats at the rate of 27 bushels and 1,904 pounds of straw per acre. The application of 336 pounds of superphosphate per acre brought up the yield to 34 bushels of oats and 2,350 pounds of straw. When the same amount of superphosphate and 112 pounds of nitrate of soda were added the yield was 41 bushels of oats and 2,688 pounds of straw. When superphosphate was applied and 224 pounds of nitrate of soda in two dressings the yield was 47 bushels of oats and 3,136 pounds of straw. In each case the gain was double in value the cost of the fertilizers used.

Cattle Ticks in Cuba.

A visitor to Cuba says cattle ticks are very numerous there now and that it is useless to send northern cattle to Cuba unless they have been first immunized. Cattle that have been brought up in the South where they have been always exposed to the tick are immunized and can be taken to Cuba with safety.

HOOCH MUST HANG

THE BIGAMIST AND MURDERER IS CONVICTED.

DEATH FIXED AS THE PENALTY

It Takes the Jury Less Than One Hour to Decide—Murderer Much Surprised at Finding of the Twelve Men.

CHICAGO—Johann Hoch, who, by his own confession, is several times a bigamist, and who is charged by the police with having married at least forty women in the past fifteen years, was found guilty of murder and the death sentence recommended by a jury in Judge Kersten's court.

The crime for which Hoch will be led to the gallows was the murder of his last known wife, Mrs. Marie Walker-Hoch. Hoch had been married to this woman but a few days when she became suddenly ill and died. He then formed an alliance with the sister of the dead woman and, securing the latter's money, fled from Chicago. This woman, in quest of revenge, notified the police that Hoch had poisoned her sister and a search for Hoch was begun. He was found two weeks later in New York and brought back to Chicago and confronted by several of his supposed wives. During the trial expert testimony was offered by the state that Hoch had poisoned the woman by administering arsenic.

The verdict was one of the quickest on record in Cook county, the jury having reached a decision in less than half an hour. Three ballots were taken. The first ballot was unanimous as to Hoch's guilt and then a ballot followed as to the punishment to be inflicted. This ballot showed ten in favor of the death penalty and two for life imprisonment. A third ballot resulted in the twelve jurymen voting for the death penalty.

"Well, I guess it's all off with John," groaned Hoch as the verdict was read in court, and it was plain he was greatly affected. He had sat in a stooping position, but when the dread word "death" was reached he turned, stared hopelessly at the jurors and then sank limp in his chair. Hoch's attorneys will ask for a new trial, although the condemned man, after reaching his cell, declared he was ready to die and would be better satisfied if they did not make the effort.

"I wish they would hang me tonight, now that I have been found guilty," declared Hoch. "I'm not afraid to die and the sooner it is over the better."

Hoch expressed great surprise at the finding of the jury and declared that the jurors did not take time to consider the evidence. He said:

"The evidence was all circumstantial, and my life was guessed away by the jury which did not give sufficient consideration to the testimony offered. If it had done so I might have stood a better chance, but there is no use in finding fault. I hope no time will be lost in taking me to the gallows. I do not want my attorney to attempt more for me, as I know it will be of no use. The end cannot come too soon to suit me. I committed no crime. If my wife had been shot by me instead of poisoned, as was alleged, it would have taken the jury at least a day to return the verdict, but this was a case of poisoning in which twice as much time should have been given for its consideration."

HIS PREDECESSOR WAS SHOT.

Sokolovsky's Last Act Was a Repressive Measure.

ST. PETERSBURG—The shooting of Major General Sokolovsky, governor general of Ufa, Tuesday is the second crime of this nature which has occurred at Ufa within two years, his predecessor, General Bogdanovitch, having been assassinated in the streets of Ufa on May 9, 1903. General Sokolovsky, who, as governor of Urenberg and as military governor of the same province, acquired a reputation as a stern and vigorous official, was appointed to restore order in the turbulent government of Ufa and adopted a repressive policy which long ago caused him to be marked for the same fate as Bogdanovitch. Numerous revolutionary societies were broken up by General Sokolovsky and the last acts of the governor general were the dispersal of an anti-government club and the suppression of the May day demonstrations with the arrest of many armed demonstrators.

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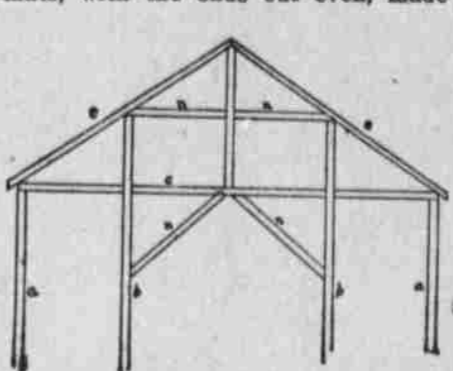
AGRICULTURE



A Cheap Hay Barn.

Protection could be easily and cheaply provided against the destructive and deteriorating effects of the weather for hundreds of thousands of tons of hay that are now stacked, more or less improperly, about the buildings and in the fields. No matter how well the hay may be stacked, there is always a loss of some material part of it when opening up in spring for the market. Much of it is ruined, also, for feeding purposes, as well as in marketable value. Hay exposed to the action of the weather during the winter season will lose more or less of its nutrient value, generally by a change that lessens its digestibility.

The accompanying illustration shows the end section of a shed that may be built of almost any timber that is to be had around the ordinary farm, and at very little expense. It may be built now or any time before the hay is harvested, or, if more convenient, it may be built over the hay after it is stacked. The roof is the only permanent enclosure. The sides are covered with any material that will afford protection from the rain and the snow and the sun. Some of the farmers in the eastern states use oiled canvas on the sides and ends, held securely down with poles or light timbers at the bottom. Others in the east, but more especially in the south, use evergreen boughs and corn stalks, more generally the latter, for closing the sides. The corn stalks are woven into long mats, with the ends cut even, made



much after the manner of making hot bed mats of rye straw.

The outside posts, "aa," should be from 9 to 12 feet long, according to the height of shed the farmer finds most convenient for his use. The posts, "bb," are from 12 feet up, depending on the height of the outside posts, "aa." These are set at least two feet in the ground, with a good flat stone at the bottom of the post hole to keep the post from settling. A shed about 20 feet wide will be found the most suitable for the general farmer, and the length may be extended indefinitely or a number of separate sheds may be built, as it is desired. The rafters, "cc," should be of 2x6 inch stuff, single. The cross plate or joist, "cc," should be very strong, and of any size available that can be easily adjusted to place. The braces may be made of almost any light stuff at hand that may usually be picked up from the scrap pile. The posts may be set at from 6 to 10 feet apart, and the rafters from 2 to 4 feet apart, one over each post and one resting on the plate between. The roof can be made of shingles, although the prepared roofing papers are cheaper and answer the purpose equally as well.—R. M. Winans in Farmers' Review.

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ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, and was short of breath and was troubled with bloating after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Umbrellas and self-respect when lost are seldom regained.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, I do hereby certify that F. J. CHENEY, Notary Public, is duly qualified and authorized to perform the duties of his office, and that he is a resident of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and is a citizen of the State of Ohio. Witness my hand and seal this 10th day of December, A. D. 1904.

High price of eggs doesn't seem to worry the one-night barnstormer.

FITS permanently cured. No other cure known after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. For particulars, see bottle and treatise. Dr. J. C. King, 111 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A woman's tongue is mightier than a man's strong right arm.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN P. BOVENS, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1904.

Don't forget that the wisest owl occasionally hoots at the wrong time.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Love is life's rainbow gold.

"Dyspepsia Tormented Me for Years. Dr. David Kennedy's favorite remedy cured me."—R. C. Dougherty, Millville, N. J. Used over 10 years. \$1.00.

Too many bills are apt to make a man feel bilious.

LIVING TOO HASTILY

AMERICANWOMEN BREAK DOWN

Irregularities and Female Derangements Result—Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Owing to our mode and manner of living, and the nervous nature of every woman to accomplish just so much each day, it is said that there is not



one woman in twenty-five but what suffers with some derangement of the female organism, and this is the secret of so many unhappy homes. No woman can be amiable, light-hearted and happy, a joy to her husband and children, and perform the duties incumbent upon her, when she is suffering with headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, bearing-down pains, displacement of the womb, spinal weakness or ovarian troubles. Irritability and snappy retorts take the place of pleasantness, and all sunshine is driven out of the home, and lives are wrecked by woman's great enemy—womb trouble.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham— "I was troubled for eight years with irregularities which broke down my health and brought on extreme nervousness and despondency. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound proved to be the only medicine which helped me. Day by day I improved in health while taking it until I was entirely cured. I can attend to my social and household duties and thoroughly enjoy life once more, as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman, without an ache or a pain." —Mrs. Chester Curry, 43 Saratoga Street, East Boston, Mass.

At the first indication of ill health, painful or irregular menstruation, pain in the side, headache, backache, bearing-down pains, nervousness or "the blues," secure at once a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a potent laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use so easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or "LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE." All druggists or by mail 50 cents, and 10 cents. Buy it by day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day, and is prepared for use so easily as tea. Address, O. C. Woodland, Le Sueur, La., U.S.A.