

Brief Telegrams

Bernhardt is said to be contemplating a farewell tour next season, under the name of the "Theater Company." The United States buys from Cuba three times as much as Cuba buys from the United States. Admiral W. S. Schley is confined to his home in Washington by an attack of grippe, but expects to be out in a few days. A steel-like grass from the volcanic slopes of Oran, Algeria, is so elastic that it can be used instead of springs in the manufacture of furniture. As a consequence of the famine times Stockholm legislators proposed a tax upon all persons weighing more than one hundred and twenty-five pounds. Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock has issued an order directing the Dawes commission to issue no more allotments of land of Indians who have been accepted by various tribes. Inmates of St. Asaph workhouse, in Wales, possess a pony and phaeton, a piano and a library of more than 600 volumes. All are provided by generously disposed persons in the district. Prof. Benjamin F. Clarke of Brown university was given a loving cup recently by his colleagues in the faculty in recognition of the completion of forty years of service by him in the university. Russell Leonard, a youth of 16, residing south of Warsaw, Ind., has completed his second year of sleeping in the open air in all kinds of weather. He is battling for his life against tuberculosis. General Ben J. Viljoen, a general of the Boer forces in the war in the Transvaal, was a guest of the president at luncheon. He will have charge of the Boer exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. The Austrian Peace society has sent a cablegram to President Roosevelt requesting him to intervene in the Russian-Japanese conflict under the provisions of the international arbitration tribunal at The Hague. Minister Finch has cabled the state department that there has been a change in the sentiment in Montevideo and that there is now no fear of an attack on the city, which is being guarded by 1,000 well armed and officered men. Thomas L. James, former postmaster general of the United States, was married in Shakespeare's church, at Stratford-on-Avon, to Edith, daughter of Alderman Colbourne, of Stratford-on-Avon. Numerous relatives and friends were present. It is said at the war department that Cameron Forbes of Boston, who has been tendered the position of Philippine commission, was selected principally because of his executive abilities and technical knowledge of engineering matters. The relief fund for the sufferers of the Cheswick mine disaster now amounts to \$33,753. Revised statistics of the disaster to date show total loss of life, 185; bodies accounted for, 141. Among late subscriptions was \$2,000 from Mayor Hays of Pittsburgh, who is himself precariously ill. Jacob Allen, a wealthy farmer of Wellington, Kan., was swindled in Wichita by gold brick men, who sold him a worthless combination of tin and copper for \$10,000. It had been recommended by a supposed government assayer who gave the name of J. E. Stone of Philadelphia. By a bill which passed the Kentucky legislature co-education in Kentucky must cease. It remains only for the governor to sign the measure to make it a law, and then Berea college, one of the most famous educational institutions in that part of the country, must pass out of existence. Rev. A. Grant Evans, president of Henry Kendall college, Muskogee, is in Washington to urge the removal of restrictions in the sale of land in the Creek nation, also in the interest of a provisional school system on the lines of the bill introduced by Representative Stewart of Nevada last week. Dr. M. M. Johnson of Hartford, Conn., has brought suit against Mrs. J. Ogden Armour of Chicago for \$5,000. Mrs. Armour is the mother of the little girl who was operated on by Dr. Lorenz, and for which he was said to have received a fee of \$30,000. The suit is brought for medical services for Mrs. Armour's sister. Second Lieutenant Frank Pratt, on duty at Fort Wayne, Mich., has been detained in this country after having been ordered to the Philippines because of more serious charges than those preferred against him in Manila, which he was returning to face. He is charged with gambling in Manila and with being short in his funds to the amount of \$7,500. Captain George A. Armes, United States army, retired, has addressed a letter to the president charging unjust treatment at the hands of the military authorities. He asserts that important documents bearing on his record have mysteriously disappeared from the office of the adjutant general. Five hundred operatives at the Frank Diesel branch of the American Can company, Chicago, struck, tying up the plant. Reduction in wages was the cause. Most of the strikers are girls, who operate the cutting, stamping and soldering machines. The plant is picketed by girls.

HANNA VERY LOW

NO HOPE IS NOW HELD OUT BY HIS DOCTORS.

HE HAS NO CHANCE FOR LIFE

Patient Suffers More Sinking spells and Responds to Stimulants Very Slowly—Pulse Beating at an Alarming Rate.

WASHINGTON—All hope of Senator Hanna's recovery is gone. Mr. Doy has just stated that there is no chance for life. "It is just a matter of temporary improvement," he said. The doctors, however, are not preparing for immediate dissolution.

This has been regarded throughout as the crucial day in Senator Hanna's heroic battle for life. It began with assurances of quite an optimistic character. The first news of the day (Sunday) from the sick room was announced shortly after 7 a. m. The senator, the doctors said, had passed a perfectly quiet night. His temperature at 7 o'clock was 103.8, pulse 120, and strong and regular, and his respiration was declared to be satisfactory, although no figure was given.

At intervals of two hours during the night Senator Hanna had been aroused and given nourishment, after which he would immediately resume his sleep. The doctors supplemented this announcement with the statement that the condition of the senator at this time surpassed their expectations. This statement had hardly been issued when an unexpected change for the worse took place.

Dr. Osler had gone to Mr. Hanna's room and Dr. Carter and Secretary Elmer Doy had stepped down to the dining room for breakfast. Dr. Rixey had not arrived and the senator was alone with his nurses. Suddenly he became noticeably weaker. His rapid breathing excited alarm and other evident signs of distress caused a hurried summons for both physicians.

On their almost instant arrival his pulse was beating at the alarming rate of 127 and his respiration was above 40. The oxygen apparatus was immediately put into use, the breathing cone was placed over the senator's mouth and nostrils and relief secured. At 9:30 o'clock an official bulletin was issued covering this period. Its statements follow:

"Senator Hanna passed a favorable night, but is weaker this morning. Temperature, 103.3; pulse, 124; respiration, 40."

"RIXEY."
"OSLEI."
"CARTER."

The physicians declined to make further comment on the outlook, but it was noticeable that their optimism of the early morning had been entirely dissipated by the 8 o'clock sinking spell. However, for the next few hours the reports which came unofficially from the bedside of the senator all told of his wonderful recuperative powers.

A NEUTRALITY PROCLAMATION.

It Will Be Issued by the President of the United States.

WASHINGTON—The president has decided to issue a proclamation of neutrality. It probably will make its appearance Thursday. The proclamation is in stereotype form and simply recites and deprecates the existence of hostilities between Japan and Russia and enjoins upon citizens of the United States a strict regard and observance of the neutrality laws.

Robbers Crack a Bank Safe.

FORT WORTH, Tex.—A special from Commerce, Tex., says news is received here that bandits have creaked the safe of a bank at Ravia, I. T., and secured \$1,700. The citizens, aroused by the noise of the explosions, attacked the robbers. Firing ensued, but no one was hurt. The robbers escaped.

CHURCH HOWE UNDER KNIFE.

Consul General to Antwerp Submits to an Operation.

WASHINGTON—Church Howe of Nebraska, consul general to Antwerp, Belgium, is a very sick man, according to advices received at the state department. Mr. Howe has been ailing for some time and it is thought he has been suffering from appendicitis. A few days ago an operation was performed, the nature of which is not known at the state department. Tuesday, however, Deputy Consul Haine cabled the department that the operation had been followed by acute indigestion and pleurisy. Beyond this the state department has no knowledge of Mr. Howe's illness.

Italy Will Not Mix.

ROME—Premier Giolitti announced in the chamber of deputies that Italy would maintain the strictest neutrality during the war in the far east, and would do all possible to otherwise bring about the re-establishment of peace.

Are Anxious for the Fray.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—Despite the fact that no call for men from British Columbia has been issued by the Japanese government, twenty-five Vancouver Japanese have sailed for Japan. They are going on their own initiative, and will be joined at Victoria by a like number of their countrymen who desire to be early on hand to take part in the hostilities. It is estimated that there are in this province between 12,000 and 18,000 Japanese and among them are 2,000 or 4,000 liable to service for their country.

JAPANESE WILL APPEAL.

Will Ask United States to Prevail on Russian Government.

WASHINGTON—Japan will appeal to the United States to prevail on the Russian government to release the 100 Japanese subjects reported detained at Port Arthur. Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, it is expected will present the appeal to Secretary Hay Monday.

In a cablegram received from Tokio Sunday the minister was informed that according to news brought to Chefoo by a British steamer from Port Arthur, 100 Japanese refugees had been taken from the steamer by the Russian authorities just before the vessel sailed in spite of the protest of the Japanese.

Having agreed to look out for the Japanese citizens in Russian territory during the war, this government will instruct Mr. McCormick, the American ambassador at St. Petersburg, to inquire of the Russian government on the subject as to the Japanese in question.

The best naval opinion here is to the effect that the detention of these Japanese at Port Arthur is a strategic necessity to prevent the Japanese gaining information as to the fortifications, troops, etc.

CZAR'S SHIPS RAID COAST.

Traffic Between Hakodate and Aomori Suspended.

YOKOHAMA—The four Russian cruisers which sank the Arouru Maru had first appeared in the Tsuguru strait on the 11th, escorting a transport from Vladivostok. Another steamer, the Zeensho Maru, also met the Russian cruisers, but escaped from them. All traffic between Hakodate and Aomori has been suspended owing to the Russian raiders. Great indignation is felt here over the sinking of a commercial steamer, and it is believed to be a violation of the laws of warfare.

Japanese troops are reported to have landed 12,000 strong at Dove bay last Wednesday and to have been repulsed by Russians in a hand-to-hand fight.

General Litvitch has been appointed to supreme command of the Russian army in Manchuria.

Cossacks put 410 of a landing party of 600 Japanese to death by the sword at Taliennan.

CUBA CANNOT FLOAT A LOAN.

The Present Conditions are Unfavorable.

HAVANA—The Associated Press is informed by a person of undoubted authority that the \$35,000,000 Cuban loan will not be floated until the monetary conditions are more favorable than at the present moment. President Palma and the secretary of the treasury were practically so informed of a conference held February 10, at which there were present representatives of the National City bank of New York, the Kuhn Loeb & Co. syndicate, Speyer Brothers and other banking institutions interested in the matter. The fact that the loan is not to be floated at this time is not intended as a reflection on Cuba's credit, but is due to the war situation in the far east, the result in Wall street growing out of the Baltimore fire, and other current causes. When the situation becomes normal it is expected the Cuban bonds will be sold without difficulty.

BITTER TOWARD UNCLE SAM.

Russian Papers Are in a Pugilistic Mood.

LONDON—Special dispatches received from the far east and published Thursday morning add nothing to the actual situation. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph quotes from the Nove Vremya as making a bitter editorial attack upon the United States, which he supposed to be an outcome of the dispatch to the American consul to Mukden.

The Nove Vremya accuses the United States of a desire to win the trade of the entire globe and exclude Europe of the entire globe and exclude Europe clares: "If, as it seems likely, war breaks out, it will have been instigated by the Yankees."

On Orders from Washington.

COLON—Hurried orders from Washington were received to embark a battalion of marines on the Prairie. A special train left Colon Sunday morning and returned at noon with the 450 marines, who were encamped at the Bas Obispo station on the Panama railroad. The Prairie's boats were kept busy all day unloading the camp fittings, baggage, stores, etc., and this task is not yet finished. Major Lucas will command the battalion and the Prairie will sail Monday under sealed orders.

Great Battle in Sanchez.

WASHINGTON—United States Minister Powell reports by cable to the state department from San Domingo, under date of the 9th, that it was reported in the capital that a fierce battle had been fought in Sanchez and a great many people had been killed.

Missile Travels Fifteen Miles.

WASHINGTON—One of the officers of the battleship Missouri, which has been engaged in target practice off the Chesapeake capes, came to the navy department with a remarkable statement. He said that one of the twelve-inch guns, being elevated seven degrees, let fly a shell which the strongest glass could not follow to the end of its flight. Later a passing steamer reported that the shot had struck the sea within 200 yards of her. The steamer was distant just fifteen miles.

THE LAND FORCES

JAPANESE GETTING READY TO MOVE FORWARD.

ARE AFTER RUSSIAN POSITIONS

Military Experts Believe Japan's Next Effort Will Be on the Land—Preparations That Must Be Made Before the Army Can Go Forward.

LONDON.—(New York Herald Cablegram.)—Game is made by some English papers of the published report that the Vladivostok squadron has put to sea and captured a small Japanese merchant steamer off the northern coast of Japan. This is sarcastically called a brilliant exploit, but the important fact is recognized to be that the Vladivostok squadron is now located. General opinion here is that it cannot achieve anything of consequence.

Military and naval experts here agree with the impression reported to prevail in New York that the Japanese are already prepared to move in force on the Russian position on the Yalu. It is questioned first of all whether the whole story of the concentration of any considerable Russian army on the Yalu is not a mere myth. In that case it may be that the Japanese will find it worth their while to brush aside, with a division rapidly pushed forward to the scene, the Russian troops which presumably cover a considerable accumulation of stores such as it may be well worth while either to seize or destroy. This would, however, not be a serious advance for decisive action against the Russian army as such, but only a maneuver for the advantage of position and to hamper Russian movements by destroying the stores on which they had calculated for their large forces. Previous to any advance of the Japanese army for decisive action, if they are in the presence at this point of really formidable Russian forces, there must be a vast accumulation of ammunition, both for artillery and infantry. There must be a collection of immense quantities of medical stores and appliances. All these, besides food, must be gathered in convenient depots near to the front.

Latest reports from the front indicate that a battle on land is expected hourly. The Japanese have massed troops on the Yalu river, toward which a Russian force is believed to be marching, and a second line of defense is being formed between the river and Seoul, capital of Corea.

It is reported that 200 of the crew of the Russian ship Variag lost their lives during the fight at Chemulpo. A German cruiser has been sent to take German women and children from Port Arthur.

The Russian battleships Czarovitch and Retzikan have been floated, but the cruiser Pallada is still on the beach.

RAILROAD PENSION SYSTEM.

Pennsylvania Company Issues Statement of Operations.

PHILADELPHIA—Statistics compiled by the pension department of the Pennsylvania railroad show that in the four years the organization has been in operation \$1,224,087 has been expended for the relief of those entitled to consideration. The report gives the following yearly distributions: 1902, \$252,290; 1903, \$224,015. These expenditures do not include the cost of the department's operation, which is paid by the company.

In the four years' operation of the pension plan 2,126 employees have been retired as pensioners from the active service of the company. Of these 527 have died. Of the total number retired, 426 were between the ages of 55 and 69 years. Of the total number retired, 348 were retired upon their own request and with the approval of the employing officer.

GO TO OBSERVE THE FIGHTING.

American Officers Who May Go With Russian Army.

ST. PETERSBURG.—By direction of the authorities at Washington Ambassador McCormick has asked the Russian officials to permit the following officers to accompany the Russian army in the field: Colonel John B. Kerr of the general staff, Captain Carl Reichman of the Seventeenth infantry, Captain George G. Gatley of the artillery corps, Captain William J. Judson of the engineer corps.

Lieutenant Newton A. McCulloch, U. S. A., will be attached to the Russian fleet if the necessary permission is obtained from naval authorities here.

Russian Ship is Downed.

ST. PETERSBURG.—A report has been received from Viceroy Alexieff saying that the Russian torpedo transport Zenizi has been blown up as the result of accidentally striking a mine at Port Arthur. The Zenizi sank and Captain Stephanoff, nine officers and ninety-one men were lost.

Operates in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE.—Arthur S. Spencer, who was arrested in Pittsburg on the charge of trying to sell Chinamen false registration certificates, was in Milwaukee on January 23 and made the rounds of Milwaukee laundries in company with the deputy United States marshal, and a number of Chinamen were sent to the county jail because they were unable to produce certificates showing they were entitled to reside in the United States. Some of the Chinamen produced papers and were released.

TO SAVE BALTIMORE.

Prompt Action to Prevent Loss of Trade Advantages.

BALTIMORE—The scene in strict Baltimore began to be visibly clear Wednesday after a conference between Mayor McLane a special joint committee of the legislature and a formidable delegation of representative business men. This conference was arranged with a view of meeting in a practical way the awful exigency which this community faces. At this meeting besides the mayor there were present influential members of the state law-making body, a dozen bank presidents, former Governor Smith, United States Senator-elect Raimor and several of the leading citizens.

The supreme question to be decided was that of calling on the national government for soldiers to take the place of the two militia regiments now doing duty in the burned district. The constitution of Maryland requires that no such request be made of the president except by request of the state legislature. The legislative committee was present and consulted with the mayor and city officials on that point. It was shown that this is not a time for sentiment as to the ability of the state to take care of itself, and that the United States soldiers were needed and needed at once. On this score it was shown that the militiamen were already much exhausted, and that the militia on active duty is costing the state \$50,000 a day.

The announcement of the legislative committee that it would recommend at once the immediate passage of the resolution was received with pleasure by the officials and business men present.

KILLED ONE HUNDRED CHINESE.

This is What the Russians Are Charged with Doing.

LONDON—Special dispatches from Tokio announce the arrival of Japanese troops at Seoul, but beyond this the dispatches published in the newspapers here this morning add practically nothing to the knowledge of the actual situation.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Standard sends a report that the Russians have massacred 100 Chinese at Liao Yang, in consequence of which the officials at Shan Hai Kwan are greatly alarmed and are appealing to Peking for protection. Other dispatches say that 400 French troops have been ordered from there to Seoul for the protection of the French legation at the Korean capital, the emperor having taken refuge there. These reports lack confirmation.

The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Tien Tsin says that Li, the favorite court official of the dowager empress of China, has been decoyed away and beheaded by order of Yuan Shi Kai, commander-in-chief of the Chinese army and navy. Li was a Russian in his feelings.

EXPECT A RUSSIAN ATTACK.

Where the Vladivostok Squadron is Believed to Be Headed For.

WASHINGTON—The best naval opinion here credits the report that the Russian Vladivostok squadron of four armored cruisers has left Vladivostok and it is believed that it will attack the two coal stations on the northern coast of Japan. In anticipation of this move the Japanese have several warships guarding these points.

In Russian circles it is believed that the municipal government of Vladivostok will be transferred to a nearby town, together with the citizens, and the entire place turned over to the army for use as a fortress.

From dispatches received here it is thought the Japanese will confine their naval operations for the present to the destruction of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur.

CUSTOM HOUSE IS RUINED.

Contents of Bank Vaults in Good Condition.

BALTIMORE—As a result of an examination of the new custom house building, it is almost certain that the whole structure must be torn down, so great is the damage done. The building is now nearly up to the third floor, and nearly \$350,000 of work has been done. The building is about half completed. A careful examination will be made later before the contractors, Henry Smith & Sons of Baltimore, are notified what must be done under the contract. Under the law the loss will fall on the contractors unless congress passes a relief measure.

The vaults have been found in good condition in several banks where examinations were made. This includes the vaults of the National Exchange bank, where it is understood there are \$800,000 of United States government funds in the vault.

Witness in Smoot Case.

WASHINGTON.—Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, has subpoenaed E. P. Critchlow as a witness in the investigation of Senator Smoot.

Gladness in Berlin.

BERLIN.—Japan's initial success in the first attack with torpedo boats on the Russian fleet off Port Arthur produced a deep impression both on the people and military and naval circles here. Groups gathered around the distributors of the "extras" in the streets and read the news almost with exclamations of gladness. The comment at the marine department was that even the temporary disablement of three warships placed the Russians at a great disadvantage in the future operations.

FOR RENT OR SALE
On Best Farmstead, SW. CORNER GROVE FARMS,
near of Mt. W. MULHALL, Sioux City, Iowa,
Love can neither be bought nor sold,
but it may be exchanged.

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Remedy.
For children's sore throats, sore eyes, reduces in-
flammation, stops pain, cures wind cold. 25c a bottle.

Take care of your enemies and your
friends will take care of themselves.

IF YOU USE BALL BLU,
Get Red Cross Ball Blue, the best Ball Blue,
Large 2 oz. package only 5 cents.

A moral, sensible and well-bred man
will not affront me—and no other
can.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible
medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL,
Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1904.

It ought to be a pleasure to live
right.

DR. COFFEE
Discovers Mild Remedies That Restore
Sight to Blind People.

Dr. W. O. Coffee, a noted oculist, 356 Good
Block, Des Moines, Iowa, has discovered mild
remedies that will cure all the eye troubles at
home and cure Catarrhs, Scums, Granulated
Lids, Ulcers on the Eyes, Weak Sore Eyes and
any kind of eye trouble.
Dr. Coffee has just printed 50,000 of his
famous 80-page book on Eye Diseases and wants
to send a copy free to every reader of this
paper. This book tells how to cure the eyes
and prevent blindness and how his mild treat-
ment cures all diseases at home at small ex-
pense. Write Dr. Coffee to-day for his book.
Don't wait to be blind.

The Hour to Dine.

Englishmen in Queen Elizabeth's
time dined at 11 a. m., and Shakespe-
peare rung up the curtain at the Globe
theater at 1 p. m., the performance
ending between 5 and 6 o'clock. By
the time of Charles II. dinner had
advanced to 1 o'clock, and the play be-
gan at 3 p. m., as Pepys records. A
century later Horace Walpole com-
plained of dinner being as late as 4
o'clock, and evening not beginning
until 6 o'clock. Up to the middle of
the last century the theaters opened
at 6:30, dinner being proportionately
earlier.

He Asked for "Razors."

"Please send me six razors at once
and charge to militia account of the
state," telegraphed Adjutant General
Drain, of Washington, to the war de-
partment. "How did you get the idea
that the war department furnished
razors to the militia?" telegraphed
the chief of ordinance to Adjutant
General Drain. Then there was a lot
more telegrams, and it was discovered
that Adjutant General Drain wanted
sight "raisers" for guns, not imple-
ments for shaving.

Three Doctors' Opinions.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 15th.—Physi-
cians have accepted Dodd's Kidney
Pills as the standard remedy for dis-
eases of the Kidneys and kindred
complaints. R. H. Dunaway, M. D.,
of Benton, Ill., says:
"Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me of
Diabetes after everything else had
failed and I was given up to die. I
have since prescribed them in my
regular practice for every form of
Kidney Trouble and have never as yet
known them to fail."
Jesse L. Limes, M. D., St. John,
Kansas, says:
"I prescribed Dodd's Kidney Pills
for the little daughter of Mr. and
Mrs. McBride of this place who suffered
from Epileptic fits following Scritel-
ina; results were miraculous; I have
never seen anything like it."
Leland Williamson, M. D., York-
town, Ark., says:
"Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best
medicine I know of for all forms of
Kidney Disease. I believe in using
the remedy that relieves and cures my
patients, whether ethical or not and
I always prescribe Dodd's Kidney
Pills and can testify that they in-
variably accomplish a permanent and
perfect cure of all Kidney Com-
plaints."

Pity the laden one; the wandering
sore may visit you or me.—George
Elliot.

Where to insure my property and
why. Losses will occur, that is why I
insure. The Mutual has only losses,
and expenses to pay. An Old Line
Company has losses, expenses and divi-
dends on its capital stock, and the
more capital the more expense. A
good Mutual Company is absolutely
secure, and the cost is little over one-
half the other. Then I should insure
in the STATE FARMER'S MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO. of South Omaha,
Nebr. B. R. STOFFER, Secretary.

The woman who poses as a profes-
sional beauty must lead a strenuous
life in order to hold her job.

FARMERS ORGANIZE.
What promises to become a most powerful
factor in the produce markets and from
which farmers will reap immense benefit,
took life in the organization of the Farmers'
Grain and Live Stock Commission Co., at
Chicago, Ill. This Company will handle
shipments of grain and stock at all the pri-
mary markets, will have feeding stations
for stock, and will operate elevators, etc.
The project has a strong backing from in-
fluential farmers and business men and will
no doubt receive universal endorsement.

I never knew a man in my life who
could not bear another's misfortunes
like a Christian.

80 Bu. Macaroni Wheat Per A.

Introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agr.
It is a tremendous crop, yielding in
good land 80 bu. per acre, and on dry,
arid lands, such as are found in Mont-
Idaho, the Dakotas, Colo., etc. It will
yield from 40 to 60 bu. This wheat and
Speltz and Hanna Marley and Bromus
terrestris and Billion Dollar Grass,
makes it possible to grow and fatten
hogs and cattle wherever soil is found.
STAY BEHIND AND BUY THIS SORTER
to the John A. Sauer Seed Co., La
Crosse, Wis., and they will send you
free a sample of this Wheat and other
farm seeds, together with their great
catalog, alone worth \$100.00 to any
wide-awake farmer. (W. N. U.)

When a man is holy he will not
need a certificate to the fact.