

MUST HAVE PERMIT

RESTRAINT PUT ON FREEDOM OF DEPARTURE OF ALIENS FROM THIS COUNTRY.

ORDER ISSUED BY PRESIDENT

Proclamation Puts into Effect on September 15th the Control Act Passed Last May—To Curb Attempts to Evade Draft.

Washington, D. C.—Freedom of departure from this country of aliens by which a number of dangerous enemy agents have been able to escape from the authorities will not be permitted after September 15, under a proclamation signed by President Wilson and executive order. The proclamation and executive order puts into effect the alien control law passed by congress last May.

Under the executive order aliens after September 15 will be required to obtain permits before leaving the United States, and additional restrictions will be placed on the entry of aliens. Attempts to evade the draft through leaving the country, which officials believe will increase with the passage of the bill extending the draft ages, will be rendered less easy.

On a footing with Americans. "Heretofore American citizens have been required to make applications for passports in order to go abroad and to explain to the satisfaction of the department of state the necessity of their trips, while aliens have been permitted to depart freely without making applications for or explaining their trips," said an explanatory statement issued by the state department. "The new law now places aliens in this respect on a basis similar to that of citizens."

"It is believed that many aliens have been leaving the United States as German agents, carrying information abroad for the use of the enemy. The new law is designed to prevent the departure of all such enemies of the United States. There have been numerous instances of the operations of such German paid agents and spies who have left the country because there was no law to prevent their departure."

In this connection the state department statement pointed out the freedom with which such persons as Robert Fay, organizer of German bomb plots, Franz von Rintelen and Fay's assistant, Dr. Walter R. Scheele, have been able to escape.

NEARS EIGHT BILLION GOAL.

Excess and War Profits to Yield \$3,000,000,000.

Washington, D. C.—An 8 per cent exemption, in addition to a specific \$3,000 exemption on the excess profits of corporations, with a tax of 40 per cent on all excess profits between 8 per cent and 20 per cent and a tax of 60 per cent on all excess profits exceeding 20 per cent was agreed upon by the House ways and means committee. The committee in writing this schedule into the \$8,000,000,000 revenue bill also adopted the treasury's alternative plan for a flat 80 per cent tax on war profits. The committee agreed to the three classifications of business for purposes of reduction from the war profits.

Half of Woman's Body Found.

Woooster, Ohio.—James Martin, caretaker of the Point Breese chalet grounds at Smithville, near here, found the lower half of a woman's body in a weighted sack in a waterhole near the grounds, according to word received by the sheriff of Wayne county. The legs of the body had been sawed in two at the knees.

Build Ship in 30 Days.

Detroit, Mich.—A record in ship construction is claimed by the Great Lakes Engineering works in delivering to the emergency fleet corporation, complete in every detail, the 3,500 ton steel freighter Crawl Keyes 30 working days after its keel was laid in the yards at Ecorse, Mich.

Check Rent Profiteers.

Washington, D. C.—Raising of tax valuations on the property of landlords guilty of charging extortionate rents to war workers, it was announced, is one method by which the bureau of industrial housing through co-operation of local city governments is undertaking to check rent profiteering.

Fifty Stars on Church Flag.

Storm Lake, Ia.—Fifty stars were placed on a service flag at St. Mary's Catholic church in Storm Lake. Rev. Alfred Dove, of Sioux City, assisted Rev. Father Cooke in the blessing of the flag. The audience sang in unison "The Star Spangled Banner" at the close of the service.

Caillaux Conspiracy.

Paris.—The Temps say that it is able to confirm that the case of former Premier Joseph Caillaux, who is charged with treason, will be referred to the senate, sitting as a high court of justice.

Renounce the Kaiser.

Chicago.—German members of the Chicago Symphony orchestra renounced the kaiser, the "waterland" and such of their kin as are fighting in the enemy armies, at a meeting of the Chicago Federation of Musicians.

HUN DIVER MAKES GAS RAID ON U. S.

Six Lighthouse Men at Charleston, S. C., Overcome by Fumes.

U-BOAT SUNK BY DESTROYER

United States War Craft Uses Depth Bombs to Sink Submarine Off Virginia—Twelve Ships Destroyed.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Using poisoned gas, a German submarine attacked Smith Island, off the North Carolina coast Saturday. Six men were overcome.

The official announcement said the navy department received a dispatch from Charleston, S. C., that the attack with gas about five o'clock Saturday afternoon temporarily "put out of business the coast guard station and lighthouse personnel." The report goes on: "About 40 minutes after the attack three large oil spots, each over an acre in extent, were observed passing.

"This oil, from which the gas was no doubt generated, must have been released from a submarine in the vicinity of the entrance to the channel with the hope that it would come in with the tide, but the tide fortunately set along the island.

"Report was made to Colonel Chase, coast artillery corps, Fort Caswell, N. C., by Captain Willard of the Smith Island coast guard after the effects of the gas were noted. Six men were gassed. No deaths.

"The gas had the effect of mustard gas and was effective about 30 or 40 minutes.

"The incident was reported by Colonel Chase to the naval district commander. Smith's Island is off the mouth of the Cape Fear river, near the entrance of the channel to Wilmington, N. C."

The German submarine operating off the Virginia coast was attacked by an American destroyer, which used 17 depth bombs in an effort to get the raider. The submarine did not reappear and oil was noticed on the surface of the sea.

German submarine raiders operating off the Atlantic coast have destroyed three more vessels, the navy department announced. The British steamer Penstone of 4,130 gross tons was torpedoed 100 miles east of Nantucket lightship Sunday morning; the Swedish steamer Sydland, of 3,631 gross tons, was sunk by bombs August 3 100 miles southeast of Nantucket, and an American schooner, reported as the Herman Winter but not yet definitely identified, was destroyed by gunfire Sunday 200 miles east of New York. All members of the crew of the Sydland were reported saved, but the navy's dispatches did not clear up the fate of the crews of the other vessels.

ALLIES AID CZECHO-SLAVS

Bolsheviks Flee to Kronstadt—Fear Army of 300,000—Hun Policy Fails in East.

London, Aug. 14.—British and Japanese troops which were landed at Vladivostok have joined the Czecho-Slovak forces who are fighting against German control in Siberia. The British troops are co-operating with the Slav army on the Ussuri river, about 120 miles north of Vladivostok.

With the increase of Czecho-Slovak and other armed anti-bolshevik forces in greater Russia to more than 300,000 men, Premier Lenine and his foreign secretary, Leon Trotsky, have fled from Moscow to Kronstadt, the naval base near Petrograd, according to a dispatch by the semi-official Wolff bureau at Berlin.

The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger states that the entire bolshevik government will be moved to Kronstadt.

Commenting on the removal of Doctor Helfferich, the German ambassador, from Moscow to Pskov because he feared for his life, the Berlin Vossische Zeitung says:

"Moscow is in the hands of anti-German elements and the followers of the social revolutionists of the left. This would show that the bolshevik rule at Moscow is at an end, and this is the case not only at Moscow but in the greater part of Russia, if not in the whole Russian empire.

"This throws a vivid light on the failure of the German policy in the East."

Ex-Governor Kellogg is Dead.

Washington, Aug. 13.—William Pitt Kellogg, formerly of Canton, Ill., who served during the reconstruction period as United States senator from Louisiana, and as governor of that state, died at the age of eighty-eight.

Aviator Uses Parachute.

Fort Worth, Tex., Aug. 13.—Lieut. James H. Dale, St. Louis, aviation officer, made a successful 3,000-foot leap on Sunday with a parachute from an airplane at Tullahoma field, the third person to accomplish the feat.

THE SKY IS BEGINNING TO CLEAR



BALTIMORE AMERICAN.

TO CONTROL PACKERS RUSS WAR ON ALLIES

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION CHARGES CONSPIRACY.

Recommendations Provide for Seizure of Plants and Establishing Central Wholesale Markets.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Bitterly assailing the great packing firms of Swift, Armour, Morris, Cudahy and Wilson for creating a "structure of conspiracy, control, monopoly and restraint," the federal trade commission, in a report to President Wilson, recommends that immediate steps be taken to give the government a monopoly over such portion of their business as "will restore competition."

This report has been in the hands of President Wilson since July 5, but, because of the serious charges made in connection with it, and the radical recommendations therein contained, it was not made public. Publication was authorized directly by the president.

After declaring that producers, competitors and consumers are at the mercy of the packers the commission makes the following recommendations:

First, That the government acquire, through the railroad administration, all rolling stock used for the transportation of meat animals and that such ownership be declared a government monopoly.

Second, That the government acquire, through the railroad commission, the principal and necessary stock yards of the country, to be treated as freight depots, and to be operated under such conditions as will insure open, competitive markets, with uniform charges for all services performed, and the acquisition or establishment of such additional yards from time to time.

Third, That the government acquire, through the railroad administration, all privately owned refrigerator cars, and that such ownership be declared a government monopoly.

Fourth, That the federal government acquire such of the branch houses, cold storage plants and warehouses as are necessary to provide facilities for the competitive marketing and storage of food products in the principal centers of distribution and consumption. The same to be operated by the government as public markets and storage places under such conditions as will afford an outlet for all manufacturers and handlers of food products on equal terms.

Novelty in Ticket Selling.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—The government has sprung a novelty in the matter of ticket selling for the great war exposition which opens in this city on September 2. The price of each ticket bought in advance will be only 25 cents, but tickets bought at the gate will cost double. Two children will be admitted for each ticket. The admission has been made low because the government is desirous that every man, woman and child that can possibly get to Chicago should see and understand this patriotic exhibition, which is to give the people of the middle west the biggest war lesson they ever had.

Flyer Finds Negro Slayer.

Dewey, Okla., Aug. 14.—After N. Willow, a negro, had shot and killed Chief of Police Mull and escaped he was discovered in the town by a local aviator. His signals brought a posse and the negro was captured.

Forbids Liquor Sales on Trains.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Sale of liquor on railroad stations or on railroad trains is forbidden by Director General McAdoo in an order effective immediately and applying to all lines under government control.

U. S. CONSUL REPORTS HOSTILE ACTIVITY BY BOLSHEVIKI.

Lenine Tells Gathering of Soviets in Moscow That a State of Conflict Exists.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Consul Poole at Moscow has informed the state department that Lenine, the bolshevik premier, recently declared before a gathering of soviets in Moscow that a state of war existed between the Russian government and the entente allies. In response to questions from the allies' consuls, Tchitcherin, commissioner of foreign affairs, said that the premier's statement need not be considered a declaration of war, but that it rather was a declaration of a state of defense on the part of Russia, similar to the situation that existed at one time with Germany.

The consul's report, received by cable, gave the state department its first official information confirming reports that the bolsheviks were formally characterizing as an act of war the operations of the allies' forces on the Murman coast.

Tchitcherin's explanation was made publicly, the consul said, at the request of the allies' consuls. Mr. Poole also reported that in spite of denials of the authorities, the bolsheviks were throwing obstacles in the way of the departure from Russia of British and French military representatives.

TO EXEMPT MARRIED MEN

Secretary Baker Urges Change in Law So Registrants Need Not Classify Selves.

Washington, Aug. 12.—New draft regulations, under which the government would do the selecting, are under consideration by the war department. This was disclosed on Friday by Secretary Baker, after he had appeared before the senate military committee to urge prompt enactment of the act extending the age limits. He made it plain that he is not satisfied with the present system under which the registrant must claim deferred classification. Many with dependents hesitate for patriotic reasons to make such a claim. He said he was inclined to the opinion that the marriage relation will itself confer deferred classification.

NO MORE U. S. VOLUNTEERS

Baker and Daniels Act to Prevent Disruption of Industry Pending Disposition of New Draft Bill.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Voluntary enlistment in the army and navy was suspended completely on Thursday to prevent disruption of industry pending disposition of the bill proposing to extend draft ages to include all men between eighteen and forty-five years.

The orders were issued after a conference between Secretary Baker and Secretary Daniels and were made public after President Wilson had visited the offices of both secretaries late in the day.

Western Union Raises Pay.

New York, Aug. 14.—Announcement of a general increase of 10 per cent in wages to all employees of the Western Union Telegraph company belonging to the association recently organized by the company was made here.

Heavy Tax on Soft Drinks.

Washington, Aug. 14.—A 10 per cent tax on all soft drinks sold by manufacturer or producer and a tax of from 1 to 2 cents on soda fountain drinks were written into the \$8,000,000,000 revenue bill by the house committee.

PLAN RATE TEST CASE

Suit to Determine Power of Federal Railroad Chief May Be Tried in Court at Lincoln.

The first test case in the federal courts to determine whether Director General McAdoo possesses constitutional power to fix intrastate railroad rates and to override state laws or railroad commission orders, may be furnished by Nebraska. Steps are now being taken by the national association of railway commissioners to intervene in the Rock Island and Missouri Pacific 2-cent fare cases, now pending in the federal court at Lincoln, and probably in other suits which all the railroads of Nebraska are litigating. A circular letter has been sent out by C. E. Elmquist, Washington representative of the national association, to the state commissions of twelve states, proposing that they prepare to participate in the Nebraska cases, for the purpose of maintaining the right of a state to fix rates within its own borders.

Governor Neville has appointed a committee of nine prominent Nebraskans to aid the National and State Council of Defense in dealing with the problem of Americanizing people of this state of foreign birth and their children. "The most important and perplexing problem demanding solution in Nebraska at this time," said the governor in making the appointment, "is that of Americanizing a considerable number of our people of foreign birth. It is of even greater importance, if possible, that we insure the thorough Americanizing of the children of such parentage."

Preliminary estimates of Nebraskas principal crops on August 1 made by the state board of agriculture and the federal bureau of crop estimates are: winter wheat, 5,253,000 bushels; corn, 209,785,000 bushels; oats, 58,376,000 bushels; rye, 3,352,000 bushels; barley, 4,243,000 bushels, and hay 7,151,000 tons.

After admitting he had secured sugar with a false affidavit, Frank Pullis, Madison county farmer, subscribed \$100 to the Red Cross and \$50 to the Y. M. C. A. and agreed to pay the expense of having a big food conservation sign painted in a conspicuous place in Norfolk.

Governor Neville has appointed P. J. Cleland, Norfolk; Edward Meyers, Orleans; Geo. Brandeis, Dan Gellus and H. F. Metz, Omaha, to represent Nebraska at the annual convention of the International Association of Fish and Game Commissioners in New York, September 12 and 15.

Rentals of state school land have increased \$95,804 in the last eighteen months, which is \$17,591 more than they grew in the previous ten years, according to Land Commissioner Shumway. Income from sales and rentals go into the permanent state school fund.

Food Administrator Peterson of Lancaster county denied Lincoln people an extra allowance of sugar to accommodate state fair visitors. People over the state who intend to visit Lincoln folk during the fair must bring their own sugar, he announced.

The Madison county draft board will take about 74 farmers out of the fields to fill the August draft call. The board plans to draw the 1918 class 1 men after the farmers go and then fill the subsequent calls with the class 2 and 3 men of the 1917 list.

A rumor is current that an aeroplane factory is to be established at Omaha to cost in the neighborhood of a half million dollars. It is understood that liberty motors will be furnished for the planes, which will be built exclusively for the government.

William A. Fagan, member of the Hall County Council of Defense, pleaded guilty to painting the front of the office of the Grand Island Independent. He was given a nominal fine and resigned as a member of the council.

Placards bearing the admonition, "Cut Out the Kaiser's Tongue. If You Can't Speak English, Learn It. Keep Still or Move Out," have been placed in the store and office windows by the home guards at Fremont.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new \$60,000 consolidated school building at Lewistown, Pawnee county.

A moonshine still discovered by state officials near Broken Bow has been ordered destroyed. The man charged with operating the still pleaded guilty and was fined \$100. Whisky was being made out of corn at the still.

The second annual convention of the Nebraska Potato Growers' association will be held at Scottsbluff November 13 to 16. At that time full plans will be made to handle the big spud crop raised in the western part of the state.

A campaign is now on in Nebraska to secure 700 girls to enroll in the United States student nurse reserve. Recruiting stations are in every town in the state, and Miss Mary Cogill, chairman of the nurses' training department of the Nebraska woman's committee urged all who can to offer their services.

State Auditor Smith has rejected for registration \$18,000 of bonds issued by the Bushnell school district in Kimball county for the reason that the bonds exceed the legal limit allowed by law.

The voluntary resignation of the pastor of the Danish Lutheran church at Staplehurst because he could not speak the English language well enough to conduct services in it, is taken by the state council of defense as an evidence of the patriotic desire of the Danish people at that place to conform to the recommendation that all church services and public assemblies throughout the state be conducted in English.

The Bohemian bazaar to be given for the benefit of the Czecho-Slovak army at Omaha, September 1 to 8, is expected to be the largest affair of the kind ever held in Nebraska. Governor Neville will open the bazaar. Donations amounting to \$25,000 already have been made. A firm at Morse Bluffs donated an automobile which will be raffled off.

The state food administration has sounded a warning to Nebraskans to go slow with ice. Ten suggestions are offered for saving ice, among them being ice should not be used in serving food, don't detain the iceman and don't put more ice than is necessary in tea and other drinks. Conserve or go iceless, says the warning.

The state food administration at Omaha has been advised by Washington officials that mail order houses, shipping sugar into Nebraska to be used for canning and preserving purposes, must comply with the certificate rule, which provides that sales can be made only on certificates issued to the purchaser by the county food administrator.

Government exhibits at the State fair at Lincoln September 1 to 6 will occupy the entire Arts and Textile building. The exhibit will include thousands of objects of patriotic interest such as captured trophies, Browning and Lewis machine guns, gas masks, trench periscopes, hand grenades and depth bombs.

Lancaster county has adopted a sugar card system. The cards are arranged so that it will be impossible for householders to get more than two pounds per person per month. This riling has been evaded and so much trouble has been experienced with it that the sugar cards had to be adopted as a last resort.

The war department's call for 130,207 men for military service issued August 8 will take 1,500 white Nebraska registrants and 170 colored. The men will entrain before the last of the month, white registrants going to Camp Funston and the colored men to Camp Pike.

Denel county has had six inches of rain during the past month and predictions are being made that the county will have the largest crop in its history this year. Threshing of wheat has commenced and the yield per acre in some fields is as high as forty bushels.

All four of the sons of Ashley Londrosch of Winnebago are in the service, according to a letter received by Governor Keith Neville in connection with the record which he is compiling of Nebraska boys in the service.

Justice F. G. Hamer of the Nebraska supreme court died at Kearney at the age of 75. Justice Hamer was serving his seventh year on the supreme bench of the state. He took office January 1, 1912.

Six or seven airplanes will participate in a sham battle and maneuver over the city of Omaha August 30 or 31. The flyers will show what a real combat in the air looks like.

The western corn root worm is damaging corn in some fields in the Platte and Elkhorn valleys, according to Agricultural Agent Christie of Dodge county.

The first two volunteers in Butler county to write up their applications for army nursing were Misses Nellie and Henrietta Lanspa of David City.

Thursday, September 5, has been set aside as Omaha day at the state fair. Thousands of folks from the big city are planning to attend.

Nearly a million head more of cattle, hogs and sheep reached the South Omaha market during the past month than during July of last year.

From January 1, 1918, to August 1, 1918, 705 automobiles have been stolen at Omaha, compared with 427 during the same period last year.

Thousands of buffalo, catfish, carp and bullheads were killed in lakes in the vicinity of Fremont during the recent hot spell.

Farmers in Holt county expect the largest corn crop this year in the history of the county.

The war has created a great demand for straw. Thousands of tons are being shipped from this state to army cantonments. The demand is so great that it will well pay farmers to bale their straw and load it on cars for shipment.

The Interstate Commerce commission has ordered the railroads of Nebraska to increase the minimum on carload lots on flour from 25,000 pounds to 40,000 pounds between points in Nebraska to meet the interstate rate.

The national food administration has asked the state office at Omaha to suggest to the farmers of Nebraska the importance of marketing their wheat at the earliest possible date. The word comes from Washington, not as a demand, but merely as a suggestion.

Despite the fact that the Nebraska potato acreage this year is 15 per cent below that of 1917, present indications are that the crop will equal that of last year. Prospects are bright for an enormous yield in the western part of the state.