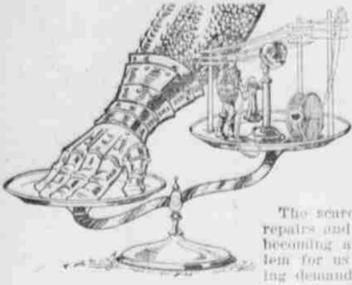


**The Weight of War Has Disturbed  
the Balance of Supply and Demand**



When this nation entered the war, our entire telephone system was placed at the disposal of the government.

Unusual business activities incident to the war have further taxed our facilities.

The scarcity of materials for repairs and new construction is becoming a more serious problem for us with these increasing demands.

You can "do your bit" by making no unnecessary local or long distance calls.

**NEBRASKA  
TELEPHONE COMPANY**



**Are You A Home Owner!**

If not, Change this condition. Territory along Burlington Lines West affords many opportunities for the homebuilder and investor.

Western Nebraska and Northeastern Colorado excel in dairying, live stock and grain raising. Non-resident owners have many farms which they are unable to develop. Well-located farms, \$25 to \$50 per acre, with terms of payment not more burdensome than eastern rentals, bring independence to any industrious farmer.

**WYOMING**

Big Horn Basin irrigated land—near to beet sugar factories, oil refineries, coal mines and other natural resources—which grow immense crops of wheat, oats, alfalfa, sugar beets and potatoes, from \$50 up.

Very Desirable 640-Acre Free Homesteads, in a large area, are yet available.

Ask for folders giving an extended account of these sections. Write me about your plans and I'll give you the benefit of my experience. No charge for this—it's a part of Burlington Service.



**S. B. HOWARD, Immigration Agt.**  
C. B. & Q. R. R.  
1004 Farming Street, Omaha, Neb.

**Westcott's Undertaking  
Parlors**

Auto Ambulance

Old Phone, 426

New Phone 2067

Sioux City, Iowa

**"Work-shop pains and  
their quick relief"**

The constant strain of factory work very often results in Headaches, Backaches and other Aches, and also weakens the Nerves.

**DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS**

will quickly relieve the Nerves, or Pain, while

Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment is very helpful when the Heart is overtaxed.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.



**SEVERE PAIN.**

"I used to suffer a great deal with lumbago in my shoulders and back. A friend induced me to try Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and I am only too glad to be able to attest to the relief that I get from these splendid pills. They form a valuable medicine and do all that is claimed they will do."  
LEWIS J. CUTLER,  
Marietta, Ohio.

**E. F. RASMUSSEN**

General and Reliable

**AUCTIONEER**

Ponca, Neb.

Box 424

Phone No. 3

It will pay you to see me before going elsewhere

Terms Reasonable-Satisfaction Guaranteed



**"HOME COMING DAY"  
AT NEBRASKA UNI.**

Annual Gathering of Graduates is Scheduled for Saturday, Nov. 10, at Lincoln.

Saturday, November 10—the day of the Missouri-Nebraska football game—is "home coming" day for the graduates of the University of Nebraska. It is the appointed time for the alumni of the Cornhusker institution to round up at the "old school" in Lincoln to exchange handshakes, renew acquaintances, call back the memories of their college days and then trek to the football field to watch the Cornhuskers of 1917 smother the aspirations of the Missouri Tigers to win the Missouri Valley conference championship.

The "home coming" fashion first came into style at the state university upwards of a decade ago. Each succeeding year has seen it grow in popularity and the "grads" like it so well that they are showing up in increased numbers at each succeeding roundup of the former students of the university. The Nebraska-Kansas game was played on the day of the 1916 "home coming," but it is Nebraska's turn to go to Lawrence this fall, which explains the substitution of the Missouri game as the big attraction of the 1917 "home coming."

The growth of the University of Nebraska is one of the marvels of the west. Although every educational institution in America has reported a falling off in attendance this year, a condition due to the war with Kaiser Bill, the enrollment at Nebraska is almost up to the normal. The total for 1917 is well over the 4,000 mark, and when peace is declared and the young men Nebraska has contributed to the army return to their homes, the university enrollment is expected within five years to attain or surpass a 6,000 total. Students of less than thirty years ago can recall the elation in university circles when the roster of students crossed the 1,000 line, yet the state university of today at Lincoln is rated as one of the ten great institutions of higher learning in America.

The "grads" who have not kept in close touch with their alma mater during late years would find it worth while to visit Lincoln November 10 if for no other reason than to tread the old campus, see the new buildings, inform themselves of the plans for the enlargement of the campus and then marvel at the growth and the strides the "old school" has been making during the past decade.

And Cornhusker alumni might find a special reason for taking part in the "home coming" festivities of 1917. State university football profits are being donated to the American Red Cross and a large proportion of every dollar taken in at the gates on the occasion of the Nebraska-Missouri game November 10 will go to the war chest charity which now commands the interest and loyalty of every American citizen.

**CORNHUSKERS VS. TIGERS**

Annual Gridiron Battle Booked for "Home Coming" Day.

Missouri and Nebraska universities, which will compete in football Saturday, November 10, at Lincoln, are old-time foes in the game of the pigskin and the chalk-ribbed gridiron. Football was first introduced at the University of Nebraska twenty-seven years ago. Before the end of another year, the old Missouri Valley league, comprising the Universities of Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, was formed and the competition for championship honors was waged as keenly as the struggles between Harvard, Princeton and Yale in the east—the cradle of the gridiron game.

Missouri and Nebraska were consistent contenders for the championship and the record reads that the Cornhusker institution generally was triumphant over the Tigers from old Missouri. The old four-cornered league disbanded nearly twenty years ago, but Nebraska and Missouri continued to compete until after the game of 1902, when they parted company in football and sought new foes. The last football game which Missouri won from Nebraska was staged during the season of 1899. The Missourians were trounced by Nebraska in 1900, 1901 and 1902—and then came the split. Relations were resumed in 1911 and for two years the Cornhuskers took the Tigers' measure. Then came another break and then a determination to renew the old competition, under an agreement which calls for the 1917 game to be played in Lincoln on Saturday, November 10, and the one of 1918 to be staged in Columbia. The agreement also provides that the two games are to be the "home coming" contests of the institutions.

Comparative performances for the football season to date indicate that the Cornhuskers have the edge on the Tigers. While the Cornhuskers were winning from Nebraska Wesleyan, Iowa and Notre Dame on the Lincoln gridiron, Missouri was losing to two opponents—the Kansas Aggies and the Ames Aggies. But defeats in other years have not been permitted to depress the Missourians. The Tigers lost their 1916 game to the Kansas Aggies by a score of 7 to 6, but came on with a rush during the lag end of the campaign and developed so much of the Missouri fighting spirit that they took the measure of Kansas university on Thanksgiving day, winning quite decisively in spite of the fact that Kansas had previously won from Nebraska.

Another "come back" on the part of Missouri is not unlikely in 1917 and Cornhusker adherents who may have been disposed to rate the Tigers as "easy" opponents may be compelled to revise their predictions. So it is that the Nebraska football squad is looking forward to one of its most strenuous gridiron battles of the season when the Missouri Tigers invade Lincoln, November 10, to face the Huskers and make their bid for the 1917 championship of the Missouri Valley conference.

**American Telephone Men  
Build System in France**

An American telephone system, built by the American telephone men, with American wire, American switchboards, American instruments and operated by Americans, has just been completed in France. The lines connect General Pershing's headquarters with all the encampments and training quarters of the American forces. Everything used except the poles came from the United States.

Two battalions of the army men who built the first American telephone system on French soil were former employees of the Bell Telephone System. About 2,500 other former Bell employees are already in France with the army signal corps, or in mobilization camps awaiting orders to embark.

"It is a great treat for the officers to be able to talk through an American instrument instead of the types used on the continent," says a press report.

Officers using the new army telephone system in France are not the first of the American forces to find relief in up-to-date lines such as they had at home. In France the government owns and operates the telephone systems, and an army officer must wait his turn like the others even in time of war. In the United States, where the telephone systems are privately owned, military requests for telephone service have only to be made to be immediately complied with. In the United States, government telephone calls have been given precedence over all others since the war began.

According to a press dispatch, when the first of the Americans expeditionary forces reached a French port, an American general expressed a wish to report to General Pershing, who was in Paris. He was conducted to the port postoffice where the long distance lines of the government telephone system converge.

"Number 23, if you please, sir," the telephone operator said to officer when he gave her his call for General Pershing.

"Twenty-three?" returned the General in astonishment. "What does that mean?"

"Twenty-three calls before you, Monsieur le General. Your turn will come in about four hours—"

"Cancel the call," ordered the General, at the same time calling his Chief of Staff.

"String up four telephone wires between here and Paris and start work at once. Use the poles of the French system."

The telephone men of the American Army were at work in five minutes. In ten, the General was surrounded by a veritable hierarchy of French government telephone officials, large and small each excitedly expostulating.

The French officials protested, and they argued. "A commission must decide, permission must be obtained, an authorization was necessary," they said. All was to no avail. While they talked the American soldiers kept on stringing wire. The line went through and is now in use.

**NOTICE.**

To Nathan Corrington and — Corrington, his wife, whose first and real name is unknown, a minor Fry and — Fry, her husband, whose first and real name is unknown, defendants:

You and each of you are hereby notified that on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1917, James T. Huston, the plaintiff, filed his petition in the District Court of Dakota County, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a mortgage to E. W. Zutis conveying the east 34 feet of lots two and three (2 and 3) small acreage, hereinafter in Section 32, Township 28, North of Range 9 East, in Dakota County, Nebraska, being 201 acres according to survey; said mortgage being given to secure two promissory notes, one dated March 17, 1913, for \$2,000, due March 17, 1914, with interest at 6 per cent per annum from date of note, interest payable semi-annually, and one note for \$2,000 dated March 17, 1913, due March 17, 1915, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date; said notes and mortgage being given, executed and delivered by E. M. Waddell and Ida Waddell, and for a good and valuable consideration assigned to the above-named plaintiff on the 17th day of March, 1916, extended for one year to the 17th day of March, 1917; that there is now due on the notes secured by said mortgage the sum of \$4,000 with interest thereon from the 17th day of March, 1917, and the further sum of \$100 and interest thereon at 10 per cent from the first day of September, 1916, and the further sum of \$100 with interest thereon at 10 per cent from the 17th day of March, 1917, according to the tenor of the coupon notes executed under said mortgage and extension agreement.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 5th day of November, 1917. Dated this 27th day of September A. D. 1917.

James T. Huston,  
Plaintiff.

**Probate Notice to Creditors**

In the County Court of Dakota County, Nebraska.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Q. Seeverance, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that the creditors of the said deceased will meet the administratrix of said estate, before me, county judge of Dakota County, Nebraska, at the county court room in said county, on the 12th day of January, 1918, and on the 12th day of April, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the administratrix to settle said estate, from the 12th day of October, 1917. This notice will be published in the Dakota County Herald for four weeks successively prior to the 12th day of January, 1918.

Witness my hand, and seal of said court, this 12th day of October, A. D. 1917.

S. W. McBRIDE,  
County Judge.

**Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a running ear, which is not perfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflamed tube be re-opened and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that can be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. 73c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

**Triggs' New Meat Market  
and Restaurant**

I have re-opened my Meat Market in the new location—the Beermann building, which I have remodeled and fitted in first-class shape.

Besides a full line of the best Meat of all kinds I have added a line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Canned Fish, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

**Everything New, Clean  
and Up-to-Date**

**WM. TRIGGS, DAKOTA CITY  
NEBRASKA**

**Dr. Koch's Tonics AND EXTRACTS**

Poultry Tonic—Good for Chickens.

Weona Dip—is a fine Disinfectant.

The people that wish Dr. Koch's Stock Tonic, Poultry Tonic, Liniments, Extracts and Spices can get these goods from my wagon, or by sending orders to my headquarters at South Sioux City, at C. W. Hitt's residence, where a supply of all my goods are kept in stock, one block west of end of Service Co.'s street car line. Goods will be furnished when called for, or shipped promptly on receipt of order.

**E. J. GARLOCK, Agent**

**Upper Wisconsin  
and the HOMESEEKER**

To the settler seeking a home and independence, the fertile acres of Upper Wisconsin offer more advantages today than any other section of the country.

In this region of wonderful resources crops are grown in great variety and the ideal climate and ample rainfall make crop failures unknown.

Send for FREE DESCRIPTIVE FOLDER

Information of value to the settler searching for a location in a community offering an ideal climate, nearby markets and excellent educational facilities.

Ask for Folder No. 32-R  
Mailed Free on Request

G. H. MacRAE Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Ry.

H. M. PEARCE, General Traffic Mgr., St. Paul, Minn.

F. S. McCABE, Industrial Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

**Sturges Bros. Have Moved**

to 315 Pearl Street

where we will be glad to see all our old patrons, and we hope, many new ones. This move is necessary, as the building we now have is too small for our growing business.

**Sturges Bros.**

Old Location, 411 Pearl St. Sioux City, Iowa

**Abstracts of Title**

A \$10,000 Surety Bond Guarantees the accuracy of every Abstract I make.

**J. J. EIMERS, Bonded Abstractor.**

Successor to the DAKOTA COUNTY ABSTRACT CO.