

AN ECONOMIC PACT

RELATIONS BETWEEN U. S. AND BRITAIN DAILY DRAWING CLOSER TOGETHER.

THREAT BY BRITISH PREMIER

Lloyd George Tells Germany the Longer She Refrains from Permanent Peace Conditions the Sterner Will Be the Terms Applied.

Washington, D. C.—Premier Lloyd George tells Germany that the longer she refuses to recognize the tenets of a permanent peace for which the allies are fighting the "sterner will be the terms" imposed upon the enemy. This is the most important statement which has come from allied quarters with reference to the conditions of peace since President Wilson addressed congress last December and has in it a wealth of meaning. Mr. Lloyd George, however, reveals what the Germans may seize upon as a weakness in the allied position when he says America and Great Britain are not yet in agreement as to the economic power they are to exert for the sake of a durable peace. It is true the Washington government has expressed no opinion of late, but the truth is the economic strength of this country is going to be one of the biggest weapons of the war, and that the United States and Great Britain are daily growing closer together, so that the day is not far off when the two English speaking democracies will have made a business partnership which will mean the altruistic and equitable distribution of raw materials for free nations.

What Germany Can Expect.

If Germany refuses to accept the conditions requisite to membership in the family of nations she will be excluded from raw materials and markets. If she manifests in her government and her actions a spirit of democracy that is a firm guarantee that the provisions of the peace treaty she signs will not be a scrap of paper she will stand on the same footing as all other nations in getting the raw materials with which to sustain her economic life.

Germany has been uneasy of late because of the threats of economic discrimination and her press has reflected that uneasiness. But her thoughtful statesmen have quelled the fears of the socialists somewhat by saying that as long as the United States is not committed to a policy of economic discrimination Germany has nothing to worry about, as the cupidity of the American business man will not be swayed by sentiment. Undoubtedly Premier Lloyd George had that in mind when he stressed the importance of some statement from America about the famous Paris economic conference, or at least an exposition of American policy from authoritative sources.

KILLED AT CAMP CODY.

Vern and Roy Kinnaman and Other Soldiers Lose Lives.

Deming, N. M.—Vern Kinnaman and Roy V. Kinnaman, brothers, of Walthill, Neb., attached to the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth ambulance corps; Leo McGrath, of St. Paul, attached to the One Hundred and Thirty-fifth ambulance corps at Camp Cody, near here, and Walter G. McClure, driver of a public automobile, were killed when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Southern Pacific express train. Two other soldiers, Robert A. Smith and Robert Carlton, both of St. Paul, Minn., were injured, but are expected to recover.

Keymen's Case Taken Up.

Washington, D. C.—The policy of the Western Union Telegraph company of discharging employees who affiliate with the Commercial Telegraphers' union was considered by the postoffice department directing telegraph and telephone companies. No announcement is expected for the present as Postmaster General Burleson is out of the city.

German Pronounced Guilty.

London—Lance Corporal Dowling, of the Connaught rangers, who was landed on the coast of Ireland from a German submarine three months ago has been pronounced guilty and sentenced to death. The sentence, however, was commuted to penal servitude for life.

Pastor Found Guilty.

Bismarck, N. D.—Rev. John Fontana, of the German Evangelical church here, was found guilty of sedition by a jury in federal court. Rev. Mr. Fontana was charged with attempting to hinder the sale of Liberty bonds among members of his congregation.

New Flying Record.

Washington, D. C.—Remaining in the air 30 hours and 30 minutes, Ensign P. J. Barnes, of Minneapolis, attached to the American naval air forces in European waters, established a new world's record for sustained flights in a "Blimp" type of airplane.

Held for Embezzlement.

Milwaukee, Wis.—William J. Schwartz, president of the National Association of Yardmasters, was arrested charged with having embezzled \$33,720 of the association's funds.

ALLISON GETS TERM IN PRISON

Chicago Objector to War Leaves for Federal Penitentiary to Serve 15 Years.

HE REVELED IN PUBLICITY

Was First Sentenced to Life Which Was Commuted to Fifteen Years— "Sublime Egotism of Youth" Cause of Young Man's Fall.

Rockford, Ill., July 31.—Brent Dow Allison left for Fort Leavenworth prison to serve a 15-year sentence. He was found guilty by a court-martial at Camp Grant of resisting the United States army draft. He was originally sentenced for life. This sentence, however, was commuted to 15 years. Col. Charles R. Howland of the Three Hundred and Forty-third Infantry presided as president of the court-martial.

The sentencing of Allison, pacifist, theorist, "advanced thinker" and egotist, came as the conclusion to some six months of dubious publicity given the collegian. His case attracted attention in Chicago, first because of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Allison, head of the Henry Booth Settlement House. His eccentricities were regarded originally as the theoretical vapors of a misguided youth. Allison's persistence, however, in "defying" the theories of the war soon placed a more serious light on it. At his court-martial the young objector "defended" himself. His defense earned him a life sentence.

WILSON FOR ARBITER ON ERIN

John Dillon, Nationalist Leader, Makes Proposal in House—Asquith Supports the Plea.

London, July 30.—In the debate in the house of commons on his motion regarding Ireland, John Dillon, the nationalist leader, proposed the reference of the question to President Wilson.

Replying to Mr. Dillon's speech on his motion, Edward Shortt, secretary for Ireland, said that the government had been compelled to take strong action in Ireland because there was a complete military system in southwest Ireland, worked out with considerable skill and knowledge. Instructions were given, the secretary declared, as to how to cut railways and destroy bridges and communications, while explosives had been secretly imported.

Herbert H. Asquith, former prime minister, appealed to the government in the interests of the country, the empire and the allies, to try again, even at the eleventh hour, to find a settlement of the Irish question.

DRAFT AGREEMENT IN EFFECT

Treaties Between United States and Great Britain and Canada Have Been Ratified.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The British Canadian-United States draft agreement has now become effective, officials at the state department announced.

The treaty, arranging for the putting into effect of the draft agreement whereby each nation can call its nationals in the others' territory, became effective on the exchange of the ratifications between Ambassador Page and the British foreign office in London.

NEW BOOKS FOR PRISONERS

Can Only Be Sent to Germany When Ordered Through Publishers—Says War Department.

Washington, July 30.—Books and periodicals can be sent to American prisoners of war in Germany only when they are ordered from the offices of publishers, the war department announced. This ruling by the military censorship was made because old books form a convenient method of secret communication and require extraordinary scrutiny by the censorship forces.

MARINES KILL HAITI BANDITS

U. S. Soldiers of the Sea Battle Outlaws—Three Americans Are Wounded.

Washington, July 31.—Three encounters between United States marines and Dominican and Haitian bandits in Santo Domingo were reported in dispatches to the navy department. Casualties among the marines were one corporal and two privates slightly wounded. About twenty of the bandits were killed, several wounded and others captured.

Bandit Robs Express Car.

Charlottesville, Va., Aug. 1.—An express car on a west-bound Chesapeake and Ohio passenger train passing through here was robbed by an unidentified white man, who bound and gagged the express messenger.

Lieut. Nungesser Honored.

Paris, Aug. 1.—Lieutenant Nungesser, the second French ace, was cited for the Legion of Honor, having brought down, according to the official announcement, 31 German planes and destroyed three balloons.

SIX MONTHS FROM NOW



RISK FIGURES LARGE TO STOP LYNCHINGS

3,000,000 NAMES ON BOOKS OF INSURANCE BUREAU.

Soldiers and Sailors Have Taken Out a Total of More Than \$25,000,000,000.

Washington, July 30.—Some idea of the growth of the military forces of the United States can be gained from figures made public by the bureau of war risk insurance, which show that almost 3,000,000 soldiers and sailors have applied for government insurance totaling more than \$25,000,000,000.

Secretary McAdoo announced that the number of applications exceeded 2,954,000 for a grand total of \$25,148,118,000. In the last four days under rapid-fire methods of writing insurance, upwards of \$1,000,000,000 has been written. The total for July will be close to \$4,000,000,000.

The maximum policy under the law is for \$10,000. The average amount of insurance applied for per man has steadily increased during the last four months, and is now about \$3,500.

The bureau of war risk insurance is stated now has more insurance in force by \$3,000,000,000 than the ordinary life insurance companies of the United States combined.

One feature of the statement intended to quiet the fears of beneficiaries reads as follows:

"Persons who have been named as beneficiaries under the war risk insurance but have not yet received their insurance certificates are reminded that these certificates are not essential to make the insurance protection effective.

"The certificate is merely evidence of the existence of the contract of insurance and forms no part thereof.

"No apprehension should be felt by persons who have not yet received their certificates. They are being sent forward as rapidly as possible."

GERMAN CROPS ARE SHORT

Reports of Food Products Reaching America Show the Kaiser's Troubles Varied.

Washington, July 30.—The Kaiser's troubles are not confined to the Solons-Retins sector as shown by reports of food crops in Germany reaching American officials.

In the south and west of Germany favorable conditions prevail. In middle Germany, however, and especially in Mecklenburg and Pomerania, the dry weather has damaged or destroyed the vegetable crops and importations of foodstuffs from other parts of the empire already have been found necessary.

To complicate the situation in the drought-ridden areas plagues of insects have attacked and all but destroyed the potato crop. The cabbage crop similarly has suffered heavily.

ENTIRE IOWA FAMILY KILLED

Trolley Car Hits Automobile Four Miles South of Waterloo—One Other Injured.

Waterloo, Ia., July 30.—Four persons were killed and one injured in a collision between an interurban car and an automobile four miles south of here. The dead are: Milton T. Brown, Mrs. Milton T. Brown, Irene Brown, Clifford and Edith Bartlett. The entire Brown family was wiped out by the accident, which was due to the fact that the view was shut off by a clump of trees.

War Stamp Sales Grow Big.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Sale of War Savings and Thrift stamps brought \$58,055,000 into the treasury last week and broke earlier records for receipts from that source. The yield is equal to that of June.

Airmen Saved From Sharks.

New York, Aug. 1.—A United States aviator and his mechanic in a wrecked hydroplane were rescued in the nick of time after an hour's battle with seven menacing sharks, 17 miles off Ocean City, N. J.

MANY TURN IN STAMPS

More Than \$150,000 Worth of War Certificates Redeemed at Omaha. Federal Authorities to Probe.

Government authorities are to institute a most rigid investigation into the wholesale redeeming of war savings certificates in Nebraska. More than \$150,000 worth have been handed in at the Omaha post office alone, many of which were \$1,000 certificates. Postmaster Fanning at Omaha is planning to publish the names of all persons who send in stamps in the future for redemption. That the condition is not confined to Nebraska is indicated by the latest issue of the official bulletin which contains a warning to postmasters to watch for suspicious cases, and particularly to seek evidence of activities of enemy or pro-enemy propagandists. The particular interest of the authorities has been aroused in the case of a stock and bond salesman, who has been going about the country urging people to sell their stamps and invest in the securities which he has been selling.

Action is being taken by Nebraska state fair officials to have the federal railroad administration call off some of its agents who are going around and harrasing live stock exhibitors at fairs and exhibitions by imposing upon them a higher freight charge. Governor Neville has promised to aid in the matter. The state railway commission will use its influence and Nebraska senators and congressmen will be appealed to. The national food administration is expected to cooperate. The Nebraska board has been informed that a large number of the live stock exhibitors are finding the freight charges so heavy that they cannot afford to show.

First Lieutenant Warren Harries, reported killed in an automobile accident in France, was aide to General Harries, who formerly commanded the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Nebraska, when they went to Deming. He was a son of General Harries, and while in Lincoln was aide to his father.

The owners of threshing machines in Cuming county have effected an organization and fixed the prices of threshing during this season at 7 cents per bushel for wheat and 4 cents for all other grain.

Clinton J. Campbell of Lincoln, who is a candidate on the democratic ticket for attorney general, has been appointed attorney to represent the custodian of alien enemy property in Nebraska and adjoining territory in certain cases.

The injunction suit by suffragists to prevent the "antis" referendum from being placed on the ballot this fall will not come to trial before September 1, according to Lincoln reports.

Twenty-five delegates, representing 100 towns, met at Beatrice and formed the Golden Rod highway, which will run between Oxford and Nebraska City, a distance of 255 miles.

South Omaha markets have sold \$308,133.11 worth of hogs for Red Cross organizations in Nebraska and western Iowa. These hogs have been donated by patriotic farmers.

Auditor Smith's June report shows the state spent \$1,845,211 for the second quarter just closing, as compared with \$1,809,558 for the first three months of the year.

During the period from May 15 to July 25, 252 automobiles, conservatively valued at \$150,000, have been stolen at Omaha. Of these 107 have been recovered.

R. B. Howell of Omaha, republican candidate for the nomination for governor, has withdrawn from the race. He will enter the U. S. Navy in a short time.

Former State Organizer O. S. Evans of the Nebraska non-partisan league has left the state. It was announced at league headquarters at Lincoln.

A total of 3.65 inches of rain fell in the Tecumseh vicinity during the past week. Crops of all kinds have been wonderfully benefited as the result.

Stockmen on the Omaha market predict that hogs will sell for \$20 a hundred by Sept. 1. Top prices last week reached \$18.85.

Douglas county has 2,000 individual knitters and 200 Red Cross auxiliaries to date.

According to official figures Nebraska will have 40,500 men in the military service when the August draft contingent reaches camp. The following are figures in detail: Total national guards enlisted, 6,000. Total volunteers enlisted, 10,500. Total men drafted, 20,000. Men in navy, 4,000.

Members of the Butler County Medical association voted to expell any member of the association who failed to offer his services to the country and refused to accept a commission in the medical reserve if offered.

Two pounds of sugar a person monthly instead of three pounds is the new sugar ruling. Nebraska's sugar allotment for August has been placed at 4,138,000 pounds by the national food administration, as compared with the 5,900,000 pounds allotment for July.

R. B. Howell of Omaha, candidate for the republican nomination for governor at the forthcoming primaries, has received orders to report for active service in the navy August 25. Mr. Howell holds a commission in the navy and has been on reserve.

The urgent necessity of coal conservation is further impressed upon people of Nebraska by the order of State Fuel Administrator Kennedy making Monday and Tuesday nights dark in Nebraska. The order, which went into effect last Monday, provides that all advertising and display lights of every description be cut off on these two nights. On all nights the amount of public lighting shall be only that absolutely necessary for safety's sake.

Following closely an order releasing hotels, restaurants, clubs and dining car service from voluntary pledges to curtail wheat consumption the federal food administration released housewives from their pledges. No change has been made, the announcement stated, in the half-and-half rule, and purchasing of wheat flour will be required to continue the purchase of an equal weight of wheat substitutes.

There were two hundred and fifty convictions in the Nebraska district of the federal court during the year ending June 30, according to the report of T. S. Allen, United States district attorney at Lincoln. This is the largest number of convictions and the largest number of jury trials ever had in the Nebraska district in any one year.

C. R. Ball, of the office of cereal investigations, Washington, said at a conference on wheat and labor at Chicago, attended by several men from this state, that the increase of wheat acreage in Nebraska from 600,000 acres last year to 3,135,000 acres this year was one of the most remarkable accomplishments of its kind in the United States.

Members of the Nebraska legislature will be allowed to draw mileage to and from Lincoln for the special session held last March, but State Auditor Smith, in conformity with an opinion from the state legal department, will refuse to pay their salaries, amounting to \$100 apiece, at the rate of \$10 a day for ten days.

Seventy-eight of the 93 counties of Nebraska have reported their valuations to the state board of assessment. These 78 counties show a total increase in the assessed valuation of \$32,373,860. In 1917 the valuation of these counties was \$459,428,225, but this year the valuation is shown to be \$481,801,985.

A number of eastern Nebraska capitalists have acquired large holdings of potash lands in Garden county, and have organized the Omaha Potash & Refining company. The company has acquired leases of one of the largest areas of potash bearing waters in the state.

Approximately 4,400 white men and something more than 200 colored men from Nebraska are to be called to the colors during August, according to word reaching Adjutant General Anderson at Lincoln.

Plans are already in progress to rebuild the electric light plant at Sterling which was destroyed by fire just recently. For the present the streets of Sterling are dark.

The Cass County Council of Defense has forbid the preaching, making public addresses or talking over the telephone in the county in the German language.

Dodge county farmers are being urged to begin a campaign for the eradication of weeds. The defense council will participate in the movement.

The State Council of Defense has called upon Nebraska farmers to plant three-quarters of a million acres more wheat than the state raised this year.

Falls City's new hotel will be a five-story structure instead of four as originally planned, by the company who will construct the building.

According to Washington reports reduced fares to the Nebraska state fair at Lincoln will be announced shortly by the railroad administration.

Figures compiled in the United States marshal's office at Omaha show that enemy alien registration in Nebraska totals over 7,000.

The annual convention of the state federation of labor will open at Nebraska City, September 9. A large delegation is expected.

Word has reached Blair that Roy G. Halstead, son of Mr. and Mrs. Halstead of that place, was killed in action in France.

According to word reaching Omaha the Nebraska base hospital unit No. 49 has arrived safely in France.

Chauncey Abbott, one of the most well known millers in Nebraska, died at his home at Schuyler.

John Tropp of Madison county smashed all high price records for fat steers on the South Omaha market when he sold four loads for \$18.40 a hundred.

Corporal J. P. Finch of Bradshaw, and Private T. Brandstetter of Hawells, have been killed in action in France, according to a recent casualty list.

F. W. Ashton of Grand Island has been appointed to succeed Richard L. Metcalfe on the Nebraska state council of defense.

At Creston, Ia., a large sign board tells the names of all the Union county men and boys in the army and navy. It is kept from day to day. Plans are on foot to have such a board built at Omaha to carry the name of every Douglas county man in the service.

Secretary of State Pool has mailed primary election ballots to Nebraska men in Uncle Sam's service who are in the United States or its continental waters. They must be voted and sent back to the state by midnight of August 29 in order to be counted.