

"Save Children of Near East" Pleads Member of Relief Commission

Mrs. Florence
Spencer
Duryea,
Just
Returned
From a
Journey
thru the
Levant, Says
Scores of
Children are
Dying Daily



MRS.
FLORENCE
SPENCER
DURYEA

THOUSANDS of orphans throughout the Near East who owe their lives to America still look to us for their food and shelter, according to Mrs. Florence Spencer Duryea, Director of the Women's Organizations of the Near East Relief. Mrs. Duryea was a member of the Commission which has just returned to this country after a two months' investigation of conditions in the Levant.

"They look to us, for they have no one else to look to," Mrs. Duryea declares. "We have been caring for them during the long years of warfare, which has not yet ceased in the Near East, and we must continue while the present need exists."

"Though much of our work has been done and it will require just a little more effort to complete the task, the situation this year makes immediate and effective action necessary. Due to invasion and disturbed political conditions an additional burden has been thrown upon us, especially in Armenia, where there are thousands of little tots facing a dreadful death unless we answer their appeal."

"I saw hundreds of children, so thin and weak from under-nourish-

ment that they could hardly drag themselves along the ground, crying for something to eat at the gates of Near East Relief orphanages in Alexandria and Erivan. The institutions are already overcrowded, and unless additional facilities are provided, no more can be admitted."

"This means a situation so horrible that I hate to think of it, for winter is coming, and winter in Transcaucasia is bitterly cold and the starvation and disease that is now carrying off scores every day will grow worse."

"If more American women could only see the sights that I saw, of babies dying in their mothers' arms; of youngsters who still need a mother's care scratching in refuse for a morsel of something to eat; of others so starved up from starvation that they more resembled mummies from some ancient Egyptian tomb than anything human; if they could only see these sights, and worse, I know they would see that America did not forsake a task that up to this time has been so wonderfully done."

Mrs. Duryea was the only woman member of the Commission to visit Transcaucasia, where she was the guest of the various local govern-

THE LITTLE ROAD.

Did you ever notice a little road
That you didn't wonder where it led?
Whether—after the cool, green wood—
It chanced on the dell where your dream-
house stood?
Maybe—beginning dusty and rough,
It keeps up the pretense just long enough
To tire those who haven't the clue,
And leave the adventure—and end—to
you?
Maybe it leaves the highway to follow
Up, swooping up like the flight of a swal-
low—
Till valley and town lie dim below,
And Time flies far on the winds that
blow,
There you may find a nook for your
dreaming,
Seeming,
Just planned for you from the Eden-
glow.
So the little road cries to me: "Follow,
follow,
Maybe you'll find that your dreams are
hollow,
Maybe you'll see—but follow, follow,
Come with the faith of the homing swal-
low,
Or, to your death, you will never know."
—Ellen Morris Mills, in The Lyric West.

CLOUDS ON FACE OF JUPITER

Professor Reports Astronomical Ob-
servation, Which Has Also Been
Seen by Other Scientists.

Prof. W. H. Pickering, in a recent address before the British Astronomical association, recalled the fact that during his observations at Arequipa he noticed that the surface of Jupiter, instead of being composed of uniform bands of yellowish white or brown, really consisted of an enormous number of extremely minute reddish-brown clouds seen upon a perfectly white background. The effect of belts was



Drawing From Flammarion's "Popular Astronomy" Showing Bands on the Face of Jupiter.

produced where the cloudlets were numerous, and the light spaces where they were scarce. He compared the appearance of these spots to the well-known "rice grains" on the sun. Their lengths lay in the direction of rotation of the planet. He said he had since observed the cloudlets in Jamaica and they have been seen in England by Phillips and Stevenson.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Making a Church "Pay."

The Union church on West Forty-ninth street, New York, is cutting up a new wrinkle once again. Years back, writes a correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune, it erected a huge electric sign, facing Broadway, to advertise its services. All of which was considered horrible and everything until the legitimacy of the endeavor was realized. Other clergymen duplicated the idea. We have electric signs in front of churches here. But now the Union church is renting its community rooms for theatrical performances. Their rates are cheap and producers are lining up for dates. New gasps of amazement are being heard. Ho, hum!

Invents Spring Lamp Post.

Enter now the spring lamp post—a preventive, so its inventor claims, of many automobile wrecks. In the old days when lamp posts were the main support of certain gentlemen in the early hours of the morning, a spring lamp post, of course, would have been out of the question. But today it is different. When an automobile hits this safety post, which was invented by C. C. Veneman of Chicago, the post bends, allowing the auto to pass over it without serious injury. Then the spring will pull the post back to its upright position.

Sugar-Making Schools.

During the last three years the maple sugar production has increased threefold in the province of Quebec, Canada, now amounting to 30,000,000 pounds, valued at \$7,000,000. This increase has been mainly due to the scarcity of beet and cane sugar, but another important factor has been the establishment of sugar-making schools. At these schools, of which there are three, the most modern methods of sugar and syrup making are taught.

Tired Business Man.

"I understand that you are going to take a vacation?"
"Yes," replied Mr. Dustin Stax. "I need a change of scene."
"You never appeared to work very hard."
"No. But it becomes monotonous to do all your loafing in the same office."

Too Bad.

Mother—Well, Jimmie, how did you like your visit to your aunt's farm?
Little Jimmie—I was disappointed, mother. I discovered that cow's milk was not so cold as the milk we get in the city, and that the hens' eggs are about the same size.—London Answers.

Chinese Beggars Taxed.

Beggars are taxed in China. There, evidently, the financial possibilities of the profession are frankly recognized.

Wire System of Country Built by Small Savings

The savings of many thousands of men and women coming from every walk of life and living in every state of the Union have built the telephone system of the United States, and several hundred thousand men and women living in almost every community in the country are now engaged in managing, maintaining and operating that system. It might truly be said that the telephone industry in this country is 100% American, being owned, controlled and operated by the people, for the people.

The American Telephone & Telegraph Company, the parent company of the Bell System, of which the Northwestern Bell is one of the Associated Companies, has the largest number of stockholders of any telephone company. The published records of that Company show that on August 15, 1921, 171,620 individuals owned its stock, the average number of shares held by stockholders was about 31, and no stockholder owned as much as one-half of one per cent. of the total stock. Including employees who are purchasing stock by monthly payments, the company now has 212,000 stockholders.

LEGAL NOTICES

First Pub. Dec. 15, 1921—3w
Order of Hearing on Petition for Appointment of Administrator.

The State of Nebraska, Dakota County—ss.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alexander H. Baker, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mrs. Nellie B. Mason praying that Administration of said Estate may be granted to Solon A. Mason as Administrator.

Ordered, that December 31st, A. D. 1921, at 10 o'clock A. M., is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said County, and show cause why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in The Dakota County Herald, a weekly newspaper printed in said County, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing.

Dated December 13th, 1921.
SHERMAN W. MCKINLEY,
County Judge.

(Seal)

First Pub. Dec. 15, 1921—4w
PROBATE NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the County Court of Dakota County, Nebraska.

In the Matter of the Estate of Curtis Harold Bliven, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that the creditors of the said deceased will meet the administrator of said estate, before me, County Judge of Dakota County, Nebraska, at the County Court Room in said county, on the 10th day of February, 1922, and on the 11th day of April, 1922, at 10 o'clock A. M., each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Three months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the administrator to settle said estate, from the 10th day of December, 1921.

This notice will be published in the Dakota County Herald for four weeks successively prior to the 10th day of February, 1922.

Witness my hand, and seal of said court, this 10th day of December, 1921.

SHERMAN W. MCKINLEY,
County Judge.

(Seal)

First Pub. Dec. 15, 1921—2w
Order of Hearing and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account.

In the County Court of Dakota County, Nebraska.

State of Nebraska, Dakota County, ss.

To Anna Farrell, William Farrell, Michael Farrell, and all persons interested in the estate of Michael Farrell, deceased:

On reading the petition of Anna Farrell praying a final settlement and allowance of her account filed in this Court on the 9th day of December, 1921, and for a decree of distribution, and for her discharge as administrator.

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said County, on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1921, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in The Dakota County Herald, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, for two successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of said Court, this 9th day of December, A. D. 1921.

SHERMAN W. MCKINLEY,
County Judge.

(Seal)

Geo. W. Leamer, Attorney for Petitioner.

Have
YOU
Paid
YOUR
Subscription.....?

J. W. Fordney Shows Need For United States Valuation

Congressman Points Out Necessity for New System Incorporated in Tariff Bill.

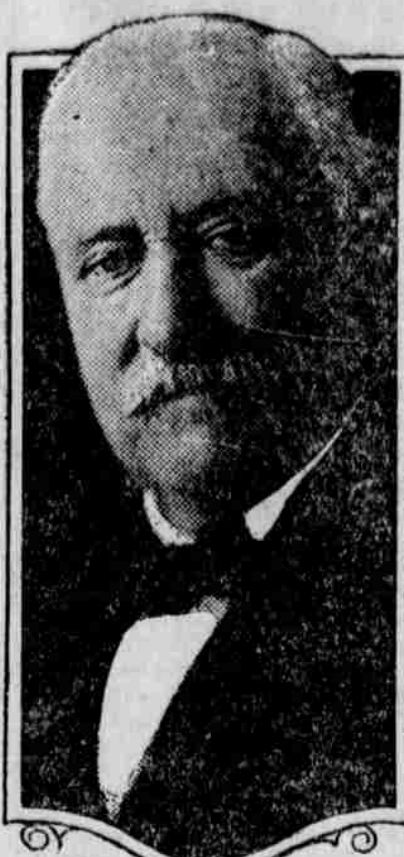
"We are importing at the rate of about \$300,000,000 worth of foreign goods per month into the United States," declares Congressman J. W. Fordney, Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee. "Most of those goods could be made here. There is not a manufactured article produced in the United States in which the labor cost is less than 90 per cent. of the total cost—I mean, following the raw material from start to finish. Now, if that is true, of the \$300,000,000 that we are sending abroad each month to buy foreign made goods, \$250,000,000 is going out from the people of the United States to employ German, French, English, Japanese and Chinese labor, while our laborers are walking the streets in idleness."

"Under free trade we must come to a common level somewhere, if we compete with all the countries of the world. Today German labor is getting from 60 to 65 cents per day in gold for ten or twelve hours. Japanese and Chinese labor today is from 12 to 18 cents per day in gold for twelve hours' work. If we had to be placed on a par with the imports from those countries, do you believe we could lift those foreign countries up to our standard of living? Not at all. We have got to come down to a common level somewhere, but we are not ready to do that, and we are not going to do it."

Revision Demanded

"The people of the country are demanding tariff revision. Some people say that Canada will retaliate. Canada is the best customer we have in the world, on the basis of population. There is no place in the world where our balance of trade is stronger than in Canada. Canada has no reason to complain about the rates fixed in the new tariff bill; none whatever. I shall tell you why."

"Last year Canada collected \$19.50 in import duties for every man, woman and child in Canada. Great Britain, the great free trade country of the world, or said to be, collected \$15.50 per capita, or \$728,000,000. We collected \$3.15. Little Japan is collecting at the rate of 20 per cent. ad valorem upon all her imports, dutiable and free. We have the lowest duty of any principal country on the face of the earth right now, and have had, since 1913.



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Congressman J. W. Fordney,
Chairman of House Ways and Means Committee.

"Some people are opposing American valuation, some of the great importers of the country. Some of them have sent out circulars appealing to the merchants of the country, the manufacturers, to appeal to their congressmen and their senators to oppose American valuation. Why? I shall tell you why. Last year in the customs office of New York alone there were fifty-four hundred cases of under valuation, and this year they are running at the rate of five hundred cases a month.

"Why do foreigners who export to this country, or people of this country who import from foreign countries undervalue? Because they pay less duty. Profit is made in the duty if they can import at fifty cents on the dollar of the real value of the goods."

Attention!

Your
Hardware Needs
We have them

Interior Wall Finish
Outside and Inside Paints and Varnishes
Barn Paint
Poultry Fence and Netting
Carpet Beaters
Perfection Oil Stoves, and other makes
Full Line of Enamel and Aluminum Ware
Full Line of Galvanized Ware
Horse Collar Pads
Baskets
Hog Troughs
Hog Oilers
Garden Gates
Iowa Farm Gates
Posts—Steel and Wood

Everything in the Hardware and Lumber Line

BEST GRADE OF COAL FOR THE MONEY

SEE US FOR ANYTHING IN BUILDERS HARDWARE LINE
BIG STOCK OF LUMBER

G. F. Hughes & Co.

H. R. GREER, Manager. Dakota City, Neb.

Fred Foote. Bert Smith.
Foote Motor Co.—Ford Dealers
A prudent man wishes to know cost before starting repair work. Bring your car troubles to us and we will name a price on any job, complete, and guarantee our work. Dimmers, 60c per pair. We install them so as to comply with the law. South Sioux City, Nebr. Shop on Ninth Street.

Westcott's Undertaking Parlors

AUTO AMBULANCE

SIOUX CITY, IOWA

Old Phone, 426

New Phone, 2067

SALESMAN WANTED

For Dakota County

To represent Moorman Mfg. Co., Quincy, Ill., selling line of stockmen's supplies direct to farmers. This is a commission proposition and appeals only to a hustler who wants to establish a permanent business. No investment except in a traveling conveyance. No deliveries to be made. You will be home every night and will be given every assistance by a highly developed sales and advertising organization. Write, giving age and experience, to

I. W. Kesler, Paxton Hotel Omaha, Neb.

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