

THE ALLIANCE HERALD
W. S. RAKER, Publisher.
ALLIANCE, - - - NEBRASKA.
Brief Telegrams

The torpedo boat destroyer Kiji was launched at Kure.
Governor Higgins of New York signed the stock transfer bill.
Secretary Hay's efforts on behalf of Roumanian Jews has greatly improved their condition.
Plans for the financial reform of Macedonia will probably be terminated at the end of April.
Ex-Senator Thurston of Nebraska has gone to Portland, Ore., to defend Senator Mitchell in the land fraud cases.
Frederick E. Stees, national secretary of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, died at his home in Philadelphia.
Mayor Dunne has sent a telegram to President Roosevelt inviting him in behalf of the people of Chicago to visit that city.
The Rev. Stewart Dingwall Fortdyce Salmond, principal of the United Free church college, is dead at Aberdeen, Scotland.
Word received from Hot Springs, Ark., where Bishop Spalding is now staying, is to the effect that he is rapidly recovering.
About 2,000 strikers of the Putloff works, St. Petersburg, were dispersed by mounted police who were pelted with pieces of iron.
Governor Pennypacker signed the Greater Pittsburg bill, which provides for the consolidation of the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny City.
B. Heaton, principal of the English civil engineering college of Calcutta, is traveling in this country. His object is to study the educational methods observed in American schools.
Col. D. W. Emmons, founder of Huntington, W. Va., and one of the most prominent citizens of West Virginia, was stricken with apoplexy while seated at the breakfast table and died within a few minutes.
Santiago Iglesias, the local organizer of the American federation of labor, at San Juan, P. R., confirms his statement that the American flag was not insulted or torn when the police dispersed the Ponce gathering April 17th.
The naval authorities are unanimously of the opinion that the remains of John Paul Jones should be buried in the cemetery at the United States Naval academy at Annapolis, because he was a distinguished naval officer.
Total exports of specie from the port of New York for four days were \$486,037 gold and \$208,351 silver; imports of merchandise, \$11,870,020; imports of dry goods for five days \$2,848,287.
W. S. Sands, former secretary of legation at Korea, and adviser to the king, has been appointed secretary of the American legation at Panama to succeed Mr. Lee, who becomes counsel general there.
The Hamburg-American line steamer America was launched at Belfast in the presence of thousands of people including Walter Long, chief secretary of Ireland, and Lord Londonderry, lieutenant of County Down.
On the retirement of Major General G. L. Gillespie, in June, Brigadier General George M. Randall will be made major general and assistant to the chief-of-staff. Colonel Arthur L. Wagner will be promoted to be brigadier general to succeed General Randall.
H. U. Mudge, general manager of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, confirmed the dispatch to the effect that he had resigned to accept the position of second vice president of the Rock Island system, effective May 1.
The control of the Ann Arbor railroad company, which has been in the hands of the Gould interests during the past three years, has been acquired by Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., according to a statement issued by that firm.
Something of a sensation in newspaper circles of the Twin cities was caused when the St. Paul Globe, the only democratic morning paper in that city, announced that on May 1 it would cease publication after nearly thirty years of existence.
The Daughters of the Revolution dedicated Memorial Continental hall in Washington with appropriate ceremonies.
The United States supreme court holds that the New York law regulating the time during which laborers may work, is unconstitutional.
Secretary of State Hay's physicians reports that Mr. Hay has recovered his health.
The Equitable Mutual Fire Insurance company and the Mercantile Mutual Fire Insurance company, both of St. Paul, Minn., were declared insolvent.
It is learned that the Japanese government is about to raise another domestic loan of \$50,000,000.
Dr. D. K. Pearsons, the noted philanthropist, celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday and announced his intention of devoting the remainder of his life to giving away his money.
Albert F. Fiete, a letter carrier, whose home is in McGregor, Ia., was arrested in Geneva, Ill., charged with stealing money orders.
Secretary Taft has concluded to visit Tokyo on the occasion of his Philippine trip and pay his respects to the Japanese foreign office officials.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in 3/4-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 oz." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.
Epigrammatic Description.
A forester stood one day at a lumber camp in West Virginia to inquire his way. The "strawman," or assistant foreman, a lumberman from Minnesota, told him the road he must take, but warned him that it was "so rough a wildcat couldn't travel it." Seeing the look of perplexity on his face, he qualified his statement thus: "I reckon he might get over it, but not the way the wildcat would like to go."
Heights and Depths of Man.
The most selfish and ignoble races that ever flew through the air or swam in the sea never availed themselves of the accidental possession of power to establish orders of patrician and plebeian, or of lord and commoner, and thus to doom one portion of their number to perform all the toll and bear all the burdens of the tribe, while they themselves monopolized all its leisure and its luxuries.—Horace Mann.
Real Old Irish.
A letter bearing the following address took four days in delivery: "Dear Mr. G. H. Abrams tea-osa prionmhaidhe radharc an chuan, Kilronan, Aran Island Galway." This is not a joke. Translated, it is merely this: "Mrs. Gouran, Private Hotel, Harbor View, Kilronan, Aran Island, Galway," and it represents an effort to revive the Gaelic language in Ireland.
Better Than Moral Suasion.
"Tommy," said the teacher to a pupil in the juvenile class, "can you tell me what capital punishment is?" "Yes, ma'am," answered Tommy. "It's when a fellow is naughty and his mother locks him up in the pantry where there is lots of cake and jam."
I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. TROS. ROBINA, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.
Rights of German Landlords.
Numbers of the large German territorial magnates can compel their tenants to work for them in a number of different ways. On several estates in Germany the tenants who are trades-people have to give their services to their landlords for nothing whenever he may require them to do so.
FITS permanently cured. No more nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy. Sent free for \$1.00 trial bottle and booklet. Dr. R. C. Kline, Ltd., 281 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
British Leaven.
The British empire outside of the United Kingdom only contains some 8,500,000 of people of British descent—that is to say, only one in forty of its total population.
Perfect Timing Device.
In Australia there is used an electric clock which is so perfect in its work as to make it impossible for the timers to either deceive or innocently make a mistake.
Sensible Housekeepers will have Defiance Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.
Religious persecution is the effect of an exaggerated vanity rendered ferocious by the best intentions.
When you notice a vague accusation you give it a reality and turn a shadow into a substance.
The "marriage collar" so many husbands wear is, naturally, one of the "turn down" variety.
A floating debt is a poor thing to keep a man's head above water.
Try One Package.
If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does, you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.
Trust to luck—if you want to go hungry.
Do Your Clothes Look Yellow?
Then use Defiance Starch; it will keep them white—16 ounces for 10 cents.
It doesn't take a headstrong fellow to butt in.
When You Buy Starch buy Defiance and get the best; 16 ounces for 10 cents. Once used, always used.
To love more than once is a feat easily accomplished by both sexes.
Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *J. C. Ayer & Co.*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
Values of commodities depend on whether you want to buy or sell.

JEFFERSON DEAD
FAMOUS ACTOR PASSES AWAY IN FLORIDA.
EVENT WAS NOT UNEXPECTED
Body to Be Taken to Buzzard's Bay, Mass., for Burial.—Nation Will Mourn the Loss of a Widely Known Actor.
WEST PALM BEACH, Fla.—Joseph Jefferson, the eminent actor, died at his home, "The Reefs," at Palm Beach at 6:15 Sunday evening. The end came after a day of unconsciousness and after a heroic struggle of days which had exhausted his vitality. At his deathbed were his wife, his sons, Charles B. and Frank Jefferson; his nurse, Miss Mabel Bingham; Dr. R. B. Potter and his faithful old servant, Carl Kettler.
The end was not a surprise to his family. Ever since his last sinking spell, which came after a rally on Thursday morning and was followed by an apparent improvement until Friday, the family has been waiting for the end. Mr. Jefferson's condition Saturday night grew steadily worse and the family, which had retired, was summoned and Dr. Porter called. The patient's condition continued to grow worse all through Sunday and the brief bulletins from the bedside contained no words of encouragement.
The sickness of Mr. Jefferson which ended in his death, was contracted, it is believed, while on a recent visit to his son, Charles B. Jefferson, at Hobe Sound, a few miles above Palm Beach, where he went to meet his friend, former President Cleveland. It is believed that from a slight indisposition in his eating he suffered an attack of indigestion. Since his return to his home his condition grew worse, with slight rallies, until the end.
The body of Mr. Jefferson will be taken to Buzzard's Bay, Mass., leaving here Monday afternoon, accompanied by all his family who are here. It will reach New York Wednesday.
It was on April 1 that Mr. Jefferson went to Hobe Sound to meet Mr. Cleveland and other friends at the home of his son, Charles B. Jefferson. The party spent about a week there and during that time there were frequent fishing expeditions. During that time Mr. Jefferson appeared active, but as he had been resting at his home at Palm Beach and had almost recovered his strength from the illness which pulled him down last spring, he was over-confident and over-exerted himself. It was at a supper there one night when he ate something which it is thought brought on the attack of indigestion. When Mr. Jefferson became ill he returned at once to The Reefs and was taken to his room on the second floor of the cottage, which is only 100 feet from the ocean, where he could watch the sea. The weather was favorable throughout his illness. Dr. Porter, the family physician at the Florida home, lived three miles from The Reefs and went occasionally to the bedside of his patient, feeling that his patient might survive. But when the first critical period occurred he spent most of his time there and called Dr. Worley, a specialist of St. Augustine, for a consultation. Dr. Worley went to Palm Beach, arriving there last Monday and leaving there the following Monday, thinking that Mr. Jefferson might recover. It was the heroic fight the veteran actor was making against death and his great determination to survive in order that he could reach his northern home that resulted in the few temporary changes for the better.
Announce Backing by Gould.
SAN FRANCISCO.—The local promoters of the Western Pacific Railroad company make a formal announcement that George J. Gould and his overland railroad system are to be abandoned without delay, from Salt Lake City to San Francisco.
HEALTH REPORT FROM PANAMA
March Compares Favorably With Any Country.
WASHINGTON.—The March health report of Colonel W. C. Gorgas, chief sanitary officer of the Isthmian canal zone, received here, shows a steady improvement in conditions there. There were about 9,000 employees of the commission at the end of the month. The sick in hospitals numbered 153, and the total deaths for the month were only eleven. This is equal to a rate of fourteen per 1,000, a rate which Colonel Gorgas says would be considered favorable anywhere.
In the thirty days ended with March there had been four cases of yellow fever throughout the whole isthmus, of which one was in Panama. In the previous thirty days there had been twelve cases. Each house in Panama City has been fumigated; a great many of them several times.
Fete for the German Emperor.
MESSINA, Italy.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern was profusely decorated with flowers and plants on Sunday in celebration of Easter. Dr. Goens, the German court chaplain, came from Berlin expressly to perform services in the chapel of the yacht in the presence of Emperor William. The imperial family and their suites and the staffs of the German ships at present in this harbor. At the conclusion of the service the emperor delivered a sermon expounding a text from the bible.

AT JEFFERSON'S HOME.
Actor's Pleasant Ways Endured Him to Townspeople.
BUZZARDS BAY, Mass.—The progress of Joseph Jefferson's last illness was followed anxiously in this, his Cape Cod home, and the announcement of his death was received with genuine sorrow by the townspeople, to whom he had become a familiar figure during fifteen years of summer residence here.
The usual spring preparations at the Jefferson summer cottage, at the head of Butterfield bay, have been in progress for some weeks, it being Mr. Jefferson's custom to take up his residence here about the middle of May. The house which the distinguished actor occupied is the second which he built here, the first having been destroyed by fire April 1, 1892.
Mr. Jefferson's pleasant ways endeared him to the people in every part of Cape Cod, who were always proud of his residence among them. His sons, Thomas and Joseph, built cottages here and Mr. Jefferson also built a cottage here for his daughter Josephine.
So popular was Mr. Jefferson on Cape Cod that he had served for many years as president of the Old Colony club, the summer driving club of the cape, whose annual repasts, principally of clams and other sea food, have been attended by many distinguished men.
With former President Cleveland he enjoyed many fishing excursions down Buzzards Bay and along the brooks of Bourne and Sandwich. His principal pastime, however, was painting. He took deep interest in the affairs of the town.
MUST STAY OUTSIDE LIMIT.
Rule That Will Apply to Rojstven-sky's Squadron.
ST. PETERSBURG.—The Associated Press is informed that no representations have been made to Russia through the French embassy here on the subject of Admiral Rojstvensky's stay at Kamranh bay. There is no direct telegraph line to Kamranh bay, and the fact of a violation of neutrality would have to be established before any definite response could be given to Japanese or French representations on the subject made to Russia. Admiral Fe Jaqueires, the French naval commander at Saigon, has already sailed from there for the purpose of investigating the matter.
The following statement on the subject was made: "If Rojstvenky is still at Kamranh bay, or contemplates remaining there until Nebochtov joins his ships, he will remain outside the three-mile limit, as he did during the long stay off Madagascar. Naturally, Japan will file a caveat, just as she would file one with the United States if Rojstvenky should approach the Philippines. Japan's protest is in the nature of a warning. The facts yet remain to be established."
LIFE SHORTER IN AMERICA.
German Doctor Compares Longevity of Germans and Americans.
WIESBADEN.—"Americans are shorter-lived than Germans," was the conclusion reached by Dr. B. Laquer in his paper on social hygiene in the United States, submitted to the International Congress of Medicine, now in session here.
"Although more temperate in the use of alcohol than the Germans, and working an average of 10 per cent shorter hours, the Americans are," said Dr. Laquer, "exhausted earlier in life."
The doctor gave these figures for each thousand of the population: The number of persons from 50 to 60 years of age are, in Germany, 179; in America, 170; persons over 80, in Germany, 78; in America, 65.
Dr. Laquer did not undertake to explain the facts. He simply gave them as the result of inquiries which he made during a visit to the United States in 1904.
AUTOMOBILE INSPECTION CAR
Can Travel 100 Miles on Three Gallons of Gasoline.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—A practical test of the railroad automobile as an inspection car has been made by Assistant General Superintendent Brown of the Great Northern road. Chief Engineer Davis, Superintendent Jenks of the road's northern division, and Division Roadmaster Lockland. They traversed the northern division with a car, which is now in the St. Paul union depot yards. The new means of transportation enables the inspectors to view the tracks and roadbeds at close range, to vary the speed of the car on short notice, and to look with equal ease in all directions.
So satisfactory was the test that Assistant Superintendent Brown will henceforth use the car during all his inspection trips. Four persons can be accommodated on the car. It can make more than thirty miles an hour, although that rate is considered best for practical purposes. It can travel 100 miles on three gallons of gasoline.

SENATOR IS DEAD
PLATT OF CONNECTICUT PASSES AWAY SUDDENLY.
WAS LONG IN PUBLIC AFFAIRS
A Man Peculiarly Representative of New England Ideas—Funeral Will Probably Be Held on Tuesday, April 25th.
WASHINGTON, Conn.—United States Senator Orville Hitchcock Platt of Connecticut, died at his summer home in this, his native town, at 8:53 Friday night from pneumonia. The end came almost unexpectedly, the immediate cause being the breaking of the right lung and which produced strangulation. Only a few minutes before, Dr. Ford, the family physician, had prepared a bulletin from the sick room to the effect that if the patient did not have another sinking spell, such as had come to him during the forenoon, he would probably live through the night.
The funeral will probably be held next Tuesday, though the date has not been conclusively fixed.
By both temperament and feeling Senator Platt was peculiarly the representative of New England ideas and of the old Puritan integrity and conscience.
Senator Platt's last public utterance was at the state capitol on March 21, when before the general assembly he delivered the eulogy over General Hawley, whose body lay in state in the corridor below. He spoke as if from a heart that was overflowing with grief and in words that touched deeply all who heard him, telling of the personal side of his long relations with General Hawley, rather than of the political battles they had fought with varying fortune for the party to which they both had life-long adherence. At the time it was noticed that Senator Platt seemed to be of impaired health and this was attributed to his arduous labors in the senate and added responsibilities thrown on him by the recent death of Senator Hoar.
Senator Platt succeeded Senator Hoar after the latter's death as chairman of the judiciary committee of the United States senate. Later he was made chairman of the special committee of the senate appointed to conduct the Swayne impeachment trial and this was followed by his appointment as presiding officer of the senate, sitting as a court during the impeachment trial. That was his last high public duty before returning to his native state to assist in paying honor to the memory of his late colleague in the senate, General Hawley.
He was elected to the senate in 1890 to succeed Senator W. H. Barnum, a democrat who had been elected to the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Orris Ferris. His last reelection was in 1903.
Senator Platt was born here July 19, 1827, and was nearly 78 years of age.
NINE PENSION EXAMINERS OUT
Resignations Called for by Commissioner Warner Are Accepted.
WASHINGTON.—Nine of the ten pension examiners constituting the Board of Review were separated from the government service, Commissioner of Pensions Warner referred the nine resignations to Secretary Hitchcock with the recommendation that they be accepted, and Mr. Hitchcock took the desired action without delay. The resigned examiners assert that representation were made to them, purporting to come from the commissioner, that should they hand in their resignations matters would be relieved and restorations would be made at some date in the near future. Commissioner Warner, however, made no such representation to the secretary. The difficulty involving the Board of Review was its approval of several pensions to applicants whose only claim was enlistment in a Pennsylvania and a New Jersey regiment of volunteers for service in the civil war, but the services of whom were never availed of by the government.
TAKES CONTRABAND FREIGHT
Steamship Manchuria Sails for the Orient.
SAN FRANCISCO.—The Pacific Mail steamer Manchuria sailed for China and Japan via Honolulu. It is understood she will stop at Midway Island for advice regarding the war situation in the orient, as she carries a large quantity of machinery and other freight for Japan, which is alleged to be contraband.
Among her passengers are W. W. Rockhill, formerly assistant secretary of state, who succeeds E. E. Conger as minister to China. He is accompanied by Mrs. Rockhill and her daughter and Captain Henry Leonard of the marine corps, who goes as military attache of the legation.
President Sends Regrets.
WASHINGTON, Conn.—A message of condolence and expressive of his grief over the death of United States Senator Orville H. Platt came to Mrs. Platt from President Roosevelt Sunday afternoon. It was sent from Glenwood Springs, Colo. The message also contains an expression of regret at the inability of the president to attend the funeral. The text of the message will not be given out, in accordance with the wishes of Mrs. Platt, who also says the body will not lie in state.

Dyspepsia of Women
ABSOLUTELY NEEDLESS AGONY
Caused by Uterine Disorders and Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
A great many women suffer with a form of indigestion or dyspepsia which does not seem to yield to ordinary treatment. While the symptoms seem to be similar to those of ordinary indigestion, yet the medicines universally prescribed do not seem to restore the patient's normal condition.
Mrs. M. Wright
Mrs. Pinkham claims that there is a kind of dyspepsia that is caused by a derangement of the female organism, and which, while it causes a disturbance similar to ordinary indigestion, cannot be relieved without a medicine which not only acts as a stomach tonic, but has peculiar uterine-tonic effects also.
As proof of this theory we call attention to the case of Mrs. Maggie Wright, Brooklyn, N. Y., who was completely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after everything else had failed. She writes:
"Four years ago I suffered with dyspepsia which so degenerated my entire system that I was unable to attend to my daily duties. I felt weak and nervous, and nothing that I ate tasted good and it caused a disturbance in my stomach. I tried different dyspepsia cures, but nothing seemed to help me. I was advised to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and was happily surprised to find that it acted like a fine tonic, and in a few days I began to enjoy and properly digest my food. My recovery was rapid, and in five weeks I was a well woman. I have recommended it to many suffering women."
No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement, or has such a record of cures of female troubles, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
IMPORTANT FACTS FOR COW OWNERS
The mechanical Cream Separator has become a vital feature of every home dairy just as of every butter factory. Its use means much more and much better cream and butter, as well as saving of water, ice, time and room. The difference in result is not small but big. Few cows now pay without a separator. Dairying is the most profitable kind of farming with one. 98% of the creamery butter of the world is now made with De Laval machines, and there are over 500,000 farm users besides. Send for catalogue and name of nearest local agent.
THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. 74 Cortlandt Street
CHICAGO NEW YORK
THE GRAND PRIZE
THE HIGHEST AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR
TOWER'S WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING SLICKERS, HATS, BOOMER SLICKERS
A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50
W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD. \$10,000 REWARD to any one who can improve this statement.
W. L. Douglas's \$3.50 shoes are the best in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost twice as much. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas's \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, but they last longer, and are of greater value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market. W. L. Douglas guarantees to replace any pair of his \$3.50 shoes that are broken or worn out within six months. Look for the "W. L. Douglas" name and price on the inside of each shoe. Look for it in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers every where. Write to where you live. W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.
"THE BEST I EVER WORE."
"I wrote to you that I had bought your \$3.50 shoes for the past five years, and that they are the best I ever wore."—J. J. Lytle, 305 East Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.
Boys wear W. L. Douglas's \$2.50 and \$3.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.
W. L. Douglas wears Cursons Collyers in his eyes. Cursons Collar is considered by the best medical authorities.
Fast Color Eyelets will not wear brassy.
W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe manufacturing business in the world. No trouble to get a fit. 25 cents extra for postage. Write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
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