

## AMERICAN FOOD SAVINGS LARGE

United States Sent to Allies  
141,000,000 Bushels  
of Wheat.

### CREDIT DUE TO WOMEN.

Allies Got 844,600,000 Pounds More  
Meat and Fat in 1917-18  
Than in Year Before.

AMERICAN FOOD SHIPMENTS TO ALLIES	
MEAT.	
1916-17.....	2,166,500,000 lbs.
1917-18.....	3,011,100,000 lbs.
Increase. 844,600,000 lbs.	
CEREALS.	
1916-17.....	259,900,000 bu.
1917-18.....	340,900,000 bu.
Increase... 80,900,000 bu.	

In spite of a subnormal food supply in this country the American people have been able to ship to the Allies as well as our own forces overseas 141,000,000 bushels of wheat, besides 844,600,000 pounds of meat, during the year ending June 30 last. This has been made possible by the whole-souled co-operation of the people, who, besides practicing self-denial, have speeded up production and responded nobly to the appeal from abroad.

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, gives a brief summary of the results of food conservation in the United States and of the activities of the Food Administration to this end. The conservation measures have been put through practically on a voluntary basis which is regarded as a splendid tribute to the patriotism of the American people.

Meat shipments were increased 844,000,000 pounds during the first fiscal year, as compared with our meat exports during the year before America entered the war.

"The total value of these food shipments," Mr. Hoover wrote President Wilson, "which were in the main purchased through or with collaboration of the Food Administration, amount to, roundly, \$1,400,000,000 during the fiscal year."

In 1916-17 the United States sent the Allies 2,166,500,000 pounds of meat. In 1917-18, with voluntary conservation practiced in America, and aided by extra weight of animals, we sent the Allies 3,011,100,000 pounds of meat, an increase of 844,600,000 pounds.

#### Wheat Saving Enormous.

When the Food Administration began operations in the summer of 1917, this country was facing a large deficit in wheat. Counting in all carry-over wheat from the 1916 crop, we had at the beginning of the 1917 harvest year just enough wheat to take care of America's normal consumption,—not a bushel of surplus.

At the close of the 1917-18 harvest year the Food Administration's official reports showed that our total wheat shipments to the other side had been 141,000,000 bushels. Every bushel shipped was wheat saved by the American people from their normal consumption.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our shipments to Allied destinations were 340,900,000 bushels, 80,900,000 bushels more than the amount sent in 1916-17.

Included in these figures are 13,900,000 bushels of rye and the 141,000,000 bushels of saved wheat. In addition we sent the neutrals dependent on us 10,000,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs.

"These figures do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people," the Food Administrator wrote. "I am sure that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the Northern Hemisphere, all of those people joined together against Germany came through to the new harvest, not only with health and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardship."

"It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people—the homes, public eating places, food trade, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women."

#### SUGAR SHORTAGE HITS SPAIN AND PORTUGAL

In Spain and Portugal sugar prices are soaring. Both countries have been seriously affected by the short beet sugar crop in Europe and the lack of ocean tonnage to move stocks of cane sugar isolated in far away ports.

Granulated sugar, home grown, was being sold in Barcelona, Spain, during the early summer at 12 cents a pound. The price of brown sugar in Lisbon, Portugal, fixed by governmental order, was \$1.04 to \$1.12 a pound.

By comparison the price of beet sugar in Sweden is 14 cents a pound.

#### TIME TO EXERCISE PATIENCE

Machinery of Business, at Present a Little Out of Order, Will Soon Be Running Smoothly.

Now is the time for all good Americans to be patient. It is true that the times are out of joint. Nothing is done the way it should be done, a plague of incompetence is upon us, there has been a general slowing down in all branches of business and industrial life and a general lowering of the average of social efficiency. But it is the war, and we must have patience. Don't flare up and tell us that it takes ten minutes to get your "party" on the telephone, and then, like as not, it isn't your party at all. You ought to be thankful for any party.

And the elevators! And the clerks! They do not wait on you. You wait on the clerks, oh, so long. And it is going to be worse—for a while. But it is the war, and it is to be expected and we will have to put up with it. Business and industry are in the hands of recruits who have not been to training camp. But they are being trained as fast as possible, and by and by the recruits will be veterans, the times will get back in joint, things will be done the way they should be done, efficiency will again reign, business and industry will be speeded up and all will be well. In the meantime, while the captains of industry are training the rookies and doing their best to get the world running smoothly again, it is up to us to be more patient than we ever were before and smile all the while.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

#### STEP IN FOOD CONSERVATION

Minnesota Physician Has Discovered Method of Condensing Buttermilk and Retaining Nutritive Value.

In a recent interview with Dr. Wilham Grelek of St. Paul, Minn., the fact was brought out that immense quantities of buttermilk have been wasted. Doctor Grelek is a member of the American Chemical society and for years has devoted much study to the milk problem. As a result of his efforts a method has been discovered for condensing buttermilk into a semi-solid smooth substance of the consistency of ice cream.

All the nutritive value of the buttermilk is conserved in this product and it is especially suitable for use in bread making. From eight to ten pounds of this material when added to a barrel of flour produce a loaf of greater food value. The milk protein helps to make up the deficiency in our present-day flour substitutes. The vitamins of the butterfat help to do fine the structure of the bread, besides producing an agreeable milk flavor and the sugar of milk, aside from being of great food value, when combined with the dextrin in flour makes a fine brown crust at a comparatively low baking temperature. It saves fuel and prevents unnecessary loss of moisture.

#### Confession of a Teacher of German

I began bravely this difficult work of teaching German since 1914, by the hypothesis that the best in Teutonic literature is a revolt against this very militarism we are now fighting, and for a time I deluded myself with the great good that could be accomplished by emphasizing this in such men as Schiller, Lessing and Goethe, as well as in some of the things from such moderns as Wildenbruch and Theodor Storm. But the newspapers made current events too vital for me to spend his hours shoring up the tottering structure of German popularity. Eighteenth century nobility was overcast by twentieth century inhumanity.—September Atlantic.

#### Ghosts in Maine.

The most tragic incident of the summer is recorded in the town of North Edgcomb. An elderly couple coming home from church saw two ghosts. The ghosts were flitting without apparent feet or legs through the gloaming and over the grass and through other things. They were dressed, of course, in the conventional white of ghosts and ghostesses. The elderly couple legged it like mad. They fell into a cucumber patch and could not extricate themselves. The old gentleman was rather badly injured. They were rescued by the ghosts, who proved to be a couple of farmerettes in calico overalls.—Lewiston Journal

#### Value of Discarded Bones.

The Meat Trade Journal of England says that Birmingham has a way of dealing with old bones which is held up by the national salvage council for imitation in other parts of the country. Butchers who sell bones undertake to buy them back after the housewife has made full use of them, paying the customer half the proceeds of their disposal for national purposes. In this way they are saved to the nation, which is urgently in need of the glycerin they contain, as well as of the phosphates for manure and the valuable pig and poultry foods which can be extracted from them. Housewives are showing themselves eager to respond to the government's appeal for bones.

#### Omar Repudiated.

"A book of verses underneath the bough," began the man who quotes. "That's far enough," interrupted Miss Cayenne. "The loaf of bread must be curtailed to limit the wheat consumption. The jug of wine is out of place in a prohibition community and even as to the book of verses—I'd rather hear somebody read the wavers."

## Highest Market Prices Paid for Grain

We have a Complete Line of Oil Meal, Shorts, Middlings, Bran, Meat Meal, Tankage, Baled Hay, Chick Food, Etc.

Coal from \$5 to \$9.75 per ton

### Slaughter-Prestcott Elev. Co.

Phone 4, Dakota City, Neb. Herman F. Foley, Mgr.

## How is YOUR Subscription?

Those wishing Buicks this year will please get their orders in early, as we will have only a limited number of cars, both in Roadster and Touring Models

**The Buick**  
The Powerful Overhead Valve

**C. B. Martin**

Sales Agent for

South Sioux City Dakota City Jackson Hubbard  
Homer—and Surrounding Territory

Sioux City Address, Box 70.

DAKOTA CITY, NEBR.

## Third Annual Sale of

# DUROC JERSEY

## Bred Sows and Gilts

AT  
**Crystal Lake Stock Farm**  
DAKOTA CITY, NEBR.

# Monday, Feb. 10, '19

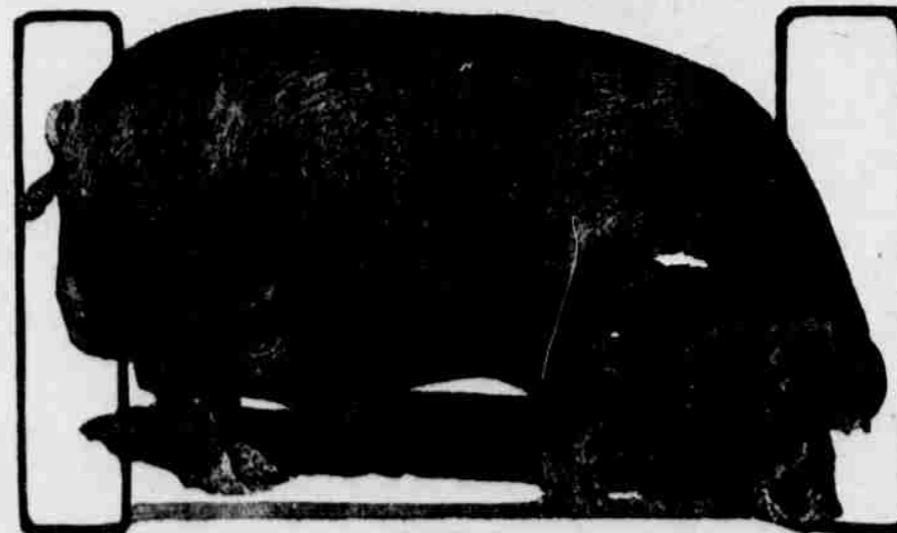
We will sell 40 head of the best Sows and Gilts to be offered at Public Auction in this section of the country. They are by some of the most noted sires of the Duroc Breed, such as Orion Cherry King, Grand Model Challenger, Big Sensation, Grand Model, Pathfinder, King the Col., and others. They are bred to two of the best breeding boars in the Middle West, Big Sensation 2nd, by the Champion Big Sensation, and Crystal Lake Model, by Grand Model Challenger out of a Col. Gauz Dam.

This will be a very high class offering. Only the tops of our herd are being put in this sale. This offering is far superior to any we have heretofore presented the public. It is a strictly Big Type Sale. There are 15 Junior Yearlings, 10 Fall Gilts and 15 Spring Gilts.

With this array of breeding and individuality offered to you at your own price, why would it not pay to—

## Buy a Bred Sow and Raise Your Own Boar, and One for Your Neighbor

The sale will be held in a heated Pavilion. Every effort will be made to make you comfortable.



M.E. Ladies Aid will serve a hot dinner to all. Be our guests sale day and let us show you our breeding herd, whether you wish to buy or not.

ALL TRAINS WILL BE MET SALE DAY AT DAKOTA CITY. ALSO STREET CARS AT SOUTH SIOUX CITY. CATALOGUE READY FOR MAILING.

## Crystal Lake Stock Farm

The Home of the Big Kind.

JOHN B. EVANS, Dakota City, Neb.