

DEATH TOLL OF STORM NOW 97

SCORES INJURED, WITH 43 IN SERIOUS CONDITION

PROPERTY LOSS IN MILLIONS

Hundreds of Families Homeless in Arkansas—Red Cross Begins Relief Work.

Memphis, Tenn.—Incomplete reports from the six states swept Friday and Saturday by storms showed 97 deaths, with 43 seriously injured and nearly 30 suffering lesser injuries.

As compiled the death list was: Texas, 9; Arkansas, 66; Mississippi, 8; Alabama, 14.

In Arkansas the injured totaled 72. Torrential rains have delayed relief work, but in Arkansas the Red Cross has begun work in counties where hundreds of families are homeless.

Extent of property loss cannot be determined for days. In Arkansas on many plantations in Miller and Hempstead counties practically every building was destroyed, newly planted crops washed out, orchards ruined, roads and bridges badly damaged, while wire lines were almost all destroyed.

In Mississippi, in addition to actual loss from high winds, much farm land was inundated. In Alabama property loss in Birmingham is estimated at \$200,000, with ten injured.

In Georgia, where a heavy wind and rainstorm struck at Rome, the property loss will exceed \$200,000, it was reported.

The storm was followed by a decided drop in temperature in Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi and Alabama and frost was expected in some sections.

Prices Must Be Cut.

Washington, D. C.—Legislation to eliminate unnecessary brokerage transactions, to facilitate a wide distribution of information on market conditions and strengthen the powers of the government in its price investigations is recommended by the federal trade commission in a report on the industrial situation, drawn up at the request of President Harding.

Opals Found in Few Places.

There are known only five gem-opal regions in the entire world. For 500 or 600 years, a deposit in a remote section of northern Hungary has been mined by local peasants. The removal of opals from this region ceased about 20 years ago.

No Trade Relations With Russia.

Washington, D. C.—Sec'y. Hughes, writing to Samuel Gompers, who asked for a statement of "the facts" regarding Russia, indicates definitely that there is no prospect of a resumption of relations with the United States while the soviet, political and economic system remains.

Dr. Zayas Winner.

Havana.—Dr. Alfred Zayas, conservative-popular coalition party candidate, was elected president of Cuba in November and, in the judgment of the United States government, nothing should be done to prevent congress from proclaiming him president.

Vote on Liquor in Ontario.

Windsor, Ont.—Leaders on both sides of the liquor question declared themselves confident of victory in referendum on the problem to bar importation of liquor into Ontario.

Wrangel Sets Up Government.

Paris.—Gen. Wrangel has established a so-called Russian government at Constantinople, according to a semi-official French announcement.

Serious Trouble in Italy.

Rome.—Street fighting, with revolver duels and the sacking of buildings in various parts of Italy, continue during the electoral campaign.

1,000 Irish Embark for U. S.

Dublin.—Nearly 1,000 Irish emigrants embarked at Queenstown for the United States. Several attacks on the constabulary were reported. Two constables were dangerously wounded at Ballina, after which armed forces went through the streets firing bombs and shooting. A bomb attack was made on a motor car containing auxiliaries on North Quay, Dublin. Three attackers fell. In an attack on a public house at Ennis, a soldier was killed and two women wounded.

PRESIDENT URGES IMMEDIATE PEACE

Executive Says Such Action Would Not be Construed as Desertion of Allies.

URNS BACK ON LEAGUE

Message Urges Strictest Economy in National Affairs—Creation of Department of Public Welfare Favored.

Washington.—Congress should adopt a resolution declaring peace with Germany without further delay, President Harding recommended in his first message to congress. Such action, he said, could be in no sense construed as a desertion of the allies.

He made plain his belief that the League of Nations is dead.

Measures to lower taxes and lower retail prices were the outstanding features of his recommendation for dealing with domestic problems.

Turns Back on League.

The peace resolution Harding explained, should undertake to do no more than declare a state of peace and must put no difficulty in the way of the collection of reparations or the restoration of war torn Europe.

Turning his back completely on the League of Nations, the executive reaffirmed his allegiance to the ideal of a world association of nations.

But this problem must be deliberately considered, he added, and he promised to invite the advice of the senate when he feels it time to act.

He Will Decide Policy.

"In the existing League of Nations, world governing with its super-powers, this republic will have no part," he said. "There can be no misinterpretation and there will be no betrayal of the deliberate expression of the American people in the recent election."

President Harding argued against including in the peace resolution any declaration of future policy toward Europe. Such a declaration coming from congress would be an assumption of a function conferred on the executive.

President Harding laid emphasis upon domestic problems.

Economy is Watchword.

There is no more pressing problem, he said, than to restrict national expenses to national income and at the same time to lift the burdens of war taxation. Economy is to be the outstanding and ever impelling purpose in both legislation and administration, he insisted.

Creation of a department of public welfare was declared by Harding in accordance with a campaign pledge. He called for encouragement of the merchant marine, upbuilding of radio communications, co-operation with the state governments in the maintenance as well as building of good roads, creation of a budget system, a protective tariff, encouragement of commercial as well as military aviation, an adequate navy and steps to halt lynching.

A summary of President Harding's recommendations on domestic issues follows:

TAXATION—Repeal of excess profits taxes and "abolition of inequities and unjustifiable expropriations in the present system," with a wiping out rather than a shifting of burdens.

TARIFF—Instant emergency tariff legislation to be followed by a "mature" revision of the tariff on a protective basis which will protect American wage standards, industry and agriculture.

BUDGET—Prompt enactment of the budget bill and inauguration of business method in operations of the government.

PRICES—Restating retail prices of perishable foods cannot be justified in view of the decline in raw foodstuffs. A congressional investigation is suggested as a possible incentive to a speedier return to normal levels.

RAILROADS—A congressional investigation is proposed. He declared reduction for reduction of rates and operating costs and for co-operation of wage-earners and the management in giving maximum service.

HIGHWAYS—Federal aid must be extended only under strict conditions as to maintenance and repair by states.

AVIATION—Federal regulation of aviation, creation of a bureau of aeronautics in the navy department and continuation of the army air service both to aid in developing commercial aviation and continuation of the air mail service are advocated.

SOLDIER RELIEF—Approval of recommendations for combining all soldier relief agencies under one director general.

DISARMAMENT AND NATIONAL DEFENSE—America is ready to co-operate with other nations for approximate disarmament but prudence forbids that we disarm alone and agencies for defense will not be discarded until the need for defense is removed. Reasonable limitation of personnel and administrative economies are urged for the navy and for the army a further reduction of enlisted strength when compatible with national security, introduction of volunteer military training to be developed as a reserve force.

Fire Causes \$40,000 Loss.

Delaware, N. D.—Fire destroyed the \$40,000 Farmers' elevator here with 20,000 bushels of grain, a quantity of coal and 500 pounds of flour. The origin of the fire is undetermined.

"Pussyfoot" Egged Out of Windsor.

Detroit.—William E. "Pussyfoot" Johnson, American prohibition worker, was hooted out of Windsor and followed by a shower of bricks, eggs and beer bottles as he boarded the ferry for Detroit. Such a loud and antagonistic demonstration developed when he appeared in the Windsor armories that he was unable to utter a word of his advertised speech and police had to escort him to the dock to protect him from the mob. He was uninjured but several policemen were struck by flying missiles.

SIGNS THIRTY MORE

GOVERNOR TURNS OUT NEW LAWS AT RAPID RATE AS SESSION NEARS CLOSE

LANGUAGE BILL GETS THRU

Reed-Norval Bill Finally Makes Grade After Long Hard Fight in Both Houses—Judges Salaries Are Given Boost

Lincoln.—The foreign language bill over which a bitter fight was fought for weeks in the legislature is now a law, Governor McKelvie having signed it along with a number of other bills. The other bills he signed were:

S. F. 234—Permitting ice cream makers to reduce butter fat content of product shipped out of the state.

S. F. 235—Creating game refuge in Nebraska National forest.

S. F. 236—Allows county board to fix salary of highway commissioner in counties under 50,000.

S. F. 332—Procedure for taking care of separate bonded indebtedness in consolidated school districts.

S. F. 219—Repeals wartime soldiers' moratorium.

S. F. 218—Repeals old law extinguishing authority of administrators who marry.

S. F. 97—New guardian and ward law.

S. F. 327—Bill for relief of Kimball county high school.

S. F. 228—Authorizes conservation and soil survey bureau to require reports on progress of drilling for oil.

S. F. 279—Felony to falsify public utilities receipts.

S. F. 258—Estate funds unpaid for ten years to medical to county.

S. F. 60—Potato grading bill.

S. F. 71—Permits salary boost for officers in towns 1,000 to 5,000 population.

S. F. 126—Regulating soft drink manufacturers.

S. F. 137—Prohibits aliens from carrying firearms.

S. F. 275, with emergency—Permits university to buy and resell serum.

S. F. 243—Gives district judges statewide subpoena jurisdiction in certain cases.

S. F. 268—To legalize paving assessment on Fremont-Ames highway.

S. F. 125—Abolishes exemption of federal reserve banks from state reserve law.

S. F. 190—Permits counties to bid on highway contracts.

S. F. 227—To prohibit non-resident attorneys from taking railway damage suits outside the state for prosecution.

S. F. 240—Raises school levy limit for Douglas county from 50 to 75 mills.

S. F. 225—Raises improvement bond limit in towns 1,000 to 5,000 from \$150,000 to \$250,000.

S. F. 23—Joint resolution endorsing Great Lakes waterway.

S. F. 200, 202, 203, 204, 205 and 207—Irrigation bills.

S. R. 70—Raising the salaries of county judges.

H. R. 311—When vacancies occur in county office, records to be kept intact until successor appointed.

H. R. 345—Requires county treasurer to pay vouchers drawn on state highway fund derived from auto license.

H. R. 337—Second class cities and villages to levy annual tax for special indebtedness interest for local improvements.

H. R. 344—Repeals provision requiring state highway bureau to reassign auto owners license numbers. Requires county treasurer to furnish blanks.

H. R. 300—Re-write of fish and game laws of state.

To Govern Pardon Board

A bill prescribing method of procedure for the state board of pardons has been passed by the house. It amends the indeterminate sentence law so that district judges may fix maximum and minimum penalties when sentencing convicted persons. The bill tells how applications may be made, provides for service on the district judge, county prosecutor and sheriff, who are also required to make recommendations, of the notice of hearing. The board may compel the attendance of witnesses at hearings, punishment is provided for false testimony or affidavits by witnesses, and makes it unlawful for any person to approach or discuss a member of the board with respect to a pardon. The power of furrough is taken from the governor by a provision that limits his giving of a respite that extends only until the next meeting of the board. No paroled person may leave the state without permission, and it is made a felony to violate the terms of a parole.

Warning Against Child Labor

Letters calling attention to the child labor laws of the state are being mailed out to 300 families of beet field workers by Mrs. Emily Hornberger, director of the child welfare bureau of the state department of public welfare. Exodus to the beet fields of western Nebraska will start immediately.

Mrs. Hornberger, who made an investigation of the labor situation in the beet industry last year, reported that she found many little children of foreigners forced to work in the hot sun from sunrise to sunset—twelve to fifteen hours.

Regulate Cold Storage Food

Rules and regulations recently adopted by the bureau of markets, state department of agriculture, specify that articles of food which have been held in cold storage warehouses for a period of sixty days or more shall be sold as cold storage goods and the purchaser must be advised to that effect. The bureau further specifies the form in which the goods must be marked. "The letters or figures must be in plain indelible type not less than three-eighths of an inch in height."

Alien Land Bill Passes Senate

The alien land bill as amended by the senate to apply to all aliens and foreign corporations, and giving those that can become naturalized five years in which to do so or dispose of lands, passed the senate by a vote of 19 to 9.

Issues Arbor Day Proclamation

Governor S. R. McKelvie, in his Arbor day proclamation, appeals to Nebraskans of all ages to renew the diligence of the early settlers by planting trees on April 2.

Governor McKelvie calls attention to the fact that Nebraska was the first state in the union to observe Arbor day, and reminds the citizens that in the early days the settlers planted thousands of trees each year that the territory might not seem such an endless stretch of prairie and wilderness.

CORNHUSKER ITEMS

News of All Kinds Gathered From Various Points Throughout Nebraska.

OF INTEREST TO ALL READERS

Lewiston will put in an electric light and power system. Kenesaw will celebrate her 50th anniversary on June 1.

The State Dental Society will meet in Omaha May 16 to 19.

An Auxiliary to the American Legion has been organized at Ansley.

Wilber has voted bonds for a municipal cold storage and ice plant.

The state camp of the M. W. A. will be held at Lincoln May 3 and 4.

The Farmers State bank of Pleasanton has been taken over by the state.

Hebron is planning a stock show, corn carnival and baseball tournament this fall.

Wilber, county seat of Saline, has a live Commercial club with a membership of 150.

The new \$45,000 Pilgrim Congregational church at Cortland was dedicated Sunday.

Jacob Meyer, formerly hotel inspector in this state, died last month at Bucyrus, Ohio.

J. H. Gustafson has resigned his position as president of the State Farmers' Union.

Prof. Wendell, present eighth grade teacher, has been elected city superintendent at Burwell.

Rudolph Wilcox, a farmer living near Randolph, dropped dead in a field from heart leakage.

The American Yeomen at Sutherland initiated a class of fifty-five candidates last week.

The erection of a new town hall at Overton was defeated at a recent election by a 2 to 1 vote.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Solomon recently celebrated their golden wedding at their home at Franklin.

A Geneva dairy firm will add a poultry department, starting with 1,000 White Leghorn chickens.

Joe McGuire of Bruel has sleeping sickness and the only means of rousing him is by an electric battery.

Official canvass of the votes shows that Miss Mary Peterson was elected mayor of Red Cloud by seven votes.

The State Audubon society and the Ornithological Union will hold a joint session in Omaha May 13 and 14.

August Melzer of Lincoln, was elected president of the State Music Teachers' Association at its meeting at Fremont.

A community sales day will be put on by the business men of Pierce, when the merchants will give some real bargains for cash.

Dr. H. J. Arnold, physician of Columbus, dropped dead while going to the basement to fix the fire in the furnace at his home.

Mrs. Mary B. Conely, of Omaha, who recently celebrated her 101st anniversary, is believed to be the oldest woman in the state.

The Aurora school board has elected a force of over thirty teachers for the coming year. Salaries in many instances were advanced.

Representative James Rodman, Kimball, was elected president of the Nebraska Legislative League at the annual meeting in Lincoln.

Hog cholera has broken out in the Ithica neighborhood, and co-operation of the stock owners has been asked in controlling the disease.

John Arland, a farmer near Tilden, was seriously injured when he fell and was caught under the wheels of a tractor he was operating.

Thomas Reilly, about 50, is in a critical condition in an Omaha hospital as a result of having swallowed a quantity of denatured alcohol.

Mrs. Harriet Morse, 97 years old, thought to be the oldest woman in Sage county, died in a hospital at Beatrice last week, after a prolonged illness.

The reorganized farmers' elevator company, which recently purchased the old elevator plant at Hoag, Gage county, has assumed charge of the business.

Whoop is to have a new Catholic church which will be constructed on site of the present church building. The new structure will be of brick trimmed with stone, 54x126 feet on the ground with a tower, 118 feet from the base.

The Fulmer garage at Columbus was completely destroyed by fire last week. Nine new automobiles and 38 cars in storage were burned.

While Doris Haverstock, a 12-year-old Omaha girl was returning home from a trip down town a man came up from behind and clipped off eight inches of her hair.

Henry Allison Albin of Osceola, has been nominated to take the examination for entrance to the naval academy at Annapolis. Mr. Albin is a graduate of the Osceola High school and at present is a student at the State university.

The German Evangelical congregation at Elmwood has recently completed a new \$10,000 parsonage.

It has been definitely decided that Nebraska's 1,500 national guardsmen will go to camp for summer training from August 17 to August 31, inclusive, but it has not been decided where the camp will be located.

The college of agriculture in a circular on "The Problem of Clothes for the High School Graduate," protests against the growing tendency toward display and extravagance in high school graduating outfits, claiming that it breeds snobbishness and selfishness.

Oman Goble of Hastings was fatally burned when the can of oil with which he poured kerosene on the shoudering coals in a heating stove exploded.

A Sioux City, Ia., man has bought seven Nebraska hotels, paying \$1,000,000. The properties are at Lincoln, Omaha, Columbus, Scottsbluff, Franklin and Table Rock.

The Rev. E. S. Flora, pastor of the United Brethren church at Beaver City, has been re-elected for the coming year at a salary of \$1,700 a year, with free use of the parsonage.

Members and friends of the Christian church at Bayard began work at 7 o'clock on a temporary headquarters for that organization and at dark had it ready for occupancy.

Thomas Olinson, a 3-year-old boy of Madison, dropped a box of matches on a hot stove and was burned to death when his clothes caught fire from the flames that resulted.

The county commissioners of Arthur county have let the contract for construction of the new state road which will run from Arthur to Keystone, a distance of about thirty miles.

A total of 5,027 bushels of corn, or five carloads, was contributed by Gage county farmers and residents for the relief of foreign famine sufferers.

Nels Jensen, a patient at the Norfolk state hospital, was stabbed to death with a pitchfork in the hands of August Glick, another patient.

An attendance of over 300 is expected at the district convention of State Christian Endeavor society to be held in Omaha, April 22 to 24.

A ballot taken by the York Commercial club shows that city favors Sunday ball, erection of a municipal hall, rest rooms, and concrete walks.

Dr. I. W. Dillon, chief of the state bureau of health, says three cases of sleeping sickness were reported in Nebraska in February and one in March.

Harry Ayres of Mitchell was elected state foreman of the American Yeomen at its session just closed at Norfolk. The next convocation will be held at Fremont.

A barn on the farm of Festus Rosenbaum, near Blair, was burned, together with a horse that would not leave the barn. Mr. Rosenbaum was badly burned while trying to lead horses out.

The farm home of Mrs. J. C. Richardson, near Seward, was entered by burglars, who escaped with \$720 in cash and a draft for \$1,500, besides a set of moss agate earrings and a cameo ring.

Pouring of concrete for the dam across the Republican river at Superior is completed. It is said to be the longest and largest water power dam in the state and can develop 2,000 horsepower.

A hydro-electric light and power company has been formed in Hebron, and the city is considering a contract for this company to supply the city with electricity. Power will be generated by the Blue river.

Three members of the Adolph Johnson family, living near Sutton, were seriously injured when the automobile in which they were riding struck a calf in the road near Inland and overturned, pinning the occupants beneath.

The Geneva Cemetery Association is working on a plan for making a "bird sanctuary" of the cemetery grounds by protecting and fostering the bird life which abounds within the 58 acres of wooded and meadow land.

The agreement between the government and the stock yards, whereby the packers are to let go their holdings of stock in the yard companies, will not, it is believed, affect the management of the South Omaha yards.

Representatives of five of the co-operative farmers' elevators of Platte county endorsed the plan of marketing proposed by the "committee of seventeen," in a meeting at Platte Center.

The acreage of sugar beets at Bayard this year will equal the record of past years, and while the guaranteed price is less, other expenses are down and the farmers in that territory will fare well this season.

A would-be robber, who gave the name of Ray Fletcher, and Denver as his home, was shot and died a few hours later, following an attempt to rob a drug store at Lincoln. His companion, said to be his brother, giving the name of Frank Fletcher, was later captured by the police.

E. M. Pollard, who owns one of the largest apple orchards in the state at Nehawka, says that apples that mature late were not damaged to any great extent by the recent freeze, and from present indications the crop will be larger this season than last, when it was about one-fourth normal.

Dr. Edwin Maxey, for many years in instructor on international law at the state university at Lincoln, has been adjudged insane, and has been placed under treatment at the hospital at that place.

The Rev. Charles W. Savidge, Omaha's marrying parson, who recently gained national prominence when he performed his five thousandth wedding ceremony, has just received a letter from the first of those 5,000 brides. She is Mrs. Mary Watson Bucy of Los Angeles, and she was married by Rev. Mr. Savidge in Litchfield, Minn., October 15, 1879.

Lawson G. Brian, former state insurance commissioner, has been appointed chief adjuster of the state hail insurance division.

Byron Clements of Elmwood caught his finger ring on a nail, pulled the flesh off the first joint, and broke the finger, making necessary an amputation.

C. A. Rumbaugh, a ranchman near Taylor, made a shipment to St. Louis of furs and hides amounting to \$15,000, expecting to clear \$5,000 on the deal. After having them in cold storage for over a year, he finally disposed of them at a loss of \$7,000.

WIFE TAKES HUSBANDS ADVICE

And Is Made Well Again by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Springfield, Mass.—"The doctor told my husband that I had to have an operation, otherwise I would be a sickly woman and could not have any more children on account of my weakened condition. I refused to have the operation. My husband asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to see if it would not help me. For the first four months I could do but little work, had to lie down most of the time, was nervous and could not eat hardly anything, but my husband was always reminding me to take the Vegetable Compound, which I did. Of my eight children this last one was the easiest birth of all and I am thankful for your Vegetable Compound. I recommend it to my friends when I hear them complaining about their ills."—Mrs. M. NATALE, 72 Fremont St., Springfield, Mass.



Sickly, ailing women make unhappy homes, and after reading Mrs. Natale's letter one can imagine how this home was transformed by her restoration to health. Every woman who suffers from such ailments should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial. It is surely worth while.

Stomach on Strike 20 Years Eatonic Settled It!

"Eatonic is wonderful," says C. W. Burton. "I had been a sufferer from stomach trouble for 20 years and now I am well." Eatonic gets right after the cause of stomach troubles by taking up and carrying out the acidity and gases and of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well. If you have sourness, belching, indigestion, food repeating or any other stomach trouble, take Eatonic tablets after each meal and find relief. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

BETTER DEAD

Life is a burden when the body is racked with pain. Everything worries and the victim becomes despondent and downhearted. To bring back the sunshine take GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for over 200 years; it is an enemy of all pains resulting from kidney, liver and uric acid troubles. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Girls! Girls!! Save Your Hair With Cuticura

Not Up to Sample. "It was a case of love at first sight when I met Billy." "Then why didn't you marry him?" "I met him again so often."

Important to Mothers Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Of course there are different kinds of foods, but no man is so versatile as to be all kinds at once.

EASE THAT ACHING BACK!

Is a throbbing backache keeping you miserable? Are you tortured with stabbing pains? Is the trouble making your work a burden and rest impossible? Springtime, for many folks, is