

MANY WARSHIPS MAY BE JUNKED

NAVAL CUT PLAN CALLS FOR GREAT DESTRUCTION.

HISTORIC SHIPS ON THE LIST

Great Britain Called on to Sacrifice Greatest Tonnage—Experts Anticipate Big Saving.

Washington, D. C.—Under the American naval limitation proposal which delegates to the Washington conference are now considering Great Britain, Japan and the United States are called upon to scrap many historic ships as well as great vessels under construction or contemplated in naval programs.

Of ships completed Great Britain is called upon to sacrifice the greatest tonnage. Thirteen battleships and six battle cruisers already in commission which England would sacrifice aggregate 385,350 tons. The United States, under the plan, is called upon to scrap 10 battleships of 157,730 tons. The 15 battle ships which the United States would abandon cost this country on the day of delivery \$99,536,735, a sum which does not approach the \$320,000,000 already spent on battle ships and battle cruisers under construction which also would be scrapped under the Hughes' proposal.

The United States' battle ships built, all but two of which are now out of commission, to be scrapped if the Hughes' plan is agreed to are: Michigan, 16,000 tons; South Carolina, 16,000; Connecticut, 16,000; Louisiana, 16,000; New Hampshire, 16,000; Vermont, 16,000; Kansas, 15,000; Minnesota, 15,000; Virginia, 14,948; New Jersey, 14,948; Rhode Island, 14,948; Georgia, 14,948; Nebraska, 14,948; Maine, 13,500; Missouri, 13,500.

British battle ships now in commission to be scrapped are the following: Conqueror, 22,500; Monarch, 22,500; Thunderer, 22,500; Orion, 22,500; Colossus, 20,000; Hercules, 20,000; Neptune, 19,900; St. Vincent, 19,250; Colingwood, 19,250; Bellerophon, 18,600; Temeraire, 18,600; Superb, 18,600; Commonwealth, 16,350.

British battle cruisers: Lion, 26,350; Princess Royal, 26,350; Australia, 18,800; New Zealand, 18,800; Inflexible, 17,250; Indomitable, 17,250.

Japan would sacrifice the following completed battle ships: Aki, 19,800; Satsuma, 19,800; Kure, 14,600; Ise, 13,750; Kashima, 16,400; Katori, 15,950; Mikasa, 15,360; Hizen, 12,700; Ashahi, 14,765.

The list of ships under construction or planned which the Hughes program would scrap are the following:

United States: Battle Ships—Indiana, 43,200 tons; Massachusetts, 43,200; Montana, 43,200; North Carolina, 43,200; South Dakota, 43,200; Iowa, 43,200; Colorado, 32,600; West Virginia, 32,600; Washington, 32,600.

Battle Cruisers—Constitution, 43,500 tons; Lexington, 43,500; Ranger, 43,500; Saratoga, 43,500; United States, 43,500.

Japan: Battle Ships—Kii, 44,000 tons; Owari, 44,000; Kaga, 41,000; Tosa, 41,000; Mutsu, 33,800; Nos. 6, 7 and 8, no details.

Battle Cruisers—Akagi, 41,000 tons; Amagi, 41,000; Atago, 44,000; Takao, 44,000; Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8, no details.

England: Four very large ships, no details known; probably cruisers.

Police Obtain a Confession.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—Following the conviction of Aniello Parriti of the murder of Genesee Pazzari by a jury in the supreme court at White Plains, it was learned that the county and Yonkers detectives had obtained a confession from one of the witnesses against Parriti which it is believed will clear up 32 murders committed by the members of the Navy street gang of Brooklyn and Harlem and Coney Island gangs of gunmen during the past 10 years.

Joplin Bank Closes Doors.

Joplin, Mo.—L. K. Roberts, of Kansas City, national bank examiner of the Kansas City district, arrived here and immediately began examination of the condition of the First National Bank, of Joplin, the president of which, Amos Gipson, committed suicide in Mexico City, Mex. Directors of the bank reiterated their belief that the bank was solvent.

Economical Beef Gains.

More economical gains are secured on beef cattle when silage is used in the ration. This is due to the relative cost of silage and cured roughage. Less corn is used when silage is fed.

Care and Feed for Mother.

Big healthy lambs and pigs can't be developed before birth unless the mother has good care and proper feed.

Make Poor Farmers Rich.

"Purebred live stock on every farm" will make poor farmers rich.



NEW YORK PAYS HONOR TO YANKEE WAR HERO

Ceremonies at Arlington Heard Distinctly by Crowds Inside Hall.

New York.—New York's throbbing heart of trade was still in reverent tribute to that heroic heart, forever stilled, that was laid to rest with the highest honors the world could pay, in Arlington National cemetery.

A vast crowd in and around Madison Square garden, obeying the same trumpet call that summoned the throngs at Arlington to attention at noon, stood with bowed heads, motionless, for two minutes, offering prayers for the dead and for perpetuation of the peace he died to win.

At the same moment the city's wheels of industry droned into silence; transportation ceased, tugs and ferries idled in the harbors; telephone service was suspended; telegraph instruments ceased their clatter, citizens everywhere—in their homes, in their offices, in the great railroad terminals, even on the streets—stood with bared heads bowed in homage to the symbolic unknown who had died that they might live.

Flags were at half mast throughout the city. Public buildings, military posts, visiting ships in the harbor—ships that bear the flags of nearly all the nations of the world—not excepting the German, displayed their colors at mourning.

Observance of the sacred moment centered at Madison Square garden, where telephonic amplifying devices had been set up to connect Arlington and New York.

The great hall, festooned with the flags of America and the allies, was packed far beyond its seating capacity of 15,000 and the crowd outside filled every available inch of Madison Square park long before the first voice came over the wires from Arlington, announcing that the body of the unknown was being placed on the catafalque and that President and Mrs. Harding were entering the amphitheater.

From that moment until the last trembling strains of "taps" died away the audience was, in spirit, with the vast concourse at Arlington. Every word that was spoken, every hymn that was sung; descriptions of the casket with the military medals of eight nations, and with the wreaths of two nations' war mothers—all came over the wires to the mourners in and around the garden.

So securely was the throng held in the spirit of the services that when President Harding, closing his oration, began the recitation of the Lord's prayer, its myriad voices blended in a thunderous murmur of "Our Father who art in heaven," with the vibrant leads of the chief executive.

Then the bestowing of the decorations—"won in mortality; worn in eternity"—the measured tones of the president as he placed the congressional medal of honor and the distinguished service cross over the heart of the unknown. Then the alien tongues of Foch, Diaz, Jacques and all the other old war figures who had come to lay their nations' honors above the body of America's hero.

THE U. S. MARINES ARE TO GUARD ALL MAIL TRAINS

Postmaster General Hays Declares Open Warfare on Crooks and Bandits.

Washington, D. C.—With orders to shoot to kill if necessary to prevent mail robberies, 1,000 marines were ordered to duty as guards of mail trains and trucks and at postoffices in 15 cities. The men will be armed with pistols and sawed off shotguns.

Postmaster General Hays announced after a conference with Maj. Gen. Le Jeune, commandant of the marine corps. The marines are to be replaced eventually, he said, by a special force recruited from the postal service.

Arrangements for the services of the marines, Mr. Hays said, were made with the secretary of the navy. The matter was discussed at a cabinet meeting and President Harding is said to have expressed approval of Mr. Hays' plan.

The postmaster general also announced that as a result of the recent New York robbery, orders had been issued suspending from the service three New York postoffice officials—E. M. Norris, superintendent of mails; Henry Lippman, superintendent of registry, and W. S. Mayer, superintendent of new orders. Investigation of the New York robbery, he declared, will be continued.

Some of the marines, Gen. Le Jeune said, within 24 hours would be on guard on practically all trains in the country carrying valuable mail. Men for duty in the west would report from San Diego and Mare Island, Cal. Among the cities to which they will be sent are San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Declaring it was proposed to protect the United States mails "to the last postal card, regardless of cost and sacrifice," Mr. Hays said he wanted it known that the postoffice department had declared "open warfare on the crooks and bandits."

During the 12 months ended last April 9, according to Mr. Hays, \$6,300,000 was stolen from the mails, but in the six months following the announcement that postal employees would be armed the total stolen fell \$318,869.

The advisability of enacting legislation urging the government to pay benefits to the families of postal employees slain by bandits is understood to have been discussed by the cabinet.

Roads to Post Wage Cuts.

Chicago.—Managers of the western group of railroads met here and decided upon the immediate posting of notices of wage reductions of 10 per cent, according to an announcement. The roads represented at the meeting included the Santa Fe, Great Western, Rock Island, Northwestern, Union Pacific, Northern Pacific and Great Northern.

Incendiary Fires at Tripp, S. D.

Tripp, S. D.—Three elevators and the Milwaukee railroad company's coal sheds here were destroyed by fire. The total loss is estimated at \$150,000. There is some insurance, but the amount is not known. It is believed the fires were the work of incendiaries, but no arrests have been made.

Hylan Re-elected.

New York.—Mayor John F. Hylan, democrat, was re-elected by the largest plurality ever given a majority candidate here.

Ford to Cut Fares.

Columbus, Ohio.—Henry Ford's railroad, the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton sought a reduction in passenger rates.

Municipal Bonds Heavily Sold.

Washington.—Recent sales of municipal bonds in 13 states have totaled over \$60,000,000 and in addition \$34,000,000 of the securities have been offered for sale, according to statistics made public by the national employment conference. Also \$10,000,000 in state bonds have been sold and a like amount offered for sale. These figures, it was explained in a statement, were compiled in connection with studies made of possibility of hastening public works as a measure of relieving the unemployment

BANDITS HOLD UP AN ILL. CEN. TRAIN

MASKED BANDITS HOLD UP ILLINOIS CENTRAL TRAIN

Robbers Set Fire to Mail Car When Clerks Refuse to Open Its Doors.

Champaign, Ill.—Five masked bandits held up the crack Illinois Central New Orleans limited train two and one-half miles south of Paxton, Ill., shot two of the train crew, burned the mail coach, slugged a mail clerk and escaped.

It is said the mail robbers secured all the contents of the safe, all the registered mail and other valuables, and that the total may run above \$4,000,000. All the second class mail was burned and the mail car was destroyed.

Those wounded were: Ben Bobinet, Mattoon, Ill., mail clerk, shot in wrist.

Arthur Moon, colored porter, Chicago, Ill., shot in chest, may die.

Thomas Baker, Carbondale, Ill., mail clerk, slugged and cut on head.

The train, known as the New Orleans Limited, arrived at Paxton at two men clambered on board the tender. About three miles beyond Paxton there is a long bridge and the tracks are fringed by heavy shrubbery at the bridge approaches. As the train whistled for the bridge, the two men clambered over the tender and poked army automatics into the ribs of the engineer and fireman. "Put on the brakes," they commanded. The engineer promptly complied and the train slowed down and stopped at the farther end of the bridge. From the bushes beside the track came three other bandits, all masked and all heavily armed. They ordered the engineer and fireman off the engine and forced them to slide down the steep bank. Then they uncoupled the express, baggage and mail cars and ran them down the track a half mile. Passengers in the sleepers and dining car, alarmed at the sudden stop, attempted to alight, but found themselves marooned on the bridge.

One of the bandits went back to the mail car and hammered on the door. "This for Fogarty" (the engineer), he said, "open the door."

One of the mail clerks opened the door a trifle, but saw it was not Fogarty, so slammed the door and bolted it. The bandit leader then began firing through the door of the car. Failing to get results, he produced a bottle of gasoline, poured some over the door sill and threw the remainder through the window of the mail car. Then he applied a match and in a moment the car was ablaze.

The mail clerks were forced to open the door. Baker, one of the clerks leaped to the ground. Bobinet, the other, attempted to slip to the ground, but one of the bandits cursed him and ordered him to get back and throw out the mail sacks. Bobinet handed out one sack, but the bandit said it was not the right one and to go back for others. Bobinet, his clothing afire and his hair singed, fell out of the car and the bandit slugged him savagely as he fell.

Arthur Moon, a sleeping car porter, and other members of the crew and some passengers had been creeping along the stringers of the bridge. As they approached the bandits opened rifle shooting Moon in the abdomen. He may die.

The robbers then hurried away in an automobile they had concealed in the nearby woods.

Portugal to Give Charles Place.

Lisbon.—Portugal has granted permission for the deportation of the ex-emperor Charles, of Austria, the former empress and their children to Funchala, Madeira Island, where they will reside. Their home probably will be in the wing of an enormous building at Funchala, which was intended as a sanatorium when it was constructed by a group of German financiers. The building never was finished because of a disagreement between the Portuguese government and the Germans and has been unoccupied.

Man With Backbone Wins.

The man who has no backbone is the weakling in business, shifted and shunted about by everyone with whom he comes in contact. But the man who has backbone is not trod upon—he is the one whose aggressiveness makes him successful and wins him respect.—Exchange.

The More the Merrier.

Pyle Inn and Tumble Inn are two hotels in New Jersey.

Sumptuary Law Cut Expenses.

Before the present Mikado's father abolished the sumptuary laws, a Japanese noblemen even of the highest rank was not permitted to spend more than \$40 for a dress for his wife.

Not Guilty.

A Chicago professor is authority for the statement that 90 per cent. of the women in the United States are home-ly. Well, what about it? We defy any person to find one woman in this country who does not secretly believe that she belongs to the ten per cent.

Reliable Source.

Visiting Minister—Having—er—most unfortunately lost the manuscript of my sermon for this morning. I shall trust the Providence for inspiration. Tonight I shall come better prepared.—Vanity Fair.

No Doubt.

No doubt Adam had his troubles when Eve came into his life, but one thing is certain—she never complained to him that Mrs. So-and-So had a fur coat and she didn't see why she couldn't have one, too!

MARKET REVIEW

Compiled by the Nebraska State Bureau.

GRAIN MARKET IS UNSTEADY

Hogs, Cattle and Sheep From 25c to 50c Lower—Receipts of Fresh Butter Heavier Last Week.

LIVESTOCK.

Cattle.—The supply of cattle at Omaha last week consisted largely of grassers and western steers suitable for stockers and feeders. Corn-feds were scarce, with few steers of outstanding quality included. For the week, fed steers were mostly 25c lower. Bulk all weights sold at \$6.50 to \$8.50. Top yearlings, \$10.50. Grass steers steady; bulk, \$5.00 to \$5.75. Sheepest 25c lower; bulk grass cows and heifers \$3.50 to \$4.25. Veals mostly 50c lower; top \$10.00.

Hogs.—Heavy receipts of hogs the first of the week at Omaha and elsewhere together with limited shipping demand resulted in lower prices. The downward trend was checked the middle of the week and prices became steady. For the week, most classes were 25 to 50c lower. A top of \$7.10 was reached with the bulk of packing grades selling at \$6.00 to \$6.40.

Sheep.—Receipts of sheep were very light. Feeding lambs were in good demand and sold at steady prices. The bulk of fed lambs sold at \$8.25 to \$8.60. Yearlings and sheep were 25 to 50c lower. Light ewes up \$3.75 to \$4.00; heavy ewes, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

GRAIN.

Wheat.—The market last week was characterized by alternate advances and declines. Export demand was light. The visible supply increased 2,262,000 bushels. For the week, Chicago December wheat was up 5 1/2c. Local prices below \$1 a bushel.

Corn.—Stocks of old corn on farms November 1st were estimated at 281,472,000 bushels compared with 139,906,000 bushels last year and with the five-year average of 80,576,000 bushels. This year's estimated stocks are the largest on record. Corn prices were influenced by wheat.

POTATOES.

Shipments of potatoes from all stations in the United States for the season are reported to have been one-fourth larger than last season and about one-third larger than for the same period in either 1919 or 1918. The weekly volume has been decreasing rapidly lately and is now below the average of the first two weeks of November in recent seasons. Estimates for November place the total crop at 356,076,000 bushels, compared with last year's December estimate of 428,368,000 bushels. Markets were well supplied last week and demand at shipping points was light. Omaha market: Nebraska Early Ohio, No. 1, \$2.00; No. 2, \$1.75; Red River Ohio, No. 1, \$2.00 to \$2.25. Western Nebraska, movement mostly seed stock. Bulk bliss triumphs, No. 1, \$1.60.

POLTRY.

Receipts of eggs were lighter at the principal markets and supplies on hand were kept lighter by a heavy out-of-storage movement. Extra firsts sold on New York markets at 67c. California white extra firsts were offered as high as 90-95c. Local prices: Select, 50; No. 1, 44-47c; No. 2, 35 to 36c. Live poultry: Springs, 16 to 18c; Hens, light, 15-17c, heavy, 18 to 21; Cocks, 9-10c; Ducks, 18-21c; Geese, 13-17; Turkeys 28-30c.

DAIRY.

Production of fresh butter continued heavy for the season. Eastern markets were unsettled and irregular, ranging from 1/2 to 2c lower. Local prices: Country (best) 30-32c, (common) 23-26c; Station price of butter-fat 35c.

Buy It Either Way
Tablets or Liquid
PE-RU-NA
A Great Medicine

Mrs. M. J. Riley, R. R. No. 1, Box 111, Culver, Texas, writes:
"I have used Pe-Ru-Na and know it is good for colds, coughs and catarrh. It cured my catarrh and I do not take solid when I use Pe-Ru-Na. It is a great medicine."
During the last fifty years, Pe-Ru-Na has been looked upon as the reliable medicine for catarrh of every description, whether it be of the nose and throat, stomach, bowels or other organs.
By keeping Pe-Ru-Na in the house for emergencies, serious sicknesses may frequently be prevented. Use it after the grip or Spanish Flu.

Sold Everywhere

Got 'Em Guessing.

Miss Alice Robertson, the only woman member of congress as the records put it, was in conversation with a group of male members including Representative Towner of Iowa and several others. Something made Miss Alice peevish at the way part of the house was acting.

"I'm not the only old woman in this house," she said as she looked around the group defiantly.

Now the question that is agitating those present is exactly who Miss Alice looked at at the moment. There are as many different versions as there were members present.

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system, the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post. Address Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores. Advertisement

Early English.
"I see they are going to film Chaucer." "His spelling has long been in vogue in the subtleties."

Works Well.
"Maud seems to have the right combination." "What do you mean?" "She keeps her age dark and her spirits light."

Cole's Carbolic Acid Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. 30c and 60c. Ask your druggist, or send 3c to The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a package.—Advertisement.

Common sense is the gift of heaven; enough of it is genius.

Keep Fit
Bowel regularity is the secret of good health. Without forcing or irritating, Nujol softens the food waste. The many tiny muscles in the intestines can then remove it regularly. Absolutely harmless—try it.

The Modern Method of Treating an Old Complaint

Nujol
For Constipation

California Everlasting Flowers
Send prepaid. Hold their color, not a dried flower; stay fresh looking indefinitely; no water required. Make the Christmas gifts, beautiful decorations; excellent bouquet flowers. Sample bouquet 75c; large bunch, artistically arranged, \$2.00. Funeral wreaths of the same, \$5.00 to \$6.00. Send promptly on receipt of money order. White or black sun-dried, \$1.25 for 2 1/2 lbs. bouquet. Orange blossom perfume, \$1.00 an ounce. CALIFORNIA EVERLASTING FLOWER CO., 424 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.